# Land Off Elizabeth Way, Harlow,



Archaeological Evaluation Report

Essex



October 2013

Client: CgMs Consulting

OA East Report No: 1526 NGR: TL 429 101

# Land Off Elizabeth Way, Harlow, Essex

Archaeological Evaluation

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Site Name: Elizabeth Way, Harlow

Date of Works: September 2013

Client Name: CgMs Consulting

Client Ref: CB/15773

Grid Ref: TL 429 101

Site Code: HAPL13

Finance Code: XEXELZ13

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Date: 16th October 2013 Signed: ......

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#### Summary

On the 23rd September 2013 Oxford Archaeology East conducted an archaeological evaluation at the site of the former Pitney Bowes office and works off Elizabeth Way, Harlow, Essex (TL 429 101). The proposed development includes the demolition of the existing buildings and the redevelopment of the site as a Distribution Warehouse and includes areas of terracing and landforming across the site.

Three trenches were excavated which revealed extensive modern disturbance and truncation in the form of made ground overlying the natural deposits. No archaeological features or deposits were recorded.

#### 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Location and scope of work

- 1.1.1 An archaeological evaluation was conducted on the 23rd September 2013 at the site of the former Pitney Bowes office and works off Elizabeth Way, Harlow, Essex (TL 429 101). The proposed development includes the demolition of the existing buildings and the redevelopment of the site as a Distribution Warehouse. This includes areas of terracing and landforming across the site.
- 1.1.2 This archaeological evaluation was undertaken in accordance with a Written Scheme of Investigation issued by Caroline Butler of CgMs Consulting, supplemented by a Specification prepared by OA East.
- 1.1.3 The work was designed to assist in defining the character and extent of any archaeological remains within the proposed redevelopment area, in accordance with the guidelines set out in *National Planning Policy Framework* (Department for Communities and Local Government March 2012). The results will enable decisions to be made by EHE, on behalf of the Local Planning Authority, with regard to the treatment of any archaeological remains found.
- 1.1.4 The site archive is currently held by OA East and will be deposited with the appropriate county stores in due course.

### 1.2 Geology and topography

- 1.2.1 The British Geological Survey shows the geology underlying the study site comprises London Clay overlain by Lowestoft Formation (diamicton).
- 1.2.2 Geotechnical work confirmed the sequence of London Clay overlain by layers of glacial sand and gravel and glacial till. London Clay was only encountered in one of the boreholes at a depth of 48.55m Above Ordnance Datum (AOD). Glacial tills and gravels were recorded between 65.51m AOD to at least 45m AOD (extent of the borehole). Made Ground was present across much of the site, though not all areas. Where present it was at least 0.25m thick up to 2.70m thick.

#### 1.3 Archaeological and historical background

1.3.1 A Desk-based Assessment Report was prepared by CgMs Consulting (August 2013), a summary of the results taken from that report are presented below.

#### Prehistoric

- 1.3.2 The only record of prehistoric evidence within the study area is for a hammerstone, seven arrowheads and an adze, dating between the Palaeolithic and Late Bronze Age, found c.1km north-east of the site (HER ref: 3578 at TL 4109 0885). This poorly provenanced and vague entry does little to assist an assessment of the study site.
- 1.3.3 From around 4000 BC, the mobile hunter-gathering economy of the Mesolithic gradually gave way to a more settled agriculture-based subsistence. The pace of woodland clearance to create arable and pasture-based agricultural land varied regionally and locally, depending on a wide variety of climatic, topographic, social and other factors. The trend was one of a slow, but gradually increasing pace of forest clearance. It is traditionally thought that areas on London Clay tended to be cleared and settled later and at a lower density than better drained, more fertile soils.
- 1.3.4 To the east of the study area, three scheduled bowl barrows suggest some activity in the Bronze Age.

#### Roman

1.3.5 The study site lies well away from any major Roman Road. There was a Roman town at Harlow c.5km to the east and it is presumed that at least parts of the study site had been cleared of its natural woodland cover. There are no records on the HER relating to finds or features from the Roman period in the study area.

#### Anglo-Saxon, Early Medieval and Late Medieval

- 1.3.6 There are no finds of Anglo-Saxon or early medieval date recorded within the study area.
- 1.3.7 The landscape of this area in the medieval period would have been largely wooded, with areas cleared for arable cultivation and meadow farmed from scattered manorial estates and smaller farms. Approximately 900m to the north of the study site was Roydon Lea Farm (HER ref: 45221) and Jerrounds Manor lay c.900m to the south (HER ref: 3717 at TL 4327 0885).
- 1.3.8 The origins of Barrows Farm which lay on the northern edge of the study site are documented in the Elizabethan Chancery papers.
- 1.3.9 Great Parndon Abbey was founded in 1172 c.500m to the north-east of the study site (HER Ref: 3586 at TL 433 104). By 1180 it had moved to Beeleigh.

#### Post-Medieval and Modern

- 1.3.10 During the post-medieval period, cartographic and documentary sources give supplementary information.
- 1.3.11 Chapman and Andre's map of 1777 shows that by the mid 18th century Barrows Farm was in existence on the site and later map evidence suggests that it lay within an enclosed agricultural landscape.
- 1.3.12 The Ordnance Survey Drawing of 1799 labels Barrows Farm again and evidences associated field systems.
- 1.3.13 By 1845, the Great Parndon tithe map shows that there had been some rearrangement of the field boundaries. The accompanying award lists the fields as being in use for arable cultivation and meadow, with one in use as an orchard.
- 1.3.14 The Ordnance Survey edition of 1873 shows the detail of the site more clearly. The buildings of Barrows Farm are depicted as lying partially within the study site. There are also two ponds within the study site, and a small orchard. The majority of the site is occupied by fields.
- 1.3.15 By 1896 some of the buildings within the study site had been demolished or rebuilt, but the rest of the site remained unchanged. An additional building had been built within the farm complex within the study site by 1920.
- 1.3.16 Substantial changes had taken place by 1965-66. All of the farm buildings had been demolished and Elizabeth Way had been constructed along the northern and western boundaries of the site. A large works building and warehouse building had been constructed on the study site. The Ordnance Survey map makes it clear that substantial terracing and land forming had taken place in the construction of these buildings and Elizabeth Way. By 1984 both the Works and the Warehouse had been extended and additional buildings had been constructed. There has been no further substantial change to the site since.

# 1.4 Acknowledgements

1.4.1 The author would like to thank CgMs Consulting who commissioned and funded the work. Specifically Caroline Butler who produced the WSI and visited the site. The project was managed by Aileen Connor. Chris Thatcher directed the fieldwork, with the assistance of Stuart Ladd, who also conducted the site survey. The excavation was monitored by Richard Havis and the Brief and advice provided by Maria Medleycott, both of Essex County Council Historic Environment Management (ECC EHM).

#### 2 AIMS AND METHODOLOGY

#### 2.1 Aims

2.1.1 The objective of this evaluation was to determine as far as reasonably possible the presence/absence, location, nature, extent, date, quality, condition and significance of any surviving archaeological deposits within the development area.

#### 2.2 Methodology

- 2.2.1 Three trenches were excavated using a mechanical excavator: two of 20 x 1.8m and one of 10 x 1.8m.
- 2.2.2 Machine excavation was carried out under constant archaeological supervision with a wheeled JCB-type excavator using a toothless ditching bucket. A toothed bucket was fitted for the excavation of one trench where extremely heavily compacted modern hardcore and concrete was encountered.
- 2.2.3 The site survey was carried out using a Leica 1200 GPS with 'Smartnet'.
- 2.2.4 All archaeological features and deposits were recorded using OA East's *pro-forma* sheets. Trench locations, plans and sections were recorded at appropriate scales and colour and monochrome photographs were taken of all relevant features and deposits.
- 2.2.5 Conditions on site were dry and overcast.

#### 3 Results

#### 3.1 Introduction

3.1.1 No archaeological features or deposits were recorded within any of the trial trenches. Full details by trench are tabulated in Appendix A

#### 3.2 Trench 1

- 3.2.1 Trench 1 was situated in the south-eastern corner of the development area. It was noted prior to excavation that the area was uneven underfoot and appeared to have been disturbed in the recent past. Underlying the topsoil within this trench was a particularly compacted deposit of made ground comprising hardcore, gravel and large blocks of concrete. It was not possible to break through this layer, which extended for over half of the length of the trench, even with a toothed bucket. A modern drain, that also continued into Trench 3, was recorded cutting this layer.
- 3.2.2 Towards the southern end of the trench the ground became softer, whereupon it was possible to excavate the layer to a depth of 0.80m using a toothless ditching bucket. Large quantities of brick, kerbstone and modern construction detritus were recorded throughout.
- 3.2.3 No archaeological features or finds were recorded.

#### 3.3 Trench 2

- 3.3.1 Trench 2 was located in the northernmost corner of the site. The topsoil sealing the trench overlay a 0.42m thick, modern layer of rubble and hardcore. This in turn sealed the dark orange brown clay natural.
- 3.3.2 No archaeological features or finds were recorded.

#### 3.4 Trench 3

- 3.4.1 Trench 3 lay closest to Elizabeth Way. A very similar sequence to that in Trench 1 was recorded here. The natural deposits at the southern end of the trench lay 0.60m below the current ground level and comprised a dark orange brown clay with frequent gravel inclusions.
- 3.4.2 The northern part of the trench was located over a highly compacted deposit of made ground comprising hardcore, gravel and large blocks of concrete, similar to that recorded in Trench 1. Once again it was not possible to excavate through this layer.

#### 3.5 Discussion

3.5.1 The trial trenching revealed that the site had undergone significant modern disturbance and truncation, probably as a result of the construction of the extant buildings and associated landscaping.

#### 3.6 Recommendations

3.6.1 Recommendations for any future work based upon this report will be made by the County Archaeology Office.

# APPENDIX A. TRENCH DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTEXT INVENTORY

Trench 1						
General d	escription	1			Orientation	NE-SW
			Avg. depth (m)	0.4		
Trench dev made grou		haeology.	Width (m)	1.8		
mado grod	iii.		Length (m)	20		
Contexts						
context no	type	Width (m)	Depth (m)	comment	finds	date
100	Layer	-	0.15	Topsoil	-	-
101	Layer	-	0.25	Modern made ground	-	-
Trench 2						
General d	escription	1			Orientation	E-W
			_		Avg. depth (m)	0.5
Trench dev made grou		haeology.	Consists	of soil overlying modern	Width (m)	1.8
made grea					Length (m)	10
Contexts						
context no	text type Width Depth comment (m)				finds	date
100	Layer	-	0.2	Topsoil	-	-
101	Layer	-	0.3	Modern made ground	-	-
Trench 3						
General d	escription	1			Orientation	N-S
					Avg. depth (m)	0.3
Trench dev made grou		haeology.	Consists	of soil overlying modern	Width (m)	1.8
mado grod				Length (m)	20	
Contexts						,
context no	type	Width (m)	Depth (m)	comment	finds	date
100	Layer	-	0.2	Topsoil	-	-
101	Layer	_	0.3	Modern made ground		



# APPENDIX B. BIBLIOGRAPHY

Butler, C	2013	Written Scheme of Investigation, Elizabeth Way, Harlow, Essex						
CgMs Consulting	2013	Elizabeth Way, Harlow, Essex Desk-based Assessment unpublished document						
Connor, A	2013	Specification for an Archaeological Evaluation, Elizabeth Way, Harlow						

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# APPENDIX C. OASIS REPORT FORM

All fields are required unless they are not applicable.

Project De	etails									
OASIS Num										
Project Nam	ie Ard	chaeological Ev	aluation at Eliz	abeth Wa	y, Harlow					
Project Date	s (fieldwo	24-09-2013			Finish	23-0	9-201	3		
Previous Wo	ork (by O	A East)	No			Future	Wor	k No		
Project Refe	rence Co	odes								
Site Code XEXELZ13			Planning App. N			No.				
HER No.				Related HER/OASIS No			lo.			
Type of Proj	ect/Tech	niques Use	d							
Prompt			Local Planning	g Authority	- PPS 5					
Developmen	t Type	Urban Comme	ercial							
Please sele	ect all te	echniques	used:							
Aerial Photo	graphy - int	erpretation	Grab-Sa	mpling				Remo	ote Operated Vehicle Su	ırvey
Aerial Photo	graphy - ne	w	Gravity-Core		Sam		Samp	nple Trenches		
Annotated S	Sketch		Laser Scanning			Survey/Recording Of Fabric/Structure			Structure	
Augering			Measure	d Survey	urvey X Targ			Targe	eted Trenches	
Dendrochro	nological Sເ	ırvey	Metal De	etectors			Test F	t Pits		
Documentar	y Search		Phospha	ate Survey			Topog	graphic Survey		
Environmen	tal Sampling	g	☐ Photogrammetric Survey				☐ Vibro-core			
Fieldwalking	1		Photographic Survey				Visua	I Inspection (Initial Site	Visit)	
Geophysica	I Survey		Rectified	Photogra	phy					
Monument	Types/Sig	gnificant Fi	nds & Their	Period	s					
	•					•			ng the MDA Object	type
Thesaurus	together wit	h their respecti	ve periods. If no	o features	/finds were	e found, pl	ease	state '	"none".	
Monument		Period			Object				Period	
None		Select pe	riod		None			Select period		
		Select pe	riod					Select period		
		Select pe	riod					Select period		
Project Lo	ocation									
County	Essex				Site Address (including postcode if possible)					
District Harlow					Elizabeth Way Harlow					
Parish			Essex CM19 5BD							
HER	Essex									
Study Area 8 hectares					Nationa	l Grid R	efere	ence	TL 429 101	



Project	Oriai	inators
---------	-------	---------

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Project Design Originator OA East			East						
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Supervisor Chris Tha			tcher						
Project Archiv	/es								
Physical Archive			Digital Archive			Paper Archive			
OA East			OA East			OA East			
Archive Content	s/Madia								
Alonivo oonieni		Digital	Paner		Digital Br-	alia	Donos Modic		
	Physical Contents	Digital Contents	Paper Contents		Digital Me	dia	Paper Media		
Animal Bones					Database		Aerial Photos		
Ceramics					GIS				
Environmental					Geophysic	cs	Correspondence		
Glass			☐ Images			Diary			
Human Bones			☐ Illustratio		S	□ Drawing			
Industrial					Moving Image		Manuscript		
Leather					Spreadsh	eets			
Metal							Matrices		
Stratigraphic					▼ Text		Microfilm		
Survey			☐ Virtual F		☐ Virtual Re	ality	Misc.		
Textiles							Research/Notes		
Wood							Photos		
Worked Bone									
Worked Stone/Lithic									
None	$\boxtimes$	$\times$	$\times$				⊠ Sections		
Other							Survey		
Notes:									

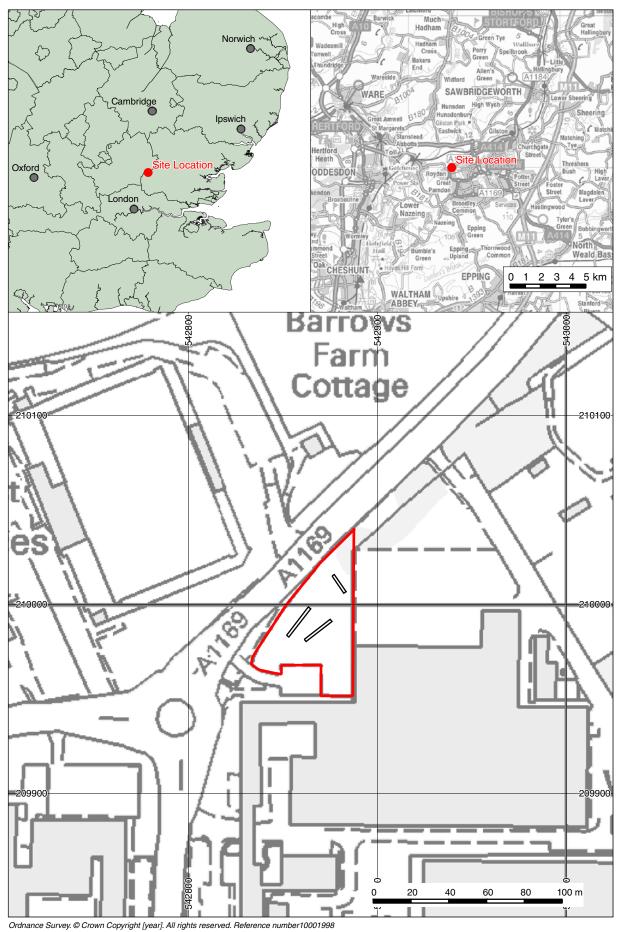


Figure 1: Site location showing archaeological trenches (black) in development area (red)



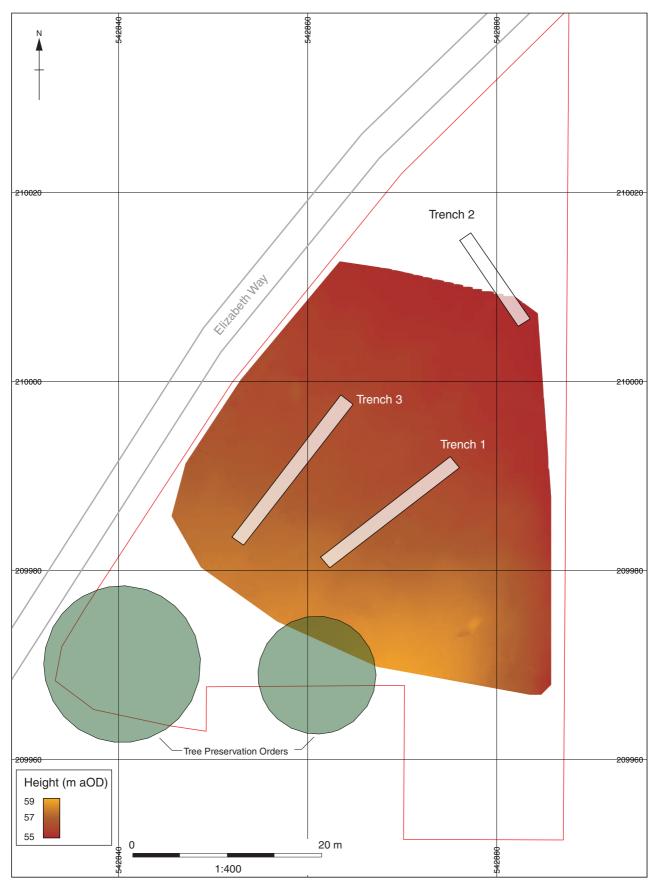


Figure 2: Trench locations and topographical survey



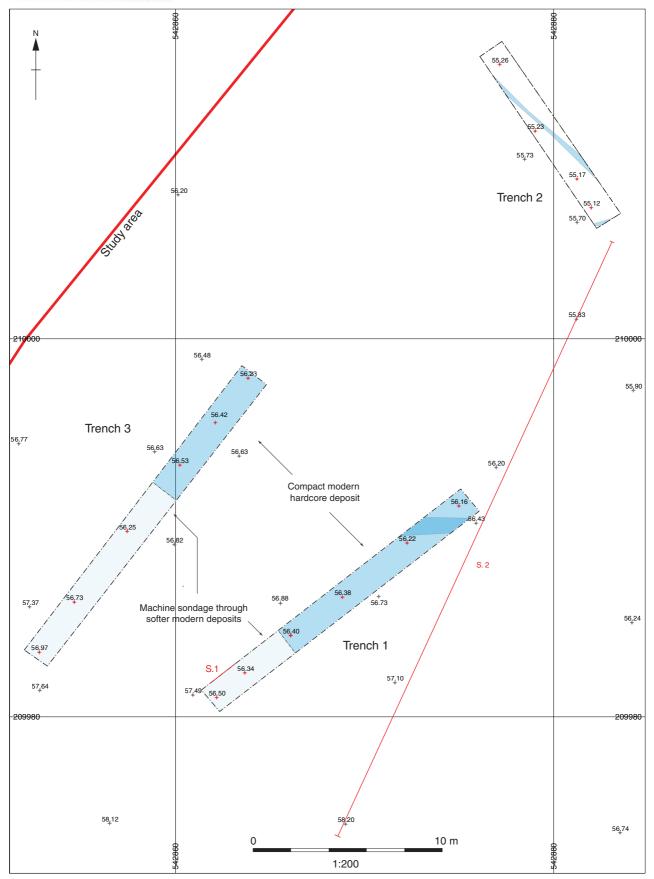


Figure 3: Trench plans



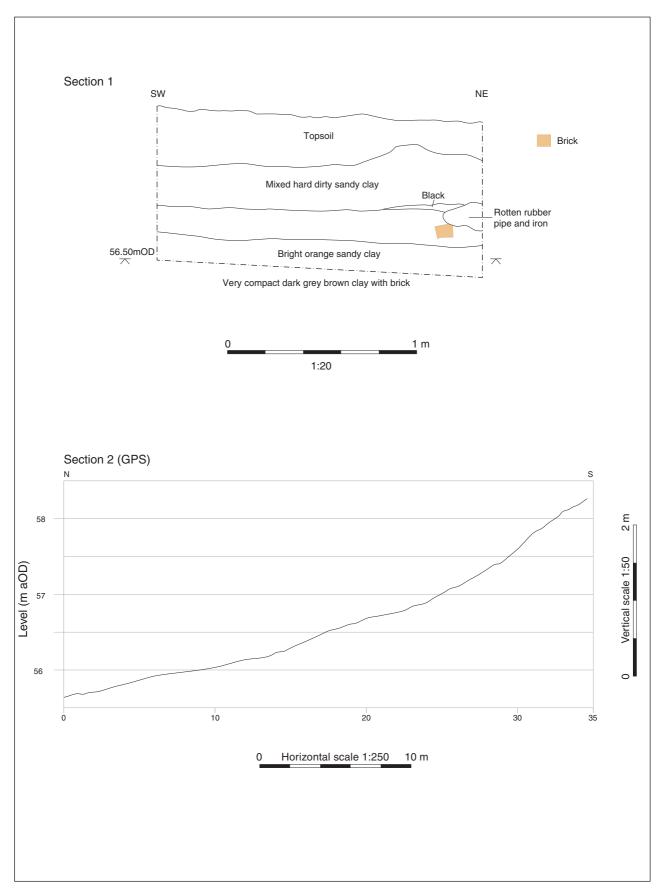


Figure 4: Sections





Plate 1: Trench 1



Plate 2: Trench 2





Plate 3: Trench 3



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