

# **BORROWDALE**CUMBRIA

Historic Landscape Survey

Volume 2: Site Gazetteer and Location Maps



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## APPENDIX 9 GAZETTEER OF SITES

PREFREF20061MONUIDMNA120335NameStone Axe Factory, Sprinkling Crags, BorrowdalePeriodNeolithic

NGR 323036 509664 **Type** STONE AXE FACTORY

Description

8653

Site Summary:

727 - NY 2304209728

This site has a very low concentration, over an extensive area, to the extent that it is almost an area of background concentration as typified by Central Scree in Langdale. The measured concentration (5 flakes per frame) is the highest concentration on the site, but it is halfway down the site. The overall definition is poor and the site has been drawn with dashed lines. It overlies both a coarse and a fine scree in different parts, and appears to merge with the south side of site 728. Size: 18m x 15m Concentration: 1 (5) Flake size: Small, medium & large

728 - NY 2304009740

This is one of the classic large scree sites reminiscent of North and Central Screes in Langdale. There appear to be two working areas within the general scree (NY 2303609740 and 2304109734). However, at each of these points the concentration is low, and therefore either most of the flakes in the scree are from unobserved flake sites or all the flakes from these two spots have washed down leaving very little behind. The flakes are mixed with a large fine scree, but in general the concentration is low so that it is difficult to define the limits of the site. It is on a steep slope and liable to extensive downwash. Size: 32m x 10m Concentration: 2 (25) Flake size: Small, medium & large

729 - NY 2307709732

At this site there are a few flakes apparently below the lowest limit of site 728, and it is not clear if this is an independent flaking site, or run-off from site 728. However, as there is a substantial area between the lowest point of site 728 and this site, which is devoid of flakes it is more likely to be an independent flake site. Size: 1m x 1m Concentration: 2 (9) Flake size: Medium

This is only a short distance below the lowest limit of site 728, but it has a slightly higher concentration than at site 728, so there is a possibility that it is an independent flaking area. Size: 2m x 2m Concentration: 2 (11) Flake size: Medium & large

The site lies in a coarse natural scree just below a hornstone outcrop. It has only occasional flakes, and is ill defined, but it is distinctive because of the finding of two rough-outs. Size: 3m x 2m Concentration: 1 (4) Flake size: Medium Finds: Rough-outs x2 (1 sampled)

732 - NY 2306009761

This site has only 5 isolated flakes in total and hence only just achieves the 5 flake criterion for determining a site from natural. However, the visible number of flakes may be deceptive because of possible flakes hidden under the surrounding scree. Size: 1.5m x 1.5m Concentration: 1 (4) Flake size: Medium

733 - NY 2305009768

The site is on the side of a steep slope and has blue/grey flakes interspersed with unworked blocks of hornstone spreading for a substantial distance down the slope. The working area of the site (at the top) is covered by vegetation, and the rest of the site also has partial turf cover, The flakes have little patination. Size: 5m x 3m Concentration: 2 (10)12 Flake size: Small & medium 734 - NY 2306009768

A small site with a run-off of flakes down the slope. The flakes are heavily weathered and patinated brown similar to the elements of coarse scree upon which they lie. There is outcropping rock in the area but the source is hornstone lumps within the scree. Size:  $2m \times 1m$  Concentration:  $3 \times 49$  Flake size: Medium

735 - NY 2305709772

There is outcropping rock in the area but the site is amongst and exploits a block field in which there are lumps of hornstone. It is a high-concentration site with mainly small and some medium flakes, so it would seem propable that trimming took place here. Some of the flakes are patinated white. The flakes are in a close concentration, of which very little has slipped down the steep slope, so it is probable that the flakes are broadly in situ. Size: 2m x 1.5m Concentration: 3 (127) Flake size: Small & medium (LUAU, 1984: Group No.: PRN 8653)

A small (neolithic) stone working site is at NY 22410968 on Seathwaite Fell. Another site is at NY23090974 on the northern end of Sprinkling Crags, where in addition to flakes a roughout axe was found (Claris, 1983).

PREFREF20062MONUIDMNA119367NameRed Beck, Stone Axe Factory, DerwentwaterPeriodNeolithic

NGR 323910 509800 Type STONE AXE FACTORY

Description

8654

Site Summary:

736 - NY 2391109800

A circular area containing mainly medium but occasionally small and large flakes scattered down the steep grass slope and intermingling with small patches of scree. Most of the flakes are lightly patinated. A small and finely worked rough-out was found in the approximate centre of the site and has been sampled. Size: 5m x 5m Concentration: 2 (11) Flake size: Small, medium & large Finds: R

737 - NY 2389009816

A tiny area containing 6 flakes, 4 of which are medium with 1 small and 1 large, which only just qualifies as a site (5 flakes are necessary to discriminate a site from sporadic natural flaking). The site possibly represents the attempted working of a single rough-out. A couple of the flakes are patinated. Size: 0.5m x 0.5m Concentration: 1 (6) Flake size: Small, medium & large. 738 - NY 2390109824

A tiny area containing 6 medium flakes, a couple of which are patinated. The site possibly represents the attempted working of a single rough-out. The flakes are on top of the turf with green grass underneath which would imply that they are not in situ though it

is not immediately obvious where they are originate from. Size: 0.5m x 0.5m Concentration: 1 (61) Flake size: Medium 739 - NY 2390509902

A spread of mainly medium but also occasionally small and large flakes scattered down the steep slope. However, the small flakes are concentrated only at the top of the site, which is below a hornstone crag, and this is clearly the location of the working area. The flakes down the site are on green grass suggesting that they are not in situ, and they display a 'fresh' appearence with only a small number exhibiting light patination, so it is probable that they have been only recently exposed. One rough- out and one possible rough-out were found lying side by side 2m below the top of the site. Size:  $10m \times 4m$  Concentration: 2(31) Flake size: Small, medium & large Finds: Rx2

740 - NY 2391009927

A small site comprising a few small and medium and one large flake. The flakes are lightly patinated. The site lies about 1m from an outcrop. Size: 0.4m x 0.4m Concentration: 2 (9) Flake size: Small, medium & large (LUAU, 1984: Group No.: PRN 8654)

A (neolithic) working site at an outcrop on Glaramara, where Plint and J. Davies found flakes and a roughout axe (Claris, 1983).

**PREFREF** 20112 **MONUID** MNA120427

Name find spot of Stone Axe near Langstrath, Borrowdale Period Prehistoric

NGR 325999 510000 Type FINDSPOT

Description

Site: 20112\*0 (Marginal) Polished stone axe of 'Cumbrian' type, from Langstrath, Borrowdale.

PREFREF20114MONUIDMNA120969NameIron Working Site ( Bloomery ) Smithymire Island, BorrowdalePeriodMedieval

NGR 327320 512970 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM, BLOOMERY

Description

Site: 20114\*0 Ancient bloomery on Stonethwaite side of the beck above Watersmeet. The site of a bloomery is indicated by a low turfed over irregular shaped mound. This is mostly iron slag with some fusing of rocks being visible in the west bank of the Langstrath Beck (Claris, P.D. NT archaeological Record Cards). A survey in 1991 suggested that the mound was exposed on the side that faced the bank of the beck, they also suggested that there was some evidence of a grassed over charcoal heap. This heap measures over 1.1m high and 12m in diameter, it would appear to have been cone shaped. Again they suggested a path had eroded this heap to a depth of 0.7m and over 2m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field 790.

PREFREF20115MONUIDMNA116189NameShieling near Scaleclose Coppice, BorrowdalePeriodMedieval

**NGR** 324612 514967 **Type** SHIELING

Description

Site: 20115\*0 The remains of a shieling (pre eighteenth century) at Scaleclose measures 26 feet by 13 feet. The north-west side cuts into a bank and the other three walls spread to 3 feet.

PREFREF20116MONUIDMNA115606NameStone Axe Factory, Glaramara, Stonethwaite & RosthwaitePeriodNeolithic

NGR 324580 510609 Type STONE AXE FACTORY

Description

This site is split into two parts: Site a) This site is adjacent to site b) and seems to be connected with it, but, to judge by the difference in concentrations, they are distinct areas of working. The site is surrounded by turf and the flakes are mainly unpatinated. Size: 3m x 2m Concentration: 2 (12) Flake size: Small & medium Site b) This is an elongated band of flakes on a slight natural terrace. There are large blocks of hornstone adjacent to the area. Most of the flakes are patinated. Size: 10m x 4m Concentration: 3 (140) Flake size: Small & medium

758 - NY 2460110624

A small area of patinated flakes emerging from eroded turf and moss. It is downhill from site 757 but is separated by an area of turf. There are many hornstone boulders in the surrounding area. Size: 1m x 1m Concentration: 1 (7) Flake size: Small & medium 759 - NY 2466710646

The flakes here were found in small hollw that has possibly been disturbed, because blocks of stone appear to have been removed from the coarse scree in order to expose flakes. Forty per cent of the flakes are lightly stained brown. Size: 3m x 2m Concentration: 2 (32)

760 - NY 2466810648

The flakes were found in a possibly disturbed area. The site is situated in close proximity to site 759, in a small hollow with moss growing over the surrounding area. The flakes are stained brown. Size: 2m x 2m Concentration: 2 (11) Flake size: Medium & large 761 - NY 2467110642

This is a small area of mainly patinated flakes, which has partial turf and moss cover. Size:  $3m \times 3m$  Concentration: 3 (77) Flake size: Small & medium

762 - NY 2467510658

This is a very small area of flakes partly obscured by turf. There is patination and a red stain present on the flakes. Size: 1m x 1m Concentration: 1 (4) Flake size: Small & medium

763 - NY 2471810660

At this site there are medium and large flakes in a boulder scree. Size: 1m x 1m Concentration: 1 (3) Flake size: Medium & large 764 - NY 2472010649

A very small area of patinated flakes on top of and within the turf. Size:  $3m \times 2m$  Concentration:  $2 \times (13)$  Flake size: Medium 765 - NY 2473410651

A narrow strip of mainly small flakes and some medium on top of the turf, which is in a slightly eroded area of turf. The site is beside the main Glaramara path. 60% of the flakes are patinated. Size: 4m x 1m Concentration: 2 (35) Flake size: Small & medium 766 - NY 2476010650

This is an area of broken hornstone blocks and many lumps of hornstone spread on top of the turf, with occasional small to large flakes. The blocks are approximately 150 mm - 250 mm in size and the flakes are mainly unpatinated. Size:  $10 \text{m} \times 5 \text{m}$  Concentration: 1 (2) Flake size: Large

#### 767 - NY 2476510671

This is a large flake site running over the edge of a small terrace. There are fractured blocks of hornstone in the area and at the lower part of the site there are small and medium flakes exposed from an eroding turf deposit. Flakes and a few large rough outs spill amongst some large boulders at the site. Many of the rough-outs are heavily patinated and weathered though the flakes generally have little patination. There is a group of 29 rough-outs gathered on turf just north of the site, which have been recently deposited. They have presumably been collected by rough-out collectors who have abandoned them having sampled the better axes). Size: 8m x 7m Concentration: 5 (420) Flake size: Small, medium & large Finds: Rx29 (2 sampled)

768 - NY 2477210651

This is a small patch of occasional flakes with an almost complete cover of vegetation, which is at the base of a boulder scree. Size: 1m x 1m Concentration: 1 (3) Flake size: Small & medium

769 - NY 2478610647

This is a small area of small flakes appearing from the vegetation above site 770. Though the two sites are close they are very distinct in terms of the size and concentration of the flakes, and this is propably the finishing site for site 770. The site is 18 m away from the hornstone crag. There is some patination on the flakes. Size: 3m x 2m Concentration: 4 (180) Flake size: Small 770 - NY 2479010648

At this site there are mainly large, patinated flakes lying on top of the grass with some flakes disappearing under the grass. There is a large boulder of hornstone in the centre of the site which is on a slight ledge. The site is adjacent to site 769 which is a finishing site and so probably represents the coarse roughing floor to go alongside site 769. The flakes are mainly patinated. There was a rough-out found adjacent to the perimeter of the site Size: 6m x 4m Concentration: 1 (8) Flake size: Medium & large Finds: Rough-out

771 - NY 2479210641

This is a patch of flakes in a small eroded area of turf. The flakes are mainly small and medium with some very small (less than 10mm across). The site is located on a flat grassy terrace adjacent to some fragmented outcrops of hornstone. About 40% of the flakes are patinated white while the remainder are slightly weathered and some are stained red. Size: 1m x 1m Concentration: 3 (132) Flake size: Small & medium

(LUAU, 1984: Group No.: PRN 8657)

The site of a stone axe factory on Glaramara (Name NY 2410) found by R. G> Plint's son in 1959, and independently by T. A. Gomersall in 1960 who found a rough-out axe Group VI. Found at NY 24751064 (C. I. Fell 1973, corr. 6") (Claris, 1984).

PREFREF20117MONUIDMNA117262NameStone Axe Factory, Hind Side, BorrowdalePeriodNeolithic

NGR 324099 510229 Type STONE AXE FACTORY

Description

Site:20117\*0

8655

Site Summary:

741 - NY 24121023

This is an area of sporadic and very occasional background flaking within which there are the sites 742 - 744 and 746 - 751. It is a large area of coarse scree which seems to have been deposited since the neolithic because many of the sites are under the coarse elements of this scree. Consequently the background flakes only appear occasionally at places of disturbance. The degree of covering of the sites by the coarse scree would suggest that there is likely to be many more sites under the scree than have been surveyed. On the top southern edge of the scree, erosion has taken place at the scree/vegetation interface resulting in a low-concentration scatter of medium sized, brown, heavily weathered flakes. However, the source of the flaking in the rest of the area is from isolated flake sites within the coarse scree as well as the source described above. The terrain is a coarse boulder field, which includes some hornstone blocks and the tiny flake sites are found in amongst the boulders. This area of working lies beside a dry stream bed. Some of the flakes are not patinated i.e. they are recently exposed. Size: 33m x 15m Concentration: 1 (7) Flake size: Medium 742 - NY 2411810222

An area of medium sized flakes scattered in a low concentration, amongst a fine, freshly eroded area of scree which covers small terraces of vegetation. This area of scree is on the south edge of the main coarse scree area. Size: 1m x 1m Concentration: 1 (5) Flake size: Medium

743 - NY 2413010225

The flakes are visible where the coarse scree is disturbed, but they are mainly covered by and mixed with surface scree and it is clear that there has been a limited amount of movement of the general scree since the neolithic. The site is located near the upper part of the area of scree (Site 741). The flakes are heavily weathered, stained green and brown. Size: 1m x 1m Concentration: 2 (22) Flake size: Medium & large

744 - NY 2412010225 Here there are medium to large flakes exposed through the scree as a result of disturbance, but they are also both covered by and mixed with the scree. At the north edge of the site there is an eroding deposit of soil but there is no sign of flakes within its matrix. Size: 0.5m x 0.5m Concentration: 2 (16) Flake size: Medium & large

746 - NY 2411510229

This site is split into two parts a) and b). The upper of the two is a) and the run-off from this site spills into site b). Site a): The site starts below a large hornstone boulder where medium to large flakes are exposed, partly as a result of a sheep track. Large unpatinated flakes lie below this point on the surface of the scree/eroding soil, and the general spread of flakes would seem to be a result of relatively recent disturbance. From here the run-off extends 6m down slope where it has almost completely petered out just above site b) Size: 6m x 2m Concentration: 2 (14) Flake size: Medium & large Site b): Here there are heavily weathered flakes exposed around the base of a large flat boulder on its downslope side where the scree is eroding. Below the boulder there is a low scatter of flakes covered and intermixed with the scree. Size: 3m x 2m Concentration: 2 (9) Flake size: Medium & large 747 - NY 2412110229

At this site medium to large flakes are exposed in scree disturbance and are loosely scattered. The flakes are heavily weathered and stained brown. Size: 1 m x 1 m Concentration: 2 (9) Flake size: Medium & large

748 - NY 2412610230

The flakes emerge from below a large hornstone boulder. They are mainly medium in size and have been exposed and scattered about a metre downslope, in association with a fine scree. All the flakes are patinated, some heavily. Size: 1 m x 0.5 m Concentration: 2 (11) Flake size: Medium

749 - NY 2411110234

On the scree/vegetation interface there is a small number of medium sized flakes, which are exposed on the surface and are fairly well

weathered. The vegetation cover here is moss and the scree is fairly stable. Size: 0.4m x 0.4m Concentration: 1 (5) Flake size: Medium

750 - NY 2412910234

This site is about a metre from the southern scree edge and is a concentration of large flakes. It may be related to site 215 but any possible relationship is obscured by scree covering the flakes. The flakes are heavily weathered, coloured green and covered with lichen. There are large blocks of hornstone in the

vicinity of the site. Size: 0.5m x 0.5m Concentration: 2 (12)

Flake size: Large

751 - NY 2413110233

This site is within a metre of the south edge of the general scree (Site 741) and is a small thin layer of medium to large flakes, which is covered by superficial scree. The flakes are stained green and brown. Size: 1 m x 1 m Concentration: 2 (28)

Flake size: Medium & large 752 - NY 2413710297

At this site there is a quantity of small and medium flakes lying amidst the natural scree slope. They are concentrated predominantly at the top of the scree slope, which is only 5m away from a small hornstone outcrop. The site appears to be considerably obscured by the scree and vegetation that is encroaching upon the upper part of the site. Many of the flakes appear heavily weathered and patinated Size: 7m? x 5m (because the lower edge is ill defined the length is imprecise) Concentration: 1 (4) Flake size: Small & medium

753 - NY 2415910314

There are two parts to this site: part a) is the upper of the two and it merges into part b) at the lower end of the scree spill. Part a) This is a thin band of scree starting from the area of a hornstone outcrop. It tumbles down the steep slope and contains an assortment of small and medium flakes, though the medium flakes are found mainly at the lower part of the site and the smaller flakes are mainly to at the higher part of the site. At the bottom of the site this stream of flakes spills into part b) which appears to be independent. From this point the run-off from the two sites merges into one. Size:  $12m \times 1m$  Concentration:  $1 \times (5) \times (5)$ 

A neolithic working site on Glaramara found by Plint and J. Davies (Claris, 1984).

PREFREF20118MONUIDMNA119961NameGraphite (Wad) Mine on Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323360 512247 Type GRAPHITE MINE

#### Description

A very famous mine with a long, complicated and colourful history. It is situated on the hill side a little to the northwest of Seathwaite (NY232125). A great deal has been written about this mine, much of it vague, and seemingly no-one has yet succeeded in putting together a really comprehensive account of its history. Equally ill-furnished, the author merely offers some of the less speculative features of its past. Even the date of the last working is not certain, for although official statistics show that a ton of graphite was removed in 1876 and none thereafter, the mine was nevereless in the hands of a private company right up to 1891, therefore it seems likely that some work was done after 1876.

Mining Details: The graphite is associated with a dyke of highly altereed diorite (300 fathoms long in a NNW/SSE direction) bounded by two masses of compact blue diabase. There are numerous quartz veins and strings traversing this formation and, although these are often discoloured with graphite, the big deposits, in the form of pipes, occur some distance away from the veins. The pipes are randomly distributed throughout the diabase and to a lesser extent the diorite; this made mining a difficult and hapzard affair. The only effective way to locat pipes was by driving long and tortuous exploratory tunnels. Thus the output of the mine tended to be sporadic, prolonged periods of no output whatsoever being quite common. Not surprisingly, therefore, this mine is a maze and the illustrated section of it appearing in several books (and reproduced here) presents a gross over-simplification of its true interior. The graphite from this mine has been variously named Black Cawke, the early days it was used for marking sheep and rust-proofing stoves. Taken in conjunction withe ale or wine it was a panacea for an absurdly wide variety of ills, though its poisonous metallic compounds content probably made the patient feel a good deal worse! The prime uses, however, seem to have been in crucible and refractory mould constuction, as a separating agent in metal casting and, of course, pencil making. The Borrowdale MIne is well known for being responsible for the birth of the Keswick pencil industry in about 1790, an event which rather curiously came quite late in the mine's history. Two of the graphite pipes outcrop and these were where mining first took place. The higher outcrop is on Gorton's (or Goaton's) Ppe and it would seem that the very earliest work was done here. This working- a pit - was known as Upper Wadhole and by 1555 was already very deep. The lower is on the Grand Pipe and is said to have been discovered sometime in Elizabeth I's reign when a storm-uprooted ash tree exposed the graphite below. This location was known as the lower Wadhole. Gilberts Stage or Level, which drains the main body of the mine, was driven between the years 1798 and 1800. Robson's Level was the last major work (c.1820). History: On 26 August 1555, two Royal commissioners, Thomas Legh and Nicholas Bardsey, were instructed to visit Borrowdale and report on, among other things, any wad hole 'for the colouring or uring of sheeo'. Their subsequent report tells of a wad hole on Seatoller Common (Upper Wadhole) indicating it to have reached such a depth that flooding made the removal of graphite a hazardous business. In December 1555 as a result of this report the Crown granted a 21 year lease to Ambrose Dormer, son of Sir Michael Dormer, Lord Mayor of London 1541-1542. Dormer died eleven years later and nothing is known of his activities or the subsequent fate of the lease. In 1578 a new lease to the wad holes and some other properties was taken by a Roger Robinson. In 1594 this passed into the hands of a Mathew Buck, THence to be acquired in 1607 by Messrs Edward Boraston and Tomas Fanshaw. These two gentlemen subsequently sub-let to Daniel and Emanuel Hechstetter of Mines Royal, but unfortunately nothing is known about the work done by any of these people. The Hechsetters held the lease until 1625 (note that as the Mine Royal charter did not include reference to graphite the Hechstetters had no automatic right to the mine). Around 1613-14, James I sold sonsiderable areas of land in Lincolnshire and the Furness Abbey Manor of Borrowdale to Messrs William Whitmore and Jonas Verdon who in turn sold the land to existing tenants. The Borrowdale sale in 1614 included the was holes subsequently to be sold to Messrs William Lamplugh and Charles Hudson. It should of course be remembered that at all times the mining rights were held by the Hechstetters, such rights being unaffected by change of ownership. In due course the mining property descended in two moieties. One was purchased on the 9th March 1622 by London lawyer, Sir John Bankes, the other remaining in the Hudson family until acquired in two parts, in 1697 and 1706 respectively, by one John Shepheard. In 1625 Bankes purchased the Hechstetter lease, wgicg still had eleven years to run, and started mining for himself. The Shepheard and Bankes families ran the mine as joint proprietors until the 28th February 1758 when

John Sheapheard's son let his moiety on a 99 year lease to a group of London gentlemen. The Bankes moiety stayed within that family until very recently. It is known as early as the 16th century there existed a good market for graphite, the prices quoted in a lawsuit of 1597 being &13 6s. 8d. and &5 6s. 8d. per ton for superior and inferior quality respectively. During the 17th century and later the graphite was sold at irregular intervals in transactions - called bargins - between the proprietors and certain approved merchants. One reason for this irregularity was the unpredictable nature of the mine itself, but another was to keep the selling price high by means of an artificially - induced rarity. The markedly various charges for the graphite are astonishing, and the following are some examples taken from records of sales all of which refer to the price per ton for superior quality: 1646, @18; 1671, @100; 1761, œ1,344; 1804, œ3,920. Not surprisingly these high prices attracted the attention of rogues so that pillfering and illicit working became a serious problem. Miners were undressed and inspected internally on leaving the mine, and armed gaurds patrolled the site in an attempt to people raking through spoil heaps or entering the mine itself. In 1749 a particularly craft attempt was made to work the mine illicitly by a man called William Hetherington. He obtained a lease to drive a copper adit on the site and actually found some copper. However, as the workings contained a secret door giving access to the wad mine, Hetherington and friends did quite well for a while. On discovering what was happening the Bankes family cleverly solved the problem by appointing Hetherington as steward set a thief to catch a thief! The theft problem became so severe that in 1752, following an armed attack on the mine, an Act was passed in Parliament declaring illegal entry into, or stealing from, a wad mine to be a felony. Punishment for an infringment was a public whipping plud one years hard labour, or seven years transportation. Presumably the Act must have been some deterrent but clearly wasn't wholly effective for as late as 1771 there are reports of rogues using gunpowder during the night. By the late 1830's the proprietors seem to have losr interest in working the mine for themselves, letting it to a succession of mining companies who by various accounts, didn't do very well. The last one was the Borrowdale Plumbago Mines and Manufactoring Company under the management of Henry Vercoe. This went into liquidation in 1891. In 1981 under the terms of the will of Mr H.J.R. Bankes, the National Trust was given the family's Kingston Lacy and Corfe Castle estates: included was the Wad Mine. Later a small ceremony took place for the unveiling of a boundary marker at the foot of the fell. This replaced a pre- existing marker (one of several) which was erected in 1752 but destroyed by vandals (Adams, J. 1988).

The earliest mention of the graphite deposits is in a document of 1540/2 but there is indirect evidence which shows that the graphite was being extracted at the beginning of the 16th century, possibly even the beginning of the 15th century (Boon 1976, 105). After a visit to Seathwaite by two Commissioners of the Mines Royal in 1555 the mining rights were leased out to a succession of different people. In 16 13-4 James I sold off land in Borrowdale including the mines; thereafter the mines became two separate moieties consisting of the Upper and Lower Wadholes. By 1638 Sir John Bankes owned the Lower Wadhole and by 1706 John Shepherd had acquired the Upper Wadhole. The mine was run jointly by the two families from this time, although in 1758 the Shepherd moiety was leased to a wider group of businessmen. The final mine company was wound up in 1891 following a steady decline in discoveries of new graphite deposits (Tyler 1995).

From the beginning it was usual for the mine to be worked sporadically, for after a large find of graphite the mine might be closed for up to seven years to keep the market price of graphite high; in the 18th century penalty clauses were written into sales agreements to ensure such closures (Boon 1976, 119-25). The desirability of graphite was also a source of trouble; armed attacks by robbers were a recurrent problem, so much so that in 1752 an act was passed in Parliament making the stealing of wad a felony.

The number of miners employed at any one time was very low and often did not reach double figures. The re-opening of old adits and shafts at different times was common, especially towards the end of the mine's life when graphite was becoming more elusive (Tyler 1995)

Adits, shafts and spoilheaps

The lowest, and latest, level driven in the mine was Robson's Level (1), situated on the south-western side of the enclosure wall. It was started in 1845 as a drainage adit to allow further exploitation of deposits below the grand pipe but had not joined up with any other levels before the mines were finally abandoned (Tyler 1995,166). Today both adit and spoilheap are hidden by a conifer plantation although trees on top of the platform have recently been removed.

The spoilheap has spread down the slope and is about 10m high. At its summit is a finger-shaped platform with an even surface measuring 16.6m by 6.8m. The Ordnance Survey 1st Edition 25-inch map of 1868 shows that the material from the mine was brought out on a railway across the spoilheap.

At the north-west end of the spoilheap are the remains of a mineshop built into the hillside and now largely cleared of spoil, which is the latest of several guardhouses at the mine that were designed to prevent thieves gaining access to the mine and to allow miners to be searched for stolen graphite on leaving the mine. A photograph of Robson's Level taken c.1888 (reproduced Tyler 1995, 173) shows a two storey guardhouse with a slate covered, gabled roof. The physical remains correspond well with this photograph and also with the Ordnance Survey 1st Edition 25-inch; this shows a rectangular roofed building covering the mine entrance and a three-sided, probably unroofed structure abutting its southern corner. The three-sided structure, open at the front, measures 6.1m by 2.8m internally, within walls 0.8m wide and 0.85m high. The main part of the building consists of a rectangular structure 3.8m wide, now earth filled, revetted internally by a series of parallel walls; this may have been the foundation for the upper part of the guardhouse. The adit entrance has been cleared and the portal partly shored up recently; despite this it is still collapsing inwards. The adit is 1.5m wide, its sides displaying remains of stone walling up to 0.9m high. Above the adit entrance is a shallow ditch, up to 2m wide, where the adit has collapsed inwards slightly.

Twenty metres north of the adit is a scoop (2) into the slope, 3.8m by 2.4m, which is the remains of a water blast shaft constructed to aid ventilation of Robson's level before its intended connection to other mine levels. The iron water tube still survives; it passes through the centre of the hollow and can be seen entering the adit on a photograph published by Tyler (1995, 174). Tyler (1995, 167) states that although the water for the blast shaft was supplied by Newhouse Gill at first, a leat was dug to bring a more reliable supply from Sourinilk Gill. No trace of the leat was found close to the blast shaft but this is not surprising since the ground is heavily covered with brash from the plantation. There is no indication of where the leat crossed the stone wall that separates Sourmilk Gill from the blast shaft.

A further 200m north, up the fellside, is Gilbert's Stage (3) below which is the most prominent of all the spoilheaps. This adit was driven in 1798 and when it reached the Grand Pipe in 1800 the guardhouse was built around the entrance (Tyler,1995,125). The documentary evidence for the mine house is particularly plentiful; two annotated small scale plans of both floors survive as well as a sketch of the exterior, all made by John Farey who began a survey of the mine in 1818 (Dorchester RO; D/BKL, Cumberland (uncatalogued)). Other documentary sources suggest that, to increase security, all graphite extracted from the mine- from whatever level- - was brought to the surface at Gilbert's stage (Tyler 1995, 126,135), which may account for the large size of the spoilheap; it is spread 73m down the slope and is 42m across at its widest point. Water run-off down the slope has also caused some of the deads from the bottom of the spoilheap to move downhill. About halfway down the western side of the spoilheap is part of a drystone revetment wall which was presumably an attempt to hold the spoil back.

The platform at the top of the spoilheap is 10.9m by 7.lm but its front has become quite eroded by water seeping from the mine. In the centre of the platform the erosion has exposed red staining which is probably the rusted remains of a railway shown on Farey's plans of 1821. A few short sections of iron rail are scattered further down the spoilheap. On the north-eastern side of the spoilheap is

a drain taking water from the mine, which is 0.8m wide and 0.4m high.

It appears that due to the underlying bedrock, the ground floor was largely built to provide a foundation for the main upper floor, although there was room for a smithy at the front of the building, on the south-west side of the adit. The upper storey consisted of six rooms of varying sizes (Tyler 1995, 198).

The surviving walls of the north-eastern side of the building are 0.7m wide and have maximum external height of 2.lm; the interior is 3.lm by 5.6m. The walls are bonded with mortar and in the northern corner of the room some wall plaster survives. The maximum internal height of the walls is 1.2m, at the back of the building where the walls are protected by a hewn rock face; most of the room, however, is largely filled with debris. During the course of the survey the southern corner of this room fell away, exposing a layer of graphite dust 0.3m thick, which confirms the note on Farey's plan that this was the upper storey wad-picking room.

The adit is a maximum of 1.0m wide and up to 1.0m high; the interior of the mine is still accessible from here. Adjacent to the adit, at the front of the guardhouse, the base of the stone staircase survives; it is composed of single slabs of stone 0.9m wide. In the south-west half of the building part of the smithy survives. Internally it measures about 2.6m wide although no dividing wall is visible on the south-west side. Internally the wall is 0.6m high and externally 1.2m; the position of a window at the front of the smithy is clearly visible.

Farey's plan notes a peat house on the south-western side of the building but this no

longer survives. Neither is there any trace of a privy which adjoined the north-eastern side of the building.

About 80m uphill from Gilbert's Stage is another spoilheap (4). Although it extends downslope for 33m it is of no great depth, most of the material having spread out because of the steep gradient of the natural slope. The platform at the top measures 4.4m by 3.lm; on it is a corner of walling that only survives to foundation level. It is possible that this is the site of the Old Mens' East Level which is marked as a small adit on Farey's 1821 map but it may also be where old deads from the adjacent Old Mens' Stage (5) were moved downhill and resorted during a lean spell at the mine.

The Old Mens' Stage, as its name suggests, is one of the earlier workings; it was driven in 1619 to gain access to the Grand Pipe and to help drain it. Photographs taken by Tyler (1995, 78-9) show that it is a hand-driven narrow 'coffin level'. In 1769, in order to re-open the level, a mine house was built around the adit with a yard to contain the spoil. Farey's plan shows the site of the mine house and the yard wall which are described as 'now removed' strongly suggesting that the mine house was dismantled in order to re-use the stone. Tyler (1995, 121) asserts that the stone was used to build Harrison's mine house in 1791. If this was the case considerable effort must have been expended taking the relatively poor quality, undressed, stone uphill, especially when according to Farey's plan the remains of an old mine house (date unknown) may have existed as little as 20m away.

The top of the platform has largely been covered with spoil from the spoilheap above it but a small terrace, 1.5m wide, survives. At the south-western edge of the platform are the remains of a small rectangular building which measures 4.2m by 2.4m internally. The rear of the structure was formed, or possibly sheltered by, a quarried rock outcrop which has stopped spoil from spreading onto it. At the front of the building is some rough drystone walling that is 0.7m high externally. This may be the remains of the Old Mens' Stage peat house for it was still standing in 1821 according to Farey's plan; it may not have been worth the effort to take stone from a crudely built store for use elsewhere. Protruding from the bottom of the spoilheap above the Old Mens' platform is a single dressed stone, 0.8m wide and 0.5m deep. Behind it is a slight ridge of spoil suggesting a buried wall; possibly another building survives beneath the rubble.

The spoilheap itself is partly turf-covered although where visible the deads are large. It is 38m long and is interrupted approximately two-thirds down its slope by a turf-covered terrace. This may be the remains of a track across the spoilheap to join the track above the top of (4) rather than the partially covered remains of an earlier spoilheap.

Forty metres west of Old Mens' Stage is an adit and its accompanying spoilheap cut into the side of Newhouse Gill (6). The spoilheap is partly turf-covered and is composed of material of differing sizes. The platform is 3.5m in diameter and only 8.0m high; the relatively small size suggests that this was simply a trial adit which did not discover any deposits of graphite. Its date is unknown but it does not appear on Farey's plan and also it utilises the side of the stream in the same manner as Gill's Stage further upstream which is dated to 1832; this suggests a date around the early to mid--nineteenth century.

The adit is reached by a small track along the side of the gill. The tunnel is arch

shaped and measures 2.0m wide and approxiamtely in height although the bottom of it is water-filled

Farey's Stage (7) was driven in 1819 (Tyler 1995, 144) thus giving an existing internal level an exit to the surface. According to Tyler (1995, 111) when the Old Men's Level was re-opened in 1769 it was necessary to send men to re-locate the adit because it was covered in spoil. If this was the case, it raises the question of whether Farey's spoilheap covers an earlier adit of which there is no documentary record.

The top of the platform is a maximum of 15.7m by 11.4m but the front of it is badly eroded. Among the deads in the spoilheap are a number of stones with shot holes drilled into them. From the mouth of the adit, running across the centre of the platform, there is a gradually broadening channel, about 4.5m wide and up to 0.5m deep which is probably the old course of a railway. The rock-cut adit entrance, 2.5m wide, is at an angle to the spoilheap; perhaps it continues the line of the adit beyond the Grand Pipe. Internally the adit is 1.7m high and 0.8m wide.

Just above Farey's Stage is the top of the Grand Pipe (8), also known as Bill's Shaft, where traditionally the graphite was first discovered after a storm uprooted an ash tree growing there. The first definite reference to it being worked is in 1594, later than the Upper Wadhole.

The hole at the top of the pipe is an irregular shape, approximately 8m by 3m at its widest points. Directly below it is a small spoilheap, the top of which is about 7m wide. On the western side of this is what appears to be the remains of a separate smaller spoilheap, on top of which is a roughly rectangular depression 4.2m by 2.6m and 0.4m deep. It is possible that this is where winding gear stood before the Grand Pipe could be accessed from the Old Mens' Level.

Gill's Stage (9), like the New Level trial (6), is cut into rock outcrop in the side of Newhouse Gill. The spoilheap is therefore a short distance from where the main adit comes to the surface along a trackway 2.4m wide, curving around the slope, that is cut out of the rock. The top of the spoilheap is 6.6m by 7.2m; most of the waste material in it is small but there are some large boulders with shot holes in them in the bottom of the gill.

There are two adits, the first of which is situated 13m from the spoilheap. This may be a trial, referred to by Tyler (1995, 157), made a few years before Gill's was begun in 1832. Its entrance is 1.6m high and 0.6m wide but the interior immediately broadens out into a cavern that does not extend far beyond the entrance. The second, main adit is a further 7m away from the spoilheap and is clear of debris. Its entrance is 1.3m wide and 1.6m high.

About 30m to the east of Gill's stage is another, unidentified spoilheap (10) which is relatively small and partly turf-covered. The platform, measuring 9.7m by 3.9m, has a number of stone walls extending from its north-western edge. At the rear of the platform is length of revetment wall, 6m long and 1.3m high. From the south-western edge of the platform a track runs in direction of Gill's Stage and is also partly revetted. On the north-western tip of the platform are the corners of two buildings standing side by side. The one furthest from the spoilheap measures 7.lm by 3.2m. The walls are 0.6m wide and survive to a maximum height of 1.4m. The corner of the other building is also 3.2m wide. There are two, maybe three wall ends (not surveyed) protruding from the spoilheap above but whether they are part of the same structure is uncertain.

The spoilheap is probably later than 1821; it is not shown on Farey's plan although the crag just to the north of it, Usher's Knot, is shown. The spoilheap also overlies the miners' path shown on the same plan. It may be that as the spoil from Gill's stage grew it was taken a little further away from the adit and processed there.

Just below the fell wall is Harrison's Level and minehouse. The adit was cut in 1791 and the guardhouse built to cover the entrance. The sketch and plan drawn by Farey show a two storey building divided into six rooms of equal size, built partly upon a revetted terrace which the adit exits through. The present remains comprise two rectangular rooms on either side of the central adit; there is no trace of dividing walls and it is likely that only the upper storey had six rooms. One corner of the south-western half of the structure is rounded suggesting that it underwent alteration after Farey's plan was made but apart from this the two sets of evidence match well.

The north-eastern chamber measures 7.4m by 3.8m internally, within walls 0.6m wide and 0.8m high. The south-western room is 4.8m wide but the length is unclear because of the amount of rubble at the front of the building. The adit is no longer open but the entrance is 1.2m wide at the front of the building and 1.2m high.

The revetted terrace in front of the guardhouse survives intermittently; at its best it is 0.8m high but elsewhere it has collapsed into a stony scarp. The yard wall survives to its full length on the north-east side although it is in a very collapsed state; elsewhere the spoilheap has burst through the wall and destroyed it. The single entrance into the yard, 0.8m wide, is clearly visible. The top of the spoilheap is 4.9m by 7.6m.

There are two other adits in the side of Newhouse Gill; one of these is Jopson's Level

(12) which is cut into a step in the stream bed and was presumably only workable in

high summer. There is some discrepancy in the records as to its origins; Tyler (1995, 96) states that Jopson's Level was dug some time after 1750 by William Hetherington, a mine steward.

Previous to his employment at the mine, Hetherington had driven an illegal adit into the mine, pretending that he was searching for copper. Boon (1976, 124) also relates the story of Hetherington's illegal exploits, noting that the land he had driven the 'copper' level on was owned by Daniel Jopson. He also sets the date for Hetherington's appointment as mine steward as 1754.

However, according to annotations on Farey's plan, Jopson's Level was an illegal mine level dug-- ostensibly for copper-- which was discovered by William Hetherington in 1750 while driving a separate shaft. The duplication of the two stories suggests that Farey may confused some of the details.

The other adit (13) is in the side of the stream just below Gill's stage and is where Thompson's pipe reaches the surface. The entrance hole is 1.2m in diameter and is in a very awkward position since there is a drop of 1.6m to the stream bed and there is no track approaching it from the hillside. Presumably it was reached from another mine entrance.

About 9m downstream from Thompson's pipe is a well-built revetment wall across the stream. The wall is 2.6m high and is holding back a large volume of material. The purpose of the wall is unclear but it may have been to protect a trial in the base of the stream below it, which has since become covered.

On the western side of Newhouse Gill is an adit (14) cut into the slope. Most of the entrance has collapsed but some of the interior remains visible through a small hole. Tyler (1995 91, 192) seems to identify this as the remains of William Hetherington's 'copper' level, dug c. 1750 but the confusion over the history of the level makes this identification uncertain.

The remains on Seatoller Common are characterised by numerous small trials as opposed to the major levels dug on the lower slopes. An exception is the site of the Upper Wadhole, where Gorton's and Woodman's pipes came to the surface, and which is now marked by a large crater (15). The Upper Wadhole was already deep enough to be recorded as flooded when visited by the Commissioners of the Mines Royal in 1555 and was probably where the graphite was first discovered; it was re-worked repeatedly during the mine's history.

The Wadhole is 40m by 29m at its widest points and has a large amount of rock outcrop exposed in its sides. At its base, in the centre are some unidentifiable scarps, less than 0.3m high.

Directly below the Upper Wadhole is a large spoilheap (16), which is overlain by a series of much smaller spoilheaps along the side of the Wadhole. The platform is 20m long and 5.2m wide and is 14.lm high. The north-western edge of the spoilheap, adjacent to the gill, is interrupted by a small triangular platform, 2.4m wide maximum. At one side of the smaller platform is an L-shaped section of wall, 3.3m by 1.8m and 0.2m high; any other part of the structure it belonged to has been obscured by tumble. Part of the side of the gill besides the building has been revetted.

Partly overlying the main spoilheap (16) is an another (17), with a top measuring 3.2m by 7.0m. It is 6.2m high and is composed of material of different sizes. Directly above this is a turf-covered finger dump (18) 2.7m long on top and 4.6m high composed of finely crushed material. Overlying this is a low platform (19) 2.1m wide and 1.5m high. There are much larger pieces of waste, about 0.5m across, in the spoilheap above (20) which is 4.4m high.

At the north-western edge of the Wadhole is another spoilheap (21) the main slope of which is interrupted by two minor platforms although its top is 4.8m wide. The spoil has come from an adit measuring 3.0m wide and 1.0m deep with the remains of a stone lining at its mouth. On the eastern side of the adit are the remains of a stone hut up to 0.6m high and not less than 1.4m by 0.9m. The spoilheap and adit partly underlie a later spoilheap (22), 3.4m high and 7.9m wide on top. The spoil from this has apparently come from an adit which survives as a large hollow with a funnel entrance (23) cut into the side of the slope, between 1.7m and 0.65m deep, and 9.7m wide overall. A gully (24), 1.8m wide and 0.7m deep, leads into the Upper Wadhole; it may be the remains of another adit, the spoil from which has been thrown down the slope below. However the gully seems to follow the course of a larger, natural channel and may be evidence of hushing.

An isolated adit and spoilheap (25) are situated on smoother ground to the north-east of the ridge of outcrop. The spoilheap, which is mostly turf-covered is 3.4in wide and 3.7m high and the adit is 4.0m wide and a maximum of 0.9m deep.

The start of an area of intense mining activity is marked by the large spoilheap of Common Stage (26) which was driven in 1811, according to Tyler (1995, 132) with little success. The spoilheap is of irregular shape; at its widest point it is 14.8m wide and it is about 24m long. At the front of the spoilheap the waste material is small (less than 0.15m across) but at the back the deads are up to 0.5m across. The adit, which is straight, measures 1.4m wide and 0.9m high at its mouth where a section of revetment wall survives on either side. On the western side of the adit are the remains of a square stone hut measuring 2.lm by 1.95m internally. The drystone walls are 0.6m thick and survive to a height of 1.lm. There is a single entrance from the adit, 1.2m wide. Parallel with the adit and adjacent to the building is an open rectangular hollow 2.5m wide and 0.8m deep. Its interior is partly stony; it is uncertain whether it represents the remains of another adit or the site of an earlier building.

On the north side of Common Stage is a small trial adit (27) 2.9m wide and 0.85m deep which partly underlies another spoilheap. On the north-western side of the adit is a bank of upcast 0.4m high. The spoilheap is small, 3.0m wide on top and 2.6m high, which suggests a short adit, possibly for drainage purposes.

Also overlain by the same spoilheap as (27) is another very uneven turf-covered spoilheap (28) 4.9m high overall and with three platforms, at different levels, between 7.8m and 4.lm wide. The spoil has come from a curved adit (29) 3.2m wide and a maximum of 1.0m deep, which is still partly open showing a water -filled interior. The adit has a shallow side tr

**PREFREF** 20125 MONUID MNA120044 Name Period Slight Univallate Hill Fort on Castle Crag, Derwentwater Iron Age

NGR 515929 **Type** UNIVALLATE HILLFORT 324949

**Description** 

Site: 20125\*0 This small slight univallate hillfort located on the relatively flat summit of Castle Crag in Borrowdale, it is close to the foot of Honister Pass. The ground falls precipitously on the north, west and east sides of the monument and steeply on the south side. It includes an irregularly-shaped internal enclosure measuring approximately 60 by 25m. Internally it is protected on its north and north-east sides by a turf covered stone rampart up to 4m wide and 0.7m high running along the edge of the precipice. The present irregular shape is a product of past slate quarrying which has removed the monument's south western corner. There are three artificially levelled areas within the enclosure; two are situated immediately south of a rocky summit knoll and measure c.11 by 10m and 6.5 by 5.5m. The third is situated in the eastern part of the enclosure and measures approximately 15 by 12m. A combination of quarrying and limited antiquarian investigation have found various items including two masses of smelted iron, Roman pottery and red sandstone (English Heritage, 1995). Archaeological Comments - Site: 20125\*0 Slight univallate hillforts are defined as enclosures of various shapes, generally between 1ha and 10ha in size. It is situated on or close to the hill top and defined by a single line of earthworks, the scale of which is relatively small. Such sites are considered to date between Late Bronze Age and Early Iron Age (eighth-fifth centuries BC), the majority being used for 150 to 200 years prior to their abandonment or reconstruction. Slight univallate hillforts have generally been interpreted as stock enclosures, redistribution centres, places of refuge and permanent settlements. The earthworks generally include a rampart, narrow level berm, external ditch and counterscarp bank. While access to the interior is usually provided by two entrances comprising either simple gaps in the earthwork or an in-turned rampart. Post holes revealed by excavation indicate the occasional presence of portal gateways while more elaborate features like overlapping ramparts and outworks are limited to only a few examples. Internal features include timber or stone round house; large storage pits and hearths; scattered post holes, stake holes and gullies. There has also been found square or rectangular buildings supported by four to six posts, often represented by post holes, and interpreted as raised granaries. Such sites are considered rare with around 150 examples recorded nationally, although on a national scale the number is low in Devon they form one of the major classes of hillfort. In other areas where the distribution is relatively dense, for example, Wessex, Sussex, the Cotswolds and the Chiltens, hillforts belonging to a number of different classes occur within the same region.

Examples are also recorded in eastern England, the Welsh Marches, central and southern England. These univallate hillforts are important in the understanding of the transitions between Bronze Age and Iron Age communities.

**PREFREF** 20130 MONUID MNA115338 Name Slate Quarry near Castle Crag, Hollows Farm, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 324900 515900 **Type** SLATE QUARRY

**Description** 

Site: 20130\*0 The steep flank above the Derwent is pitted with cuttings and caverns and levels (Wainwright, A. 1964).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA117223 20170 Period Post Medieval Name Driedly Gill Mine (Level), Langstrath, Borrowdale

324700 NGR 509800 **Type** MINE

Description

Site: 20170\*0 Driedly Gill Mine consists of a 10 yard long level driven into the southern bank of the most northerly branch of Driedly Gill. It is located at approximately NY 247098 and on the 2,000 ft contour). This must qualify as the most inaccessible working in the Lake District. There are no obvious signs of mineralisation.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA118592 20213 Name Period Post Medieval

Hollows Farm, Grange in Borrowdale, NGR 517140 **Type** COAL SHED, GENERAL STORE, BARN, FARMHOUSE, PRIVY

Description

Site: 20213 A farm complex consisting of 6 buildings: the Farmhouse (ntsmr 25751); the Hay barn (ntsmr 25752); the General purpose building (ntsmr 25753); the Store (ntsmr 25754); the Coalhouse and earth closet (ntsmr 25755) and the Barn (ntsmr 25756) (Whittaker, T, 1986).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120691 20214 Name Nook Farm, Rosthwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 514778 **Type** GENERAL STORE, BARN, FARMHOUSE

Description

Site: 20214 This farm complex consists of 5 buildings: the Farmhouse (ntsmr 25756): the Store and shippen (ntsmr 25757): the Shippen and store (ntsmr 25758): the Garage with sheep pen (ntsmr 25759) and the Byre (ntsmr 25760) (NT, VBS, 01/11/1983).

**PREFREF** 20215 MONUID MNA118193 Name Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR BARN, FARMHOUSE 512114 **Type** 

Description

Site: 20215 A farm complex of eleven buildings: Farmhouse (ntsmr 25761); Cottage (ntsmr 25770); House (ntsmr 25771); Stables (ntsmr 25762); Barn (ntsmr 25763); Shed (ntsmr 25764); Loosebox (ntsmr 25765); Barn (ntsmr 25766); Loosebox (ntsmr 25767); Cartshed (ntsmr 25768) and the Old Brandlehow Barn (ntsmr 25769). Seathwaite Farm stands at the very centre of the Lake District. A working farm must have stood here for many centuries (probably earlier than the tenth century the Norse settlers gave it its present name), for the ancient track from Sty Head passes right through the farm. The packhorse route to the famous Wadd Mines also begun here. However, none of these agricultural buildings at Seathwaite are earlier than the mid nineteenth century. One of the buildings has a datestone (1851) inscribed with the initials G and B.C. Banks, the Banks family being both the proprietors of the Wadd Mines and a local group of stonemasons. The comparatively large amount of accommodation at Seathwaite may be explained by the nearby wadd mines. The wadd holes at Seathwaite were being worked by the close of the sixteenth century and probably closed down

around 1865. In the final years of the mine the miners lodged in Seathwaite along with their families. The father of the current tenant of Seathwaite Farm (Mr. Edmondson) could remember when there were 18 children living at Seathwaite. It seems reasonable to assume that Seathwaite provided some accommodation for the wadd miners in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries also (Higgins, M, 1984).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116460 20216 Name Period Seatoller Farm complex, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 324508 513781 **Type** BARN, FARMHOUSE, BARN, SHED, PRIVY HOUSE

Description

Site: 20216 A farm complex consisting of 9 buildings, including: the Farmhouse (ntsmr 25772); the Shed (ntsmr 25773); the Shed (ntsmr 25774); the Barn (ntsmr 25775); the Hay Barn (ntsmr 25776); the Dairy (ntsmr 25777); the Threshing Barn (ntsmr 25778); the Barn (ntsmr 25779) and the Toilet block (ntsmr 25780) (NT,VBS, 1984).

**PREFREF** 20217 MONUID MNA118979

Name Stonethwaite Farm complex Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 513707 **Type** BARN, FARMHOUSE, SHED

Description

Site: 20217 A farm complex consisting of eleven buildings, including: the Farmhouse (ntsmr 25781); the Stable (ntsmr 25782); the Barn (ntsmr 25783); the Bull Pen (ntsmr 25784); the Hay barn (ntsmr 25785); the Possible agricultural building (ntsmr 25786); the Dog kennel (ntsmr 25787); the Store (ntsmr 25788); the Sheds (ntsmr 25789 and 25790) and the Silage (ntsmr 25791) (NT, VBS,)

**PREFREF** 20219 MONUID MNA120121

Yew Tree Farm, Borrowdale Name Period Post Medieval

NGR 325710 514781 **Type** COW HOUSE, BANK BARN, BARN, FARMHOUSE, FARM

Description

Site: 20219 A farm complex consisting of 7 buildings, including; farmhouse (ntsmr 25796), Barn (ntsmr 25797), Shippen (ntsmr 25798), Stable (ntsmr 25799), Barn and cowhouse (ntsmr 25800), Bank Barn (25801) and the Sheep dis and pen (ntsmr 25802) (NT, SMR, 01/10/1983)

**PREFREF** 20222 MONUID MNA115324 Post Medieval

Name Oak Cottage complex, Rosthwaite, Borrowdale Period

NGR 325722 514763 **Type FARMHOUSE** 

Description

Site: 20222. Cottage complex consisting of two buildings: Oak Cottage (ntsmr 26987) and the wash house (ntsmr 5804) (NT, VBS, 01/11/1983).

**PREFREF** 20223 MONUID MNA116065

Name Period How Cottage complex, Rosthwaite, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 514741 **Type** TERRACED HOUSE

**Description** 

Site: 20223 comprises three buildings: How Cottage No 1 (ntsmr 26986); How Cottage No 2 (ntsmr 25805) and the Coal store (ntsmr 25806) (NT, VBS, 1984).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120882 Name Period Post Medieval Croft Farm, Stonethwaite, Derwentwater

NGR 513740 **Type** FARM LABOURERS COTTAGE, FARMHOUSE

**Description** 

Site: 20224 A farm complex consisting of 5 buildings, including: the Outbuilding (ntsmr 25807); the Farmhouse (ntsmr 25808); Croft Cottage (ntsmr 25809); the Kennel (ntsmr 25810) and the Earth closet (ntsmr 25811) (NT, VBS, 1984).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA123285 20225

Name Farmhouse, Yew Tree Farm, Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326260 513705 **Type FARMHOUSE** 

Description

Yew Tree Farm farmhouse located in he village of Stonethwaite in Borrowdale. Generally there is nothing to indicate that the core of the property is earlier than the eighteenth century. The arrangement of the nineteenth century barn incorporating dairy and kitchen extension is unusual.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120254 20226 Period Name Fellside Cottage, Stonethwaite Post Medieval

NGR 326261 513723 **Type** DETACHED HOUSE

**Description** 

Site: 20226 An eighteenth century (probably late eighteenth century) cottage with parlour house part and staircase outshut. The back kitchen with access to a baking oven in the south-east corner was added at some later date.

IMPORTANT FEATURES - One old window (mid nineteenth century casement) remains.

ROOFING - (re-roofed 1968) Sandstone v shaped ridge. Slate coursing of diminishing width: plain projection eaves (25 on to A and B; 5 on to rest) and verge (5cm); verge over A/B is slate hung. Modern back porch (1968).

CHIMNEYSTACK - Rises square from ridge of south-west gable wall.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - Purlin roof replaced old room in 1968

WALLING - Mainly rendered. Coursed slatestone rubble, side alternate blocks.

INTERIOR - Before conversion in 1968, the south-east gable fireplace in B was flanked by cupboards. Jutting into B was the casing of a bread oven which had opened onto the south-east corner of C. The original firebeam was replaced by another beam in 1968; the beam adjoining the partition wall of B is chamfered and morticed to take a pass brace (indicating that it is re-used - as the lintel over one window). NT VBS Surveyor; 01/02/1984)

PREFREF20228MONUIDMNA115565NameNook Cottage complex, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325682 514785 Type FARM LABOURERS COTTAGE

Description

Site: 20228 complex consists of two buildings: the Mid nineteenth century cottage built onto south gable end of Nook Farm (ntsmr 26981) and the nineteenth century Wash house / store extension (ntsmr 25813) to the south (NT, VBS, 01/05/1983).

PREFREF20229MONUIDMNA117052NameThe Cottage, Stonethwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326291 513690 Type FARM LABOURERS COTTAGE

Description

Site: 20229\*0 Small eighteenth century cottage (possible that it may be seventeenth century); which may originally have comprised one room (the fire house below) and two bedrooms above.

FEATURES OF NOTE - Small cast iron decorative Victorian fireplace. Roof Truss visible from Bedroom.

ROOMS - Sitting room - modern slatestone fireplace with fitting Victorian cupboard is one side; beam chamfered and keyed to plaster; beam chamfered with run out stops; beam roughly hewn some attempt at chamfering. Kitchen with sink and cooker point; back door to small porch.

STAIRS - Dog leg

FIRST FLOOR - 2 bedrooms and bathroom within roof space. (NT VBS SURVEYOR: 1984)

PREFREF20231MONUIDMNA120814NameRaingauge Cottage complex, SeathwaitePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323548 512136 Type FARMHOUSE, GARAGE

Description

Site: 20231 The property comprises a cottage (four rooms upstairs and four downstairs) with a single storey garage/ stone outshut attached to its northern gable end (ntsmr 26980) and a barn (with first floor) (ntsmr 25822) attached to the south gable end (NT, BS, 01/01/1984).

PREFREF20234MONUIDMNA117269NameHigh House, SeathwaitePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323569 511917 Type BARN, FARMHOUSE, BOTHY

Description

Site: 20234 Formerly seventeenth century farmhouse with barn attached. Rebuilt (unsympathetically) in 1934 as a result of a tree falling on it. Presently a 'K' shoes Bothy.

DEVELOPMENT - The front door to the High House bears a plaque which reads: 17 . T . D . B . 47, HIGH HOUSE, REBUILT 1934, BY, 'K' FELL FARERS. The core of the house could date from the seventeenth century. The first line of this plaque (whose origin is unknown) indicated occupation during the eighteenth century, while the initials suggest association with the Banks family. (Messrs. John Banks and John Shepherd were joint proprietors of the mine from circa 1710 until 1759). The house was rebuilt by 'K' Fell Farers (i.e. 'K' shoes) and the attached barn/store (probably Late eighteenth / early nineteenth century in date) converted. Both these buildings now provide bothy type accommodation.

The stairwell and what is not the toilet/shower area is probably contemporary with the barn which two rooms are twentieth century additions. (NT VBS Surveyor;1984)

PREFREF20595MONUIDMNA116842NameKnotts View, Stonethwaite, DerwentwaterPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326258 513685 **Type** HOUSE

Description

Site: 20595 An early eighteenth century cottage, similar in plan form to Fellside Cottage (ntsmr 20226).

IMPORTANT FEATURES - Floorboards, flagstones and joists. Fireplaces.

ROOFING - Sandstone V-shaped ridge, slate coursing of diminishing width (probably original thicker slates over A and B, new slating over gabled rear section and new extension).

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - Over A and B - 3 bay: original simple tie beam trusses with chamfered soffits to tie beams, new purlins and rafters: insulation boards nailed to backs of rafters.

WALLING - Slatestone rubble, random. Slate hung cheeks to side walls of gabled rear elevation. New extension is built of coursed slatestone, over inner lining of breeze block.

INTERIOR DETAILS

STAIRS - Old newel part kept, but staircase is otherwise new. During restoration work in 1981 an old staircase was demolished: this stood at the end of the passage (opposite the front (north-east) door). A cupboard stood behind this staircase, which clearly post-dates the original building of the house as it blocked a pre- existing doorway.

DOOR -Two existing doorways in the centres of the partition walls adjoining the passage were blocked and new doorways inserted further along the passage. All doors are modern.

FIREPLACES - A) A very fine early to mid eighteenth century fireplace: moulded mantleshelf. The architrave of the sandstone fireplace is ovolo moulded: the fireplace is also kneed out. A cast iron oven and grate stood in the fireplace before insertion of a smoke canopy in 1981. The stack is stepped further back towards the gable wall as it increases in height. B) Modern grate to old (original) stack. C) There is still a chamfered lintel over the fireplace but before the 1960s this was an inglenook fireplace.

OTHER DETAILS - There is still a slatestone flag floor in Room A (at present obscured by the carpet). One of the flags is inscribed with a date (185?) and the initials of the local mason Jonny Banks. The partition adjoining Room B is built of 2 1/4 red bricks with

iron ore inclusions (probably mid eighteenth century and from Workington). The joists in Room B are exposed. These have mortice holes either side and have obviously been reused: the position of the mortice holes suggests that the timbers are not from a timber framed house but from a ship. Original oak boarding to 1st floor.

SUMMARY OF DEVELOPMENT - There are strong indications that a down-house was originally attached to the north-west gable end of the cottage - where Ivy Cottage (built in the late nineteenth century) now stands: a glance at the ground floor plan will show that adjoining (to the north-west) of the fireplace in Room A, is a blocked up doorway which led into a building on the site of Ivy Cottage.

The house itself appears to be an early example of the outshut plan with stairs / brewhouse / a backhouse extension, on the same basic plan as other houses of this type.

Room C has a bake oven adjoining the fireplace. This is an unusual feature for Borrowdale, as wheat was rarely cultivated: hence bread was rare and oats and rye were used to make clap-bread. Indeed, Fellside Cottage and Knott's View both have bread ovens (a feature not encountered in any Borrowdale farmhouse) and it is likely that the baking of bread had something to do with the occupations of the cottages here - which was part-time farming and part-time slate-riving. The rear lean to was used as a Charcoal burner's dwelling in the mid nineteenth century. Also dateable to the mid nineteenth century is the slate floor in Room A. One slab is inscribed with the date 185? and the initials of Johnny Banks, a very active stonemason who built many pole gates and buildings in the area - he also built Seathwaite Farmhouse. Knott's View was originally recorded under site 20226\*0. (NT VBS Surveyor, 01/02/1984).

PREFREF20599MONUIDMNA116388NameRoyal Oak Barn, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325900 514869 **Type** BARN

**Description** 

Site: 20599 Photographic record only (NT VBS Surveyor; 1988)

PREFREF21076MONUIDMNA120474NameBield N of Yew Crag, WatendlathPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326459 515429 **Type** BIELD

**Description** 

Site: 21076\*0 This short bield is over 0.7 meters high and is in a collapsed state. It is 4 meters long (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF21116MONUIDMNA119000NameCharcoal Burning Platform N of Hazel Bank, WatendlathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326100 515060 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21116\*0 This 6 meter in diameter charcoal burning platform is located in a wooded area (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF21117MONUIDMNA121170NameCharcoal Burning Platform N of Hazel Bank, WatendlathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326054 515142 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21117\*0 This 6 meter diameter charcoal burning platform is situated on the edge of a wooded area, charcoal has been found on it (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF21118MONUIDMNA118740NameCharcoal Burning Platform N of Hazel Bank, WatendlathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326043 515148 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21118\*0 On a flat plateau of land is the remains of a 5 meter diameter charcoal burning platform (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF21119MONUIDMNA115322NameStructure N of Hazel Bank, WatendlathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326051 515156 Type STRUCTURE

Description

Site: 21119\*0 This stone built ruined structure is rectangular and measures 2 x 3.2 meters. There are three side surviving, china was found inside the ruins (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF21120MONUIDMNA115323NameCharcoal Burning Platform S of Resting Stone, WatendlathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326299 515469 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21120\*0 This charcoal burning platform measures 4 x 9 meters and is egg shaped, charcoal has been found on the site (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF21121MONUIDMNA118536NameCharcoal Burning Platform NW of Yew Crag, WatendlathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326210 515210 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21121\*0 This charcoal burning platform is 7 meters in diameter, it has a stone revetment (Watendlath and Ashness Data

Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 21122 MONUID MNA121107

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Yew Crag, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326199 515229 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21122\*0 This charcoal burning platform measures 5 x 7 meters, charcoal has been found on site. There is a path running through the site (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 21123 MONUID MNA118425

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Yew Crag, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326259 515439 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21123\*0 This oval charcoal burning platform measures 5m x 7 m, charcoal had been found on site (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 21124 MONUID MNA119873

Name Bield S of Resting Stone, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326319 515439 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 21124\*0 This 13 meter long bield is over 0.5-1.5 meters high and is situated amid rock outcrops and rubble (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 21125 MONUID MNA118464

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of Belt Knott, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326169 515539 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 21125\*0 This 5m x 6m charcoal burning platform is situated on the fell side east of Belt Knott.

PREFREF 21126 MONUID MNA119752

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Belt Knott, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326150 515480 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21126\*0 This charcoal burning platform measures 5m x 6.5 meters, there has been charcoal found on the site (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 21127 MONUID MNA119305

Name Platform E of Belt Knott, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326140 515520 **Type** PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21127\*0 This oval platform is terraced into the slope, it measures 3 x 5 meters. No observed charcoal can be seen, suggesting this is possibly a building platform rather than a charcoal burning platform (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 21128 MONUID MNA115069

Name Sheep Fold near Belt Knott, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326080 515539 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 21128\*0 This ruinous rectangular sheep fold has just one wall remaining that rises to a maximum height of 1 meter (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 21129 MONUID MNA118523

Name Hollows W of Great Crag, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326740 514589 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 21129\*0 On the fell side west of Great Crag are the remain of two circular or oval hollows. They measure approximately 3 meters in diameter and 2 meters in diameter (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 21130 MONUID MNA118524

Name Sheep Fold SW of Great Crag, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326789 514559 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 21130\*0 This ruined sheep fold is situated on the fell side south-west of Great Crag. It is semi-circular in shape and is built against a large boulder, it is 4 meters in diameter (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 21131 MONUID MNA120965

Name Sheep Fold W of Great Crag, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326740 514659 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 21131\*0 This stone built enclosure is probably a sheep fold, it is a horse shoe in shape and measures 4 meters in diameter. The

walls rise to a maximum height of 0.8 meters and 0.7 meters thick (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

**PREFREF** MONUID 21132 MNA118850 Name Sheep Fold NW of Great Crag, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

NGR 514948 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 21132\*0 This polygonal sheep fold butts onto a field wall it is over 17 meters long and 0.2 meters high (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

**PREFREF** 21133 MONUID MNA120512 Period Post Medieval Name Sheep Fold SW of Great Crag, Watendlath

NGR 326795 514581 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 21133\*0 This robbed out rectilinear enclosure with a curved end. It measures 5m x 8 meters, it survives as little more than footings (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

MONUID **PREFREF** 21208 MNA120325 Name Trackway on Yew Crag, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

NGR 515189 **Type** TRACKWAY

Description

Site: 21208\*0 This field access and possible peat track. It varies between 1-2 meters wide, it is revetted and zig-zags. It is over 0.6-0.7 meters deep (Watendlath and Ashness Data Collection Sheets).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119750 21218 Name Period Field System NE of Rosthwaite, Watendlath Post Medieval

NGR 326246 515499 **Type** FIELD SYSTEM

Description

Site: 21218\*0 This drystone wall built intake of moderately steep fell side is east of Rosthwaite. These intakes area related to the sequence of enclosure development of Borrowdale and will be discussed in more detail in the report for that valley, even though the intakes are included in the tenancy of Fold Head Farm (Maxwell, R. 1993).

MONUID MNA117037 **PREFREF** 21553 Name Lynchet near Grange Village, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 517565 **Type** 325253 LYNCHET

Description

Site: 21553\*0 Lynchet.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120530 21556 Name Memorial Seat NW of Grange Village, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

COMMEMORATIVE MONUMENT NGR 324910 517599 **Type** 

Description

Site: 21556\*0 Stone built memorial seat.

MONUID **PREFREF** 21557 MNA117671 Name Trackway W of Grange Village, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 324878 517304 **Type** TRACKWAY

**Description** 

Site: 21557\*0 Trackway.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119793 21558 Lynchet SW of Grange Village, Coniston Period Name Post Medieval

517144 **Type** NGR 324937 LYNCHET

**Description** 

Site: 21558\*0 Lynchet.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA117647 Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 324993 516644 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21559\*0 Charcoal burning platform.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA117648 21560

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 324920 516649 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 21560\*0 Charcoal burning platform.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115568 21561

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 516700 **Type** 324929 CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21561\*0 Charcoal burning platform.

MONUID MNA118461 **PREFREF** 21562 Charcoal Burning Platform in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Name Post Medieval

NGR 324874 516665 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21562\*0 Charcoal burning platform.

MONUID MNA121112 **PREFREF** 21563 Quarry in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Name Post Medieval

NGR 516610 **Type** QUARRY

Description

Site: 21563\*0 Quarry.

**PREFREF** 21564 MONUID MNA118908

Name Revetment Walls in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 324859 516540 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 21564\*0 Two revetment walls.

PREFREF MONUID MNA116691 21565

Name Quarry & Spoil Heap in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

516510 **Type** SPOIL HEAP, QUARRY NGR 324819

Description

Site: 21565\*0 Quarry or spoil heap.

PREFREF MONUID MNA117964 21566

Period Name Slate Quarry & Spoil Heap in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Post Medieval NGR 324915 516516 **Type** SPOIL HEAP, QUARRY

Description

Site: 21566\*0 Slate quarry and spoil heap.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120495 21567

Name Period Spoil Heap in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Post Medieval

NGR 324898 516593 **Type** SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 21567\*0 This spoil heap is situated in Dalt Wood.

MONUID MNA118842 **PREFREF** 21568

Name Slate Quarry in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval NGR 324960 516537 **Type QUARRY** 

Description

Site: 21568\*0 Slate quarry.

**PREFREF** 21569 MONUID MNA115304

Name Trackway in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 516573 **Type** 324979 TRACKWAY

Description

Site: 21569\*0 Trackway.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115305 21570

Name Quarries & Spoil Heaps in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 516422 **Type** SPOIL HEAP, QUARRY 324967

Description

Site: 21570\*0 Quarries and spoil heaps.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115305 21570

Name Quarries & Spoil Heaps in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval NGR 516422 **Type** SPOIL HEAP, QUARRY

Site: 21570\*0 Quarries and spoil heaps.

**PREFREF** 21571 MONUID MNA117726

Name Trackway in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval NGR 324905 516436 **Type** TRACKWAY

Description

Site: 21571\*0 Trackway. **PREFREF** 21572

MONUID MNA115022 Name Trackway in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater

Post Medieval Period

NGR 324916 516321 **Type** TRACKWAY

Description

Site: 21572\*0 Trackway.

MONUID MNA119106 PREFREF 21573 Period Post Medieval

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater

NGR 324876 516418 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 21573\*0 Charcoal burning platform.

PREFREF MONUID MNA119577 21574 Period Post Medieval

Name Trackway in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater

NGR 324900 516360 **Type** TRACKWAY

Description

Site: 21574\*0 Trackway.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA118607 21575

Name Shelter in Dalt Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 324885 516334 **Type** SHELTER

Description Site: 21575\*0 Shelter.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115825 21576

Name Trackway in Low Hows Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 325220 516519 **Type** TRACKWAY

Description

Site: 21576\*0 Trackway.

MONUID MNA121255 PREFREF 21578

Name Period Quarry in High Hows Wood, Derwentwater Post Medieval

NGR 325160 516069 **Type** QUARRY

Description

Site: 21578\*0 Quarry.

MONUID MNA118234 **PREFREF** 21579

Name Quarry in High Hows Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 516069 **Type** 325199 QUARRY

**Description** 

Site: 21579\*0 Quarry.

PREFREF 21580 MONUID MNA118235

Name Quarry & Spoil Heap in Wilkinson's Dub, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 325310 516040 **Type** QUARRY

Description

Site: 21580\*0 Quarry and spoil heap.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119797 21581

Name Quarry, Hollow Farm, Borrowdale, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 325069 516070 **Type** QUARRY

Description

Site: 21581\*0 Slate quarry, spoil heaps and tracks.

MONUID MNA118245 PREFREF 21582

Period Name Spoil Heap in High Hows Wood, Derwentwater Post Medieval

NGR 325318 515963 **Type** SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 21582\*0 Spoil heap.

MONUID MNA119840 **PREFREF** 21583

Name Quarry in High Hows Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

NGR 515880 **Type OUARRY**  Description

Site: 21583\*0 Quarry.

PREFREF 21584 MONUID MNA118995

NameSlate Quarries in High Hows Woods, DerwentwaterPeriodPost MedievalNGR325319515849TypeQUARRY

Description

Site: 21584\*0 Area of small slate quarries.

PREFREF 21585 MONUID MNA116844

 Name
 Slate ( Adit ) or Quarry in High Hows Wood, Derwentwater
 Period
 Post Medieval

 NGR
 325095
 516016
 Type
 SLATE QUARRY, ADIT

Description

Site: 21585\*0 Slate adit. Described as a quarry (Muncey, R. 1994).

PREFREF 21586 MONUID MNA120664

NameQuarry & Spoil Heap in High Hows Wood, DerwentwaterPeriodPost MedievalNGR325337515718TypeSPOIL HEAP, QUARRY

Description

Site: 21586\*0 Quarry and spoil heap.

PREFREF 21587 MONUID MNA116237

Name Quarry in High Hows Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 325139 515740 **Type** QUARRY

Description

Site: 21587\*0 Quarry.

PREFREF 21588 MONUID MNA120025

Name Hollow-Ways in High Hows Wood, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 325180 515649 **Type** HOLLOW WAY

Description

Site: 21588\*0 Group of three hollow-ways.

PREFREF 21589 MONUID MNA117568

Name Slate Quarry near Broadslack Gill, Derwentwater Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324900 516199 **Type** QUARRY

**Description** 

Site: 21589\*0 Slate quarry.

PREFREF 22100 MONUID MNA116119

Name Sheep Fold S of Yew Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326546 514843 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22100\*0 This double penned sheep fold uses the south-west corner of one of the intakes south of Yew Crag. The fold utilises a boundary wall by butting onto it, the site is in good condition with its walls rising to a height of 1.3m. The dividing inner wall is down to its footings (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 385.

PREFREF 22101 MONUID MNA119918

Name Bield SE of Yew Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326540 515058 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22101\*0 This ruined horseshoe shaped shelter wall has several gaps in it, its maximum height ranges between 0.2 to 1.3m. It is situated on a raised area of ground south-east of Yew Crag (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 385.

PREFREF 22102 MONUID MNA116112

Name Track S of Yew Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326432 514920 **Type** FOOTPATH

Description

Site: 22102\*0 This track zig-zags in a west to east direction passing through a boundary wall into OS field number 385. The path is narrow just 0.5 to 0.8m wide, it seems to be a man made feature rather than a sheep track (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site allows access to OS field number 385 from OS field number 386.

PREFREF 22103 MONUID MNA115862

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Yew Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326342 515045 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22103\*0 This large circular flat depression is on a steep slope. It is cut into the bank as it goes up slope forming a revetment.

The revetment measures up to 1.3m high and over 6m long. The site measures 20m in circumference and over 6m in diameter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 386.

PREFREF 22104 MONUID MNA116427

Name Clapper Bridge SW of Firth Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325840 515200 Type CLAPPER BRIDGE

Description

Site: 22104\*0 This clapper bridge is formed by four substantial slates over a ditch that is 3m long and 1 metre wide. The site is in good condition (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated on between OS field number 407 and 409.

PREFREF 22105 MONUID MNA115026

Name Ridge & Furrow N of Peathow, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325599 514459 Type PLOUGH HEADLAND, RIDGE AND FURROW

Description

Site: 22105\*0 Situated north of Peathow is a small area of ridge and furrow, only three furrows appear to survive with 2m between the furrows. They appear to run north to south along the contour of the land. There is a possible headland or ditch at the northern end (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 457.

PREFREF 22106 MONUID MNA116758

Name Ridge & Furrow S of Rosthwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325816 514686 Type RIDGE AND FURROW

Description

Site: 22106\*0 This area of ridge and furrow runs up hill on the south facing side of The How. It is well defined on the western side and measures over 2.5m wide. To the eastern side the remains are less defined and appear to be over 3m wide. The site covers most of the south facing slope from the top of The How to the intake wall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 481.

PREFREF22107MONUIDMNA119653NameRevetted Track S of Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325739 514680 **Type** TRACKWAY

**Description** 

Site: 22107\*0 This long track leads from a gate in the boundary wall to where The How levels out. The track is 2m wide and has a stone revertment and is incised into the slope to provide a levelled incline (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 481.

PREFREF 22108 MONUID MNA117790

Name Stone Building S of Rosthwaite, Borrowdale Period Modern

**NGR** 325800 514609 **Type** BUILDING

Description

Site: 22108\*0 This mortared stone building is attached onto one of the boundary walls, it is 2.5m square with walls that have collapsed down to between 0.3 to 1.1m high. The entrance is adjacent to the boundary wall on the western side, it measures 1.1m wide. Attached to the building is a fence of thin slate blocks that enclose an area that is before the entrance. It appears that this enclosed area has been partly laid over with concrete. A wooden door and a pair of metal hinges are near the ruined building (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 481.

PREFREF 22109 MONUID MNA120469

Name Flood Barrier or Clearance Mound S of New Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325343 514862 **Type** CLEARANCE CAIRN, FLOOD DEFENCES

**Description** 

Site: 22109\*0 This linear feature runs parallel to the river. The large mound measures over 28 x 7m and rises to 1.3m high. It comprises of a variety of different sized stones all of which may have been taken from the river. This is possibly either a flood defence or a clearance cairn (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 544.

PREFREF22110MONUIDMNA120470NameClearance Cairn NW of New Bridge, BorrowdalePeriodMedieval

NGR 324929 515177 Type CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22110\*0 Situated north-west of New Bridge is a small clearance cairn, it measures 2.8m in diameter and over 0.3m high. It is largely turfed over, adjacent is a group of stones set into a square shape. This smaller feature measures 1 x 1.2m and 0.3m high. This feature may have been created by stones that have been taken from the cairn (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 559.

PREFREF22111MONUIDMNA119006NameBield NE of Scaleclose Coppice, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324799 515189 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22111\*0 This 32 metre shelter wall rises to a maximum height of 1.4 to 1.5m. It is partly collapsed, a track runs through the wall and then carries on towards the beck. There is a 3 metre line of collapsed wall that is sited on a spur of land. It is possible that it may have met with another wall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 568.

PREFREF22112MONUIDMNA115350NameRidge & Furrow E of Scaleclose Coppice, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 324920 514930 Type RIDGE AND FURROW

Description

Site: 22112\*0 This fairly distinct area of ridge and furrow runs north to south along the contour of the land. The space between the furrows measures 4m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 569.

PREFREF22113MONUIDMNA118272NameBuilding Remains NE of Scaleclose Coppice, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NameBuilding Remains NE of Scaleclose Coppice, BorrowdalePeriodNGR324939515049TypeBUILDING

Description

Site: 22113\*0 This rectangular building has three walls that stand up to 1.6m high, the fourth is collapsed down to its footings. The field boundary walls butt against the building, there is also roofing slate present which suggests this may have been roofed. The site measures approximately 6.2 x 4.4m. On the early maps a sheep fold is marked in this location, it is highly possible this is the sheep fold or these ruins lie on top of its remains. It is possible that this is the remains of a field barn. (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 569.

PREFREF22114MONUIDMNA120746NameBield NE of Scaleclose Coppice, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324949 514979 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22114\*0 This L shaped shelter wall is in a collapsed and ruined condition, the walls rise to a maximum height of 0.2 to 0.8m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 569.

PREFREF 22115 MONUID MNA119098

Name Ridge & Furrow W of Scaleclose Coppice, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324630 514902 Type RIDGE AND FURROW

**Description** 

Site: 22115\*0 This area of ridge and furrow covers much of the eastern end of the field, there are approximately 10 furrows which are over 2m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 571.

PREFREF 22116 MONUID MNA116235

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N/R Scaleclose Coppice, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324669 515019 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22116\*0 This charcoal burning platform is over 10m in diameter, it is 7m from the back of the pitstead to the revetment. In all it could be 24m in circumference, the height is over 0.8m. This is an excellent example of a pitstead (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 571.

PREFREF 22117 MONUID MNA118620

Name Ridge & Furrow SW of Scaleclose Coppice, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324556 514790 **Type** RIDGE AND FURROW

Description

Site: 22117\*0 Situated south-west of Scaleclose Coppice are two sets of low lying ridge and furrow. Both of which have 3.5m wide furrows and are over cut by a small track. The first set of ridge and furrow runs parallel along the slope in a north to south direction. The second set is next the first but runs south-west to north-east (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 578.

PREFREF22118MONUIDMNA115263NameClearance Cairn W of Scaleclose Gill, BorrowdalePeriodBronze Age

NGR 324429 514720 Type CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22118\*0 This linear clearance cairn is over 4m long and 1 metre wide. The site rises to a maximum eight of 0.6m. It is poorly constructed and is largely grassed over (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 578.

PREFREF 22119 MONUID MNA118588

Name Sheep Fold SE of Scaleclose Coppice, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324830 514830 Type INDUSTRIAL BUILDING, SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22119\*0 This large enclosure measures 6 x 4m wide with rounded corners, the ground within the enclosure has been levelled by incising into the slope and a revetment. The entrance is over 1.3m wide, the walls rise to between 0.3 and 1.5m high. The may well have been used as a fold but originally it may have been a storage building that was associated with the quarries in the early to mid nineteenth century (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 579.

PREFREF 22120 MONUID MNA118589

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N/R Scaleclose Coppice, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324829 514799 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22120\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform is incised into the slope and revetted. It is over 6m in length and 3m wide. It is in all 17m in circumference (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 579.

**PREFREF** MONUID 22121 MNA121377 Period Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of High Doat, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 324700

514699 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 22121\*0 This fan shaped level platform is cut into the slope and has a built up front. This is probably a charcoal burning platform, it measures 6m long and is over 20m in circumference (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 579.

**PREFREF** 22122 MONUID MNA118394

Name Building Remains NW of Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval NGR BUILDING 325033 514776 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 22122\*0 Situated north of Johnny's Wood is the remains of a building that measures 4 x 4m, it butts onto a boundary wall. All that remains is the wall footings and stone tumble within the building. Many of the walls rise to over 0.4m and are turfed over. The date of the boundary wall gives us some post date for this building of after 1842 (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 582.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120542

Name Clapper Bridge NE of Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 514765 **Type** CLAPPER BRIDGE

Description

Site: 22123\*0 This small clapper bridge carries a track over a ditch. The bridge is formed by one unbroken flag stone that is 2m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 584.

**PREFREF** 22124 MONUID MNA118499

Name Sheep Fold SE of Galleny Force, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327219 513070 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22124\*0 This rectangular shaped sheep fold is situated in the south east corner of Galleny Force. It is attached to one of the intake walls, it measures 7m wide and over 10m long. The walls rise to a height of over 1.2m, however much of the site is in a tumbled condition. The gateway is 1.5m wide and is located in the northern end of the fold. This site is located in OS field number

**PREFREF** 22126 MONUID MNA119277

Name Bield N of Johnny's House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327109 512669 **Type BIELD** 

Description

Site: 22126\*0 This C shaped shelter wall is over 5m long and incorporates a large boulder, the wall is over 0.1m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 795.

**PREFREF** 22127 MONUID MNA115317

Name Farmstead Johnny's House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327120 512569 **Type** STOCK ENCLOSURE, YARD, AGRICULTURAL BUILDING,

**Description** 

Site: 22127\*0 This small farmstead comprises of 2 buildings, 1 paddock and a yard. The larger of the two buildings is in a ruined condition with walls that rise to over 1 to 2.2m. The doorway is over 1.2m wide and is partly blocked with a blocked window over 0.8m wide and 0.9m off from the ground.

The second building, is shown to be roofed in 1899 OS map also it is in a better condition with walls that rise to over 1.1 to 3m high. Both are dry stone construction but the second has some mortar in its south and west walls. There is a slate drip course 2.2m from the ground. The second building also has a doorway that is 1.2m wide in the north wall and a blocked doorway that is 1.1m wide in the west wall which is itself over 1.5m high. There appears to be oak beams and roof slates present near the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number 795.

MONUID MNA118491 **PREFREF** 22128 Name Sheep Fold N of Johnny's House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 512760 **Type** 327130 **POUND** 

**Description** 

Site: 22128\*0 Marked as a sheep fold on the early OS maps, it is a two or possibly 3 pen enclosure. It is situated in an area of steep fell side, the walls rise to a height of 0 to 1.2m. There appears to be two gateways the top wall is over 1.2m wide. The other entrance is over 1.3m wide, it is possible that this is a cattle pen or even a packhorse pen. In all the site covers an area of over 47m long and 27m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 796.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120778 22129 Name Bield NW of Johnny's House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

512731 **Type** NGR **BIELD** 

Site: 22129\*0 This 9 metre long linear shelter wall is built onto a large immovable boulder, its height ranges from 0.5-1m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 796.

**PREFREF** 22130 MONUID MNA120779 Name Period Bield NW of Johnny's House, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 327000 512749 **Type BIELD** 

Description

Site: 22130\*0 This C shaped shelter is built onto a small level plateau over looking Johnny's House, it measures over 13m long and over 0.5-1.4m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 796.

**PREFREF** 22131 MONUID MNA118910

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Johnny's House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326959 512749 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22131\*0 This charcoal burning platform is incised into the fell side on the up slope side, it is revetted up to 0.5m high with stone. In all it is 21m in circumference and has a diameter of over 6m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 796.

**PREFREF** 22132 MONUID MNA120228

Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Galleny Force, Borrowdale Name Period Post Medieval

CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM NGR 327049 512970 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 22132\*0 Level oval charcoal burning platform is incised into the slope and revetted at the front with stone. It has a circumference of 17m and a length of 6m with a width of 3m. The stone revetment is 1.1m high. Charcoal has been seen on the site, which lends weight to this being a pitstead. The site is in a fair condition with just a little erosion of the revetment (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 797.

**PREFREF** 22133 MONUID MNA118020 Name Cairns SE of Galleny Force, Borrowdale Period Bronze Age

NGR 327270 512949 **Type CAIRN** 

Description

Site: 22133\*0 Situated south-east of Galleny Force is two small cairns, one of which may be apart of a larger structure such as an enclosure or even apart of a cairn field. The second site is probably more recent, see the SMR entries for 22133\*1 to 2 (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). These sites are situated in OS field number 797.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120360

Name Clearance Cairn SE of Galleny Force, Borrowdale Period Early Bronze Age

NGR 327309 512940 **Type** CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

This roughly circular grassed over cairn has several loose stones. It is over 3m in diameter and over 0.7m high, this site is possibly apart of a cairn field. It could be associated with the surrounding cairns (22133\*0-2 and SMR 22135\*0). It is probably a clearance cairn (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 797

**PREFREF** 22135 MONUID MNA118774

Name Clearance Cairn SE of Galleny Force, Borrowdale Period Early Bronze Age

NGR 512970 **Type** CLEARANCE CAIRN

**Description** 

Site: 22135\*0 This clearance cairn is heaped up against a boulder, there is no real distinct shape. The site is 1.5m in diameter and over 0.7 metre. The site is possibly apart of a cairn field that associates the surrounding cairns (22133\*0-2 and 22134\*0) with one another (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 797.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116882

Name Charcoal Burning Platform near Galleny Force, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 513099 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22136\*0 There would appear to be charcoal in evidence on a flat area of ground where the path has cut into the vegetation. It has proved impossible to tell if this is a pitstead or the remains of burning after previous conifer plantation. There is also no discernible pitstead ring all that can be seen is this 3 metre linear cut (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 799.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120885 22137 Name Period Medieval

Ridge & Furrow W of Galleny Force, Borrowdale

NGR 513080 **Type** RIDGE AND FURROW 327120

**Description** 

Site: 22137\*0 It is possible that ridge and furrow exist within a field west of Galleny Force, the remains are very faint but probably the ridge and furrow is over 4m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 800.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116452 22138

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Bull Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 513070 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22138\*0 This possible charcoal burning platform has a circumference of over 22m and a diameter of 7m. It is situated in a natural hollow with a shallow stone lip at its front that is over 0.2-0.3m high. This stone lip provides a level platform, charcoal has been found on the site which lends testimony to this site being a pitstead (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 804.

PREFREF22139MONUIDMNA120310NamePeat Cutting Scars S of Bull Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326610 512779 Type PEAT CUTTING

Description

Site: 22139\*0 Situated south of Bull Crag is two distinct areas of peat cutting, the first and most northern is 10 x 7m and over 0.2m deep. The second covers an area of over 15 x 11m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 804.

 PREFREF
 22140
 MONUID
 MNA120311

 Name
 Charcoal Burning Platform E of Racom Bands, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

NGR 326919 512340 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22140\*0 This possible charcoal burning platform is situated east of Racom Bands, it is an elongated oval in shaped. It is over 22m in circumference, over 9m long and 4m wide. It appears to be revetted and incised deeply into the slope, there has been charcoal found on this site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 808.

PREFREF22141MONUIDMNA116649NameBield or Boundary E of Racom Bands, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326817 512200 Type BOUNDARY WALL, BIELD

Description

Site: 22141\*0 This linear wall may well be a shelter wall, but it is possible that it is a field boundary wall that runs from the crags to the footpath. The wall rises to a height of 1.1m at its highest (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 808.

PREFREF22142MONUIDMNA119727NameCharcoal Burning Platform E of Racom Bands, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326820 512179 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22142\*0 A row of boulders provides this charcoal burning platform with a front revetment, it is perhaps interesting as a D shaped sheep fold is built on top of the charcoal pitstead. Which is situated within the revetment wall. The fold covers an area of over 8 x 17m with a shelter wall running off for 15m. The wall height varies between 0.4-1.6m, generally the fold is in a collapsed state. There has been charcoal found on site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 808.

PREFREF 22143 MONUID MNA117482

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of Cop Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326750 511939 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22143\*0 This charcoal burning platform that is 15m in circumference with a 5 diameterm. Slightly elongated to the north with a revetment that rises over 1 metre. The site is incised into the slope, there has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 808.

PREFREF 22144 MONUID MNA115036

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of Cop Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326680 511899 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22144\*0 This charcoal burning platform is oval in shape with a circumference of over 24m, it is 6m long and 4 metres wide. The site is incised into the slope the surrounding stone revertment is over 0.9m high. There has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 808.

PREFREF22145MONUIDMNA116588NameCharcoal Burning Platform E of Racom Bands, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326779 512289 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22145\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform has a circumference of over 23m, it measures 9m long and 5m wide. The stone reverment wall is over 1.4m high, charcoal has been found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 808.

PREFREF22146MONUIDMNA120984NameCharcoal Burning Platform E of Racom Bands, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326740 512350 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22146\*0 Boulders appear to have fallen into the platform area, but the incised nature of the site and its stone revetment suggest that this is a charcoal burning platform. The site measures 9m in length and 4.5m width, its circumference is over 27m in all. The revetment is over 1.3m high. There has been charcoal found on this site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 808.

PREFREF22147MONUIDMNA117001NameBield NE of Racom Bands, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326480 512669 **Type** BIELD

#### **Description**

Site: 22147\*0 This 13 metre long shelter wall is in a collapsed state it would appear to link two outcrops north-east of Racom Bands. This walls height ranges between 0-13 metre high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 808.

PREFREF 22148 MONUID MNA115940

Name Peat Cutting Scars NE of Racom Bonds, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326589 512679 **Type** PEAT CUTTING

#### Description

Site: 22148\*0 This irregular shaped area of peat cutting covers over 15 x 22m, it is over 0.6-0.8m deep (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 808.

 PREFREF
 22149
 MONUID
 MNA116518

 Name
 Stone & Earth Bank NW of Belt Knott, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

NameStone & Earth Bank NW of Belt Knott, BorrowdalePeriodPostNGR326699512760TypeBANK (EARTHWORK)

**Description** 

Site: 22149\*0 Situated north-west of Belt Knott is a shallow depression that is bridge by a stone and earth bank. It is over 17m long and 6m wide, the rocks are very regularly sized being mostly small. It appears to look like a dam, but there is not much lower land behind it and there is no apparent watercourse (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 808.

PREFREF 22150 MONUID MNA116516

Name Peat Cutting Scars NW of Belt Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326629 512749 Type PEAT CUTTING

Description

Site: 22150\*0 Area of two peat cutting scars the first one is over 8m long by 3.5m wide and over 0.4m high. The second is 8m long by 0.5m wide and over 0.6m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 809.

PREFREF 22151 MONUID MNA120226

Name Small circular enclosure NW of Belt Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326620 512700 Type ENCLOSURE, CAIRN

Description

This circular structure is at the bottom of a bank north-west of Belt Knott. It is over 2m in diameter and 1.2m high. Boulders appear to form an enclosure or excavated cairn, it should be noted that this site is possibly a natural feature (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 809.

PREFREF 22152 MONUID MNA116896

Name Shelter Wall S of Belt Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326860 512510 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22152\*0 On the steep slopes south of Belt Knott is a large collapsed shelter wall. It is over 15m in length and measures from 0.2-0.8m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 809.

PREFREF 22153 MONUID MNA115108

Name Clearance Cairn E of Belt Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326959 512550 Type CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22153\*0 Situated east of Belt Knott is a small clearance cairn that is triangular in shape. It measures over 2 x 2m and over 2m tall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 809.

PREFREF 22154 MONUID MNA115925

Name Shelter Wall E of Belt Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327039 512499 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22154\*0 Situated east of Belt Knott is a 14 metre long shelter wall. It is fairly straight although the wall curves at either end. It rises to a height of over 1.2-1.5m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number 809.

PREFREF 22155 MONUID MNA119864

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of Belt Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327000 512520 **Type** BIELD, CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22155\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform has a 1.5 metre high revetment that is in good condition. It measures over 25m in circumference and is over 10m long by 5m wide. It is incised into the slope. A short section of wall is on the northern side of the platform, this measures over 6m long and 0.3-1.2m high. This wall may be contemporary and could have been used as a wind break, alternatively it may be a later shelter wall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 809.

PREFREF 22156 MONUID MNA118925

Name Sheep Fold S of Belt Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326940 512450 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22156\*2 This large sheep fold overlies the charcoal burning platform (SMR 22156\*1). It is either built on the outer edge on the revetment of the platform or on new foundations. The fold is in excellent condition and the walls rise to a height of over 1.5m, the

gateway is over 1.5m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 809.

PREFREF22157MONUIDMNA117385NameBuilding SE of Belt Knott, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327000 512399 Type BUILDING

**Description** 

Site: 22157\*0 Situated south-east of Belt Knott is a ruined building that is divided, by a cross wall, into two rooms. The structure measures 12m long and 5m wide, the larger room is 8m long with a doorway that is 0.9m wide. The walls are in a collapsed condition a par from the wall between the lane and the large room which rises 1.5m. The north gable is over 2.3m high with a window that measures 0.4m x 0.2m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS filed number 810.

PREFREF 22158 MONUID MNA117167

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Stepping Stone, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327559 512870 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22158\*0 Situated north-west of Stepping Stones and near the path up to Greenup Close is a rectangular shaped charcoal burning platform. The revetment is almost straight and is over 0.6m high, it is incised into the slope. The sites measures 24m in circumference and over 6m in diameter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 818.

PREFREF22159MONUIDMNA115516NameWall section NW of Stepping Stones, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327590 512800 **Type** WASHFOLD

Description

Site: 22159\*0 Situated on a small plateau on the side of the beck north-west of Stepping Stones is a possible, washfold. The wall is over 5.5m long and 0.7m high, it links the beck with a natural bank. It is possible that the wall could have been used to guide sheep into a nearby deep pool in the beck (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 818.

PREFREF 22160 MONUID MNA115515

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Stepping Stones, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327580 512860 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22160\*0 This circular shaped charcoal burning platform is crossed by a path up to Greenup, the edging stone for the path also runs through the site. A low revetment supports the platform and is over 8m long with a circumference of over 18m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets)

In 1992 it was visited by an NT staff member and it was noted that the path had cut 0.3m deep into the site. This site is situated in OS field number 818.

PREFREF 22161 MONUID MNA117040

Name Sheep Fold NE of Smithymire Island, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327419 513210 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22161\*0 This large oval shaped sheep fold is possibly double penned. This over grown fold measures 24m long with two entrances in and a possible second pen blocking the north-west entrance (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 819.

PREFREF22162MONUIDMNA115028NamePlatform S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327380 513260 **Type** PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22162\*0 This platform is situated south of High Crag, it is possibly either a charcoal burning platform or the remains of a building site for a hut. The revetment stone wall is over 1 metre high and curves around to a large boulder. The platform is over 4m wide and is on a slight slope. There has been no charcoal found on this site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number 819.

PREFREF 22163 MONUID MNA116091

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Stepping Stones, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327369 513250 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22163\*0 This small semi circular charcoal burning platform is close to the beck, it has a small stone revetment. It measures 7m long by 3m wide, its circumference is over 8m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 819.

PREFREF 22164 MONUID MNA120035

Name Bield SE of High Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327590 513509 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22164\*0 This 3.5 metre long shelter wall rises to over 0.9m, it is formed by large stone that butt against a rock outcrop (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 819.

PREFREF 22165 MONUID MNA117725
Norma Puilding Remains SE of High Case Remandels Poriod Rest Medianal

Name Building Remains SE of High Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327720 513579 Type BUILDING

Description

Site: 22165\*0 Situated south-east of High Crag is the remains of a building, it is semi circular in shape. The site measures 11 x 4m with a wall height that is over 0.5-0.6m high. There is a possible entrance leading into the building (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 819.

PREFREF 22166 MONUID MNA120120

Name Sheep Fold SE of High Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327730 513530 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22166\*0 This 2m x 4m animal pen is built up against a large outcrop of rock, most of the remains are just the footings (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 819.

 PREFREF
 22167
 MONUID
 MNA119090

 Name
 Bield E of Smithymire Island, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

Name Bield E of Smithymire Island, Borrowdale NGR 327650 513099 Type BIELD

Description

Site: 22167\*0 This 11m long shelter wall is over 0.7m high at its highest point. The wall runs along the top of a small crag (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 819.

PREFREF 22168 MONUID MNA115738

Name Sheep Fold NE of Smithymire Island, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327400 513169 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22168\*0 Situated east of Smithymire Island is a small sheep fold.

PREFREF 22169 MONUID MNA118122

Name Building Complex NE of Smithymire Island, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327359 513159 Type BUILDING PLATFORM, SHELTER

Description

Site: 22169\*0 Situated east of Smithymire Island is a possible building complex with several walls, most of which are about 1 metre high. There are large boulders in the wall line and concrete debris from the beck overspill, the wall kinks to form 2 or three separate rooms. Down slope of this is a large rectangular depression that measures 3m x 4m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 819.

PREFREF 22170 MONUID MNA118123

Name Shelter Walls NE of Smithymire Island, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327349 513110 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22170\*0 Situated east of Smithymire Island is two short lengths of shelter wall footings adjacent to a foot path. The upper wall is 8m long and 0.8m high. The lower wall is L shaped in plan with walls that are over 1 metre high, it measures 4m x 10m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 819.

PREFREF 22171 MONUID MNA120877

Name Stone Structure E of Smithymire Island, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327359 513099 Type STRUCTURE

Description

Site: 22171\*0 This small ring shaped stone structure appears robbed and disturbed, it is of indeterminate use (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 819.

PREFREF 22172 MONUID MNA118718

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE Cop Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326589 511500 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22172\*0 This large charcoal burning platform has a circumference of 21m, it is slightly revetted and cut into the slope. The platform is 7m in diameter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field no A.

PREFREF 22173 MONUID MNA120304

Name Circular Platform S of Ivy Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326620 511430 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22173\*0 This large circular charcoal burning platform is adjacent to a track. As it runs near the track it is revetted to a height of 1 metre. It measures over 20m in circumference and 7m x 5m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number A.

PREFREF 22174 MONUID MNA118199

Name Charcoal Burning Platform S of Ivy Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326480 511570 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22174\*0 This well preserved example of a charcoal burning platform is revetted with several courses of stone over 0.8m high. It

is over 24m in circumference and measures 6 x 8m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field no A.

 PREFREF
 22175
 MONUID
 MNA120227

 Name
 Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Ivy Knott, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

NGR 326639 511600 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22175\*0 Situated south-east of Ivy Knott is a charcoal burning platform. It is raised to a height of 1.3m and revetted with stone. The topside of the platform is incised. The circumference of the site is approximately 20m, measuring 7 by 5 meters (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number A.

PREFREF 22176 MONUID MNA119023

Name Charcoal Burning Platform S of Ivy Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326509 511699 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22176\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform is situated south of Ivy Knott. It is 20m in circumference and measures over 8 x 5m. The platform is revetted to over 2m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number

PREFREF 22177 MONUID MNA115246

Name Charcoal Burning Platform S of Ivy Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326620 511729 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

This oval shaped charcoal burning platform is situated south of Ivy Knott, it is over 7 x 4m in diameter. The front of the site is revetted (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number A.

PREFREF 22178 MONUID MNA118106

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Ivy Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326649 511829 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22178\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is over 30m in circumference and measures 7 x 11m. It has a 2m high revetment surrounding it (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field reference A.

PREFREF 22179 MONUID MNA116788

Name Charcoal Burning Platform S of Cop Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326389 511409 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22179\*0 This charcoal burning platform has a 1.6 metre high revetment on one side. It is incised into the fellside and measures over 9 x 7m with a slightly oval shape. The site has a circumference of over 25m wide. There has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number A.

 PREFREF
 22180
 MONUID
 MNA116813

 Name
 Bield N of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

Name Bield N of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale NGR 326730 511670 Type BIELD

Description

Site: 22180\*0 This 4 metre long shelter wall is over 0.5m high and terminates at a large boulder. The site is situated in the drier and higher reaches of the field (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number B.

PREFREF 22181 MONUID MNA119242

Name Sheep Fold N of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326773 511780 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22181\*0 There are no management recommendations for this site.

PREFREF 22182 MONUID MNA115639

Name Sheep Fold Stepping Stones, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327679 512700 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22182\*0 This sheep fold has several associated walls, it is in fair condition with wall that rise to over 1.5m high. Much of the site is down to its footings (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number F.

PREFREF 22183 MONUID MNA118956

Name Charcoal Burning Platform & Pen nr Greenup Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327790 512580 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22183\*0 The area immediately adjacent to Greenup Gill has the remains of a charcoal burning platform and an associated pen (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number F.

PREFREF 22184 MONUID MNA115403

Name Charcoal Burning Platform near Greenup Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327819 512529 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22184\*0 This revetted level charcoal burning platform is over 6m in diameter and has a circumference of over 20m. Charcoal has been seen over 3m from the beck (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheet). This site is situated in OS field number F.

PREFREF 22185 MONUID MNA119248

Name Shelter Wall near Greenup Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327889 512469 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22185\*0 This shelter wall is built on two large boulders, it measures 3m long and 1.2m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number F.

PREFREF 22186 MONUID MNA121297

Name Circular Structure near Greenup Gill, Borrowdale Period Medieval

**NGR** 327910 512380 **Type** STRUCTURE

Description

Site: 22186\*0 This circular structure is 3m in diameter and has a 9 metre circumference. There appears to be a level area within the walls, it is possible that the walls have coursing that rises up to 0.9m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is in OS field number F.

PREFREF22187MONUIDMNA118501NameCharcoal Burning Platform E of Greenup Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327949 512620 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22187\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is located far away from any kind of woodland and is high on the fell side. The platform measures 6 x 8m with a circumference of over 21m. There has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number F.

PREFREF 22188 MONUID MNA119980

Name Charcoal Burning Platform near Greenup Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327860 512370 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22188\*0 This charcoal burning platform has a path running through it, this has eroded the platform and revealed charcoal remains. There appears to be material that has wash onto the platform from the slope above. There is the possible remains of the revetment stone wall below the path, the site measures over 15m in circumference (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number F.

PREFREF22189MONUIDMNA118459NamePossible agricultural activity site E of Long Band, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 328180 512700 Type STACK STAND

Description

Site: 22189\*0 Situated east of Long Band is an area of associated features that may form into a settlement of unknown date. Set amid a general scatter of rocks are several cleared areas, there appears to be 5-6 of these cleared areas in all. They range in size from 2-3m, in the centre is a large cleared area that measures over 10 x 9m in all. There are several large boulders in the area that may have been incorporated into these features (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number F. Most probably to be natural, although a small circular feature may be a shieling site (Pers comm Whitfield, C. 1996). This collection of low circular rings of stone are almost certainly the result of human activity. It is possible that the remains described above may be associated with peat drying or stock management. The stone free areas are likely to be largely natural and are certainly not cleared

PREFREF22190MONUIDMNA118458NameCairn or Building near Langstrath Beck, BorrowdalePeriodBronze Age

NGR 326950 511939 Type CAIRN, BUILDING

Description

Site: 22190\*0 This circular cairn is situated near Longstraith Beck, it is over 13m in circumference and measures 3.2m in diameter. This stone structure rises to a maximum height of over 0.5m. It is probably a cairn or the remains of a building that has slightly grassed over (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number G.

PREFREF22191MONUIDMNA116532NameEarth & Stone Bank near Langstrath Beck, BorrowdalePeriodMedieval

NGR 326930 512000 Type BANK (EARTHWORK)

Description

Site: 22191\*0 This earth and stone bank runs from Lane Beck for just 25m, the bank runs alongside one of the intake walls. The site continues for another 28m then fades as it reaches a marshy area. It seems that the bank was covered by the peat bog as it re-appears lower down the valley and runs for another 24m. The site measures over 0.8m high and over 2m wide, further down the valley it measures 0.6m high and over 3m wide. At one point the intake wall runs on top of the bank (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number G.

PREFREF22192MONUIDMNA119422NameClearance Cairn W of Langstrath Beck, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326863 512029 Type CLEARANCE CAIRN

#### **Description**

Site: 22192\*0 This clearance cairn is heaped on the up slope side of a large boulder, it measures approximately 3m x 1m and is over 1.5m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number G.

PREFREF 22193 MONUID MNA115673

Name Circle of Stones near Langstrath Beck, Borrowdale Period Iron Age

NGR 326889 512079 Type HUT CIRCLE

#### **Description**

Site: 22193\*0 This circle of stones is embedded into the turf it incorporates a large boulder into its design. There appears to be a 1 metre wide gap which could be a door. The circle is over 10m in circumference and 3.25m in diameter, the stones are regularly spaced (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number G.

PREFREF 22194 MONUID MNA120827

Name Clearance Cairn near Longstraith Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NameClearance Cairn near Longstraith Beck, BorrowdalePeriodPost MedievalNGR326870512060TypeCLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22194\*0 This small oval clearance cairn is in the middle of a group of 3 boulders. It is over 3m long and 2m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number G.

PREFREF 22195 MONUID MNA116436

Name Slate Quarry (Trial ) Complex S of Castle Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 325058 515742 **Type** QUARRY

**Description** 

Site: 22195\*0 Situated south of Castle Crag is a large quarry complex which includes the main quarry, buildings and spoil heaps (SMR 25489). This site is situated in OS field number 233-234.

PREFREF 22196 MONUID MNA121065

Name Mine (Trial Level ) S of Castle Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325079 515649 Type HOUSE PLATFORM, SPOIL HEAP, MINE BUILDING, MINE

Description

Site: 22196\*0 This mining complex comprises of a level, spoil heap, a small building, revetment and possible dressing floors. The level goes into the rock, leading to a cavern. It is possible this may lead to another level. The spoil heap is extensive and much larger than nearby spoil heaps (SMR 22195\*3-4). The small building is 1.3m high and measures 2.2m wide by 2m long, there is also a 0.7 metre wide entrance in the walling. There is several remains of ruined buildings in this area, including a walled 2m by 3.3m walled platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 234.

PREFREF22197MONUIDMNA117296NameCairns NW of Stang Dub, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325129 515630 Type CLEARANCE CAIRN, CAIRN

Description

Site: 22197\*0 These two cairns are possibly clearance cairns (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 234.

PREFREF 22198 MONUID MNA119919

Name Cairn N of Stang Dub, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325170 515560 Type CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22198\*0 This possible clearance cairn is circular in shape, it measures 2m x 2m and rises to 0.8m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in field number 234.

PREFREF 22199 MONUID MNA116904

Name Shelter Wall S of Colywife Dub, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 325539 515700 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22199\*0 This roughly T shaped shelter wall ranges in height from 1.5-2.2m high. It is possible that one section of the wall could have formed the gable end of a building. Although it is doubtful as the stone appears to have been added on (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets), this site is situated in OS field number 326.

PREFREF22200MONUIDMNA118457NameClapper Bridge NE of Pennybridge Dub, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325550 515649 Type CLAPPER BRIDGE

**Description** 

Site: 22200\*0 This 6 metre long clapper bridge is constructed of stone flags. These flags are 3m wide and span a 1.5m wide beck (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 326.

PREFREF22201MONUIDMNA116520NameRidge & Furrow near River Derwent, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325655 514659 Type RIDGE AND FURROW

Description

Site: 22201\*0 This area of ridge and furrow runs under an intake wall and appears to be recently ploughed. Most of the ridges stop at

the line of an old watercourse, there is no discernible end to the three ridges south of where the watercourse fades away. The width of the ridges are approximately 3.5-4m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 440.

PREFREF 22202 MONUID MNA119423

Name Ridge & Furrow S of Rosthwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325426 514832 **Type** RIDGE AND FURROW

Description

Site: 22202\*0 This well preserved ridge and furrow underlies an intake wall, in the other field (OS field number 467) it appears to be ploughed out or covered in soil. The distance between the furrows is 2.5-3.5m and the maximum depth of the furrows is 0.5m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 465.

PREFREF 22203 MONUID MNA115672

NameSheep Fold SE of Tram Dub, BorrowdalePeriodPost MedievalNGR326179514340TypeSHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22203\*0 This triangular sheep fold butts onto an intake wall and comprises of two wall sections. There are several boulders incorporated into the wall and much of it is down to the footings. It should be noted the back wall is over 1.3-1.5m high, the site measures approximately 17 x 13m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 502.

PREFREF 22204 MONUID MNA120826

Name Clearance Cairn SE Tram Dub, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326179 514279 Type CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22204\*0 This low lying cairn comprises of small stones, it is approximately circular in shape and is 3.5m in diameter. It appears to have been damaged by the siting of hay feeders being placed on it (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 502.

PREFREF 22205 MONUID MNA116434

Name Wall SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326369 514270 **Type** WALL

**Description** 

Site: 22205\*0 This low wall is over 30m which may have diverted the path or kept scree from the nearby path. This is a single of boulders and stones that are 0.8m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 514.

PREFREF 22206 MONUID MNA121062

Name possible Structure N of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326519 514529 **Type** STRUCTURE

Description

Site: 22206\*0 This roughly circular ring of stones is 2m in diameter, it is situated near a plateau of level ground. It is probably a structure of some sort or it is a natural feature (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 514.

PREFREF 22207 MONUID MNA117298

Name Charcoal Burning Platform W of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326210 514330 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22207\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform is revetted to form a level platform. The site measures 6.5m in diameter and 18m in circumference (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 514.

PREFREF 22208 MONUID MNA119922

Name Sheep Folds or Bark Peelers Huts W of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326230 514309 Type BARK PEELERS HUT, CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT

Description

Site: 22208\*0 Situated west of Heron Crag is three elongated oval shaped structures, they are strung out in a line above the nearby charcoal burning platform (SMR 22207\*0). The total length of the area is 21m x 3m wide, the central enclosure has a possible hearth and may have been a burners hut. The other two enclosures could have been animal pens or bark peelers huts (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 514.

PREFREF22209MONUIDMNA116905NameTimber Loading Platform W of Heron Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

Name Timber Loading Platform W of Heron Crag, Borrowdale NGR 326189 514389 Type PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22209\*0 This timber load platform is of dry stone construction it is 4m long and 0.7m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 514.

PREFREF 22210 MONUID MNA116906

Name Charcoal Burning Platform W of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326160 514400 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22210\*0 This charcoal burning platform is over 16m in circumference and 4m in diameter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 514.

PREFREF22211MONUIDMNA115166NameCharcoal Burning Platform NW of Heron Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326280 514550 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22211\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is oval in shape, it is revetted and projects out from the sloping fell side. The platform measures 5 x 7m and over 20m circumference (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 514.

PREFREF 22212 MONUID MNA117062

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326350 514529 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22212\*0 This large revetted charcoal platform is on steep terrain and is now partly obscured by scree that is slipping from above. The platform is oval in shape and measures 3 x 4m with a 14m circumference (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 514.

PREFREF22213MONUIDMNA121070NamePlatform NW of Heron Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326309 514519 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22213\*0 This semi-level platform is possibly a natural feature or a charcoal burning platform. Charcoal has been found in several areas which lends weight to the suggestion of charcoal burning (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 514.

 PREFREF
 22214
 MONUID
 MNA116609

 Name
 Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

NGR 326230 514230 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22214\*0 This charcoal burning platform is situated south-west of Heron Crag, it measures over 14m in circumference and is over 5m in diameter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 514.

PREFREF22215MONUIDMNA119855NamePeat Cutting Scars S of Great Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327019 514150 Type PEAT CUTTING

Description

Site: 22215\*0 In a gully 20m from a track is an area of peat cutting, it covers an area that measures 13m x 9m x 39m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 517.

PREFREF22216MONUIDMNA116624NamePeat Cutting Scars SW of Green Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326899 514330 Type PEAT CUTTING

Description

Site: 22216\*0 This large area of peat cutting appears to have been used over a long period of time. It is approximately over half an acre and is in a gully south-west of Green Crag (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 517.

PREFREF22217MONUIDMNA120034NameSheep Fold SW of Heron Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326785 514482 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22217\*0 This large sheep fold has two pens it covers an area of over 14 x 10m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 517.

PREFREF 22218 MONUID MNA117466

Name Shelter Wall NW of Lingy End, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327010 513910 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22218\*0 This 2 metre long shelter wall is situated north-west of Lingy End. It is over 0.7m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 519.

PREFREF22219MONUIDMNA115496NameBield E of White Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326969 514010 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22219\*0 Situated east of White Crag is a 7 metre long shelter wall that is 0.5-1.6m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number 519.

PREFREF22220MONUIDMNA115497NamePeat Hut SW of Lingy End, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326958 513789 **Type** HUT

Description

Site: 22220\*0 This roofless hut is in good condition with walls that rise to over 1.2-1.9m. There is roofing tile littering the surrounding area, there is two doorways at either end. One of these doorways faces the valley and is higher than the fell side facing doorway. It is possible that the remains of nearby walls could be a second peat hut (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number 519.

PREFREF 22221 MONUID MNA116645

Name Bield SW of Lingy End Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

Name Bield SW of Lingy End, Borrowdale Period Post

**NGR** 326909 513859 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22221\*0 Situated south-west of Lingy End is three short lengths of shelter walls up to 2.5m long and 0.7m at their highest (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 519.

PREFREF 22222 MONUID MNA121086

Name Sheep Fold NW of White Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326779 514010 Type BIELD, SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22222\*0 This large U shaped sheep fold or shelter wall is over 22m in circumference, it is built into a natural depression on the fell side. The site measures 6m wide and 8m long (Borrowdale, Data collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 520.

PREFREF 22223 MONUID MNA116799

Name Sheep Fold E of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326550 513694 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22223\*0 This large sheep fold measures 8 x 6m, it is attached to an intake wall. Its walls rise to over 1.3m at their highest, there is a doorway in the eastern wall that is 0.7m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF 22224 MONUID MNA120249

Name Building Remains E of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326607 513725 Type CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT

**Description** 

Site: 22224\*0 This ruined building is possibly a charcoal burners hut, it is probably associated with the nearby charcoal burning platform (SMR 22226\*0). It is exactly square measuring 3.5m x 3.5m and has walls that rise up to a maximum of 1.3m. A 1 metre wide doorway is on the south-west wall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF 22225 MONUID MNA116202

Name Building Remains E of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326600 513732 Type CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT

Description

Site: 22225\*0 Situated east of Stonethwaite is the remains of a stone structure and a possible associated enclosure. It is possible that this may well be a charcoal burners hut and is associated with the nearby charcoal burning platform (SMR 22226\*0). The hut appears to measure 4 x 3.5m with walls that rise to over 0.6m, the doorway is over 1 metre wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF 22226 MONUID MNA120305

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326560 513759 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22226\*0 This large circular site has a circumference of over 17.5m, in all it measures 7m in diameter. It has a large revetment of over 1.2m high. The site may be associated with the surrounding peat burners huts (22224-5\*0), the site is in excellent condition (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF 22227 MONUID MNA117101

Name Cave Shelter SE of Huddleston's Shop, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326740 513810 Type ROCK SHELTER

Description

Site: 22227\*0 Situated south-east of Huddleston's Shop is a cave shelter of unknown date. It is made of natural slabs of rock forming a small 2 man shelter, a small stretch of wall has been added to block the entrance (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF 22228 MONUID MNA120697

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326660 513600 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22228\*0 This large platform has a circumference of 15.5m and measures 6m in diameter. It is approximately circular in shape and is revetted on the down slope side to form the level platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF 22229 MONUID MNA116147

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326660 513659 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22229\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is situated east of Stonethewaite, it is 14.5m in circumference and 6m long. This site has a small revertment surrounding it (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF 22230 MONUID MNA116148

Name Bield E of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326563 513714 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22230\*0 This ruinous shelter wall is over 9m long and is built up along side a large boulder on its south-western side. The wall stands to over 1.1m and 1m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF 22231 MONUID MNA117838

Name Sheep Fold E of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326554 513746 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22231\*0 This four sided sheep fold measures 4.5m long and 7m wide, the walls are mainly collapsed. The south wall rises to 1.5m, the other walls have fallen to their footings. The fold is built onto a slope below the nearby (SMR 22226\*0) charcoal burning platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF22232MONUIDMNA117430NameBield E of Stonethwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326449 513840 Type BIELD

Description

Site: 22232\*0 This 3.5 metre long shelter wall runs between two large boulders on the fell side above Stonethwaite. It rises to a maximum of 1.1m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF 22233 MONUID MNA119636

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326429 513889 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22233\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is 6.5m in diameter, it has a circumference of over 18m. The site has a revetment that forms a level platform on the slope, it is possible some of the site lies under the southern intake wall of OS field number 523. This suggests that the site is older than the boundary wall, a nearby building (SMR 22235\*0) is possibly associated with the platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF22234MONUIDMNA118584NameHut S of White Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326880 513780 **Type** HUT

Description

Site: 22234\*0 This extensive complex comprises of a hut and its associated revetment walls, this site is probably related to the surrounding woodland industries. The hut and walls are connected to several large outcrops of rock, in all the site covers an area of approximately 13m. It is situated amid a wooded fell side (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 521.

PREFREF22235MONUIDMNA115886NameBuilding S of Heron Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326420 513899 **Type** BUILDING

Description

Site: 22235\*0 This building is collapsed down to 2-3 courses although one wall does still stand 0.8m high. It measures 4m long by 3m wide, the entrance does not seem to be visible. it is possibly associated with surrounding charcoal burning platforms (SMR 22233\*0 and 22236-7\*0), the site appears to but onto the boundary wall that splits up OS field numbers 521 and 523. (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 523.

PREFREF22236MONUIDMNA118652NameCharcoal Burning Platform S of Heron Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326400 513920 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22236\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform has a revetted front and is cut into the slope at its rear. It is probably associated with the surrounding charcoal burning platforms (SMR 22233\*0 and 22237\*0) and a ruined building (SMR 22235\*0). It measures 6m in diameter and over 18m in circumference, there has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 523.

PREFREF 22237 MONUID MNA121262

Name Charcoal Burning Platform S of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326400 513889 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22237\*0 This rectangular charcoal burning platform has a substantial revetment at its front. The level area extends back towards the building remains (SMR 22235\*0), it is measures approximately 2.5m wide and 6m in length. The site is probably

associated with the surrounding charcoal burning platforms (SMR 22233\*0 and 22236\*0) and the ruined building (SMR 22235\*0). There has been charcoal found on site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 523.

PREFREF 22238 MONUID MNA117747

NameBield SW of Heron Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost MedievalNGR326369513959TypeBIELD

Description

Site: 22238\*0 This well preserved shelter wall stands at its full height of 1.4m, it butts onto a boundary wall and a large boulder is on its southern end (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 523.

PREFREF 22239 MONUID MNA119940

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326319 513990 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22239\*0 This large round level charcoal burning platform is over 23m in circumference and 7m in diameter. It is cut into the slopes at the rear and is revetted at the front, it is adjacent to a field wall and a narrow gateway into the nearby wood (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 523.

PREFREF 22240 MONUID MNA119939

Name Stone Structure SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326340 513980 **Type** STRUCTURE

Description

Site: 22240\*0 This small structure has an unknown use and date, the structure survives as 2 rows of large boulders forming an L shape. It is close to a large doorway that is 1 metre wide on the east side (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 523.

PREFREF 22241 MONUID MNA117846

Name Sheep Fold SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326309 514010 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22241\*0 This sheep fold utilises a field wall and a short projecting wall to form a rectangular enclosure. It measures 7m in length and 4m wide, the structure is in good condition. A large boulder is at the end of the projecting wall, this boulder has 4 drill holes on the surface facing into the fold (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 523.

PREFREF 22242 MONUID MNA119525

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326290 514010 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22242\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is over 20-21m in circumference and over 4-5m in diameter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 523.

PREFREF 22243 MONUID MNA119192

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326270 514060 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22243\*0 This rectangular charcoal burning platform is situated south-west of Heron Crag, the platform measures 4m long and 3m wide. There appears to be a bank on either side of the platform, running to the site is a small path that may be contemporary with the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 523.

PREFREF 22244 MONUID MNA115073

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326259 514080 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22244\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is over 17m in circumference and 5m in diameter. It has a revetted front and is incised into the slope at its back (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 523.

PREFREF 22245 MONUID MNA117821

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326239 514107 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22245\*0 This large round charcoal burning platform is suggested to be a perfect example with a revetted edge and incised into the slope at its rear. There also appears to be several associated boulders and stones littering the area, the site measures approximately 21m in circumference and 5m in diameter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 523.

PREFREF 22246 MONUID MNA120784

Name Clapper Bridge NE of Stang Dub Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

Name Clapper Bridge NE of Stang Dub, Borrowdale Period Pos

NGR 325240 515280 Type CLAPPER BRIDGE

Description

Site: 22246\*0 This clapper bridge is one of two identical bridges (SMR 22247\*0) in OS field number 548. This site like the other has 4 slabs of stone lain side by side over a ditch. The total width of bridge is 2m and each slab is over 1.5m long (Borrowdale, data

Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 548.

**PREFREF** MONUID 22247 MNA118079 Name Clapper Bridge E of Stang Dub, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 515219 **Type** CLAPPER BRIDGE

**Description** 

Site: 22247\*0 This small clapper bridge is one of two within the same field (SMR 22246\*0), the bridge is formed from 4 slate slabs that bridge a ditch. The total width of the bridge is 2m in each case, the length of each slab is 1.5m long. The slabs are lain side by side (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 548.

MONUID MNA120183 **PREFREF** 22248 Name Clapper Bridge N of Stang Dub, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 515380 **Type** CLAPPER BRIDGE

**Description** 

Site: 22248\*0 This clapper bridge comprises of 6 slate across a dry stone and pipe culvert. The bridge is of little archaeological interest except for one of the slates which is a square holed gate stoop (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 549.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA118154 Name Building W of Stang Dub, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR BUILDING 515240 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 22249\*0 Located at the bottom of a slope west of Stang Dub is the ruins of a building. It is incised into the bank and forms a level platform. Three of the walls are collapsed and measure 0.2 to 0.6m, the fourth wall stands over 1.3m this is probably due to it being built up against the bank. The walls are built of quarried and mortared stone, much of the building is just rubble. The site measures over 5 x 5m and has a small modern addition to the northern wall that measures 2 x 3m. The walls butt onto this modern building, also a small revetment creates a level area down slope of the walls (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 562.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA118152 22250 Name Building Remains NE of Lingy Bank, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 515439 **Type** BUILDING 325009

**Description** 

Site: 22250\*0 This large mound of stone measures 5 x 7m, it obscures the original shape of the building. There would appear to be remains of roof timber and slate present on the site, the walls rise to a maximum of over 1 metre high. The site is linked to the valley floor by a track (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 563.

**PREFREF** 22251 MONUID MNA120018 Name Period Post Medieval

Mine (Level) & Spoil Heap NE of Lingy Bank, Borrowdale

SPOIL HEAP, LEAD MINE NGR 515539 **Type** 324970

**Description** 

Site: 22251\*0 Large slate spoil heap and un-blocked level extending at least 20-30 feet into the fell side (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 564.

**PREFREF** 22252 MONUID MNA119415 Sheep Fold N of Lingy Bank, Borrowdale Name Period Post Medieval

NGR 324809 515620 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22252\*0 This roughly semi-circular site butts against a natural rock outcrop, Mostly it is one course of large boulders. The walls generally stand over 0.5m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 565.

**PREFREF** 22253 MONUID MNA121003 Name Clearance Cairn N of Lingy Bank, Borrowdale Period Bronze Age

NGR 515595 **Type** CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22253\*0 On an area of flatter land are seven clearance cairns, the largest is over 8 x 2m the smallest 2m x 3m. The cairn rise up to 0.7m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 565.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA118329 22254 Name Platform in Lingy Bank, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324920

515280 **Type PLATFORM** 

**Description** 

Site: 22254\*0 This oval shaped platform is incised into the slope and is built up at the front. It measures 4m wide and 5m long with a circumference of over 17m. There is loose stone on the down slope which forms a low lip around the platform, there are intermittent stones set onto the back of the platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 566.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA121305 22255 Period Name Shelter Wall in Lingy Bank, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 324799 515340 **Type** BIELD

**Description** 

Site: 22255\*0 This L shaped shelter wall is largely collapsed down to its footings. The wall height ranges from 0.9-1.3m in height. The shelter measures 22m long and 5m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 566.

**PREFREF** 22256 MONUID MNA118794 Name Period Post Medieval

Building in Lingy Bank, Borrowdale NGR 324660 515410 **Type** BUILDING

Description

Site: 22256\*0 This building appears to use an outcrop of rock in its construction. The down slope end of the structure has a 3.5 metre wall. The floor of the building is incised into the slope with a 2 metre platform. The building measures approximately 4 x 2.5m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 566.

MONUID MNA121267 **PREFREF** 22257 Post Medieval

Name Banks & Ditches in Lingy Bank, Borrowdale Period NGR 515340 **Type** BANK (EARTHWORK), DITCH

Description

Site: 22257\*0 Situated in Lingy Bank is a series of walls, banks and ditches. The walls are very low and measure 10m and 7m long, they run perpendicular and on a slope. There appears to be several associated ditches that run down slope zig-zagging towards the main beck (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 566.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA118940 22258

Name Shelter Wall S of Tongue Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324240 515079 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 22258\*0 This collapsed shelter wall utilises an outcrop of rock. The site measures over 18m and 1.2m high including the outcrop (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 572.

**PREFREF** 22259 MONUID MNA115579

Name Cairn & Platform S of Tongue Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 515119 **Type** PLATFORM, CAIRN

Description

Site: 22259\*0 This roughly circular cairn is set into the side of a slope and is over 1 metre high. It is 3.5m in diameter with a level platform adjacent to the cairn. The platform measures 4 x 2m and rises over 1.25m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 572.

**PREFREF** 22259 MONUID MNA115579

Name Cairn & Platform S of Tongue Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 515119 **Type** PLATFORM, CAIRN

Description

Site: 22259\*0 This roughly circular cairn is set into the side of a slope and is over 1 metre high. It is 3.5m in diameter with a level platform adjacent to the cairn. The platform measures 4 x 2m and rises over 1.25m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 572.

**PREFREF** 22260 MONUID MNA115578 Name Period Bronze Age

Cairn or Shelter S of Tongue Gill, Borrowdale

**NGR** 515159 **Type** 324240 CAIRN, ROCK SHELTER

Site: 22260\*0 This oval shaped cairn or collapsed shelter is 3m long and 2m wide, it is over 10m in circumference. The stones rise to a height of over 0.3m high, there would appear to be a distinct ring of stones surrounding this site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 572.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115841 22261 Name Period Post Medieval

Wall S of Tongue Gill, Borrowdale NGR 324269 515189 **Type** WALL

**Description** 

Site: 22261\*0 This 40 metre long collapsed wall runs along the contour, it is probable it is associated with the nearby shelter (SMR 22262\*0). It function is not known (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number 572.

**PREFREF** 22262 MONUID MNA116447 Name Shelter S of Tongue Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324260 515159 Type SHELTER

Site: 22262\*0 This dry stone shelter is sub-rectangular in shape, the walls rise to 0.7m high and are partly collapsed. It is possible that the walls were not much higher than they are now. The shelter measures 2.5 x 2.5m, with a 1 metre wide entrance facing down slope (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 572.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120941 Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 324353 514779

**Description** 

Site: 22263\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform has a stone and earth shallow lip. The site measures 5m width by 7m in length.

The site has a circumference of over 16m, it is incised into the rear of the slope with a 1 metre high revetment (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 575.

MONUID PREFREF 22264 MNA116875

Period Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Post Medieval

324380 CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM NGR 514650 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 22264\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 5m wide by 7m in length. The site measures 16m in circumference, with a shallow stone and earth lip surrounding it. The platform is incised into the slope at its rear and the front revetment is over 1 metre high, there has been charcoal found on this site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 575.

**PREFREF** MONUID 22265 MNA120479

Name Sheep Fold or Building SE of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR SHEEP FOLD, AGRICULTURAL BUILDING 514580 **Type** 

Description

Site: 22265\*0 This large structure measures 10m long by 4m wide, the walls rise to 0.75m. The doorway is over 1 metre wide and is on the down slope side. The walls seem to be well built with large corner stones, this suggests the structure is something more than a sheep fold. It is possible this was a field barn or related to the surrounding charcoal burning activities (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 575.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116284

Period Name Charcoal Burning Platform S of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 324260 514589 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22266\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 5m in length and 3m in width, the platform has a circumference of 15m. This site has quite a large area of cone shaped revetment, there has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 575.

**PREFREF** MONUID 22267 MNA115708

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 514620

**Description** 

Site: 22267\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform measures 7m in length and 4m in width, it has a circumference 16m. It is possible that there is an associated burners hut north of the site (SMR 22269\*0). Charcoal has been found on the site, there is a stone and earth revetment surrounding the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 575.

**PREFREF** MONUID 22268 MNA117300

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 324229 514650 **Type** 

Description

Site: 22268\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform measures over 8m long and 5m wide with a total circumference of 20m. The platform has a steep slope and a stone and earth revetment, the platform is quite level and it is incised into the slope at the rear. There has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 575.

**PREFREF** 22269 MONUID MNA120775

Name Charcoal Burner's Hut SE of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324200 514680 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT

Description

Site: 22269\*0 This small revetted platform is probably the remains of a charcoal burner's hut, there has been no charcoal found behind the revetment. This revetment creates a shelf and a platform on which the hut was probably located. The site measures 3m x 3m, it is possible that there is the remains of a shelter wall near to the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 575.

MONUID MNA120776 **PREFREF** 22270 Name Period Post Medieval

Building Remains N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale NGR 326768

Description

513469 **Type** BUILDING

Situated north of Stonethwaite Beck is the remains of a building, it measures 8m long by 4m wide. The entrance is in the north side allowing access to the building from OS field number 779. Little remains apart from the footings and collapsed walls, there is a large stone edged platform in the north-east corner of the building. The site is of unknown function and has been slightly damaged by a large Hawthorn bush that has now reached maturity. (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 778.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116418 22271

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 513490 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Site: 22271\*0 On a shallow slope north of the Stonethwaite Beck is a slightly revetted charcoal burning platform, it is incised into the slope at the back. The site measures 6m in diameter and over 24m in circumference, there has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

PREFREF22272MONUIDMNA118490NameShelter Wall N of Stonethwaite Beck, BorrrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326889 513509 **Type** BIELD

**Description** 

Site: 22272\*0 This small shelter wall is built between two large immovable boulders, it measures 1.2m high and 2m long (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

PREFREF22273MONUIDMNA117469NameHut N of Stonethwaite Beck, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326839 513449 **Type** HUT

**Description** 

Site: 22273\*0 Situated north of Stonethwaite Beck is the remains of a possible hut. It appears to be horseshoe shaped and ranges from just footings to 1 metre high. There appears to be a build up of material on the up-slope suggesting that this area is an old beck line. The entrance is 0.5m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

PREFREF 22274 MONUID MNA119503

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326950 513420 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22274\*0 This well preserved charcoal burning platform is revetted to create a level platform, some of the stone are very substantial. The site has a diameter of 6m and a circumference of 20m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

PREFREF 22275 MONUID MNA116984

Name Bields N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326969 513430 Type BIELD, SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22275\*0 Situated north of Stonethwaite Beck are two large shelter walls, it is possible that they are the remains of an animal pen or fold (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

PREFREF 22275 MONUID MNA116984

Name Bields N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326969 513430 Type BIELD, SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22275\*0 Situated north of Stonethwaite Beck are two large shelter walls, it is possible that they are the remains of an animal pen or fold (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

PREFREF 22276 MONUID MNA115451

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326820 513519 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22276\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 18m in circumference and 6.7m in diameter. It is highly revetted, this platform is described as a typical example of a charcoal burning platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

PREFREF 22277 MONUID MNA117441

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale NGR 326779 513539 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22277\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is situated north of Stonethwaite Beck, it measures 8m in diameter and over 22m in circumference. The platform is slightly revetted, it is described as a good example of a charcoal burning platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

PREFREF 22278 MONUID MNA114992

Name Bield N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326740 513579 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22278\*0 This well preserved shelter wall measures 8m long and over 1.2m high, it is situated north of Stonethwaite Farm on the crest of the slope (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

PREFREF 22279 MONUID MNA116670

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326839 513600 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22279\*0 This charcoal burning platform is 6.5m in diameter and 19m in circumference. It is described as a good example of a charcoal burning platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

 PREFREF
 22280
 MONUID
 MNA116671

 Name
 Bield N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

NameBield N of Stonethwaite Beck, BorrowdalePeriodPost MedNGR326860513609TypeBIELD

Period

Post Medieval

### **Description**

Site: 22280\*0 This large shelter wall is in a good state of preservation. It has a small shelf as a part of the wall, it is not clear what purpose this feature had. The wall measures 6.5m in length and over 1.5m in height (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

PREFREF 22281 MONUID MNA119956

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326889 513579 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

## Description

Site: 22281\*0 This charcoal burning platform is alongside a path north of Stonethwaite Beck. The platform measures 5m in diameter and over 16.5m in circumference (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 779.

PREFREF 22282 MONUID MNA119499

Name Clearance Cairn NE of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327089 513379 Type CLEARANCE CAIRN

## Description

Site: 22282\*0 This circular clearance cairn is over 1 metre long and 0.8m wide, it rises to a maximum height of 0.6m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 783.

PREFREF 22283 MONUID MNA116280

Name Platforms & Wall NE of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327120 513460 **Type** PLATFORM, WALL

#### **Description**

Site: 22283\*0 Situated north-east of Stonethwaite Beck is two small half oval shaped platforms. The first one is  $4 \times 3m$  and the second is  $4 \times 1.5m$ . It is possible that a nearby wall is associated with the platforms. The wall could be the remains of a shelter or clearance, it measures 2m long and rises to a maximum height of 1 metre. It should be noted that the platforms may be a natural feature (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 783.

PREFREF 22284 MONUID MNA117604

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327070 513500 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

## Description

Site: 22284\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 20 x 4m. It was probably used for several burns along the platform, it possibly suggests use of the platforms south-east of this site (SMR 22283\*0). Large boulders at the rear of the platform prevent stone falling from above onto the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 783.

PREFREF22285MONUIDMNA115648NameBields N of Stonethwaite Beck, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327000 513509 Type SHELTER, WALL

# Description

Site: 22285\*0 Situated on a flat plateau is four short walls, the longest section is 0.7m high and 4m long. It is possible that these walls are the remains of a shelter or even clearance (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 783.

PREFREF 22286 MONUID MNA116229

Name Bield N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326950 513509 **Type** BIELD

### Description

Site: 22286\*0 This shelter wall measures 5m long and 1-1.5m high, the site is in very good condition (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number 783.

PREFREF 22287 MONUID MNA121077

Name Bields N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327130 513500 **Type** BIELD

### Description

Site: 22287\*0 These two shelter walls are on the fell side above Stonethwaite Beck. The first is 5m in length, the second is 10m long and up to 1.7m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 783.

PREFREF 22288 MONUID MNA116109

Name Bield N of Stonethwaite Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327169 513500 **Type** BIELD

# Description

Site: 22288\*0 This large shelter wall is built up against a rock outcrop, the wall is 5m long and 1.5m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 783.

PREFREF22289MONUIDMNA120316NameSheep Fold N of Stonethwaite Beck, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327019 513400 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

## Description

Site: 22289\*0 This sub-rectangular wall rises to over 1.5m high and is in reasonable condition. It is collapsed on the northern and southern sections, the east and west sections are in good condition. The circumference is 118m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 783.

PREFREF22290MONUIDMNA120317NameSheep Fold S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327204 513516 Type SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22290\*0 This large double penned sheep fold probably acted as a collecting pen for OS field number 786. It is built on open fell side against an intake wall, the walls are over 1.5m high. The site is in a good condition with three gateways into the fold (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 786.

PREFREF22291MONUIDMNA117870NameShelter Wall SW of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327190 513630 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22291\*0 Situated on the slopes south of High Crag is a 5 metre long shelter wall, the wall rises to maximum height of 1.3m. It is built between two large boulders (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets).

This site is situated in OS field number 786.

PREFREF22292MONUIDMNA115327NameWall SE of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327520 513600 **Type** WALL

Description

Site: 22292\*0 Situated south-east of High Crag is a short wall within a small gorge, it seems probable that the site was used as a stock proof boundary wall. The wall rises to a maximum height of 1 metre. There may be 3 further short stretches of wall to the south of this site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 786.

PREFREF 22293 MONUID MNA118553

Name Bield S of High Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327219 513640 **Type** BIELD

**Description** 

Site: 22293\*0 This ruined shelter wall measures 5.5m and is collapsed down to its footings. The wall is over 0.3m high, it is built between two large boulders on the side of the slope south of High Crag (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 786.

PREFREF22294MONUIDMNA121031NameSheep Fold S of Stonethwaite Fell, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327130 513280 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22294\*0 This double penned sheep fold is in good condition, all of the walls are fully standing to 1.7m high. There are two gateways in the fold the first is 1 metre wide and the second is approximately 2m wide. The north wall is built around a large Yew tree (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS reference 787.

PREFREF22295MONUIDMNA118262NameBield S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327190 513239 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22295\*0 Situated south of High is a small section shelter wall, it runs at along the bottom of the field for over 4m and rises to over 0.4-1.2m. Growing on either side of the shelter is a Yew and Ash tree (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22296MONUIDMNA119630NameBield S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327260 513430 Type BIELD

Description

Site: 22296\*0 Halfway up the slope of the fell side is a well preserved shelter wall, it is curved in shape. The site measures 13m long and 1.4m high, it incorporates an outcrop of rock at one end of the wall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22297MONUIDMNA118556NameCharcoal Burning Platform S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327239 513439 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22297\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform measures 6m and has a circumference of over 19m. It is situated on a terrace within a flatter area on the fell side. It is close to the beck and there are no trees near to the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22298MONUIDMNA119385NameCharcoal Burning Platform S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327229 513479 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22298\*0 This charcoal burning platform is circular in shape and is situated in a flat area near the beck. It measures 6m and has a total circumference of 18m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22299MONUIDMNA118745NameBield S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327270 513549 **Type** BIELD

**Description** 

Site: 22299\*0 This L shaped shelter wall is 4m long and over 1.3m high. It has two large boulders on either end (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22300MONUIDMNA120314NameCharcoal Burning Platform S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327309 513539 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22300\*0 This charcoal burning platform is situated on top of a large rock outcrop, it measures 20m in circumference and 6m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF 22301 MONUID MNA117871

Name Bield S of High Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327309 513579 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22301\*0 On top of a large crag is a low shelter wall, it is over 6m long and over 1.1m high. This straight shelter wall is flanked on either side by two boulders (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22302MONUIDMNA115328NameBield S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327439 513579 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22302\*0 This 8 metre long shelter wall rises to 1.5m high. It incorporates a large rock outcrop as its lower half and is a very substantial structure on the fell side (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF 22303 MONUID MNA118554

Name Charcoal Burning Platform S of High Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327460 513560 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22303\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform measures 6m x 4m with a diameter of over 16m. The slight revetment forms a level platform, the site appears to have been served by a well worn hollow way. There has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF 22304 MONUID MNA121032

Name Platform S of High Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327419 513439 Type CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT, PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22304\*0 This 2m x 6m platform is supported by a low revetment, it is probably the remains of a charcoal burners hut or a charcoal storage site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22305MONUIDMNA118263NamePlatform S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327369 513409 **Type** PLATFORM

Description

Site:22305\*0 This 3 metre wide platform is triangular in shape with a 3 metre long revetment (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF22306MONUIDMNA119629NameBield S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327349 513390 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22306\*0 This crescent shaped shelter wall is 1.7m high, it is in very good condition (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22307MONUIDMNA118557NameCharcoal Burning Platform S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327369 513350 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22307\*0 This charcoal burning platform is 12m in circumference and 4-5m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22308MONUIDMNA119388NameBield S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327320 513350 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22308\*0 This 7 metre long shelter wall rises to 1.6m, it is in a fairly good state of preservation (Borrowdale, Data Collection

Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22309MONUIDMNA118746NameLinear Clearance Cairn S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodMedieval

NGR 327260 513320 Type CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22309\*0 Covering a wide area of fell side south of High Crag is numerous short lengths of walls and clearance cairns. Their state of preservation varies from good to very bad, the larger walls measure 3m long and 0.8m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22310MONUIDMNA118747NameSheep Fold S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327239 513280 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22310\*0 This ruined sheep fold is over 7m long, some of its walls rise to over 1 metre high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF22311MONUIDMNA115727NameBield S of High Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327289 513220 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22311\*0 This 6.3 metre long shelter wall rises to over 1.2m in height, the site is adjacent to a track. Much of the site is in a ruinous condition (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 787.

PREFREF 22312 MONUID MNA119076

Name Wall of Building NW of Galleny Force, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327130 513260 Type BUILDING

**Description** 

Site: 22312\*0 Most of this building is still standing, there is evidence of windows in the highest walls. The corners of the building are edged with large blocks of stone (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 788.

PREFREF 22313 MONUID MNA121127

Name Ridge & Furrow NW of Galleny Force, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327140 513220 Type RIDGE AND FURROW

Description

Site: 22313\*0 On surveying a field above this intake it was noticed that ridge and furrow remains could be seen between the ruined building (SMR 22312\*0) and the beck. On later field walker there was no evidence found, it is suggested that the remains are faint at ground level. It is possible that the remains can only be seen from above (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 788.

PREFREF22314MONUIDMNA118205NameRigghead Slate Quarries S of Tongue Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323740 515280 Type SLATE QUARRY

Description

Site: 22314\*0 Rigghead Quarries started operating circa 1864, it operated all year round with slate taken down by lorry along a track behind Castle Crag. Some of the associated buildings were shelter for riving slate. The quarrymen came from Kentmere and Cornwall. Much of the quarry is still standing and many of its buildings, railway tracks, associated walls and revetments can be seen. There are several mine shafts and tunnels that are still open (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 573.

PREFREF 22316 MONUID MNA119034

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324079 515040 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22316\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform measures 5m in diameter and over 7m in circumference. The platform is cut into the up-slope side and has a stone revetment on the down slope side, this produces a level platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 573.

PREFREF 22317 MONUID MNA120454

Name Charcoal Burning Platform near High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324029 515019 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22317\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform is over 7m long and 5m wide, it has a substantial turfed revetment that is approximately 2.5m high. It is deeply incised on the up slope side (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 573.

PREFREF 22318 MONUID MNA119069

 Name
 Charcoal Burning Platform near High Scawdel, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

 NGR
 324149
 515009
 Type
 CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22318\*0 This oval charcoal burning platform is 6m long and 4m wide. It has a low raised kerb at either end that is 0.5m high. It

appears to have a revetment at the front that is over 1.5m high and is incised at the back to form a level platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This Site is situated in OS field number 573.

PREFREF 22319 MONUID MNA115418

Name Level Platform near High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

Name Level Platform near High Scawdel, Borrowdale Pe NGR 324159 514990 Type CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT, PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22319\*0 This platform is similar to those that surround this one (SMR 22316-18\*0, 22320-22321\*0 and 22324-22326\*0). Although there is no evidence of charcoal or blackened soil, there is a few reverment stones on the down slope side. It is roughly oval in shape and measures 6m wide and 7m long. It is incised into the slope, it is probably a charcoal burners hut (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 573.

PREFREF22320MONUIDMNA115419NameCharcoal Burning Platform near High Scawdel, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 324200 515000 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22320\*0 This charcoal burning platform is oval in shape and it measures 6m long and 4.5m wide. It has a 1 metre high revetment, it is over 15m in circumference. The site is incised into the slope (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 573.

PREFREF 22321 MONUID MNA117864

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324409 514979 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22321\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform is indistinct. It is over 10m long and 6m wide, the total circumference is 27m. The site has been cut through by a path that has eroded away the site to a depth of 0.2m. Charcoal has been exposed by this erosion (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 573.

PREFREF 22322 MONUID MNA121362

Name Sheep Fold E of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324399 514990 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22322\*0 This large sheep fold is in a good state of preservation, its walls rise to a height of 1.5m. There is a 2 metre gap in the central dividing wall, the fold incorporates the intake wall and a hogg hole that gives access to and from OS field number 572 and 573. It should be noted that the hogg is filled in. The site covers an area of 6m wide and 9.5m long (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 573.

PREFREF22323MONUIDMNA118410NamePit E of High Scawdel, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324399 514939 **Type** PIT

Description

Site: 22323\*0 This man made pit measures 3m wide by 4m long. It is up to 0.8m deep in the centre, its use is uncertain but it could be some kind extraction for materials to make a platform. There are stones littering the area but it is not stone lined (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 573.

PREFREF 22324 MONUID MNA120413

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324390 514920 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22324\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform measures 5m in diameter and over 20m in circumference. It is situated on a gentle slope, the platform is created by the site having a revetment at the front and incised into the slope at the back. The revetment is over 0.5 - 1 metre high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 573.

 PREFREF
 22325
 MONUID
 MNA118379

 Name
 Charcoal Burning Platform E of High Scawdel, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of High Scawdel, Borrowdale
NGR 324320 514949 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22325\*0 This well preserved charcoal burning platform is oval in shape, it measures 5m long and 4m wide. It is 17m in circumference (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 573.

PREFREF 22326 MONUID MNA115348

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of High Scawdel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324260 514890 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22326\*0 This charcoal burning platform measures 6m in diameter and over 21m in circumference. The levelled area has no revertment (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 573.

PREFREF 22327 MONUID MNA119334

Name Wall or Dam S of Dock Tarn, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327380 514220 **Type** DAM, WALL

**Description** 

Site: 22327\*0 This possible dam is 12m long and is between two low protruding crags of rock that are 3-4m high. It is possible that this is just the remains of a ruined wall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 517.

PREFREF 22328 MONUID MNA115948

Name Peat Cutting Scars SW of Dock Tarn, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327200 514200 Type PEAT CUTTING

Description

Site: 22328\*0 Situated south-west of Dock Tarn is an area of four peat cutting scars they range form 0.10-0.50m deep. They measure approximately 1.5 x 4m to 2 x 6m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 517.

PREFREF 22329 MONUID MNA114999

Name Bield in Lingy Bank, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324700 515280 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22329\*0 This semi circular shelter wall is in a collapsed condition it is situated on the slopes in Lingy Bank.

PREFREF 22330 MONUID MNA115000

Name Mine Level N of Andersonband Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325599 516269 Type SPOIL HEAP, MINE

Description

Site: 22330\*0 This flooded mine level and spoil heap is situated north of Andersonband Crag (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 247.

PREFREF22331MONUIDMNA116050NameMiner's Shelter NE of Andersonband Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325640 516269 **Type** MINERS BOTHY

Description

Site: 22331\*0 This stone construction measures 2m high with a 3 metre long wall. There appears to be a stone bench or seat built into the wall. The site is probably associated with the nearby mine (SMR 22330\*0), it is in a poor condition with its centre collapsing. It is probably a miner's shelter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 247.

PREFREF 22332 MONUID MNA120077

Name Sheep Fold E of Bowder Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 325984 516505 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22332\*0 This small sheep fold is built up against an out crop of rock, the site is in a ruinous condition. The wall heights range from 0.2-1.3m, most of the stonework is quarried, the site measures 6m long by 7m wide. The entrance is 1.5m wide (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 247.

PREFREF 22333 MONUID MNA116413

Name Stone Structure NE of Bowder Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325834 516784 **Type** STRUCTURE

Description

Site: 22333\*0 This sub-circular stone structure is built up against an out crop of stone. It measures 2.5m in diameter and is over 0.8m high. There appears to be several upright stones associated with the site. It has a possible entrance adjacent to the rock face (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 247.

PREFREF22334MONUIDMNA120601NameCharcoal Burning Platform S of Greatend Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326080 516799 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22334\*0 This charcoal burning platform is indistinct in the surrounding flat terrain. Its shape is oval and it measures 8m wide and 9m long. It has a total circumference of 29m, there appears to be no stone revetment. The site is about 0.6m higher than the surrounding terrain (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 247.

PREFREF22335MONUIDMNA117276NameCharcoal Burning Platform E of Greatend Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326129 516980 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22335\*0 This large and ill defined charcoal burning platform is adjacent to a track, this oval shaped platform measures 7m wide and 8m long. In all it is 23m in circumference (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 247.

PREFREF 22336 MONUID MNA115349

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Greatend Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326088 517064 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22336\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform measures 6m long and 5m wide. It has a total circumference of 18m, the site has a substantial revetment that is 1.5m high. The revetment is formed by four large boulders (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 247.

**PREFREF** 22337 MONUID MNA116028 Period Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Greatend Crag, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 326010 517139 **Type** 

Description

Site: 22337\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform has a revetment at the front to form a terrace on the slope. It measures 27m in circumference and 7m in diameter. The revetment is 1.2m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 247.

**PREFREF** 22338 MONUID MNA119725

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Greatend Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 517130 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22338\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform is on a natural level area it is built up at the front to form a terrace. The platform measures 7m in diameter and 24m in circumference. There appears to be a hollowed out depression in the centre of the platform that is 0.4m deep (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 247.

**PREFREF** MONUID 22339 MNA116478

Name Bield N of Jopplety How, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 516579 **Type** 326589 BIELD

Description

Site: 22339\*0 This small shelter wall is in a shelter area high on the fell side north of Jopplety How. The shelter measures 2.5m long and 1.3m high, it has large stone a either end. It is very neatly built and in very good condition (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 248.

**PREFREF** 22340 MONUID MNA116476 Name Sheep Fold NW of Brund Fell, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326210 516479 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22340\*0 This large sheep fold is built against the intake wall to field number 247. It is 4m wide and 13m long, the wall rises to 1.6m. The fold has two entrances one of which has a large boulder butting onto the wall. The fold is double penned (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 248.

**PREFREF** 22341 MONUID MNA120134

Name Building Remains near Eelstep Brow, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

516069 **Type** NGR 325490 INDUSTRIAL BUILDING

Description

Site: 22341\*0 Situated near Eelstep Brow is the remains of a building with quarried slate walls. Built against a quarried rock face is two walls that are at 90 degrees to one another, they rise to a maximum 1.5m high. The doorway is blocked in and is adjacent to the rock face, there is roofing slate present (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 314.

**PREFREF** MNA116330

Name Charcoal Burning Platform near Andersonband, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325479 516120 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22342\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform is 4m wide and 4.5m long, it is over 14m in circumference. The site is rather indistinct due to infill from the slope above. There are low footings on the down slope side (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number 314.

**PREFREF** 22343 MONUID MNA115185

Name Platform & Building NE of Eelstep Brow, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 516080 **Type** PLATFORM, BUILDING

Description

Site: 22343\*0 This elongated platform has associated building remains on top of it. The building has two walls surviving that rise to 0.3m. It is deeply incised into the slope to form a terrace that is 2m high. There is a birch tree in the centre of the site, there seems to be charcoal on the south side of the building (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 314.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115185

Name Platform & Building NE of Eelstep Brow, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325589 516080 **Type** PLATFORM, BUILDING

Site: 22343\*0 This elongated platform has associated building remains on top of it. The building has two walls surviving that rise to 0.3m. It is deeply incised into the slope to form a terrace that is 2m high. There is a birch tree in the centre of the site, there seems to be charcoal on the south side of the building (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 314.

**PREFREF** 22344 MONUID MNA117443

Name Mine Level in Frith Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325739 515670 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 22344\*0 This small mine level is only 2m wide and 20m long. The entrance is buried in spoil which makes it difficult to see how

far the mine goes into the rock (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 329.

**PREFREF MONUID** 22345 MNA121051 Name Period Post Medieval

Charcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale NGR 515630 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22345\*0 This level platform is circular in shape and is revetted at the front to form a terrace. It measures 7m long and 6m wide, it is over 26m in circumference. The revetment wall is over 1.5m high, charcoal has been found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 329.

**PREFREF** MONUID 22346 MNA116531 Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 515639 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22346\*0 This charcoal burning platform is circular in shape, it has a 1.5 metre high revetment wall that forms a terrace on the slope. It is over 7m long and 5m wide, it has a circumference of over 20m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 329.

**PREFREF** MONUID 22347 MNA115840

Name Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR BUILDING PLATFORM, CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM, 515609 Type

**Description** 

Site: 22347\*0 This circular platform has a revetment wall that is 1.7m high, this forms a flat terrace on the slope. It measures over 6m long and 6m wide, it is over 18m in circumference. There has been no charcoal found on the site, it is suggested that it could be a building platform or a charcoal burning platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 329.

**PREFREF** 22348 MONUID MNA117105 Post Medieval

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale Period

NGR 515529 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Site: 22348\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is incised into a shallow slope, this forms a terrace. The revetment is made of soil and not stone, it is 24m circumference and over 8m in diameter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 330.

**PREFREF** 22349 MONUID MNA121397

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 515568 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

This charcoal burning platform is indistinct as it is surrounded by level ground. It is over 31m in circumference and 7m in diameter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 330.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA121398

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325900 515670 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

This charcoal burning platform is situated on the slopes in Firth Wood. It is over 17m in circumference and 5m in diameter, the revetment is over 0.6m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 330.

MONUID PREFREF MNA116982 22351

Charcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale Name Period Post Medieval

NGR 515719 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 325970

**Description** 

Site: 22351\*0 This indistinct charcoal burning platform is over 29m in Circumference and measures 10 x 5m. There appears to be an old coppice stool nearby (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 330.

**PREFREF** 22352 **MONUID** MNA115780

Name Tanning Pit NE of Rosthwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 514948 **Type** TANNING PIT

**Description** 

Site: 22352\*0 This sub-rectangular stone lined pit measures 1.3m deep. One of the walls is made of stone and is lined with large slate flags. The other walls are simple dry-stone walls, this site could be associated with Stonethwaite Beck (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 399.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116049 22353 Post Medieval

Name Fold or Dump E of Tram Dub, Borrowdale Period

NGR Type CLEARANCE CAIRN, SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22353\*0 This heap of stones is semi circular in shape, it butts onto the boundary wall to OS field number 506. There appears to be a definite line of footings that run under one edge of the heap from the wall for over 4.5m. The heap of stone measures 7m long and 2m wide, they measure 0.5m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 505.

PREFREF22354MONUIDMNA120736NameBuilding Remains NE of Tram Dub, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325979 514620 **Type** BUILDING

Description

Site: 22354\*0 Situated in a field north-east of Tram Dub is the remains of a building.

PREFREF 22355 MONUID MNA116172

Name Dated Stone Stoop SW of Hazel Bank, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

Name Dated Stone Stoop SW of Hazel Bank, Borrowdale NGR 325960 514799 Type DATE STONE

**Description** 

Site: 22355\*0 Situated south-west of Hazel Bank is a large dated stone, it has 6 round holes running down the length of it. There are initials etched into the stone that read "I:B" and below this is a date of 1798. It is not in its original position, it is now at right angles (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 511.

PREFREF 22356 MONUID MNA119773

Name Building Remains SW of Hazel Bank, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval NGR 325960 514820 Type BUILDING

**Description** 

Site: 22356\*0 Situated south-west of Hazel Bank is the remains of a building that is built up against an intake wall. It measures 3 x 3m and rises to over 1 metre, much of the remaining wall has been mortared and is full of slate (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 511.

PREFREF 22357 MONUID MNA119360
Name Shelter E of Scawfell Hotel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

Name Shelter E of Scawfell Hotel, Borrowdale NGR 326379 514850 Type SHELTER

**Description** 

Site: 22357\*0 This small circular shelter is made from large boulders it measures 2m in diameter and 0.5m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 512.

PREFREF 22358 MONUID MNA118201

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Scawfell Hotel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326329 514699 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22358\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform is incised into the fell side slope and forms a terrace. It has a circumference of over 20m and measures 6 x 7m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site has several cairns built on top of it (22359\*0). The site is in OS field number 512.

PREFREF 22359 MONUID MNA119232

Name Cairns SE of Scawfell Hotel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326329 514720 **Type** CAIRN

Description

Site: 22359\*0 On top of the charcoal burning platform (SMR 22359\*0) is several cairns, one of which is 0.5m high and over 2m wide. There appear to be several smaller cairns associated with this larger one (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is in OS field number 512.

PREFREF 22360 MONUID MNA119233

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Scawfell Hotel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326220 514640 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22360\*0 This large oval shaped charcoal burning platform is incised into the slope of the fell side to form a terrace. It measures 22m in circumference and 6m wide by 8m long (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 512.

PREFREF 22361 MONUID MNA115528

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Scawfell Hotel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326220 514620 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22361\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is adjacent to a massive boulder, it is incised on the down slope and has a revetment on the down slope side. This forms a terraced platform that measures 20m in circumference and over 5m in diameter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets).

This site is situated in OS field number 512.

PREFREF 22362 MONUID MNA117965

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Scawfell Hotel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326160 514729 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22362\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform has a revetment on the down slope side which forms a terrace on the fell side slope. The site measures 5m wide and 7m long, it is over 20m in circumference (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 512.

MONUID MNA115010 **PREFREF** 22363 Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of Scawfell Hotel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 514839 **Type** 

Description

Site: 22363\*0 This very indistinct charcoal burning platform is on fairly level terrain east of Scawfell Hotel. This site measures 23m in circumference, it has a diameter of over 7m. It is circular in shape (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 512.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA117865 22364 Name Sheep Fold E of Scawfell Hotel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

514799 **Type** NGR 326100 SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22364\*0 This small sheep fold is no longer in use and it is in a ruinous condition. It is a double penned fold which rises to a maximum height of 1.3m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 512.

**PREFREF** 22365 MONUID MNA120486 Name Clearance Cairn SE of Chapel House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 513920 **Type** CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22365\*0 This large clearance cairn is made up of small sized stones, it is situated near a pollarded tree. It is 6m in diameter it is fenced off from the rest of the field (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 743.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA117711

Period Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Broad Haystack, Borrowdale Post Medieval

CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM NGR 326169 513519 **Type** 

Description

Site: 22366\*0 This semi-circular level platform has a revetment on the down slope side, this forms a terrace on the fell side. The circumference is over 15m and it measures 5m long by 3m wide. The platform is adjacent to a boundary wall, although a rough level area exists on the other side of the boundary it is very unlikely that the platform goes to the other side of the wall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 751.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115311 22367 Name Building Remains E of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 513729 **Type** BUILDING

**Description** 

Site: 22367\*0 Within a small Scot's Pine plantation is a small ruined building. The footings run parallel with the field boundary wall, these seem to be linked by less obvious footings to form a rectangular building. It is possible that this structure is associated with the nearby sheep fold in OS field number 521. It is possible that the building had an independent wall inside the present field wall, it is possible that it did have a gateway in the boundary wall. The site measures 9m long by 6.5m wide. There is a possible gateway in the boundary wall that measures 1.2m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 765.

MONUID MNA118716 **PREFREF** 22368

Name Clearance Cairn SE of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 513519 **Type** CLEARANCE CAIRN 326429

**Description** 

Site: 22368\*0 This cairn of small stones is largely turfed over, it measures 6m long and 2m wide. It is over 0.6m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 769.

**PREFREF** 22369 MONUID MNA121258 Post Medieval

Name Clearance Cairn SE of Stonethwaite, Borrowdale Period

NGR 513539 **Type** CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22369\*0 In the corner of the field is a ruinous clearance cairn, it has a larger pollarded tree growing through the middle of the site. The site measures 5m x 6m and is over 0.3m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA121259 Name Post Medieval

Charcoal Burning Platform N of Hanging Haystack, Borrowdale Period

NGR 513269 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM, WALL

Description

Site: 22370\*0 This charcoal burning platform has a stone revetment that is over 0.6m high. The site is on an area of flat ground, the site measures about 7m in diameter and over 20m in circumference. There seems to be a few heaps of cleared stone around the platform, charcoal has been found on site. Situated east of the platform is a ruinous linear feature, it is suggested that this was used to protect the platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 806.

MONUID MNA118438 PREFREF 22371 Period Name Level Platform N of Hanging Haystack, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 326379 513290 **Type** PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22371\*0 This site is very similar to the nearby charcoal burning platform (SMR 22370\*0) but there has been no charcoal found

on the site. The stone revetment front is 0.7m high, it measures 8m in diameter and over 20m in circumference. This sites function is not known, although it has been suggested that it is the remains of a hut, unused charcoal burning platform or a temporary cattle pasture during the growing season (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 806.

PREFREF 22372 MONUID MNA119342

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Hanging Haystack, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326400 513150 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22372\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is situated on the fell side north of Hanging Haystack. It has a substantial revertment wall that is over 1.5m high, it measures 6.5m in diameter and over 17-18m in circumference. The site is near a tributary of a nearby stream, this has caused some damage to one side of the platform. There has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 806.

PREFREF 22373 MONUID MNA118689

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Hanging Haystack, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326480 513110 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22373\*0 This large charcoal burning platform has a high revetment wall that is made of stone and earth, the revetment is 1.5-2m high. The site measures 7m in diameter and 22m in circumference. The site has a flat top that could be described as a bowling green top. There has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number

PREFREF 22374 MONUID MNA120105

Name Platform E of Hanging Haystack, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326490 513080 Type CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT

**Description** 

Site: 22374\*0 This large level platform is sub-circular in shape, it measures 6m wide and 7m long. It has a total circumference of over 19-20m, the front has a stone revetment wall that is 0.8-1 metre high. The front revetment forms a terrace on the slope. This is probably the remains of a charcoal burners hut (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 806.

PREFREF 22375 MONUID MNA118084

Name Platform E of Hanging Haystack, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326499 513040 Type CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT

Description

Site: 22375\*0 This sub-circular platform measures 7 x 6m and is over 19m in circumference. The revetment wall is over 1.3m high, this forms a terrace on the slope of the fell side. This is a probable charcoal burners hut platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 806.

PREFREF 22376 MONUID MNA115590

Name Shelter Wall NE of Hanging Haystack, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326503 513178 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22376\*0 This collapsed shelter wall is over 18m long and over 1.7m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site situated in OS field number 806.

PREFREF 22377 MONUID MNA118118

Name Charcoal Burning Platform S of Smithymire Island, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327371 512796 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22377\*0 This charcoal burning platform is incised into a shallow slope with a revetted edge. It measures approximately 6m x 5m with a circumference of 21m. A sheep trod crosses the pitstead exposing charcoal on its surface. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF 22378 MONUID MNA120680

Name Bield SE of Belt Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327120 512499 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22378\*0 This bield is 15m long and butts onto an intake wall. The wall has large boulders in its construction and is in a fair condition though collapsed at the western end.(Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF 22379 MONUID MNA118227

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Belt Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327089 512340 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22379\*0 The revetted edge of a charcoal burning platform projects from under an intake wall, the rest of the platform lies on the footpath behind. Situated close by is another platform site no 22380\*0. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF 22380 MONUID MNA118228

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Belt Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327080 512319 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22380\*0 A charcoal burning platform has been overlain by an intake wall so that the revetted front edge lies on one side and the

top of the platform is on the footpath. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF22381MONUIDMNA115042NameCharcoal Burning Platform SE of Johnny's HousePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327179 512490 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22381\*0 Located on a natural bedrock ledge approximately 8m above the path is a large oval platform. This likely charcoal burning platform measures 8m x 5m. A further area of level land to the south of the platform may be a hut site. A narrow gateway in a nearby wall may also be related as a possible route to a water source. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF22382MONUIDMNA119020NameBield NE of Johnny's House, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327250 512720 **Type** BIELD

**Description** 

Site: 22382\*0 This "C" shaped bield is approximately 14m long. The majority of it is in good condition with a maximum height of 1.5m. A short section of the wall has collapsed to its footings. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF 22383 MONUID MNA115778

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Johnny's House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327250 512499 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22383\*0 This charcoal burning platform is circular with edging stones. It measures 16 m in circumference and has a diameter of 5m. The down slope is revetted to a height of 1m, forming a level platform, the platform is not incised in to the slope but lies at the base of an area of boulder scree. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF 22384 MONUID MNA118769

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Johnny's House, Borowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327369 512679 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22384\*0 Rather indistinct due to the level nature of the surrounding land this charcoal burning platform is situated on a natural bedrock ledge. Roughly oval in shape it measures 6m x 5m with a circumference of 19m. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF 22385 MONUID MNA115354

Name Sheep Fold SE of Johnny's House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327270 512480 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22385\*0 This sheep fold is roughly rectangular in shape measuring approximately 7m x 5m. One of the sides and a corner are constructed from boulders and natural bedrock. The wall heights range from 0.50m to 1.4m. Form one corner of the fold a short section (5m) of wall runs downslope. Upslope of this site is a charcoal burning platform Site No: 22387\*0 (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF22386MONUIDMNA121391NameCharcoal Burners Hut E of Johnny's House, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327340 512529 Type CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT

Description

This small rectangular structure is built around a large boulder. It is of rough construction with a maximum wall height of 1.1m. It is possibly a hut or shelter for a charcoal burner. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF 22387 MONUID MNA116556

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Johnny's House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327280 512459 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22387\*0 This charcoal burning platform is located on the upslope of Sheep Fold 22385\*0. The back wall of the sheep fold is the revetment of the platform, approximately 1.5m high. It measures 6m x 4m with a circumference of 16m. Its age relationship with the sheep fold is unclear. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

 PREFREF
 22388
 MONUID
 MNA119680

 Name
 Charcoal Burning Platform W of Heron Crag, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

NGR 327250 512030 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22388\*0 This charcoal burning platform is oval in shape and incised into the fell side. It measures 4m x 8m and has a circumference of 22m. the platform has been filled with material from above and therefore has a sloping surface. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF22389MONUIDMNA116763NameCharcoal Burners Hut W of Heron Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 327270 512049 Type CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT

Description

Site: 22389\*0 These remains of a small charcoal burners hut consist of a circle of stone footings measuring 2.5m in diameter with a circumference of 8m. The site is located immediately above a charcoal burning platform Site: 22388. (Borrowdale Data Collection

Period

Post Medieval

Sheets)

**PREFREF** MONUID 22390 MNA116764 Name Charcoal Burning Platform W of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 512109 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22390\*0 Set into a steep fellside this oval charcoal burning platform is revetted at the front and measures 8m x 3m. It is much degraded as the platform has slipped downslope. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

**PREFREF** 22391 MONUID MNA119655 Name

Charcoal Burning Platform W of Heron Crag, Borrowdale NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 327200 512179 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 22391\*0 This oval charcoal burning platform measures 9m x4m with a circumference of 22m. It has a definite lip to the front of it with revetment standing up to 1.5m. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

MONUID **PREFREF** 22392 MNA116897 Post Medieval

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM NGR 327200 512249 Type

Description

Site: 22392\*0 This charcoal burning platform has been built onto a steep slope. It measures 9m x 4m with a circumference of 19m. The front is well revetted to a height of 2m. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115795 22393

Period Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 511960 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22393\*0 This charcoal burning platform is oval in shape with stone revetment, it measures 9m x 4m with a circumference of 22m and a height of 2m. Charcoal was found on the platform. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

**PREFREF** 22394 MONUID MNA116270

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327320 511960 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22394\*0 This charcoal burning platform is set into steep fellside and has a revetted front edge. It measures 9m x 5m with a circumference of 22m. Charcoal has been found in the platform. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF 22395 MONUID MNA120910

Post Medieval Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Bleak How, Borrowdale Period

NGR 327600 512399 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22395\*0 This oval charcoal burning platform is well preserved with revetment of the front edge measuring 1.1m. Incised into the slope it measures 9m x5m with a circumference of 29m. Charcoal was found at the site. The site is located at a height of over 300m, one of the highest platforms found. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116488

Name Sheep Fold S of Stepping Stones, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

512520 **Type** NGR 327699 SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22396\*0 A two celled Sheep Fold with spur walls to guide sheep into the pen, Measures roughly 10X14m. The walls are largely collapsed with heights ranging from 0.5m to 1.5m. The entrance to larger of the cells is on the north side. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119824

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Bleak How, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 512669 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22397\*0 Situated in the middle of an intake, this large oval charcoal burning platform measures 10m x 30m with a circumference of 30m. It is incised into the hillside and revetted at the front edge that measures 1.5m high. Charcoal found. (Borrowdale Data collection sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA117319

Name Possible Shieling E of Langstrath Beck, Borrowdale Period Medieval NGR 326820 511510 **Type SHIELING** 

Site: 22398\*0 Perfectly rectangular with rounded corners, this building is well preserved despite its collapse for a feature of this type. It measures 7m x 4m with a maximum wall height of 1.2m. The entrance measures 1m wide. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119448 22399

Name Period Clearance Cairn E Bank of Langstrath Beck, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 511510 **Type** CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22399\*0 This roughly linear clearance heap consists largely of small stone heaped against a rock outcrop. It measures approximately 6mx2m. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm) This feature could be the remains of a launder support and may be associated with NTSMR 22400. Jamie Lund jan 2000

**PREFREF** MONUID 22400 MNA116765

Name Iron Working Site (Bloomery) N of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval NGR 326769 511540 **Type** BLOOMERY, SMELTER

**Description** 

Site: 22400\*0 There are various components of this site the first being a squarish building or hearth measuring 4mx3.5m, enclosed by thick collapsed walls. Immediately adjacent to the west side is a drop or channel bounded by a thick wall, 6m long (separate from those mentioned above.) Attached to the north of this structure is a semi-circular "pen" of a thinner wall 6m deep with an external measurement of 16m, the western end of which is on a raised mound in which charcoal has been found. The walls of the northern structure have a maximum height of 0.5m and the southern measure up to 1m. A piece of iron ore and several pieces of iron slag were found in the walls. To the south are a line of Stone Cairns or piles leading to the beck, possibly to carry a water leat, the cairns are aligned with the channel. Under the largest cairn a piece of rusted ironwork was found. The semicircular "pen" may be a store associated with the smelt or a later enclosure. A sketch of the site can be found in the original record (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119656 22401 Name Clearance Cairn E of Langstrath Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326909 511580 **Type** CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22401\*0 Measuring 2m x 2m this clearance cairn is piled up against a large boulder.

**PREFREF** 22402 MONUID MNA116898

Period Name Bield E of Langstrath Beck, Borrowdale Post Medieval

511633 **Type** NGR **BIELD** 326952

Description

Site: 22402\*0 This short section of shelter wall, known as a Bield measures 9m long. It is partly collapsed with a maximum height of (Borrowdale Data Collection sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** MONUID 22403 MNA115796

Name Period Slate Quarry Track Bridge E of Langstrath, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 511869 **Type BRIDGE** 

Description

Site: 22403\*0 Fording a stream with a 3m bridge span, 2m wide, this bridge is made of stone and earth and clears the bed of the stream by 1.2m. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** 22404 MONUID MNA116275

Name Quarry NW of Sergeants Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR

511603 **Type** 327247 SLATE QUARRY

**Description** 

Site: 22404\*0 The site comprises of a quarried face, spoil heaps, slate revetments and worked slate. The slate revetments act as retaining walls for quarried areas above so stabilising the site on very steep slopes. The rock face bears evidence of drill holes. The hut is rectangular in shape measuring approximately 3mx4m. The upslope wall measures 1.5m and the down slope wall measures 1.3 giving a sloping roof. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120911

Name Charcoal Burning Platform W of Sergeants Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 511390 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22405\*0 A dominant feature on these steep slopes, this oval charcoal burning platform is incised into the slope with a substantial amount (1.6m high) of stone revetment at the front. The circumference of the platform is 22m with a length of 8m and a width of 6m. The area to the rear of the platform could possibly have been the location of a charcoal burners hut as sufficient level ground is present. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116489 22406 Slate Quarry, Cave & Hut NW of Sergeants Crag, Borrowdale Period Name Post Medieval

NGR 511520 **Type** QUARRY 327135

Description

Site: 22406\*0 Lower on the fell than Site 22404\*0. This quarry is connected to the upper quarry by a trackway. The quarried rock face bears the traces drill holes as does the cave that has been quarried away. Below the cave is a hut measuring 5mx4m with a maximum wall height of 3m. Inside the hut are two cupboards or shelves built into the internal wall. The front wall is of double thickness to prevent collapse. Immediately in front of the hut the land has been levelled to create a working platform, this is kept secure by the presence of a substantial revetment. Built up against the revetment wall is a small storage hut. 1.5m high with a sloping roof, built up against the revetment wall. A map of the site is held in the original records. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

 PREFREF
 22407
 MONUID
 MNA119825

 Name
 Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

NGR 327039 511549 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22407\*0 This charcoal burning platform is oval in shape and measures 9m x 4m with a circumference of 19m. Charcoal was found at this site. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

PREFREF 22408 MONUID MNA117320

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Sergeants Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327099 511610 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22408\*0 This oval charcoal burning platform is set into the steep fellside and has a revetted front edge that stands up to 1.5m high. The platform measures 7m x 6m with a circumference of 18m. Charcoal was found at the site. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

PREFREF 22409 MONUID MNA119449

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Heron Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327190 511839 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22409\*0 This charcoal burning platform is sub-circular in shape with a well revetted front edge, measuring 1.7m high. The platform measures 10m x 6m with a circumference of 23m. Charcoal has been found at this site. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

PREFREF 22410 MONUID MNA119450

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327070 511489 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22410\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 9m x 7m with a circumference of 26m. The front edge is well revetted (1.5m high) to support the platform. Charcoal was found at this site. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

PREFREF 22411 MONUID MNA117263

Name Charcoal Burning Platform W of Sergeants Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327070 511430 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22411\*0 This Charcoal Burning Platform measures 10m x 6m with a circumference of 27m. The front edge is revetted to a height of 1m but is somewhat damaged. Charcoal has been found on this site. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

PREFREF 22412 MONUID MNA115194

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326990 511269 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22<sup>4</sup>12\*0 This Charcoal Burning Platform is incised into a sloping fellside that measures 9m x 6m with a circumference of 23m. The front edge is revetted to a height of 1m but this is now collapsed. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

PREFREF22413MONUIDMNA116083NameSlate Quarry NE of Blackmoss Pot, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NameSlate Quarry NE of Blackmoss Pot, BorrowdaleNGR326889511400TypeSLATE QUARRY

Description

Site: 22413\*0 The quarry level is below ground level near the quarry face. The quarry face itself displays evidence of boreholes. Heaps of spoil and discarded material line the downslope side of the open level. There is also a linear spoil heap measuring 26m long, 1m high above ground level with a width between 2m and 4.5m. There is a short section of revetment at the beginning of the quarry level. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

PREFREF 22414 MONUID MNA120150

Name Peat Cutting Scars E of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326870 511330 Type PEAT CUTTING

Description

Site: 22414\*0 This peat cutting scar has a definite edge and measures 20m in total. It is 0.3m deep. It is roughly "U" shaped. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

PREFREF 22415 MONUID MNA116606

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326820 511430 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22415\*0 The size of this Charcoal Burning Platform is difficult to determine as it is on level ground but it is thought to be about 6m x 7m approximately in diameter. A footpath runs alongside the edge of the platform giving it a depth of about 0.5m. Charcoal has been found at the site. Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

 PREFREF
 22416
 MONUID
 MNA120602

 Name
 Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

NGR 326889 CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 511470 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 22416\*0 The size of this platform is difficult to estimate as it lies on a level area but a rough estimate would be 4m x 6m. The path that runs alongside cuts the platform to a depth of 0.30m. Charcoal has been found at this site.(Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** 22417 MONUID MNA116642 Name Sheep Fold NE of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326959 511570 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22417\*0 This sheep fold is roughly circular in shape and has been built to incorporate a number of large boulders in its structure. In addition to the central fold there are two walls that but onto the walls to create a wide open enclosure, or guiding line for the sheep. The circumference of the central pen measures 23m. The two walls are 3m and 10m. The gateway to the pen measures 0.5m wide. The maximum wall height of the central pen is 1.5m. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** 22418 MONUID MNA115396 Name Bield NE of Blackmoss Pot, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 326990 511589 **Type** BIELD

Site: 22418\*0 This bield measures 9m long and runs between two large boulders with a pollarded tree behind it. It has a wall height of between 0.5m and 1m in height.(Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** 22419 MONUID

Name Slate Extraction Track along Valley, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 327010 511699 **Type** TRACKWAY

**Description** 

Site: 22419\*2 This cobbled track, 1.5m-2m wide is linked to 22419\*1 and runs adjacent to Langstrath Beck, northwards out of the valley. This track has been carefully constructed along its length to enable slate to be transported out of the valley. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120868 22421

Name Charcoal Burners Hut, Greenup Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 512170 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT

Description

Site: 22421\*0 This convenient level platform is situated close by site 22420\*0. It has a partial Stone rim on the platform, possibly the stone used to support the wigwam structure. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** MONUID 22422 MNA116699

Period Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Eagle Crag, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 327749 512350 **Type** 

Description

Site: 22422\*0 This sub circular charcoal burning platform measures 7m x 6m with a circumference of 22m. The stone revetment has slipped, producing a two tier platform. Closer inspection of the site revealed the presence of charcoal. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116161 22423

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

515399 **Type** NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22423\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 4m in diameter and 18m in circumference. The platform has a stone revetment at the front that forms a terrace (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 391.

**PREFREF** 22424 **MONUID** MNA118897

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 326020 515380 **Type** 

Description

Site: 22424\*0 This large charcoal burning platform has a 2 metre high revetment that forms a terrace on the fell side. The revetment is formed from large boulders, the site measures over 22m in circumference. It measures 6m in diameter (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 391.

**PREFREF** 22425 MONUID MNA116985

Charcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale NGR 326090 515390 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Name

Site: 22425\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is over 26m in circumference and 6m in diameter. The platform has a high revetment wall that is formed from large stones (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 391.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA118941 22426

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 515420 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM Post Medieval

Period

### **Description**

Site: 22426\*0 This large egg shaped charcoal burning platform is over 9m long and 7m wide. It has a circumference of over 25m, the front stone revetment wall is over 1.2m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 391.

PREFREF22427MONUIDMNA115690NamePlatform in Frith Wood, BorrowdalePeriodMedieval

NGR 326045 515509 Type PLATFORM, NATURAL FEATURE

## Description

This egg shaped platform measures 16m in circumference and 4m wide by 5m long. It is possibly a natural feature or a hut site, there has been no charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection). This site is situated in OS field number 391.

PREFREF22428MONUIDMNA117869NameCharcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325940 515480 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

### **Description**

Site: 22428\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is elliptical in shape and measures 23m in circumference. It is 6m wide and 8m long, the site has a deeply incised platform that forms a terrace on the slopes of the wood (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 391.

 PREFREF
 22429
 MONUID
 MNA120698

 Name
 Charcoal Burning Platform in Frith Wood, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

NGR 326140 515420 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

#### **Description**

Site: 22429\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is over 22m in circumference and 8m in diameter. The revetment wall forms a terrace in the slope of the fell side, the site is in a ruinous condition (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 391.

PREFREF22430MONUIDMNA120699NameHut or Building near Longthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325510 514349 Type STRUCTURE

### Description

Site: 22430\*0 This small hut measures 2.6m long and 2-3m wide, there is a 1 metre wide entrance in the south wall. The structure is built against the intake wall and is possibly built over a larger rectangular structure (SMR 22431\*0). It is suggested that they could be both contemporary but the large structure fell into disuse and was then robbed. There is a small wall cupboard in the south wall, it should be noted that there is corrugated iron near the walls this suggests that the site is modern in date (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 448.

PREFREF22431MONUIDMNA117915NameStructure near Longthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Roman

NGR 325510 514319 Type STRUCTURE

## Description

Site: 22431\*0 This large rectangular structure is collapsed down to its footings, it measures approximately 10m x 7m. There does not seem to be a entrance to the structure, it appears that the walls only rose to 0.7m high. There are several large boulders that form the base of the structure. It is possible that the site is associated with the smaller nearby hut (SMR 22430\*0). The purpose and date of this large structure are unknown (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 448.

PREFREF22432MONUIDMNA117974NameCharcoal Burning Platform NE of Folly Bridge, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325420 514120 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

# Description

Site: 22432\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 21m in circumference and 6 x 8m. It has a shallow revetment wall that is 0.7m high, the wall forms a terrace on the slope (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

PREFREF22434MONUIDMNA119559NameCharcoal Burning Platform NE of Folly Bridge, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325389 514139 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

### Description

Site: 22434\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform measures 6m x 7m and has a circumference of over 21m. The front revertment rises to a maximum of over 0.3m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

PREFREF 22435 MONUID MNA118577

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325370 514160 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

## Description

Site: 22435\*0 This large circular charcoal burning platform is circular in shape, it measures 6m in diameter and over 18m in circumference. The site is on an out crop of natural bedrock, the revetment is 0.5m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

PREFREF22436MONUIDMNA115797NameBuilding Remains NE of Folly Bridge, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325240 BUILDING 514169 Type

**Description** 

Site: 22436\*0 This large oval shaped building is cut into the bank and the front revetment forms a platform for the structure. The site measures 4m long and 2m wide, it is over 18m in circumference. The entrance appears to be in the western end (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA117856 Post Medieval

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period

NGR 514139 **Type** 325290 CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22437\*0 This charcoal burning platform is in a very good state of repair, the front stone revetment wall is 0.6m high, the wall is slightly higher than the ground level of the platform. It is possible that this platform could be storage or a loading area for charcoal (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

**PREFREF** 22438 MONUID MNA120448 Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325279 514090 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22438\*0 This large circular charcoal burning platform is 6m in diameter and over 17m in circumference. The stone revetment wall is 0.7m high, the site is cut into the fell side to form a terraced platform on the slope (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

**PREFREF** MONUID

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 514099 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22439\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform measures 5m x 7m and is over 21m in circumference. The stone revetment wall is 0.7m high, there is a large tree in the centre of the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA117780

Name Charcoal Burning Platform N of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 514099 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22440\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is 8m in diameter and over 23m in circumference. The revetment wall is over 1 metre high and is cut into the bank (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

**PREFREF** 22441 MONUID MNA119962

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

324960 514039 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM NGR

Description

Site: 22441\*0 This large circular charcoal burning platform is 7m in diameter and 21m in circumference. The platform has a substantial revetment wall that is 0.8m high, this revetment forms a terrace on the slope of the fell side (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA118076 22442

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

514060 **Type** NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22442\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform measures 7 x 8m and is over 23m in circumference. It has a front revetment wall that is over 0.7m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115227 22443

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 514010 **Type** 

Site: 22443\*0 This charcoal burning platform is circular and measures 7 x 7m with a circumference of 21m. The front edge is revetted to a height of 0.7m. There is a tree on the revetment edge (Borrowdale, data collection sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535

**PREFREF** 22444 MONUID MNA119085

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 513980 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22444\*0 This is a large oval charcoal burning platform with a circumference of 21m and a diameter of 7m. The front edge of the platform is revetted to a height of 0.7m. The original records note that there is a tree in the centre of the platform though this is not clear from the photo (Borrowdale, data collection sheets). The site is situated in OS field number 535

**PREFREF** 22445 MONUID MNA120771

Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Name Post Medieval NGR 324920 514029 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22445\*0 This charcoal burning platform is circular with a circumference of 21m and a diameter of 7m. The front edge of the platform is revetted to a height of 0.70m. At the far edge it is cut into the bank (Borrowdale, data collection sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

PREFREF 22446 MONUID MNA117718

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324889 513959 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM, STRUCTURE

**Description** 

Site: 22446\*0 Situated on the fellside, north-west of Folly Bridge is a large oval charcoal burning platform over which lie the remains of a building. The platform measures 8 x 8m and has a circumference of 22m. The front of the platform is revetted to a height of 0.6m. The building remains consist of a horseshoe shaped line of footings. The front side of the building measures 5m and the back measures 3m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

PREFREF 22447 MONUID MNA120473

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324869 513999 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22447\*0 This large circular charcoal burning platform is over 26m in circumference, it has a diameter of 8m. The stone revetment wall is 0.6m high, this forms a terraced platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

PREFREF 22448 MONUID MNA118597

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Folly Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324900 513929 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22448\*0 This large circular charcoal burning platform measures 6m in diameter and 20m in circumference. The revetment wall measures 0.8m high, the site is crossed by a modern day path (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 535.

PREFREF 22449 MONUID MNA120528

Name Building Remains in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325269 514239 Type BARK PEELERS HUT, CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT

**Description** 

Site: 22449\*0 This stone structure survives mostly to its footings, at one point it rises to a height of 1 metre. The site is sub-circular in shape and measures 4 x 2.5-3m, the eastern section is the best preserved. It is probably a charcoal burners hut but there is no hearth visible in the site, it is possible that it could be a bark peelers hut (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 536.

PREFREF 22450 MONUID MNA120529

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325177 514374 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22450\*0 This site is a well preserved charcoal burning platform, it has a substantial revetment wall that forms a level platform. The oval shaped site measures 5m wide and 7m long, it is over 20m in circumference. There are two large mature trees growing on the platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 536.

PREFREF 22451 MONUID MNA119032

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325149 514410 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22451\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 6m wide and 7m long, it has a total circumference of over 21m. The front revetment wall is 1.6m high, there appears to be a depression in the centre of the platform that was probably caused by an uprooted tree (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 536.

PREFREF 22452 MONUID MNA115917

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325139 514440 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22452\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform is 11m long and 9m wide, it has a circumference of over 29m. The reverment wall is over 1 metre high and forms a level platform on the fellside (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

PREFREF 22453 MONUID MNA121286

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325019 514470 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22453\*0 This large level platform is probably a charcoal burning platform, it is of indeterminate size and shape. The front revertment wall is 1 metre in height, this platform may be associated with a similar site nearby (SMR 22453\*0). There is a track that

lead up to the two platforms and charcoal has been found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

PREFREF 22454 MONUID MNA116132

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325030 514449 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22454\*0 This level platform is probably a charcoal burning platform, it appears to be associated with a similar site that is nearby (SMR 22453\*0). This site may be the larger of the two and could be circular and over 20m in circumference. There has been charcoal found on both sites (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

PREFREF 22455 MONUID MNA120536

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324989 514489 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22455\*0 This charcoal burning platform is indeterminate in size, although it does appear large. There appears to be a revetment wall and charcoal has been found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

PREFREF 22456 MONUID MNA116136

Name Hollow way in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324980 514650 **Type** HOLLOW WAY

Description

Site: 22456\*0 This deeply grooved channel in Johnny's Wood measures 3m wide and 1m deep. It is probably a timber extraction channel, this is supported by the remains of a steel cable and a derelict winch near to the channel. It is also suggested that this site is a hollow way, although this seems unlikely (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

PREFREF 22457 MONUID MNA120509

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324949 514589 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22457\*0 This large circular charcoal burning platform is 6m in diameter and over 20m in circumference. It has a revetment wall that is 0.5m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

PREFREF 22458 MONUID MNA115964

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324850 514550 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22458\*0 This large oval shaped charcoal burning platform is over 21m in circumference and measures 8m long by 7m wide. The revetment wall is over 1 metre high and forms a level platform on the fellside (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

PREFREF 22459 MONUID MNA115483

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324850 514669 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22459\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform is over 29m in circumference, it measures 10m long and 8metres wide. The revetment wall is 1m high. It is cut into the bank forming a terrace on the slope. There is a large tree growing on the platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

PREFREF 22460 MONUID MNA115484

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324809 514659 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22460\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform is 7m long and 4m wide, it is 17m in circumference. The revetment wall is about 1.7m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

PREFREF 22461 MONUID MNA116862

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324840 514729 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22461\*0 This charcoal burning platform is oval in shape it measures 8m wide and 11m long. It has a circumference of 33m. The revetment wall is 1.2m high and is very substantial. The revetment forms a platform on the fellside, a large boulder is in the centre of the platform (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

PREFREF 22462 MONUID MNA121252

Name Building Remains in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324859 514710 Type BUILDING PLATFORM, CHARCOAL BURNERS HUT

Description

Site: 22462\*0 This scooped out hollow is 4m wide and 6m long there is some stone present around the site. It is probably the remains of a structure, such as a charcoal burners hut (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

**PREFREF** MONUID 22463 MNA117236 Name Period Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 514699 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 324939

**Description** 

Site: 22463\*0 This large circular and sunken charcoal burning platform has a centre that is lower than the lip. It measures 7m in diameter and over 23m in circumference. There is a large tree in the centre of the site (Borrowdale, Data collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 537.

**PREFREF** 22464 MONUID MNA121332

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Scaleclose Coppice, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

514890 **Type** NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22464\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 5m long and 4m wide, it has a circumference of 20m. The platform is oval in shape with a built up revetment front that forms a platform on the slope. There has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 570.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116950 22465

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 514349 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22465\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 5m wide and 8m long, it has a circumference of over 22m. The revetment wall forms a platform on the terrace (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 587.

**PREFREF** MONUID 22466 MNA119707

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325019 514230 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22466\*0 This large circular charcoal burning platform measures 7m in diameter and over 20m in circumference. The stone revetment wall is very substantial and rises to a height of 1.2m. The wall forms a level platform on the fellside (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site should be situated in OS field number 588.

**PREFREF** 22467 MONUID MNA117308

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 514179 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22467\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform measures 6m x 7m with a circumference of over 19m. It has a substantial revetment wall that measures over 1 metre high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 588.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115595

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325019 514160 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22468\*0 This oval shaped charcoal burning platform measures 6 x 9m and over 21m in circumference. The revetment wall is 1 metre high and forms a level platform on the fellside. New saplings have been planted on the site (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 588.

**PREFREF** 22469 MONUID MNA116495

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 514160 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22469\*0 This circular shaped charcoal burning platform measures 8m in diameter and over 27m in circumference. The revetment wall is very substantial and rises to a height of 1.2m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 588.

**PREFREF** 22470 **MONUID** MNA116496

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 514130 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Site: 22470\*0 This circular shaped charcoal burning platform is 7m in diameter and over 24m in circumference. The revetment wall is very low and is only 0.5m high (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number 588.

**PREFREF** 22471 MONUID MNA120812

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324889 514050 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22471\*0 This large circular charcoal burning platform measures 8m in diameter and over 24m in circumference. It has a low revetment that measures 0.6m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 589.

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116251 22472

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324859 514029 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22472\*0 This semi-circular charcoal burning platform is 6m in diameter and over 11m in circumference. The platform would appear to be truncated by a track (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 589.

PREFREF 22473 MONUID MNA115894

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324840 514039 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22473\*0 This very indistinct charcoal burning platform measures 6 x 7m with a circumference of over 22m. The site is adjacent to the new Rylock Fence (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). this site is situated in OS field number 589.

PREFREF 22474 MONUID MNA117450

Name Ramps & Building SW of Johnny's Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324790 514042 **Type** RAMP, BARN

Description

Site: 22474\*0 These two heavily constructed ramps lead up to the remains of Bank Barn. The upper ramp has a 0.5 metre cubby hole built into it. The top ramp is over 1.7m high, there are several large boulders incorporated into the construction (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). This site is situated in OS field number 589.

The barn itself is rectangular, measuring 11 x 6m. An internal sub division created at least two compartments. The building was two storied building with access via the two ramps. A walled enclosure is attached to the outside of the barn at the front. The ramps remain in good condition but the walls of the building have collapsed. (Borrowdale Notebook 1)

PREFREF 22475 MONUID MNA115665

Name Rock Shelter SW of Sprinkling Tarn, Borrowdale Period Medieval

NGR 322664 509552 Type ROCK SHELTER

**Description** 

Site:  $22\overline{4}75$ \*0 This small rock shelter measures 5 x 2m, the roof has collapsed. The walls rise to a maximum height of 0.75-1m (Borrowdale Note Book).

PREFREF 22476 MONUID MNA117074

Name Bield or Enclosure NE of Sprinkling Tarn, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 322753 509178 Type BIELD, ENCLOSURE

Description

Site: 22476\*0 This poorly constructed wall is either an enclosure or shelter wall, it appears that it is being used as a camp site. It measure 7m long and has a large boulder incorporated into the wall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 22476 MONUID MNA117074

Name Bield or Enclosure NE of Sprinkling Tarn, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 322753 509178 Type BIELD, ENCLOSURE

Description

Site: 22476\*0 This poorly constructed wall is either an enclosure or shelter wall, it appears that it is being used as a camp site. It measure 7m long and has a large boulder incorporated into the wall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 22477 MONUID MNA120952

Name Bield or Enclosure NW Sprinkling Tarn, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 322820 509279 Type BIELD, ENCLOSURE

Description

Site: 22477\*0 This roughly built shelter wall measures 8m long and 2.5m wide. There appears to have been a sub-division in the middle of the side, the walls now rise to 1 metre high and as they reach the ends the wall falls to its footings (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 22478 MONUID MNA116628

Name Sheep Fold E of Great Slack, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323309 509709 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22478\*0 This broadly rectangular sheep fold measures 4 x 6m with a maximum wall height of 0.75m. There is a 2 metre wide entrance on the western side of the structure (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22479 MONUID MNA120397

Name Sheep Fold SE of Sprinkling Crags, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323179 509440 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22479\*0 This broadly rectangular sheep fold is constructed on a levelled platform. The fold walls measure 17m long and 9m wide, the northern end tapers into a point and measures 3m. One edge of the platform is cut into the fellside and the wall acts as a revertment. The entrance is 1 metre wide and faces down into the valley. The walls are in a ruinous condition and rise to 1.25m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 22480 MONUID MNA120398

Name Cairns W of Grains Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323419 509940 **Type** CAIRN

Description

Site: 22480\*0 This line of three small cairns is situated on the valley bottom. They measure 1 metre in diameter and are about 10m apart, the centre cairn is piled up against a large boulder (Borrowdale, Note Book).

PREFREF 22481 MONUID MNA116728

Name Boundary Wall S of Aaron Crags, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323000 510350 Type BOUNDARY WALL

**Description** 

Site: 22481\*0 This 50 metre stretch of boundary wall is in a ruinous condition and is down to the footings. The wall cuts across the top of a deep gully, it is probable that this was built to prevent sheep from going into the gully (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22482 MONUID MNA119928

Name Revetted Bank next to Grains Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323515 510296 Type BANK (EARTHWORK), REVETMENT

Description

Site: 22482\*0 This 13 metre long revetment is approximately 1 metre high and runs parallel and adjacent to Grains Gill. Large boulders have been used as footings with smaller stone on top (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22483 MONUID MNA118503

Name Sheep Fold next to Grains Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323540 510530 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22483\*0 This large rectangular sheep fold measures 15m wide and over 30m long. It has three cells the first and largest is in the southern side it measures 19m long by 15m wide. The second largest cell is in the north end it measures 10m long and 9m wide, an entrance is in the west wall that measures 0.75m. The final cell measures 10m long and 6m wide. The main entrance to the whole sheep fold measures 1 metre wide, it is on the northern wall. There is a hogg hole in the western wall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets)

PREFREF 22484 MONUID MNA115078

Name Sheep Fold W of Grains Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323340 510500 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22484\*0 This circular sheep fold measures 9m in diameter, there appears to be an internal sub-division. There are two possible entrances the first is on the down slope side on the eastern wall and the second on the northern wall. There are traces of wall footings run down slope away from the fold, these run for 10m, and curve back to the folds walls. There are several boulders incorporated into the structure, much of the walls are down to their footings (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22485 MONUID MNA119404

Name Wall Footings E of Black Waugh, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323309 510670 Type BOUNDARY WALL, WALL

Description

Site: 22485\*0 This long stretch of wall footings measures over 40m, it runs in a north to south direction along the fell side. It is probably related to the intake of land, it has been suggested that the site could be related to an enclosure of some sort but this seems unlikely (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22486 MONUID MNA121213

Name Sheep Fold E of Black Waugh, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323419 510670 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22486\*0 This oval shaped sheep fold measures 6m x 8m, it runs down slope from a large boulder. It is in a ruinous condition (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 22487 MONUID MNA117873

Name Shelter Wall W of Grains Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323449 510539 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22487\*0 This 10 metre long shelter wall runs down the fell side, it is in a ruinous condition with little left but its footings. The wall curves in slightly as it runs down the valley (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22489MONUIDMNA118836NameTrackway W of Stockley Bridge, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323408 510911 **Type** TRACKWAY

Description

Site: 22489\*0 This disused trackway is 1-1.5m wide, it runs from Stockley Bridge up into the fell side and joins a NT footpath. There is no signs of stone revetting although the path is sunk into the ground to a depth of 10-20 centimetres (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22490MONUIDMNA118837NameTrackway N of Stockley Bridge, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323432 511017 **Type** TRACKWAY

### **Description**

Site: 22490\*0 This 1-1.5m wide trackway is running between Grains Gill and the lower wall of the intake. This track heads to Stockley Bridge, the site can be clearly seen as an area that is clear of stones (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22491 MONUID MNA120156

Name Enclosure or Revetted Path NW of Stockley Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323447 511018 Type ENCLOSURE

### Description

Site: 22491\*0 This small L shaped section of revetment measures 6 x 4m and is over 1 metre high. There appears to be wall footings to the north of the revetment, these measure 4m in length. In front of this is a smaller revetment that is 0.3m high and 4m long by 2m wide. A trackway is immediately south of this site (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22492 MONUID MNA118706

Name Circular Feature N of Stockley Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NameCircular Feature N of Stockley Bridge, BorrowdalePeriodPeriodNGR323422511054TypePOUND, WALL

### Description

Site: 22492\*0 This circular feature is over 4m in diameter and is marked out by large boulders, the site is cut by a water eroded bank that is 1.5m high. The feature can be seen continuing down to the bottom of the bank. Sixm to the north of this site is a 4 metre long stretch of wall that appears to connect the bank with the intake wall (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets).

PREFREF 22493 MONUID MNA115656

Name Sheep Fold S of Styhead Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323229 511029 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

# Description

Site: 22493\*0 This rectangular or trapezoid sheep fold incorporating an intake wall that is in general good condition. The other two sides are derelict including a small extension of 1 wall that joined up with the now dry beck. The eastern wall appears to have been open but it is now sealed up.

PREFREF 22494 MONUID MNA117637

Name Possible Burial Cairn N of Styhead Gill, Borrowdale Period Prehistoric

NGR 322699 510780 Type BURIAL CAIRN, NATURAL FEATURE

#### Description

Site: 22494\*0 This substantial cairn of stones is located on the south bank of Styhead Gill on the brow of Styhead pass. The top of the cairn has a boulder filled hollow that measures 3 x 2m. The stone hollow is not turfed over, on the north-east side of the site appears to have slumped slightly down the slope. The southern edge along Styhead Gill is eroded by a footpath, but still in generally good condition. The west and north-west edges are in good condition and edged by a few large boulders. The western side of the site appears to be 1.5-2m high, while the eastern side appears to be 3m high. The north-east to south-east diameter of the site is 33m, this includes the slumping down. The north-east to south-west is approximately 20m (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22495 MONUID MNA121050

Name Cairn or Relict Wall NW of Black Waugh, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323109 510770 **Type** CAIRN, WALL

## Description

Site: 22495\*0 This small pile of rocks is approximately 1.5m in width and is piled up between two boulders. It is suggested this is a cairn or the remains of a relict wall (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22496 MONUID MNA119160

Name Footpath on Greenhow Knott, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323109 510870 **Type** FOOTPATH

# Description

Site: 22496\*0 This footpath is running south-east to north-west for over 30m, it is above a NT footpath. The path appears to connect a wooded enclosure with Black Waugh, small sections of the path a revetted. It is approximately 1m wide (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22497 MONUID MNA119318
Name Charcoal Burning Platform next to Styhead Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

Name Charcoal Burning Platform next to Styhead Gill, Borrowdale
NGR 323119 511050 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

## Description

Site: 22497\*0 This large charcoal burning platform has a stone revetment facing east down slope. The levelled circular are is 7m in diameter, the rear bank is 0.75m high. It is immediately adjacent to Styhead Gill, a wire fence runs through the south section of the site (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22498 MONUID MNA119121

Name Shelter Wall N of Styhead Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323099 511120 **Type** BIELD

# Description

Site: 22498\*0 This small section of curved shelter wall that is 6m long and 0.75m high. It is built up against a crag face facing east and overlooking the valley (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22499 MONUID MNA119054

Name Sheep Fold & Shelter Wall N of Styhead Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323140 511091 Type BIELD, SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22499\*0 This broadly circular sheepfold has two entrances both about 1 metre wide these are in the western and eastern side. The fold measures 10 x 8m wide and has a maximum wall height of 1.25m. An associated wall runs down slope from the fold's eastern entrance, this wall is over 22m long. This site appears to be apart of a concentration of sheep processing sites within the area. The wall appears to run further down the slope but after 20-22m it is completely destroyed down to a faint trace of its footings (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22500MONUIDMNA118838NameSheep Fold & Walls N of Styhead Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

Name Sheep Fold & Walls N of Styhead Gill, Borrowdale NGR 323179 511160 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22500\*0 This circular sheep fold measures 7m x 6m and has walls that rise to a height of 1.25m. The walls on the south side of the site extend out either side and curve around to form two shelter walls that flank the fold (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22501MONUIDMNA120157NameWalled Revetement E of Strawberry Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323080 511290 **Type** SHAFT, WALL

Description

Site: 22501\*0 This small section of wall is 1.5m high, it measures 3m long at the base and 2m at the top. The wall is on steeply sloping fell side near an intake wall. The area behind the wall is turfed over, it is possible this is the remains of a blocked shaft entrance (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22502 MONUID MNA118707

Name Enclosure E of Strawberry Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323159 511320 Type ENCLOSURE

Description

Site: 22502\*0 This relict D shaped enclosure is built up against a derelict intake wall. It measures 13m x 11m and is all but destroyed. It is possible that this site is the precursor of a nearby sheepfold (SMR 22503\*0), there is just a faint trace of footings remaining of this fold (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22503MONUIDMNA115655NameSheep Fold E of Strawberry Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323200 511320 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22503\*0 This large rectangular sheep fold is built up against an intake wall, it has a large entrance that is 6m long on the western side. The fold measures 15 x 22m the eastern wall is 13m wide. A second associated site is cut by the intake wall, this is a smaller rectangle that is 8 x 11m and incorporates a large boulder into its design. It appears the smaller feature is a possible sheepfold or enclosure that is much older than the larger site, it seems that this site predates the enclosure wall (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22504 MONUID MNA117633

Name Shelter Wall N of Styhead Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323249 511120 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22504\*0 This L shaped shelter wall is situated on gently sloping fellside, just behind a ridge. One wall faces east the other north, it is possible that a third wall faces west on the up slope side. Both remaining and visible walls are 15m in length with a maximum wall height of 0.5m (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22505MONUIDMNA121052NameSheep Fold W of Styhead Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NameSheep Fold W of Styhead Gill, BorrowdaleNGR323369511300TypeSHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22505\*0 This large sheepfold is built up against a relict intake wall and forms an extension which arcs out into the intake. The wall curls back on its self in a hook shape, the wall is approximately 25m long and over 1 metre high. There are many large boulders incorporated into the structure, on the northern side there is a gap between the intake walls. It is suggested that this site is contemporary with the intake walls and seems to be apart of a method of controlling access between the intakes (Borrowdale, Note Book)

PREFREF 22506 MONUID MNA119161

Name Shelter Wall W of Styhead Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323295 511340 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22506\*0 This 5 metre long shelter wall has large boulders incorporated on its east end. The maximum wall height is 0.75m. It is in good functioning condition (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22507MONUIDMNA119322NameEnclosure E of Strawberry Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323270 511339 Type ENCLOSURE

Description

Site: 22507\*0 This small enclosure is built against an intake wall, the wall has two entrances one in the east end and the other in the

west. The wall curls round and ends in a large boulder, this site is very close to a more complex site of similar type (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22508 MONUID MNA119122

Name Bield E of Strawberry Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323220 511360 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22508\*0 This small section of walling is 1m x 1m it is built between two large rocks, including the rocks the site is 3m long and just over 0.5m high (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22509MONUIDMNA119056NameWall E of Strawberry Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323249 511360 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22509\*0 This small section of shelter wall is 2m in length and 1 metre high. It appears to be one of a number of associated sites in the same area. The wall appears to be completely buried by boulders that have subsequently become turfed over. Interpretation is difficult and it is difficult to tell if it is a shelter wall or a ruined intake wall (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22510 MONUID MNA119058

Name Charcoal Burning Platform E of Strawberry Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323159 511390 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22510\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 6 x 9m with an east facing revetment. The level platform is cut at an angle to the slope, which creates a terrace. It is located halfway up the intake in an area of bracken. The present day tree line is nearby (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22511 MONUID MNA118913

Name Cairn SE of Fawn Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323369 511680 **Type** CAIRN

Description

Site: 22511\*0 This large cairn is approximately 4m in diameter, with the central 2m exposed. Much of the rest of the cairn is turfed over. It is located in a very clear area of pasture, it is possible that the cairn is natural (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22512 MONUID MNA114981

Name Linear Cairn or Enclosure SE of Fawn Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323320 511699 Type ENCLOSURE, CAIRN, WALL

Description

Site: 22512\*0 This area of stones is approximately 1.5m wide and 0.25m high. The site is flanked on the down slope side by a line of larger stones, the wall stretches for 12m. There is slight evidence for an abandoned path immediately in front of the feature. The site has some structure to it due to the linear arrangement of stones. The mound of smaller stones is probably associated with the stone arrangement. It appears this site is the remains of a wall which was either an enclosure or an intake wall (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22513 MONUID MNA118017

Name Shelter Wall SE of Fawn Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323289 511720 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22513\*0 This 12 metre long shelter wall incorporates two large boulders, the walls maximum height is 1.75m. The eastern end is tumbled to its footings for the first 5m, the western end may have extended further. It would appear that much of the site has been destroyed by the footpath. This site may have been a later replacement for the shelter wall nearby (SMR 22514\*0), which is 20m to the south (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22514 MONUID MNA120258

Name Shelter Wall SE of Fawn Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323299 511680 **Type** BIELD

**Description** 

Site:  $22\overline{5}14*0$  This large 12 metre stretch of wall rises to a height of 0.5m at the west end. It is generally destroyed down to the footings, the site is bisected by a footpath (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22515 MONUID MNA118080

Name Sheepfold NE of Fawn Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323282 511796 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22515\*0 This small triangular shaped sheepfold is formed by setting off the corner of the junction between two intake walls. The fold measures 5m long by 6m wide, a large boulder is eastern side. The western side has an entrance that is 0.75m south-western corner (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22516 MONUID MNA119722

Name Wall SW of Seathwaite Slabs, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323000 512109 **Type** WALL

Description

Site: 22516\*0 This 5 metre stretch of wall is over 1 metre high on the outward down slope side. A further 2 metre section carries onto the other side of a large boulder. This could be apart of an original intake wall, although there is little evidence for this. It seems unlikely that there is a shelter wall as there is plenty of shelter. It is possible that it could be the remains of a revetment for a path (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA118180 22517 Period Name Wall S of Seathwaite Slabs, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 323119 512020 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 22517\*0 This 5 metre stretch of walling is 0.5m high, it is built in a line with natural vertical slabs to fill in the gap that is between the slabs. This creates a continuous barrier that runs east to west along the fell side (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF MONUID MNA115392

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Seathwaite Slabs, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 512009 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22518\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is 6m in diameter and has a revetment wall that is over 1 metre high. The site is marked by a slight marked mound occasional stones round the edge. The site is in good condition and has a substantial stone revetment (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119111

Period Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Seathwaite Slabs, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 511930 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22519\*0 This possible charcoal burning platform is over 6m in diameter with stones lining the edge. There does not appear to be a revetment, this could be explained as the ground is so level here that it does not need a revetment. This could be a co-incidence of topography and stone (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** MONUID 22520 MNA119112

Bield E of Raven Crag, Borrowdale Name Period Post Medieval

NGR 512469 **Type** 

**Description** 

Site: 22520\*0 This short length of walling is 0.5m long and 0.25m high, it is built on top of a large boulder. This rises the wall up the level of several surrounding boulders. It is possibly associated with the sheepfold complex that is nearby (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

MONUID MNA116195 PREFREF 22521

Period Name Sheep Folds E of Raven Crag, Borrowdale Post Medieval

322420 NGR 512499 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22521\*0 This large sheepfold complex is built around a large number of boulders, it comprises of at least three enclosures. The exact extent of these enclosures is difficult to determine as many of the walls must have disappeared. The complex covers an area of approximately 23 x 16m. This site appears to represent a major effort to construct a complex series of stock enclosures (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** 22522 MONUID MNA120708

Name Level Platform & Wall S of Newhouse Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323159 512350 **Type** PLATFORM, WALL

Description

Site: 22522\*0 The platform is oval in shape and measures approximately 8m x 5m. The northern edge has a revetment that rises to 1 metre, a small section of wall is in good condition and is approximately 13m long. The wall rises to over 1.25m high and begins at the southern edge of the platform, it curls around to butt against a rock outcrop. There is substantial moss covering the top of the wall, it is suggested that it is some form of stock enclosure or associated with charcoal burning (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119578 22524

Name Boundary Marker for Wad Mines W of River Derwent, Borrowdale Period Modern

NGR 323230 512601 **Type BOUNDARY STONE** 

Site: 22524\*0 In 1752 five boundary stones were erected to warn trespassers. Only three of these (22524\*0, 22526\*0 and 22532\*0) survive one of which is outside the survey area. A replica (79) of one destroyed by vandals is placed near the track into the lower mine (Lax 1995). Situated on the fell side is a copy of an eighteenth century boundary stone dedicated to John Bankes. It measures 1 x 0.5m and resembles a recumbent gravestone. Inscribed on the stone is "John Bankes Esq 1752. There is a similar stone nearby (22526\*0). This stone replaces an exactly similar stone wilfully destroyed November 1887. The stone was replaced by the National Trust 1983. John Bankes was a graphite mine owner in the eighteenth century (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** 22525 MONUID MNA117403

Name Washfold W of River Derwent, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 512213 **Type** WASHFOLD 323356

**Description** 

Site: 22525\*0 There is a wash fold (81) beside one of the channels of Sourmilk Gill. The main enclosure is L-shaped and measures 13.3m by 7.8m. The short side facing the gill is open. The eastern end of enclosure is sub-divided into a smaller pen a further 2.5m by 5.0m internally. There is an entrance opposite the dividing wall leading to both enclosures. On the south-west side of the washfold

the remains of the washing dub are represented by a semi-circle of stones through which the stream still flows (Lax 1995). This L shaped sheepfold has a small pen at the east end and the remains of a circular feature is built up against its southern edge. The beck runs through the middle of this site, The site covers an area of over 22m long and 11m wide. The walls rise to over 1.25m. The circular enclosure that has the beck running through it would probably have been built to exploit the water (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22526MONUIDMNA115773NameBoundary Marker for Wad Mines S of Newhouse Gill, BorrowdalePeriodModern

NGR 323173 512534 Type BOUNDARY STONE

Description

Site: 22526\*0 In 1752 five boundary stones were erected to warn trespassers. Only three of these (22524\*0, 22526\*0 and 22532\*0) survive one of which is outside the survey area....; another replica is close to the sawpit (22527\*0) (Lax 1995). Situated south of Newhouse Gill is the site of another boundary stone dedicated to John Banks. It is a copy of the eighteenth century original stone. It measures 10 centimetres shorter than the stone nearby (22524\*0) and resembles a recumbent gravestone. Inscribed on the stone is "John Banks Esq 1752. There is a similar stone nearby (22524\*0). This stone replaces an exactly similar stone wilfully destroyed November 1887. The stone was replaced by the National Trust 1982. It should be noted that the "e" is missing from his last name, John Bankes was a graphite mine owner in the eighteenth century (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22527MONUIDMNA116791NameSaw Pit at Wad Mines W of River Derwent, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323362 512234 **Type** SAW PIT

Description

Site: 22527\*0 (64) At the bottom of the fell, beside Seathwaite Beck, are the remains of several structures associated with the last years of the mine. A saw pit, depicted on a map of 1891 based on the Ordnance Survey 25-inch (CRO Carlisle DX/294/24), still survives. The remains consists of a rectangular platform, 8.8m by 11.5m, cut into the slope. The back scarp is 1.2m high and is stone-free while the front of the platform is revetted by rough stone walling 0.7m high. Both ends of the pit are edged by large boulders and outcrop. There is a low hump in the middle of the platform, 0.3m high. Another section of revetment wall on the north of the pit is unaccompanied by any earthworks (Lax 1995). This oval level area has several relict walls surrounding it, there is also a secondary level area on the north edge of the site. The interior of the oval contains buried remains of walls, the remains of a wall on the exterior northern edge. The perimeter of the oval appears to have been marked by a wall and revetment along its western edge. The exterior wall to the north is possibly another level area. It is suggested to be a building platform or the remains of a settlement of some sort. It is possible that the site is connected with the nearby Wad Mines (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22529MONUIDMNA119523NameBridge & Ford on Newhouse Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323355 512200 Type FORD, BRIDGE

Description

Site: 22529\*0 Situated on either side of Newhouse Gill is the remains of a stonework revetment, the north side is 3m long the south is 8m long. The stonework cuts across the line of a relict intake wall, becoming a barely discernible track that is 1-1.5m wide. This path runs toward the mill (SMR 22528\*0). This appears to be apart of the access route to the wad mines (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22530MONUIDMNA119522NameSheep Fold (Enclosure) S of Newhouse Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 322994 512496 **Type** ENCLOSURE

Description

Site: 22530\*0 Adjoining the wall (73) as it curves around is a smaller stock pen, 7.5m by 5.3m internally (Lax 1995). This small enclosure is built up against the south side of a relict wall. It incorporates several very large boulders in its construction and has a 2 metre wide entrance on its east side. (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22531 MONUID MNA120526

Name Ford S of Yew Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323594 512494 **Type** FORD

Description

Site: 22531\*0 Situated south of Yew Gill is a 1 metre high revetment that crosses a gully. It creates a flat ford that is 1 metre wide, it appears water action has eroded away most of the remains. There is also a lot of stone been washed onto the site which obscures the remains, the path on either side of the site is covered by land erosion. This site is probably apart of the communication network for the nearby mine (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22532 MONUID MNA119505

Name Boundary Marker for Wad Mines N of Newhouse Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323357 512297 Type BOUNDARY STONE

Description

Site: 22532\*0 In 1752 five boundary stones were erected to warn trespassers. Only three of these survive one of which is outside the survey area. An original slate slab (80), standing 0.75m high, is above the track leading from Gilbert's Level and although this too has been partly vandalised it reads Iohn Bankes Efquier 1752 (Lax 1995). This up right stone is probably a boundary marker, the inscription reads "John Bankes Esquire 17....". This stone is related with two other boundary stones nearby (SMR 22524\*0 and 22526\*0) both are dedicated to the same person. The stone is 1.5m high and 0.5m wide, the top is rounded and the right hand side is damaged. The stone slab is supported by a cairn that is 2m long and 0.5m high by 0.5m wide (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22533MONUIDMNA119944NameQuarry or Mine N of Newhouse Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323230 512839 Type QUARRY, GRAPHITE MINE

### Description

Site: 22533\*0 Situated on the fell side north of Newhouse Gill is two scooped out hollows that are 15m apart. A 15 metre long relict wall runs up slope connecting the two it rises to a height of 0.75m, the lower hollow measures 2m x 3m. The second and higher hollow measures 5m x 4m (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** 22534 MONUID MNA116494

Name Track E of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324780 513869 **Type** TRACKWAY

## Description

Site: 22534\*0 This carefully levelled track measures 1-1.5m wide. It cuts diagonally across the slope. It appears to be one of the original track back to Seatoller, the remains appear to have disappeared around the wet area at the edge of the field. It is suggested that this wet area was used as a water source (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** 22535 MONUID MNA115320

Name Enclosure E of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 513880 **Type ENCLOSURE** 

### Description

Site: 22535\*0 This semi-circular enclosure measures 10 x 9m with walls that rise up to 0.75m. The entrance is in the western corner of the structure and measures 1.5-2m across. There is a cairn on the western side of the structure that is piled up against a tree, the cairn measures 2m in diameter. A 1 metre wide revetted path enters the enclosure next to the cairn. The features have been cut by the present day stock boundary wall, this probably obscures the original north wall of the enclosure (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** 22536 MONUID MNA116497

Name Building Platform E of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324910 513889 **Type BUILDING PLATFORM** 

## **Description**

Site: 22536\*0 Situated here is a single square shaped building platform that is built against an intake wall. The site measures 5 x 5m and has walls that rise to over 2m high. There are sections of revetment walls surrounding this site. There is a 1 x 2 metre platform to the south of the main platform. A robbed out wall runs west to a small platform that is 2 x 3m, there has been roofing slate found in the larger platform (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** 22537 MONUID MNA120662 Name Period Post Medieval

Track NE of Seatoller, Borrowdale

NGR 513921 **Type** TRACKWAY

## **Description**

Site: 22537\*0 This 1.5 metre wide track winds up the fell side slope, this is a part of the relict network of tracks and walls (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** 22538 MONUID MNA116927

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 514010 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 324799

# Description

Site: 22538\*0 This large platform is over 0.5m high and is broadly circular in shape. It is 5m across, it appears that one either under or butts up against the intake wall (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119996 22539

Name Sledway Between Quarries NW of Sergeants Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR HOLLOW WAY 511583 **Type** 

# Description

Site: 22539\*0 The impression in the landscape that this sledway gives is that of a hollow way. The sledway runs between the quarry sites 22404\*0 and 22406\*0 (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm).

MONUID MNA119992 **PREFREF** 22540

Name Barn NE of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324759 514090 **Type** BARN

# Description

Site: 22540\*0 The original structure appears to be a small square measuring 3m long and 4m wide. Built onto the original building is a small rectangular structure, this on the east wall. The smaller structure measures 2m wide by 3m long, on the south wall is a larger structure that measures 10m long and 4.5m wide. Many of the walls are collapsed with a maximum height of 1.5-2m, the site is built up against the eastern face of an intake wall. This site may be contemporary with a similar site nearby (SMR 22549\*0), although its more ruinous condition suggests that the site fell into disrepair much sooner than the other barn (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

**PREFREF** 22541 MONUID MNA116749

Name Charcoal Burning Platform S of High Doat, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 514139 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

## **Description**

Site: 22541\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is 7m in diameter with a revetment wall that is over 0.5-1m high. It is cut into the fell side forming a terrace on the slope (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREE 22542 MONUID MNA120186 Name Sheep Fold SE of High Doat, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324920 514209 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22542\*0 This site is mostly destroyed down to its footings, especially along its northern edge. At its highest point the wall rises to 0.5m high, the south front edge forms a revetment that forms a terrace on the slope. The site is over 6m in diameter, there appears to be a sheepfold or stock enclosure of some sort. There is no visible entrance and it is suggested that the site is too large for a charcoal burning platform. It appears to be contemporary with the relict boundary wall (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22543MONUIDMNA117258NameSheep Fold SW of High Doat, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324682 514131 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22543\*0 This large sheepfold is built onto an intake wall, the walls rise to a maximum height of 1.5m. It is in good condition apart form the north wall, which has tumbled in. The entrance is in the north wall and is over 1 metre wide, the fold is square in shape (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22544MONUIDMNA115501NameWall Section SW of High Doat, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324630 514179 **Type** WALL

**Description** 

Site: 22544\*0 This small section of wall is 2.5m long and 0.75m high. It is possibly apart of a wall that enclosed the natural hollow above which its located (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22545MONUIDMNA116657NameWall & Track NE of Seatoller, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 324669 513950 Type HOLLOW WAY, WALL

**Description** 

Site: 22545\*0 Situated in a field north-east of Seatoller is a scattering of stone that run down slope adjacent to a shallow holloway that is described as a track. It is approximately 1.5m wide and 10 centimetres deep. It is possibly natural but the ground is not damp and there is no suggestion of water action (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22546 MONUID MNA121004

Name Cairns NE of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324610 513988 **Type** CAIRN

Description

Site: 22546\*0 There are two cairns located in a field north-east of Seatoller. The first is 1 metre in diameter the second is over 2m in diameter. The two cairn are located on a slight break of the slope just above the main track. The larger cairn is almost completely turfed over, the smaller cairn comprises of larger stone. The cairns appear to be on the same line as a row of tree stumps. There is some roofing slate very nearby and several clumps of nettle growth (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22547 MONUID MNA117414

Name Sheep Fold N of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324429 514039 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22547\*0 This D shaped sheepfold seems to have originally butted onto the intake wall, it is now down to its footings. It measures 6 x 5m, it appears to have been robbed out to maintain the intake wall (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22548 MONUID MNA121349

Name Bield NE of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324650 514080 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22548\*0 This V shaped shelter wall is just below the intake wall. One wall is 9m long the other is 7m long, both walls rise to a height of 1.25m. This shelter wall has thick wall and is in good condition (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22549 MONUID MNA119411

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324514 514151 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22549\*0 This large charcoal burning platform is 9m in diameter. There is a very thick border of growth that makes it difficult to measure accurately. A few stone show on the front revetment. There has been charcoal found on the site (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22550 MONUID MNA119412

Name Quarry N of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324430 514110 **Type** QUARRY

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Description

Site: 22550\*0 This small quarry is covered by several loose stones, it measures 10m wide (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22551MONUIDMNA115302NameCairns W of High Doat, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324539 514419 **Type** CAIRN

Description

Site: 22551\*0 This circle of 8 small cairns is situated on the fell side west of High Doat. The cairns are approximately 1 metre in diameter and 0.25m high. In the centre of the circle is a small cluster of stones. Some of the stones are partially turfed over, the diameter of the circle is 7m with a 2 metre gap between each cairn. This is probably a recent camping site (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22552MONUIDMNA118763NameWall Section on High Doat, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

Name Wall Section on High Doat, Borrowdale
NGR 324745 514345 Type WALL

Description

Site: 22552\*0 This is a section of wall that runs between two rock out crops sealing off a shallow valley. The wall is over 15m long and 1.25m high. It is possible that the site was used for stock, but they could just walk around the wall (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22553 MONUID MNA121116

Name Sheep Fold N of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324330 513969 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22553\*0 This rectangular enclosure covers an area of over  $45m \times 60m$ , it has a smaller enclosure on the southern side of the larger enclosure. This smaller enclosure measures  $12m \times 28m$ . There are two small pens built against the interior west wall, these measure approximately  $2m \times 3m$ . There is possibly two other pens in the small rectangular pen. There are entrances in the south-east corner and the south-west corner. Most of the walls have tumbled and the highest is over 1 metre high. It is probable that this site was used as some form of stock sorting (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22554 MONUID MNA117996

Name Sheep Fold N of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324399 514169 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22554\*0 This 9 metre curved stretch of wall is built against a rock outcrop. The walls rise to a height of 1.25m (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22555 MONUID MNA120312

Name Bield N of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324390 514200 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22555\*0 This curved shelter wall is built on top of a rock out crop, the walls rise to over 1.25m high (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22556 MONUID MNA118027

Name Revetment Wall NW of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324219 514120 Type REVETMENT

Description

Site: 22556\*0 Two sections of revetment can be seen opposite each other on either side of the path. Both are 2m in length, the revetment on the north side of the path is 0.5m high. The revetment on the south side is 0.25m high. They appear similar to be bridge abutments, but this is unlikely. It is possible that there was a gate was here (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22557 MONUID MNA119694

Name Cairn NW of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324120 514080 **Type** CAIRN

Description

Site: 22557\*0 The space between several large boulders has been filled in by stones, these form a cairn (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22558 MONUID MNA117951

Name Barn or Dwelling NW of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324104 513931 Type BUILDING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22558\*0 This broadly rectangular structure comprises of two divisions, the site covers an area of 11m long by 4m. The walls rise up to about 1 metre, the entrances are in the east and west of the walls. Green rough slate fragments can be seen around the site, it could be the remains of a barn or a dwelling place (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22559MONUIDMNA115546NameSheep Fold NW of Seatoller, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 324219 514179 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22559\*0 This large sheepfold is incorporated into the intake walls, it is situated at a junction of several walls. There is a slightly curved 7 metre long wall that arcs out from the intake wall. A path runs through the site leading to two large gates, apart of the fold has been removed to enable easier access (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22560MONUIDMNA115547NameBield NW of Seatoller, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324260 514260 **Type** BIELD

**Description** 

Site: 22560\*0 This long shelter wall is over 1.25m high, it is built up against a rock outcrop on a steep fell side (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22561 MONUID MNA119314

Name Bield W of High Doat, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324050 514340 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22561\*0 Built against a large boulder is a 7 metre long wall that is 1 metre high (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22562 MONUID MNA121156

Name Bield NW of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323980 514120 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22562\*0 This broadly curving shelter wall is 15m long with a maximum wall height of 1 metre (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22563 MONUID MNA118624

Name Cairn NW of Seatoller, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324060 514190 **Type** CAIRN

Description

Site: 22563\*0 This small cairn measures 0.5m high and is piled up on top of a boulder in the middle of the fell side. There does not appear to be a footpath to this site, it is suggested that this is a shepherds cairn (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22564 MONUID MNA119618

Name Bield N of Hause Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323800 514039 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22564\*0 Only the footing stones remain for this site, it is over 11m long with two boulders at either end of the site (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22565 MONUID MNA117713

Name Sheep Fold N of Hause Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323769 513969 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22565\*0 There are only two remaining walls left of this sheepfold, it is evident that the fold was rectangular in shape. The site covers an area of 19 x 7m with the eastern side totally destroyed. There are several associated folds and enclosures along this same route (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22566 MONUID MNA120449

Name Sheep Fold N of Hause Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323749 514029 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22566\*0 This semi circle section of walling stands at the south end from the beck. It travels for a distance of 19m before it joins to a rock outcrop, a small section of wall runs for a further 6m. This second wall completes the semi-circle after it meets with another rock (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22567 MONUID MNA118658

Name Building Remains N of Hause Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323499 514060 **Type** PEAT STORE

Description

Site:  $22\overline{5}67*0$  This small square building measures  $4m \times 3m$  with walls that rise to 1 metre. The 1 metre wide entrance is in the north-east corner. West of the building is a building platform that measures  $7m \times 9m$  and is cut into the fell side, there is a revetment wall on the down slope of the platform (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF 22568 MONUID MNA115276

Name Sheep Fold E of Honister Pass, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 322576 513888 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22568\*0 This rectangular sheep fold measures 7 x 9m has walls that rise to 1.5m. It is built up against a rock outcrop overlooking Honister House. The entrance is in the south-west corner and is 1.25m wide. The south wall is partially collapsed (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22569MONUIDMNA118030NameBield NE of Honister Hause, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

Name Bield NE of Honister Hause, Borrowdale NGR 322820 513840 Type BIELD

Description

Site: 22569\*0 This 9 metre long shelter wall is over 0.75m high, this is associated with several other sites along the fell side (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22570MONUIDMNA118031NameBield NE of Honister Hause, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 322871 513845 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22570\*0 This 6 metre long shelter wall is 0.75m high and is L shaped (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22571MONUIDMNA115034NameBield N of Hause Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323270 513910 **Type** BIELD

**Description** 

Site: 22571\*0 This 15 metre length of curved wall rises to a height of 1 metre. There is a small area of levelled ground immediately behind the wall (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

PREFREF22572MONUIDMNA119392NameWalled Enclosure N of Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 324380 513889 Type RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE

Description

Site: 22572\*0 This rectangular structure is built of stone and measures 10m x 4m with a maximum wall height of 1.5m. The feature is integrated into the construction of the intake wall. Three of the walls have capping stones but the facing north-west wall has collapsed to its footings, the enclosure is orientated north-west-south-west. The capping stones and uniform height of standing walls suggests an enclosure rather than a partially destroyed farm building. (Borrowdale Notebook 2.)

PREFREF22573MONUIDMNA119599NameQuarry N of Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324380 513859 **Type** QUARRY

**Description** 

Site: 22573\*0 The quarry appears as a semicircular hollow in the fellside the mouth of which measures 11m across. Adjacent to the Quarry, two side of a once square feature remain, 2m in length and 1m high are cut into the fellside. A 3m section of wall is located inside the quarry. A well constructed path runs across the font of the site. (Borrowdale Notebook 2.)

PREFREF 22574 MONUID MNA118572

Name Cairns NW of Seatoller Farm, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324149 513850 Type CLEARANCE CAIRN

**Description** 

Site: 22574\*0 These two cairns measure 2m in diameter. One is at the top of a steep slope, the other at the bottom adjacent to the gill. The base of these cairns is partially turfed over which suggests an certain degree of antiquity. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF22575MONUIDMNA115141NameBield W of Seatoller Farm,BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324050 513799 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22575\*0 This bield is curved and has an entrance in the centre that projects 2m outwards, giving it a slight funnel shape. the whole feature runs for 21m and is 1m in height.

PREFREF22576MONUIDMNA119053NameBield W of Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323949 513840 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22576\*0 This feature is a small section of crudely built shelter wall measuring 5m in length with a height of 1m. It is orientated south-east-north/west.(Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF22577MONUIDMNA116429NameSheep Fold & Bield S of Hause Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323689 513740 Type BIELD, SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22577\*0 The main feature of this site is a crescent shaped wall, approximately 30m in length, incorporating a large boulder in its construction. This boulder and one arm of the crescent form part of two small folds, 5m in diameter. (Borrowdale Notebook 2.)

PREFREF 22578 MONUID MNA121185

Name Sheepfold S of Little Gatesgarthdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323410 513439 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22578\*0 This is a rectangular sheepfold, built against the junction of two intake walls. The enclosure measures 11m x 4m with a maximum wall height of 1m. There is a 1m entrance in the south facing wall and a hogg hole in the west wall giving access to the adjoining intake. Both south and east walls have collapsed. (Borrowdale Notebook 2.)

PREFREF22579MONUIDMNA117135NameBield SE of Little Gatesgarthdale, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323499 513330 **Type** BIELD

### **Description**

Site: 22579\*0 Situated on the fellside south-east of Little Gatesgarthdale is a stretch of wall. 14m in length destroyed down to its footings. It is orientated south-east-north-west and was originally intended to provide shelter for livestock on the exposed fells.

PREFREF 22580 MONUID MNA117136

Name Sheep Fold East of High Stile Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324009 513600 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

## Description

This double penned Sheep fold is built up against and adjacent to a junction of intake walls. The wall of the north-east (lower) pen has collapsed but the walls of the upper south-west pen, survive to a height of 1m, the pens are connected by an entrance, 0.5m wide. The upper pen is joined to an intake wall, in which is a hogg hole, allowing access to the fell. (Borrowdale Notebook 2.)

PREFREF22581MONUIDMNA116316NameSheep Fold S of Little Gatesgarthdale, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323429 513320 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

### Description

Site: 22581\*0 Beautifully constructed and preserved sheep fold complete with wall capping stones, measures 12m x 19m. There are three separate pens and the whole enclosure is joined onto an intake wall by means of one wall only, the rest stop short to create entrances into the pens. One pen is completely sealed except for a hogg hole in the north-east wall. The maximum wall height is 1.25m and fold is orientated north-west/south-east. (Borrowdale Notebooks 2)

PREFREF 22582 MONUID MNA117153

Period

Post Medieval

Name Slate Quarry NE of Yewcrag Quarries, Borrowdale NGR 322579 514470 Type QUARRY

### **Description**

Site:  $22\overline{5}82*0$  This site consists of a quarried area into the hill side, spoil heaps and a small square structure. The spoil heap is approximately 9m in diameter, flanked on the south-west by a small rectangular building, measuring 3m x 5m. One corner of the building has been partially reroofed, the original door blocked and a small internal wall, 1m in length, constructed. These are most likely of recent construction. Behind the spoil heap is the level, approximately 23m in length, partially infilled and blocked. (Borrowdale Notebook 2). It is probably associated with Yew Crag Quarries (24419\*0) (Siddall, J. 1998).

PREFREF 22583 MONUID MNA120276

Name Small Slate Quarry NE of Yewcrag Quarries, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 322519 514589 Type SLATE QUARRY

### **Description**

Site: 22583\*0 This small quarry is situated on a rock outcrop. The quarried material has become piled up and is substantially turfed over. It is possible that this site is associated with nearby quarry workings (22582\*0-22583\*0) (Siddall, J. 1988).

PREFREF 22585 MONUID MNA115389

Name Peat Cutting Scars S of Launchy Tarn, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323249 514690 Type PEAT CUTTING

## Description

Site: 22585\*0 Situated on the fellside S of Launchy Tarn, this peat cutting scar is orientated north/south. It is approximately 15m long and 0.75m deep. This site is one of a number of possible sites. Lower down the fell in association with this site is a possible peat hut. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF22586MONUIDMNA116075NameQuarry Spoil & Access Road N of Honister Pass, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322565 513525 **Type** APPROACH ROAD, SPOIL HEAP

# Description

Site: 22586\*0 Situated at the head of Honister Pass this site consists of a large spoil heap, part of quarrying activity off NT land and an access road that leads upwards from the main road towards the quarry buildings on the other side of the boundary, cutting the spoil heap. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF22587MONUIDMNA120112NameCairns E of Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324570 513770 **Type** CAIRN

### Description

Site: 22587\*0 Situated on the valley floor these two cairns lie side by side in a slight hollow of disturbed ground. One measures  $4m \times 3m$  and the other  $3m \times 3m$ . They could be infilling of two puts or platforms for ringfeeders. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22588 MONUID MNA117327

NameCairns E of Glaramara Hotel, BorrowdalePeriodPost MedievalNGR324970513869TypeCAIRN

## Description

Site: 22588\*0 East of the Glaramara hotel lie a number of irregular shaped stone cairns between the field wall and the beck. There is no uniform size to the rocks and the largest is a boulder, measuring 3-4m in length. A certain degree of antiquity is indicated as the cairns are partially turfed over. It is possible that rather than cairns, these features represent the remains of a old intake wall system. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22589 MONUID MNA119673

Name Relict Wall & Enclosure E of Glaramara Hotel, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324999 513899 Type RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE, BOUNDARY WALL

Description

Site: 22589\*0 This relict wall and possible platform is situated on the valley floor, east of the Glaramara Hotel. The wall line is almost entirely relict, with only a 6 metre section remaining standing to a height of 1 metre. The wall curves up past a level area until it is cut by the modern stockproof wall. The levelled area is revetted and measures 3m across, Possibly the location of an enclosure. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22590 MONUID MNA119669

Name Peat Cutting Scars NE of Raven Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 322519 512959 Type PEAT CUTTING

Description

Site: 22590\*0 Situated on the fell top north-east of Raven Crag are several linear exposures of peat, marking a drop in the level of the land where the peat has been cut away. As an example, one measures 20m in length and has a depth of 0.5m. (Borrowdale Notaback 2)

PREFREF 22592 MONUID MNA115792

Name Sheep Fold W of Sourmilk Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 322459 512149 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22592\*0 Situated west of Sourmilk Gill, this rectangular sheepfold is built onto a natural rock outcrop which forms the south and west sides of the fold. The southern side was possibly quarried away to provide a vertical face. The entrance to the fold is in the centre of the northern side. The walls remain capped with the exception of 5m of collapsed wall on the east side. The fold measures 13m x 11m and the walls are 1.5m high. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22593 MONUID MNA116938

Name Bield N of the Hanging Stone, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 322760 512000 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22593\*0 Situated on the steep fellside above Seathwaite farm is a section of wall approximately 15m long and 1m high. The wall incorporates large boulders into its construction and seals off a hollow area of fellside, providing shelter for sheep. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22594 MONUID MNA121279

Name Wall Revetment SE of Strawberry Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 322080 511249 Type REVETMENT

Description

Site: 22594\*0 Situated south-east of Strawberry Gill is a section of stone revetment, adjacent to the existing wall. A level area 1m wide has been created by the revetment. Below the revetment is a dense scatter of loose stone. On the other side of the intake wall is an short section of wall, leading up the fell. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22595 MONUID MNA116383

Name Pattersons Sheep Fold N of Styhead Tarn, Borrowdale NGR 322246 510272 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22595\*0 Situated north of Styhead tarn, this double penned sheep fold lies on the valley floor, cut slightly into the fellside. Its shape is trapezoidal measuring 5m at the north end and 8m at the south. The southern pen is 12m long and the northern pen is 4m. There is an external entrance into the northern pen and then an internal gateway linking the two pens. the southern end of the eastern wall has collapsed and all the remaining walls are capped. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22597 MONUID MNA116491

Name Bield NW of Styhead Tarn, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 322080 509979 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22597\*0 Built against a small rock outcrop this small shelter wall measures 2m x 3m and overlooks Styhead Tarn. The maximum wall height is 0.5m though the crude construction indicates a more recent rebuilding. The foundations are however turfed over, suggesting a certain degree of antiquity. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22598 MONUID MNA119877

Name Bield NW of Styhead Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 322459 510749 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22598\*0 On the sloping fellside north-west of Styhead Gill are two sections of wall that run downslope, separated by a 25m gap. The upslope section is 3m long with a maximum height of 0.25m. The down slope section measures 4m in length and is 1m high. No clear line of footing stones links them. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF22599MONUIDMNA117226NameSheep Fold S of Stockley Bridge, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

Name Sheep Fold S of Stockley Bridge, Borrowdale Period Poly NGR 323449 510749 Type SHEEP FOLD

#### Description

Site: 22599\*0 Situated on the valley floor, S of Stockley Bridge this rectangular sheepfold measures 12m x 5m and the maximum wall height is 1m. The entrance appears to be in the north and leading directly off footpath. The west wall acts as a revetment to the footpath and the east wall forms part of the lower intake wall. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119671

Name Wall Footings N of Stockley Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval NGR 323410 511169 **Type** 

### Description

Site: 22600\*0 North of Stockley Bridge lie these two parallel sections of wall crossing a dried up river bed 9m apart. The upstream wall is approximately 2.5m in length and 0.5m high and the downstream wall is 9m long and 0.75m high. They are constructed from substantial boulders and run between two mounds, the ends of the walls are turfed over and could possibly have originally extended further. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF MONUID MNA117183 22601

Period Name Enclosure SE of Fawn Crag, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 323470 511580 **Type** RECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE

# Description

Site: 22601\*0 The close proximity of the intake wall and plantation boundary wall have been taken advantage of in creating this enclosure. The two ends have been sealed with sections of short wall creating an enclosure that is rectangular in shape with entrances in the north wall 1m wide and in the south wall 2.5m wide. All walls are in good condition except the south wall which is destroyed down to its large stone footings. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115791 22602

Name Wall Footings SE of Fawn Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval NGR 323489 511629 **Type** WALL

# Description

Site: 22602\*0 Situated on the river bank south-west of Fawn Crag are two parallel lines of stones, possibly a buried track or marking the course of a tributary. The northern wall measures 12m and the southern wall measures 6m. They have a 3m gap in between the wall lines disappear into the bank, suggesting some considerable age. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22603 MONUID MNA116939

Name Clapper Bridge NE of Seathwaite Farm, Borowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 512405 **Type** CLAPPER BRIDGE

#### **Description**

Site: 22603\*0 This clapper bridge is constructed of a single slab of stone measuring 0.75m x 2m laid across a beck which has the remains of stone revetting 0.5m high on either side. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

**PREFREF** 22604 MONUID MNA121281

Name Building Platform NE of Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR BUILDING PLATFORM 323966 512455 **Type** 

#### Description

Site: 22604\*0 This rectangular building platform measures 11m x 4m is situated just below an intake wall. Some stone can be seen breaking the turf. Possibly some form of outbuilding originally. The whole is orientated north-east-south-west. There is evidence of a track, leading from the north-east end. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF MONUID 22605 MNA116386

Name Ford & Track NE of Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR TRACKWAY, FORD 324000 512459 **Type** 

# Description

Site:22605\*0 Two large boulders mark a crossing point 1m X 1m with a turfed over line of stones leading up to a blocked gateway in the intake wall. A sunken track lies on either side of the ford and then continues up the fellside. The feature is probably part of an access route onto the fellside from the lower intakes. (Borrowdale Notebook 2).

**PREFREF** 22606 MONUID MNA120197

Name Large Clapper Bridge NE of Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR CLAPPER BRIDGE 323980 512469 **Type** 

#### Description

Site: 22606\*0 This clapper bridge comprised originally of four large stone slabs 2m long and 0.5m wide. These slabs were supported by revetment on either side of the bank. Two slabs are in situ, the others are lying in the stream bed (Borrowdale Notebook 2).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA116492 22607

Period Name Clapper Bridge SE of Seathwaite Bridge, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 324079 512590 **Type** CLAPPER BRIDGE

### **Description**

Site: 22607\*0 This clapper bridge comprises of three large slabs of stone that measure 1.5m x 0.7m. Stone revetment on either bank of the beck supports the slabs. Gaps between two of the slabs have been filled in with rocks. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

**PREFREF** 22608 MONUID MNA119878

Name Clapper Bridge E of Seathwaite Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval NGR 324320 512709 Type CLAPPER BRIDGE

**Description** 

Site: 22608\*0 The bridge has been constructed from two large stone slabs resting on revetment on either side of the bank. The stone slabs measures 1.5m x 0.75m. It is orientated north-west/south-east.

PREFREF 22609 MONUID MNA117227

Name Bridge NE of Seathwaite Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324180 512849 **Type** BRIDGE

Description

Site: 22609\*0 Originally constructed with a large number of big stone slabs supported in the middle by a central pillar, this bridge measures 3m x 4m. It is still in use and has recently been reinforced with concrete. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22610 MONUID MNA117228

Name Clapper Bridge NE of Seathwaite Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324200 512889 Type CLAPPER BRIDGE

Description

Site: 22610\*0 This clapper bridge is constructed from a single stone slab that measures 1.25m x 2.5m. It spans a beck between two properties. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22611 MONUID MNA115038

Name Bridge Remains NE of Seathwaite Bridge Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324240 512949 **Type** BRIDGE

**Description** 

Site: 22611\*0 This feature consists of the remains of stone revetment supporting two large wooden beams 1m apart. the feature is orientated north-west/south-east (Borrowdale Notebook 2).

PREFREF 22612 MONUID MNA116343

Name Wooden Bridge Ne of Seathwaite Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324249 512968 **Type** BRIDGE

Description

Site: 22612\*0 This wooden bridge is constructed of thick planks that rest on stone revetment and provides main access between two fields. It measures 3m x 6m and is orientated north-west/south-east. It appears to be in use. (Borrowdale Notebook 2)

PREFREF 22613 MONUID MNA120806

Name Stonework Revetment NE of Seathwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324260 512986 **Type** REVETMENT

Description

Site: 22613\*0 The stonework on either side of the bank appears to deliberately channel the water. On the south-east bank the stone appears to deliberately narrow it and increase the flow. The revetment is quite substantial and stretches for at least 10m.

PREFREF 22614 MONUID MNA117168

Name Stone Bridge S of Low Stile Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324295 513194 **Type** BRIDGE

Description

Site: 22614\*0 This stone built, single span bridge is well maintained and crosses the Derwent river, providing access between road and fields. It measures 14m long and the low walls on either side measure 0.25m in height.

PREFREF 22615 MONUID MNA114977

PREFREF22615MONUIDMNA114977NameShepherds Cairn E of Ruddy Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323462 509223 Type MARKER CAIRN

Description

Site: 22615\*0 Situated in a hollow on the fellside east of Ruddy Gill is a cairn built on top of a boulder. The cairn measures 1.5m long with a maximum height of 1.25m. It is probably a marker cairn for a shepherd. (Borrowdale Notebook 3).

PREFREF 22616 MONUID MNA118371

Name Bield S of Red Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323670 510150 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22616\*0 Situated on the fellside south of Red Beck is a bield. This is a curved section of wall that provides shelter for livestock. This wall measures 22m and its partly destroyed walls measure no more than 1.25m. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22617 MONUID MNA120531

Name Bield S of Red Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323600 510189 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22617\*0 South of Red Beck on the lower fellside this section of shelter wall lies above a revetted area. The wall measures 10m and runs down the fellside to join the section of revetment which measures 4m. The result is an L shaped inside which the level of land is higher than that outside (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22618MONUIDMNA119402NameSheepfold W of Grains Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323457 510271 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22618\*0 This roughly constructed sheepfold is situated on the fellside west of Grains Gill. It consists of a stone wall built in an irregular shape around a large boulder to form a enclosure. The two longest sides of which measure 10m and 12m and the two shorter sides measure 3m and 6m. In addition there is a curved shelter wall that measures 7m.(Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22619MONUIDMNA115293NameRectangular Enclosure E of Grains Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323520 510609 Type TRAPEZOIDAL ENCLOSURE

Description

Site: 22619\*0 This enclosure has been created by building two walls onto a 20m section of intake wall above Grains Gill. The top wall measures 5m and appears to be of similar construction to the intake wall. The second wall measures 25m and runs down slope at a slight angle giving the enclosure a flared shape with a lower opening that measures 9m. The first wall is capped with a maximum height of 1.6m. The second wall is partly destroyed. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22620MONUIDMNA115294NameBield E of Grains Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323530 510670 **Type** BIELD

**Description** 

Site: 22620\*0 This bield measures 18m long and is constructed of stone. The remaining stone stand at a height of 0.75m. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22621MONUIDMNA118429NameBield SE of Stockley Bridge, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323590 510730 **Type** BIELD

**Description** 

Site: 22621\*0 This curved stone built bield measures 12m and has a maximum wall height of 0.75m.It is orientated east/west. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22622MONUIDMNA120864NameSheep Fold SE of Stockley Bridge, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323600 510840 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22622\*0 This small stone built circular fold measures 5m x 6m. It incorporates large boulder into its construction which also marks the entrance to the structure, the walls are almost destroyed and stand at a height of 0.75m.

PREFREF22623MONUIDMNA119371NameStockley Bridge, Grains Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323460 510910 Type FOOTBRIDGE

**Description** 

Site: 22623\*0 This single span arched stone bridge provides a crossing over Grains Gill.

PREFREF22624MONUIDMNA120239NameSheep Fold NE of Stockley Bridge, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323494 511021 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22<sup>6</sup>24\*0 This large sheep fold has been constructed using the existing intake walls. An entrance in the southern wall leads into an outer pen formed by the western intake wall, within which is a smaller pen accessed by a gate. The west wall of the fold measures 24m and has a hogg hole in it. The smaller internal pen measures 7m by 12m. The walls are all in very good condition standing between 1.5m and 2m. To the south of the fold is an area with relict wall lines. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22625MONUIDMNA118903NamePossible Field Clearance Cairn, SW of Hind Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NamePossible Field Clearance Cairn, SW of Hind Crag, BorrowdalePeriodNGR323709510969TypeENCLOSURE, CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22625\*0 This site consists of a triangular enclosure formed by the construction of an extra wall at the junction of two intake walls. The level of the land inside the enclosure is much higher than that outside. The outside wall measures 1.5m and on the inside it measures 0.5m, the whole structure measures 18m x 8m. It is probable that the enclosure was built to ensure that the clearance inside it did not fall down the fellside. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22626MONUIDMNA115584NameSheep Fold W of Hind Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323590 511179 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22626\*0 This sheep fold has been roughly constructed using large boulders in its fabric. The maximum wall height is 1.2m. It has been built so that it has two pens. The fold measures approximately 15m in length. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22627 MONUID MNA118791

Name Period Sheep Fold W of Hind Crag, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 323569 511209 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22627\*0 This sheep fold is destroyed down to its lower courses. It was roughly constructed using the large boulders in its fabric. The maximum height of the remaining walls is 1.3m. It is very near site 22626\*0 which is a more substantial fold. (Borrowdale

**PREFREF** 22628 MONUID MNA121152 Name Bield NW of Hind Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

511349 **Type** NGR 323540 **BIELD** 

Description

Site: 22628\*0 This bield measures 18m in length and is curvilinear in shape. The walls have tumbled and do not stand higher than 1m.(Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** 22629 MONUID MNA117939 Bield NW of Hind Crag, Borrowdale Name Period Post Medieval

NGR 323619 511409 Type **BIELD** 

**Description** 

Site: 22629\*0 This long section of wall is curved and would have provided shelter for sheep. The wall has deteriorated and stands no higher than 1m and measures 25m in length. It is cut at the upper end by a modern fence line. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** 22630 MONUID MNA117940 Name Bield NW of Hind Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 511549 **Type BIELD** 

Description

Site: 22630\*0 This stone built bield measures 16m in length and the walls stand no higher than 1.25m. It is orientated east/west. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** MONUID 22631 MNA119823 Post Medieval

Name Period Sheep Fold NW of Hind Crag, Borrowdale

NGR 323709 511460 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22631\*0 This large enclosure is probably a sheep fold. Sub rectangular in shape it measures approximately 12m x 9m. Only the lower courses of the walls remain to a height of 1m. There is an entrance in eastern side of the enclosure (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** MONUID 22632 MNA117669

Name Sheep Fold N of Hind Crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323829 511530 **Type BIELD** 

**Description** 

Site: 22632\*0 This bield is formed by an L shaped section of wall measuring 8m x 16m adjacent to a relict intake wall line. Behind the bield, in the relict wall is an entrance. The walls are built around a large overhanging rock that provides shelter. The maximum wall height is 1.5m and the relationship with the relict wall is unclear. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** 22633 MONUID MNA119879 Name Period Post Medieval

Bield SE of Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale NGR 511650 **Type** 

Description

Site: 22633\*0 This bield is semi-circular in shape and measures 6m across, the walls have deteriorated and stand no higher than 1m. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119010 22634

Name Bields SE of Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323810 **BIELD** 511650 **Type** 

Description

Site: 22634\*0 These stone built walls seem to be bields, positioned so they can offer protection from different wind directions. The internal wall height is 0.7m as level of land inside the walls is higher inside. The external wall height is 1.5m. The northern wall measures 7m and the southern wall measures 5m. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22635 MONUID MNA115798 Name Bield SE of Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323769 511680 **Type BIELD** 

Description

Site: 22635\*0 This stone built bield measures 7m in length. It is of rough construction and runs adjacent to the gill that lies northwards.

**PREFREF** 22636 MONUID MNA117778 Name Period Ridge & Furrow S of Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale Post Medieval

NGR 323549 Type RIDGE AND FURROW 511650

Site: 22636\*0 Though faint there is visible evidence of Ridge and Furrow at the base of this valley. Running north/south, the distance

from ridge top to ridge top measures between 1.5 and 2m. It covers part of the intake but is cut by the gill. The area was probably hand cultivated. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22637 MONUID MNA121303

Name Ridge & Furrow S of High House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323582 511719 **Type** RIDGE AND FURROW

Description

Site: 22637\*0 Running east/west on an area of raised moraine is a exposure of ridge and furrow. The measurements from furrow to furrow are between 1.5m and 2m. Very visible and definite in most parts. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22639MONUIDMNA120578NameReservoir SE of Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323839 511950 Type RESERVOIR

**Description** 

Site: 22639\*0 This possible reservoir/water management feature consists of two curved walls approximately 15m apart that dam a stream creating a hollow enclosed area. The northern wall measures 15m with a revetted area below it and has a height of 1m. The southern wall measures 11m with a maximum height of 0.3m. Below the walls is a section of stream with revetted sides, possibly constructed in connection with this site. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22640 MONUID MNA120579

Name Sheep Fold W of High House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323465 511892 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22640\*0 This large sheep fold is roughly rectangular with a maximum wall height of 2m. The northern wall measures 8m and the eastern wall 14m. In the northern wall is an entrance. The western wall is the intake wall which measures 16m. At the junction of the intake and the 6m long southern wall is a possible cairn. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22641MONUIDMNA118070NameLevel Platform S of Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323525 512055 **Type** PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22641\*0 This semi-circular platform is located on the side of a hill and measures 10m x 17m. There a number of stones scattered across the site but with no particular alignment. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22643 MONUID MNA118971

Name Relict Woodland S of Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323650 512000 **Type** WOOD

Description

Site: 22643\*0 This site is an expanse of tree stumps enclosed by walls. It is a relatively flat area of land on top of a hill. The tree stumps are randomly and widely spread, The type of tree is undeterminable. The walls that enclose the area are now relict. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22644 MONUID MNA115277

Name Cairnfield S of Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323656 512005 Type CAIRNFIELD

Description

Site: 22644\*0 This cairnfield contains approximately 9 separate cairns of differing size and type. The average size is between 1m and 2m. Some are entirely grassed with a ditch around. Others have been created around trees of which only the stumps remain. (For additional information see Borrowdale Notebook 3).

PREFREF22646MONUIDMNA116007NameBield NE of Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323920 512350 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22646\*0 This curved shelter wall measures 3.5m long and is reduced to its footing stones.(Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22647 MONUID MNA120140

Name Bield W of Thorneythwaite Fell, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323819 512170 **Type** BIELD

Description

Site: 22647\*0 This bield has been constructed from large stones and is semi circular in shape. It measures about 8m x 9m and has a maximum wall height of 1.5m to 2m. In one corner of the structure is a possible small pen. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22648 MONUID MNA116158

Name Sheep Fold E of Thorneythwaite Fell, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval NGR 323879 512200 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22648\*0 Built onto the intake wall this stone built sheep fold measures 20m x 6m. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22649 MONUID MNA119755

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323980 512310 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22649\*0 This site consists of a small circular level area, revetted with stone that measures 6m x 6m. Near by there are some pollarded trees. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22650 MONUID MNA119756

Name Clearance Cairn W of High House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323536 511901 Type CLEARANCE CAIRN

Description

Site: 22650\*0 This heap of stones measures approximately 3m x 8m and is laid around a tree. The lack of turf suggests that it is fairly recent. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22651 MONUID MNA117161

Name Building Platform W of High House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323581 511894 **Type** PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22651\*0 Several low walls mark out the possible lines of boundary walls and also the location of a small platform. The height of the walls varies from 0.8m to 2m.(Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22652 MONUID MNA115649

Name Derelict Barn at High House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323552 511899 **Type** BARN

Description

Site: 22652\*0 This 9m x 5m structure with a 5 x8m platform at the end is attached to High House and would have originally been part of it. Inside the old barn is a smaller more modern, platform measuring 2m x 3m. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22653 MONUID MNA116549

Name Stone Hut SW of Seathwaite Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324469 513609 **Type** HUT

Description

Site: 22653\*0 This structure has been built into a hollow in the wood bordered by a vertical face of rock. Three walls have been built, the rear wall is formed from the rock face. The photo of the site shows some evidence of slate roofing tile. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22654 MONUID MNA121060

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Seatoller Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324450 513549 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22654\*0 This oval charcoal burning platform measures 8m x 7m. There is no revetment. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22655 MONUID MNA117043

Name Quarry in Low Stile Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 324219 513239 **Type** QUARRY

Description

Site: 22655\*0 This is a large quarry with the bore holes for the dynamite still visible in the rock. The spoil heap lies in front of the rock face that has been quarried away. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22656 MONUID MNA119681

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Low Stile Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324310 513430 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22656\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 9m x 7m and is revetted along the front edge. There is a large boulder to the rear of the platform. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22657MONUIDMNA115999NameCharcoal Burning Platform in Low Stile Wood, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 324310 513469 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22657\*0 This large charcoal burning platform measures 10m x 7m. It has a revetted front edge and boulders on the edge. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22658MONUIDMNA120487NamePathway in Low Stile Wood, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

Name Pathway in Low Stile Wood, Borrowdale NGR 324349 513469 Type TRACKWAY

Description

Site: 22658\*0 This path connects two charcoal burning platforms 22656\*0 and 22657\*0. It is hollowed to a depth of 0.4m and is 1.2m wide. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

MONUID **PREFREF** 22659 MNA116804 Post Medieval

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Low Stile Wood, Borrowdale Period

NGR CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 513570 **Type** 

Description

Site: 22659\*0 This charcoal burning platform is circular with a diameter of 9m. It is revetted all around o a height of 0.3m. The platform has been built on level ground. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** 22660 MONUID MNA116807

Name Charcoal Burning Platform & Track, Seathwaite, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 512930 **Type** TRACKWAY, CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM 324019

Description

Site: 22660\*0 This oval charcoal burning platform measures 6m x 8m and has no obvious revetment though the slopes to the front and rear are clearly defined. A revetted track leads up to this platform. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

MONUID MNA120876 PREFREF 22661

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Lowbank Crags, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324000 513010 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22661\*0 This platform is located at the junction of an intake wall and a relict wall line. The intake wall crosses the centre of the platform. The platform is circular and measures 6m x 6m. It is revetted but the overall view of the platform is that it looks like a natural feature. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** 22662 MONUID MNA116041

Period Name Charcoal Burning Platforms SE of Lowbank Crags, Borrowdale Post Medieval

CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM NGR 324040 513019 **Type** 

Description

Site: 22662\*0 This site contains one, possibly two charcoal burning platforms. Each of the platforms are oval in shape with some evidence of revetment. the first measures 8m x 9 m and the second measures 8m x 7m. They are positioned so that one borders onto the next. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** 22663 MONUID MNA118573

Name Mine (Extraction Pit ) NE of Seathwaite Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 512840 **Type** EXTRACTIVE PIT

**Description** 

Site: 22663\*0 This small pit lies on the base of the fellside, next to the road. It measures 12m x 8m and has a depth of 1.8m. It is most likely the site of some quarrying activity. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA117190 22664

Post Medieval Name Period Seathwaite Bridge, Borrowdale

NGR 323956 512785 **Type** ROAD BRIDGE

**Description** 

Site: 22664\*0 This stone road bridge has a 30m span and is 8m wide. A 1m wide footpath runs on the east side of the bridge.(Borrowdale Notebook 1)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119490 22665

Name Charcoal Burning Platform W of Seathwaite Bridge, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 512840 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22665\*0 Measuring 6m x 3m this charcoal burning platform lies high on the fellside in an area where there are a number of coppiced trees. The rear end of the platform may have been covered by later landslip. The front revetment appears also to have slipped. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** 22666 MONUID MNA116899

Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Seathwaite Bridge, Borrowdale Name Period Post Medieval

NGR 512639 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22666\*0 This well defined charcoal burning platform measures 7m x 8m. It appears to be revetted at the front and the rear of the platform is incised into the fellside. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115271 22667

Name Mine Complex S of Grains Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval 509899 **Type** MINE

NGR 323533 **Description** 

Site: 22667\*0 Level driven into fell side with associated building remains.

Mine entrance measures 1 x 1.5m, it is located in the side of a rock gully. It is suggested that the mine is only 10 yards deep (Borrowdale, Note Book 1). A level and ruined building by the side of a deep ravine (NY235099). The level is closed and the spoil almost totally devoid of mineralisation. No historical details are known (Adams 1988).

MONUID **PREFREF** MNA117315 Name Level Platform N of High House, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval **NGR** 323569 511939 **Type** PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22668\*0 Measuring 10m x 4.5m this rectangular platform is revetted on three sides. It is possibly the remains of a building platform or could be a feature of the garden. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 22669 MONUID MNA121133

Name Charcoal Burning Platform in Low Stile Wood, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324450 513570 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22669\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform is well defined and measures 5m x 7m. Its front edge is revetted and nearby runs a path (Site 22670\*0). Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF22670MONUIDMNA121134NameRevetted Path in Low Stile Wood, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324399 513560 **Type** TRACKWAY

Description

Site: 22670\*0 This revetted path is 1m wide and runs through Low Stile Wood, passing by a charcoal burning platform. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

 PREFREF
 22671
 MONUID
 MNA116309

 Name
 Building Foundation In High Stile Wood, Borrowdale
 Period
 Post Medieval

Name Building Foundation In High Stile Wood, Borrowdale NGR 324349 513710 Type HUT

Description

Site: 22671\*0 Measuring 5m x 4m this rectangular structure is divided into two, the western section is roughly semi circular and incorporates a large boulder into its construction. The entrance to the building is in the eastern section and measure 0.5m wide. The western front wall is revetted. All walls are destroyed to their footings. The structure is possibly a hogg house as it is quite close to the farm. It could well be contemporary with the relict wall system.

PREFREF 22672 MONUID MNA119895

Name Possible Shieling SW of Blackmoss Pot, Langstrath Period Medieval

NGR 326607 511177 Type SHIELING, SHIELING

**Description** 

Site: 22672\*0 These rectangular building remains are possibly those of a shieling. The structure measures 8m x 5n with a maximum wall height of 0.5m. The entrance lies in the north-eastern side. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF 22673 MONUID MNA116334

Name Circular Depression SW of Blackmoss Pot, Langstrath Period Medieval

**NGR** 326639 511080 **Type** HOLLOW

Description

Site: 22673\*0 Roughly circular this depression measures 2m in diameter with a circumference of 10m, sinking to a depth of 0.5m. The outer edges of the depression are slightly raised and become parched in the summer whilst the centre remains dark green. The function of this feature is unknown but it is possibly associated with site 22672\*0. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF22674MONUIDMNA120029NameBuilding Remains SE of Woof Stones, LangstrathPeriodMedieval

NGR 326422 510913 Type BUILDING

**Description** 

Site:  $22\overline{6}74*0$  This two roomed rectangular building measures  $7m \times 4m$ . the external entrance lies on the south eastern side and measures 1.4m wide. The back wall is well preserved, measuring 2.5m. The front wall is collapsed. The first room has internal measurements of  $3.5m \times 4m$  and in a fire place and raised hearth in the back left hand corner measures  $1m \times 1.2m$ . The second room is accessed via an internal doorway 1.3m wide. This room is smaller measuring  $2.5m \times 4m$ . The fireplace in this room is in the back right hand corner measuring 0.7m high and 0.7m wide. Adjacent to this building are the remains of another 22696\*0. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF22675MONUIDMNA119240NameCircular Wall Footings, Bank & Cairn, Tray Dub, LangstrathPeriodBronze Age

NGR 326449 510010 Type CAIRN, EARTHWORK

Description

Site: 22675\*0 Lying east of Langstrath Beck this site consists of a cairn that is surrounded by a circular earth bank/ring of footing stones. The cairn measures 2.5m in diameter and is roughly oval in shape. The stone bank has a circumference of 56m. Outside the stone bank are two circular cairns each measuring 2m in diameter. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF 22676 MONUID MNA115455

Name Sheep Fold SE of Swan Dub, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326530 510170 Type SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22676\*0 Situated close to a beck this tear shape sheep fold has a circumference of 40m. The single entrance measures 1m wide and the relict walls are 0.70m thick. Its proximity to the beck could indicate its function to have been that of a washfold (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath).

MONUID **PREFREF** 22677 MNA118050 Name Remains of Oval Stone Structure, Swan Dub, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 510290 **Type** BUILDING

Description

Site: 22677\*0 This oval ring of footing stones has a circumference of 13m and is 4m long by 3m wide. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

**PREFREF** 22678 MONUID MNA120849 Name Channel by Langstrath Beck, SW of Lamper Knott. Langstrath Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 510910 **Type** WATER CHANNEL, HOLLOW WAY

Description

Site: 22678\*0 This 11m long channel appears to have been cut into a mound of moraine. It is 1.5m wide with a depth of 0.7m and there is little debris inside the channel. Three large boulders block the southern end of the channel. Possible uses of this feature are a drainage channel or a facility for loading charcoal. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

**PREFREF** 22679 MONUID MNA118920 Name Stone & Earth Bank E of Langstrath Beck, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 510710 **Type** BANK (EARTHWORK)

Description

Site: 22679\*0 Running parallel to a drainage ditch this heaped bank of stone and earth measures 28m long and 2m wide. Its purpose was probably to keep water of the better meadows to the north. The height of the bank varies between 0.5m and 1m. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

**PREFREF** 22680 MONUID MNA118918 Period Post Medieval

Name Cairn W of Blea Crag, Langstrath

NGR 326449 510670 **Type** CAIRN

**Description** 

Site: 22680\*0 Of linear shape measuring 3m x 2m with a maximum height of 0.3m, the stone of this low cairn is mostly exposed. The centre of the cairn appears to have some depth and may have been disturbed. To the south of this is there may be another feature, a bank of stone and earth possibly man made. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120428 22681 Name possible shieling W of Blea Crag, Langstrath Period Medieval

NGR 326519 510679 **Type BLOOMERY** 

**Description** 

Site: 22681\*0 Situated between two hillocks on low lying land, the rectangular remains of this possible shieling measure 5m x 3m. The walls are destroyed down to footings and within the building there is scattered debris. An entrance to the building lies on the southern wall. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

**PREFREF** MONUID 22682 MNA118517 Name relict Boundary Line W of Blea Crag, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326459 510761 **Type** BANK (EARTHWORK), BOUNDARY WALL

**Description** 

Site: 22682\*0 This boundary line consists of a wall, built of large boulders with little hearthing stone remaining, which runs for 22m. Destroyed mostly to its footings it is 1.3m wide with a maximum height of 0.7m. The wall joins a stone and earth bank, 1.5m wide and 0.5m high, that runs for a further 13m. (Borrowdale Data Collection-Langstrath)

MONUID MNA120337 PREFREF 22683 Name Period Post Medieval

Bank W of Langstrath Beck, Langstrath 509960 **Type** NGR BANK (EARTHWORK)

Description

Site: 22683\*0 This linear bank of stones measures 46m in length, 1.8m in height and 2.5m in width. It is possible that it has been used to bank up a level area behind for a track. The feature leads to an area of Bloomery on the opposite side of the beck. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA119362 22684 Name Bield W of Langstrath Beck, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326385 509901 **Type** BIELD

Site: 22684\*0 This low wall comprising of large boulders measures 9m in length, 0.8m wide with a maximum wall height of 1m. It is located at the base of a low mound strewn with rock which may once have been part of a larger structure. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

MONUID MNA115080 **PREFREF** 22685 Name Sheep Fold NW of Birch How, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 325312 509252 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22685\*0 This two celled Sheep Fold is rectangular in shape 10.5m wide at the western end tapering to 8m at the eastern end. It is 25.5m long with a maximum wall height of 2.1m. The northern side of the fold is built, the top of the wall being level with the ground below. The smaller eastern pen, measuring 8m x 10m, appears to be a later build onto the larger pen. Each pen has its own

gateway with an additional one to link the two internally. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF22686MONUIDMNA118363NameIron Working Site ( Bloomery ) E Langstrath Beck, LangstrathPeriodMedieval

NGR 326379 509800 Type SLAG HEAP, BLOOMERY

**Description** 

Site: 22686\*0 Adjacent to sheep fold 22687\*0 and south of the confluence of Stake Beck and Langstrath Beck is an area of Bloomery slag and ore stained rock. The exact production site is unclear but it may be related to two level platforms by the Sheep Fold or the actual site of the Fold itself. The Northern wall of the fold is unusually wide measuring 1.5m. There is no evidence of any further structures or charcoal heaps. The site was mentioned by William Green in 1819 who says that near the sheepfold there was formerly a Bloomery. (See Sources) (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF22687MONUIDMNA116120NameSheep Fold E of Langstrath Beck, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326400 509820 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22687\*0 Adjacent to Langstrath Beck is a stone built Sheep Fold of a circular shape. It is sub divided into one large and one small pen. The smaller pen opens out onto the beck. It is possible that this fold was originally a wash fold, indicated by the presence of a dub in the beck or it may be associated with the nearby Bloomery, indicated by the thickness of the walls. The majority of the walls are collapsed, with a maximum height of 1.3m. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF22688MONUIDMNA119289NameCairns & possible Hut Circle N of Birch How, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325599 509279 Type HUT CIRCLE, CAIRN

**Description** 

Site: 22688\*0 There are two separate cairns at this site and the footing stones of a round hut. The First cairn is low and partly grassed over with a circumference of 13m. The second cairn is smaller measuring 0.5m across. 10m to the west of these cairns is a circle of footing stones 11m in circumference, just showing above the ground level. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF22689MONUIDMNA117451NameSheep Fold NW of Birch How, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325420 509190 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22689\*0 Built against a natural rock outcrop this sheep fold is sub rectangular in shape with an external wall measurement of 27m. All the walls are in a state of collapse with a maximum height of 0.6m. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF22690MONUIDMNA117453NameRuined Building NW of Blea Crag, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326620 510786 Type BUILDING

Description

Site: 22690\*0 These collapsed remains of a dry stone constructed building are roughly rectangular measuring 11m long, 5m wide at the southern end and 4m at the northern end. The maximum wall height is 1m and the wall width 0.7m. The building has two entrances one 0.8m wide the other 1,8m wide with a ramp leading up to it. This suggests that the building had two rooms, one "house" and one barn, though there is no evidence for an internal wall. Most of the stone from the collapsed walls appears to be on the site, having tumbled downslope. Amount of stone may suggest an original wall height of producing a building requiring a high thatch, however it could be that the fallen stone has largely been robbed for other building projects. The building is situated on high ground above the flood ground. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF22691MONUIDMNA118614Namepossible Building Remains NW of Blea Crag, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326615 510757 **Type** WALL

Description

Site: 22691\*0 This L-shaped section of stone wall has a maximum height of 0.6m and measures 3.5m x 2m. It is possibly the edging for a platform or the remains of a building, the rest of which has now been washed away by the gill adjacent. A large amount of washout is found on and around the site. Upslope of the wall a channel runs north-south. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF22692MONUIDMNA115691NameSheep Fold W of Birch How, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325162 508972 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 22692\*0 This rectangular sheep fold measures 8m x 10m with an 8m spur that guides stock into it. The walls are collapsed their heights range from 0.2m-1.4m. On the western wall is a gateway that measures 1.4m wide.(Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF22693MONUIDMNA118546NameCharcoal Burning Platform NW of Blackmoss Pot, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326389 511360 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22693\*0 This oval charcoal burning platform is incised into the steeply sloping fellside with 1m high stone revetment at the front. It measures 6m x 8m with a circumference of 21m. Charcoal was found at this site. (Borrowdale Data Collection

Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF22694MONUIDMNA121234NameCharcoal Burning Platform NE of Woof Stones, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326459 511190 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22694\*0 This oval charcoal burning platform is incised in to the steeply sloping fellside and has a front edge that is revetted to a height of 1.6m. It measures 4m x 8m with a circumference of 19m. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF 22695 MONUID MNA117798

Name Building Remains E of Woof Stones Langstrath Period Post Medieval

Name Building Remains E of Woof Stones, Langstrath NGR 326499 511080 Type BUILDING

Description

Site: 22695\*0 This L-shaped wall exists only as footings that measure 5m x 5m. A short 2m wall forms a third side to the foundation. The sides are regular suggesting that the structure is more likely to have been a building than a bield. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

 PREFREF
 22696
 MONUID
 MNA120002

 Name
 Building Remains SE of Woof Stones, Langstrath
 Period
 Post Medieval

Name Building Remains SE of Woof Stones, Langstrath NGR 326436 510940 Type BUILDING

Description

Site:  $22\overline{6}96*0$  Immediately adjacent to 22674\*0 this site is another building of which only the footings remain. Roughly rectangular the footings measure  $10m \times 4m$ .

PREFREF 22697 MONUID MNA117630

Name Charcoal Burning Platform W of Lamper Knott, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326909 511080 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22697\*0 This charcoal burning platform is incised into the slopes of the fell and has a substantial and well preserved front revertment wall 1.5m high. The platform measures 8m x 5m with a circumference of 20m. Charcoal was found on the site. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Langstrath)

PREFREF 22698 MONUID MNA119030

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Swan Dub, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326680 510014 **Type** CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22698\*0 This Charcoal burning platform measures 4m x 8m and has been incised into the fellside. There is no evidence of any revertment but it is possible that the stone could have tumbled downslope. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF 22699 MONUID MNA119430

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Tray Dub, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326789 509780 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22699\*0 Situated on a levelled promontory overlooking the junction of Langstrath and \stake Becks this elliptical shaped Charcoal burning platform measures 6m x 11m. The remains of stone revetment can be found along the front edge. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF 22700 MONUID MNA117460

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SE of Tray Dub, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326699 509919 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22700\*0 Measuring 5m x 7m this charcoal burning platform lies on a level promontory over looking Langstrath Beck. It is very similar to the nearby platform site 22699\*0. To the south of the platform there are the possible remains of an access path. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF 22701 MONUID MNA118615

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Brown Crag, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326839 509960 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22701\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform measures 7m in diameter with a revetted stone front. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF 22702 MONUID MNA115692

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Brown Crag, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326800 510129 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site:  $22\overline{7}02*0$  This Charcoal Burning Platform is elliptical in shape and measures 8m x 5m. Its front edge is revetted and partially turfed area. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF 22703 MONUID MNA118547

Name Charcoal Burning Platform SW of Brown Crag, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326880 510089 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22703\*0 Closely situated to platform 22702\*0, this small Charcoal burning platform measures 6m x 4m. It appears that the platform is ringed by stones along the perimeter. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF 22704 MONUID MNA121235

Name Charcoal Burning Platform W of Brown Crag, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326849 510259 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22704\*0 Measuring 8m x 6m this charcoal burning platform is incised into the steep fellside and has stone revetment along the front. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF 22705 MONUID MNA117799

Name Charcoal Burning Platform at Blea Crag, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326769 510600 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22705\*0 Situated on a promontory below Blea Crag this 8m wide charcoal burning platform has a revetted front edge that is now turfed over. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF22706MONUIDMNA120003NameCharcoal Burning Platform S of Blea Crag, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326810 510509 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

**Description** 

Site: 22706\*0 This circular charcoal burning platform measures 9m in diameter with partially turfed over stone revetment at the front. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF 22707 MONUID MNA117631

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NW of Brown Crag, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326839 510409 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22707\*0 This charcoal burning platform is in good condition and measures 7m x 8m. The front of the platform is revetted though some of the stone has tumbled. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF 22708 MONUID MNA119033

Name Charcoal Burning Platform NE of Tray Dub, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326690 510269 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22708\*0 This charcoal burning platform has a diameter of 7m and is heavily bracken covered and therefore difficult to see. There is some evidence for turf covered revetment. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF 22709 MONUID MNA119431

Name Wall Footings of Small Building S of Tray Dub, Langstrath Period Post Medieval

NGR 326470 509750 Type BUILDING

Description

Site: 22709\*0 These rectangular wall footings measure 3m x 4m. The stone has been scattered so that the feature is difficult to recognise. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF22710MONUIDMNA119433NameEnclosure between Langstrath & Stake Beck, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

NameEnclosure between Langstrath & Stake Beck, LangstrathNGR326369509470TypeRECTANGULAR ENCLOSURE

Description

Site:  $22^{\frac{x}{7}}10*0$  This enclosure consists of two sections of wall that form an L-shape, hinging on a large boulder. The walls measure 7m x 6m and the whole feature is adjacent to a dried up gully. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF22711MONUIDMNA115844NameShelter Remains SE of Sobby Gill, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325750 509489 Type ROCK SHELTER

Description

Site: 22<sup>7</sup>11\*0 This shelter has been constructed by placing two parallel walls against a boulder. The walls are now reduced to footings and measure 1.5m long. There is no evidence of turfing and the stone is not set into the ground. Possibly modern walkers shelter. (Langstrath Notebook)

PREFREF22712MONUIDMNA120951NameShelter SE of High House Tarn, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324770 508859 **Type** SHELTER

Description

Site: 22712\*0 This small shelter is apparently constructed in a small natural hollow amongst large boulders and stones. It measures 1m x 0.5m. (Langstrath Notebook)

Period

Post Medieval

**PREFREF** MONUID 22713 MNA116590 Name Period Shelter SE of High House Tarn, Langstrath Post Medieval

NGR 509060 **Type SHELTER** 324590

**Description** 

Site: 22713\*0 A low wall has been built onto the side of a large boulder to create a shelter. There are several large boulders in the lower courses of the wall which stand at a height of 50cm.(Borrowdale Notebook 3)

**PREFREF** 22714 MONUID MNA121168

Washfold SE of Pounsey Crag Greenup, Borrowdale NGR 328126 511836 **Type** WASHFOLD

Description

Name

Site: 22714\*0 This circular washfold has a circumference of 26m with a maximum wall height of 1.2m. The wash fold has one entrance which leads to a platform above the beck. The platform is 1m high. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Greenup)

**PREFREF** MONUID 22715 MNA117401

Name Possible Shieling N of Footmoorgate Gill Greenup, Borrowdale Period Medieval

NGR 511869 **Type** SHIELING

Description

Site: 22715\*0 These rectangular building remains consist of three collapsed walls, the two short ends and one longer wall which measure 2m x 4m. The maximum wall height is 0.6m high. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Greenup)

**PREFREF** 22716 MONUID MNA116490 Name Shieling N of Lining Crag, Greenup, Borrowdale Period Medieval

NGR 328423 511728 **Type** SHIELING

Description

Site: 22716\*0 Situated on a small area of level ground between two becks is a site that consists of a probable shieling hut which is set within a complex of two small pens. The boat shaped building is the best preserved sharing its northern wall with an enclosure. This dividing wall is 1m wide, collapsed with a maximum height of 0.8m. A doorway 0.8m wide from the building leads into the adjacent pen. The southern wall of the boat shaped building is built into a bank. It measures 0.75m on the outside and 1.4m from the inside. To the north of the building are the remains of a large rectangular pen, 11m x 8m. Walls badly collapsed, this pen surrounds the well preserved building. To the south is a second enclosure, apparently post dating the building and enclosure. The whole site is covered in collapsed wall and washout debris making it difficult to accurately plan out site. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Greenup)

**PREFREF** 22717 MONUID MNA117088 Period Post Medieval

Name Sheep Fold on W bank of Greenup Gill, Borrowdale NGR 511229 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

**Description** 

Site: 22717\*0 This two penned sheep fold is roughly rectangular in shape with a semicircular end to the south-western end. The walls are in good repair with only three sections of collapsed wall. The maximum wall height is 1.6m internally and 2m externally. It measures approximately 6m x 16m. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Greenup)

**PREFREF** 22718 MONUID MNA115592

Name Possible Shieling W of Lining Crag Greenup, Borrowdale Period Medieval

**NGR** 328050 511209 **Type SHIELING** 

Site: 22718\*0 Beside the beck on the opposite side to site 22717\*0 is a flat area with a sunken centre. The area is rectangular and measures 7m x 4m. It is outlined by a sequence of intermittent footings. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Greenup)

**PREFREF** 22719 MONUID MNA117172

Name Peat Cuttings in Valley Head Greenup, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

511210 **Type** NGR PEAT CUTTING

Description

Site: 22719\*0 Situated in the valley head are a number of peat cutting areas with a depth of approximately 0.5m. There are also peat cutting scars further north, south east of Heron Crag.

**PREFREF** MONUID 22720 MNA117173

Name Circular Footings SW of Lining Crag Greenup, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 328120 511160 **Type FOUNDATION** 

**Description** 

Site: 22720\*0 These intermittent stone footings form a circle 3m in diameter with a circumference of 12m. Situated on a ledge next to an active beck they are all that remains of a possible building.

**PREFREF** 23042 MONUID MNA115088 Name Sheep Fold Langstrath, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 509794 **Type** SHEEP FOLD

Description

Site: 23042\*0 Double penned fold, one large one small, adjacent to gill running Stake Beck. Larger pen is elliptical in shape with the second pen forming a much smaller enclosure between it and the gill. Walls mostly tumbled, although some walls are standing complete with their cam stones. Entrance appears to be on the western down slope side. The site covers an area of approximately 20

x 10 meters (Miscellaneous Book 2).

PREFREF23323MONUIDMNA117265NameRevetted Platform E of Grains Gill, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323619 510640 Type PLATFORM

Description

Site: 23323\*0 The levelled platform is rectangular in shape and revetted with large stones. It measures 12m x 9m and is positioned right next to the intake wall. It is unclear whether it is a building platform or a pitstead. A second component of the site is the existence of two parallel walls to the north of the platform. It is possible that this 27m stretch of walling was originally an outgang. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF 24403 MONUID MNA121295

NameQuarry known as Cave near Long Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost MedievalNGR325500517100TypeQUARRY

**Description**Site: 24403\*0 Quarry.

PREFREF 24406 MONUID MNA117310

Name Lead Mines in Troutdale, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 326199 517599 **Type** LEAD MINE

Description

Site: 24406\*0 Lead mine.

PREFREF 24409 MONUID MNA115142

Name Quayfoot Quarry E of River Derwent, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 325277 516720 Type SLATE QUARRY

Description

Site: 24409\*0 Quayfoot slate quarry.

PREFREF 24485 MONUID MNA118062

Name Ore Gap ( Iron Mine ), Eskdale Period Medieval

NGR 324099 507200 **Type** IRONSTONE MINE

Description

Site: 24485\*0 Iron Mine. This iron mine is situated near to Ore Gap.

PREFREF 24664 MONUID MNA118750

Name Stone Axe Factory, Great Slack, Borrowdale Period Neolithic

NGR 322449 509620 Type STONE AXE FACTORY

Description

Site:24664\*0 An agglomeration of five flake sites (24664\*721 - 24664\*726) thought to represent a stone axe factory. 8652 Site Summary:

721 - NY 2245009626

A loose spread of small and some medium flakes, partly covered by vegetation. The site is poorly defined and many of the flakes are possibly the result of natural fracturing. Size: 2m x 2m Concentration: 1 (7) Flake size: Small & medium

722 - NY 2246509620

A small but fairly compact site protected by some large boulders, which probably fell on to the site after the flaking as there are flakes underneath the boulder. There is only a slight run-off from this site. The flakes are patinated and they have a slight lichen deposit on them. Size: 0.4m x 0.4m Concentration: 2 (24) Flake size: Medium

723 - NY 2246309629

An area of small and medium flakes emerging from an eroded peat deposit immediately above a hornstone outcrop. Most of the flakes are lightly patinated and some display brown staining. Size: 1 m x 1 m Concentration: 2 (11) Flake size: Small & medium 724 - NY 2247009623

This site comprises medium and small flakes, emerging from an eroded peat deposit, which have become incorporated into the natural scree and are spread down the slope. There is an outcrop of hornstone in the immediate vicinity. Most of the flakes are lightly patinated. Size 2m x 1m Concentration: 2 (16) Flake size: Small & medium

725 - NY 2247809628

The main concentration of flakes is amongst an outcrop of hornstone, but there are also flakes emerging from an eroding peat deposit above the outcrop, and this latter flake deposit is likely to have been the original source of the flakes. In front of the hornstone is a 1m wide strip of grass, which has medium flakes emerging from the downslope side. Most of the flakes are lightly patinated. Size: 3m x 3m Concentration: 2 (26) Flake size: Small & medium

726 - NY 2247509632

An area of lightly patinated small and medium flakes eroding out of the peat and becoming incorporated into the natural scree. The flakes lie within 2m of a hornstone boulder. Size: 2m x 1m Concentration: 2 (20) Flake size: Small & medium (LUAU, 1984: Group No.: PRN 8652)

PREFREF24665MONUIDMNA115047NameStone Axe Factory, Glaramara South Park, BorrowdalePeriodNeolithic

NGR 324541 510447 Type STONE AXE FACTORY

Description

Site: 24665\*0 Two flake sites (24665\*755 -24665\*56), the second slightly dubious, thought to represent working from the

Neolithic Stone axe factories.

755 - NY 2460010429

A small patch of flakes exposed by path erosion. The flakes are heavily patinated and are slightly dubious. Though there is a possibility that the flakes are all natural, the number of flakes is an indication that this is in fact a genuine working site. The site is in the proximity (about 3m-4m away) of a hornstone coarse scree, so there is an obvious source. Hornstone outcrops near the top of the south peak of Glaramara, but the outcrop does not seem to relate to the lower band of hornstone that is the source for the main Glaramara sites. Hence this would seem to be a different, higher band than the main Glaramara hornstone band. It is probable that this site represents the working of a single rough-out. The fact that there is only one other site around suggests that this site was the result of a tentative Neolithic trial into the feasibility of using the rock outcropping in this area. The site lies on and is exposed by the main Glaramara path. Size: 0.5m x 0.5m Concentration: 2 (22) Flake size: Medium

This is a dubious site, comprising a few flakes found in a small turf exposure near a large hornstone outcrop. It is similar to site 755. The flakes are patinated unevenly and very few of the flakes are definitely worked. Size: 2m x 0.3m Concentration: 2 (12) Flake size: Small, medium and large (LUAU 1984: Group No: PRN 8656)

PREFREF24668MONUIDMNA118109NameStone Axe Factory, Great End, BorrowdalePeriodNeolithic

NGR 322890 508320 Type STONE AXE FACTORY

Description

8639 Site Summary:

400 - NY 22890832

his site has a very low scatter of flakes, mixed with natural scree in a narrow stream gully that leads down Great End. There is no sign, despite much searching, a point where the concentration of flakes is greater and hence indicative of the flaking area. The density of flakes is so low that there is a good possibility that the flakes are the result of natural conchoidal fracturing. The rock is a dark grey, almost black, tuff which is called Esk Pike hornstone by R Oliver <1>. There are some outcropping patches of the tuff in the area, but as the flaking area has not been traced, it cannot be assigned safely to either types b or c, though it is most probably of type b. The stream of flakes spills into a large area of scree where the concentration is similarly low. Size: c.40m x 2m Concentration: 1 (1) Flake size: Small and medium (LUAU, 1984: Group No: PRN 8639).

PREFREF24670MONUIDMNA119709NameStone Axe Factory, Stake Beck, Great LangdalePeriodNeolithic

NGR 327281 507964 Type STONE AXE FACTORY

#### Description

Two areas of flakes (24670\*16 - 24670\*17) revelled by modern footpath cuttings. Consisting of differing sized flakes some with smaller ones being lightly patinated.

16 - NY 2728207965

An area of flakes has been revealed by a modern footpath cutting through the vegetation and peat. The site can be divided into three distinct areas: The higher south-eastern area comprises heavily patinated medium flakes which display brown staining. In the centre of the site and 2m to the West of the footpath lies an area of lightly patinated small flakes. Finally the lower part of the site and 3m West of the path is an area of large flakes and cores, which are mostly heavily patinated and brown stained. These areas probably represent where different stages of the manufacture took place, i.e. coarse roughing-out and fine roughing-out. There are some flakes and a rough-out in the stream bed where the site spills into the stream. Pollen samples have been taken by Reading University in Sept. 1985 and Sept. 1986 from the South edge of the site. The peat deposit was found to be lying directly on top of a thin layer of flakes. In Sept. 1986 excavation of this site was undertaken by Roy Entwistle, on behalf of the Reading University project <1>. The flake material was shown to be defined by an arc of large, non-hornstone, boulders. These boulders were associated with a scatter of larger flakes and enclosed several concentrations of finer material, and overall there were five distinct piles of debitage. Size: 12m x 5m. Concentration: 3 (41).Flake size: Small, medium and large. Finds: R;R

This is a site exposed by the modern footpath through the peat. The flakes are scattered down the path and are mainly small and medium with an occasional large one. The flakes are heavily patinated. There is a rough-out in the stream bed near to and North-West of the site. The rock beneath the peat does not seem to be hornstone. Size: 1.5m x 19m. Concentration: 2 (8). Flake size: Small and medium. Finds: R (LUAU, 1984: Group No.: PRN 8602)

PREFREF24672MONUIDMNA119905NameStone Axe Factory, Stake Beck, Great LangdalePeriodNeolithic

NGR 327029 508400 Type STONE AXE FACTORY

Description

Seven flake sites (24672\*9 - 24672\*15), away from known outcrops, with various sized flakes of differing flake types. To explain the location of the type d sites far away from known outcrops there have been suggestions that the source material was transported by the Neolithic workers to these sites either as coarse rough-outs or raw hornstone <1>. But the presence of lumps of unworked hornstone at site 9 indicates that rough-outs were not transported here for finishing. Also it would seem unusual for the raw material to be carried over a kilometre from the nearest outcrop if it was then going to be left unused. Being a drumlin it would so probable that the source material was glacial erratics from the drumlin.

9 - NY 2699508463

A moderately concentrated, exposed patch of flakes on the North-facing slope of a drumlin. It is a shallow flake deposit scattered amongst rocks of differing geology. There are up to 30 fragments of unworked hornstone, which are larger than 110mm x 100mm. Below are some examples: 1) Sized: 150mm x 120mm x 60mm, this has no conchoidal fractures, just straight angular fractures. 2). Sized: 190mm x 140mm x 50mm 3) Sized: 100mm x 100mm 4) Sized: 170mm x 180mm x 60mm. Site size: c. 5m x 4m. Concentration: 3 (106). Flake size: Small, medium and large. Finds: R

10 - NY 2701308401

An exposure of flakes in a bank just above a stream. Size: c.1.3m x 0.5m. Concentration: 2. Flake size: Small and medium 11 - NY 2702008396

A few flakes in the stream bed. There is no worked material in situ in the sections, so they are probably washed down from nearby sites. Concentration: 1. Flake size: Medium

#### 12 - NY 2702308375

Here there are two very similar sites, separated by only a fewm: 12 and 12a. There are a few flakes in the stream bed, but there is nothing visible in the exposed sections and the flakes are probably washed down from nearby sites. Concentration: 1. Flake size:

#### 13 - NY 2703208365

A few flakes in the stream bed (which is about 0.4m wide here). There are no flakes in the exposed sections, so they are probably washed down from sites further upstream. Concentration: 1. Flake size: Medium. Finds: R

#### 4 - NY 2703008350

An exposure of mainly medium flakes in an eroded bank, West of the stream. The flakes are stratified below humus (no peat deposit here) and above morainic material. The cutting is in the side of one of the many mounds in the vicinity. There are also a few flakes in the stream bed. Size: c.4m across. Concentration: 2. Flake size: Small, medium and large 15 - NY 2707808284

A few flakes are visible in the eroded bank of the stream, stratified above morainic material. Concentration: 1 Flake size: Medium LUAU, 1984: Group No.: PRN 8601)

 PREFREF
 24691
 MONUID
 MNA115137

 Name
 Stone Axe Factory, Thunacar Knott, Borrowdale
 Period
 Neolithic

NGR 327614 508026 Type STONE AXE FACTORY

**Description**Site: 24691\*0
143 - NY 27400814

This site was originally found by Mr P Johnson in 1966 and it was then the subject of excavations undertaken by T McK Clough in 1969 and 1970 <1>. The following description is from the excavation report: "The chipping site is in a shallow scoop in the fellside where a saucer of peat which once formed over the archaeological material is now eroding and spilling downhill to expose at its base an extensive bed of chippings. In the course of the excavation no definite structural features were found. There was, however a small amount of scattered charcoal which was sent for carbon dating, and produced a date of 2524+-52 BC. There were found two main concentrations of flakes; one concentration comprised large flakes and rough outs, while the other in a separate trench 10m from the first comprised no rough outs and very small flakes (<50mm). This would seem to imply that the coarse roughing and the trimming stages of manufacture were conducted in different places. Size of main trench: 8m x 4.5m The site was located by T.Clough in c 1989 and was surveyed in August 1992. (LUAU description - 1992)

A semi-circular peat hag, with an exposed, 0.9m deep section of peat lying on top of mineral soil. Flakes are scattered around the edge of the section and there is also a concentration of flakes within the middle of the hag. The flakes are all located on the mineral soil and peat formation clearly post-dated axe manufacture. The precise location of the 1969 trench is not obvious from the present surface evidence, but appears to have extended across the floor of the peat hag. The flakes have moderate patination. To the west of the main hag is a small square of thin grass (2.5mx2.0m); it has appearance of a former trench, however the only trench recorded by T.Clough was 3m across, and 10m to the north-west of the main trench, whereas this is only about 3m to the west of the main trench. Within the centre of the square is a moderate concentration of medium and large flakes (the concentration for the site was counted from this area). There are also some more flakes exposed to the west of the square. There is a small hag to the north-west of the main trench which was probably the location of the small trench reported by Clough, however there was no obvious trench. A limited number of medium and large flakes were observed at the base of the trench. Flake site-d Flake size: mainly medium and large Concentration: 3 (56) (LUAU, 1984: Group No.: PRN 8612)

PREFREF25452MONUIDMNA123714NameSurface Trial Pits, Ore Gap, LangdalePeriodMedieval

NGR 324110 507250 Type IRONSTONE WORKINGS

# Description

This feature is an area of disturbed ground which is roughly bell shaped in plan and is visible as an area of iron covered ground. It appears that this area was worked for iron ore at some point, perhaps as a trial to large scale extraction. Some degree of crushing and sorting appears to have taken place on site.

PREFREF25453MONUIDMNA123715NameStone cairn, Ore Gap,PeriodPrehistoric

**NGR** 324130 507270 **Type** CAIRN

# Description

This feature appear similar to NTSMR 25450 being a circular ring of piled stone which appears proud of the turf. This feature was first recorded by a footpath team in 1996 but was lost and only entered in Jan 2000. There are two circular features here, the first roughly 6m in diameter and the second 10m in diameter. This feature is located along the path between Tongue Head and Ore Gap.

PREFREF25454MONUIDMNA123716NamePossible Site of Hidden Bothy, Cam Crag, LangstrathPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326108 511187 **Type** BOTHY

#### **Description**

his site was recorded in 1997 by an unknown person, and the details lost until 2000. The location of a hidden bothy, accessed via a trap door is thought to exist in this area. No other details survive.

PREFREF25485MONUIDMNA123761NameQuarry buildings in High Hows Wood, Hollows Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325309 515816 **Type** BUILDING

### Description

Buildings associated with the quarry 21581\*

PREFREF 25486 MONUID MNA123762

Name Charcoal Burning Platform on Belt Knot Period Post Medieval

NGR 326917 512454 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Charcoal burning platform.

PREFREF25487MONUIDMNA118326NameLoading Platform E of Langstrath Beck, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326997 511705 **Type** PLATFORM

Description

Site: 22419\*1 Situated alongside the track this feature has a 1.3m high revetment to create a level loading platform, used in conjunction with the slate quarries 22404\*0 and 22406\*0 and sledway 22539\*0. The platform measures 4m x 14m narrowing to 3m wide at its northern end, being on a slight incline from north to south. The sledway ended at the southern end of the platform (the sledway is now a water course). The platform is constructed of large boulders and is linked to an engineered pathway used to remove the slate from the valley site 22419\*2. (Borrowdale Data Collection Sheets-Chapel Farm)

PREFREF 25488 MONUID MNA123763

Name Quarry Hut, Sergeants crag, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 327232 511594 **Type** HUT

Description

Quarryman's hut associated with the slate quarry 22404\*0.

PREFREF25489MONUIDMNA118111NameBuilding S of Castle Crag, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325008 515750 Type BUILDING

Description

Site: 22195\*2 Situated east of the quarry is a square building, the only remains is a wall and apart of a wall. These standing walls rise to just 0.5m in height, the building itself is approximately 3 x 3m (Borrowdale, Data Collection Sheets). It is probably associated with the nearby quarry (SMR 22195\*1). This site is situated in OS field number 234.

PREFREF 25490 MONUID MNA115420

Name Building Remains, Mine Complex S of Grains Gill, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 323554 509884 **Type** MINE BUILDING

Description

Site: 22667\*1 Situated on the fellside S of Grains Gill are the remains of a stone building measuring 3m x 2.5m. The walls are partly destroyed standing no higher that 1m. In the western wall is an entrance 0.75m wide. There is no roof and there are no remains of any roofing material. (Borrowdale Notebook 3)

PREFREF25571MONUIDMNA120841NameRobson's Mine (Level), Spoilheap and Mineshop/GuardhousePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323295 512380 Type SPOIL HEAP, GUARDHOUSE, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*1 The lowest, and latest, level driven in the mine was Robson's Level, situated on the south-western side of the enclosure wall. It was started in 1845 as a drainage adit to allow further exploitation of deposits below the grand pipe but had not joined up with any other levels before the mines were finally abandoned (Tyler 1995, 166). Today both adit and spoil heap are hidden by a conifer plantation although trees on top of the platform have recently been removed. The spoil heap has spread down the slope and is about 10 meters high. At its summit is a finger shaped platform with an even surface measuring 16.6 m by 6.8m. The Ordnance Survey 1st Edition 25 inch map of 1868 shows that the material from the mine was brought out on a railway across the spoilheap. At the north-west end of the spoilheap are the remains of a mineshop built into the hillside and now largely cleared of spoil, which is the latest of several guardhouses at the mine that were designed to prevent thieves gaining access to the mine and to allow miners to be searched for stolen graphite on leaving the mine. A photograph of Robson's Level taken c.1888 (reproduced Tyler 1995, 173) shows a two storey guardhouse with a slate covered, gabled roof. The physical remains correspond well with this photograph and also with Ordnance Survey 1st Edition 25-inch, this shows a rectangular roofed building covering the mine entrance and a three sided, probably unroofed structure abutting its southern corner. The three-sided structure, open at the front, measures 6.1 m by 2.8m internally, within walls 0.8m wide and 0.85m high. The part of the building consists of a rectangular structure 3.8m wide, now earth filled, revetted internally by a series of parallel walls; this may have been the foundation for the upper part of the guardhouse. The adit entrance has been cleared and the portal partly shored up recently; despite this it is still collapsing inwards. The adit is 1.5m wide, its sides displaying remains of stone walling up to 0.9m high. Above the adit entrance is a shallow ditch, up to 2m wide, where the adit has collapsed inwards slightly (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25572MONUIDMNA115159NameWater Blast Shaft (Air Shaft) to aid Robson's levelPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323278 512423 **Type** AIR SHAFT

Description

Site: 20118\*2 Twenty meters north of the adit is a scoop into the slope, 3.8m by 2.4m, which is the remains of a water blast shafts constructed to aid ventilation of Robsons level (20118\*1) before its intended connection to other mine levels. The iron water tube still survives; it passes through the centre of the hollow and can be seen entering the adit on a photograph published by Ian Tyler (Tyler 1995, 174). Ian Tyler (Tyler 1995, 167) states that although the water for the blast shaft was supplied by Newhouse Gill at first, a leat was dug to bring a more reliable supply from Sourmilk Gill. No trace of the leat was found close to the blast shaft but this is not surprising since the ground is heavily covered with brash from the plantation. There is no indication of where the leat crossed the stone wall that separates Sourmilk Gill from the blast shaft (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25573MONUIDMNA117468NameGilberts Mine (Stage), Spoil heap, Minehouse, railwayPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323293 512598 Type RAILWAY, SPOIL HEAP, MINE BUILDING, ADIT, GRAPHITE

Description

Site: 20118\*3 A further 200m north, up the fellside, is Gilbert's Stage below which is the most prominent of all spoil heaps. This adit was driven in 1798 and when it reached the Grand Pipe in 1800 the guardhouse was built around the entrance (Tyler 1995, 125). The documentary evidence for the mine house is particularly plentiful; two annotated small scale plans of both floors survive as well as a sketch of the exterior, all made by John Farey who began a survey of the mine in 1818 (Dorchester RO; D/BKL, Cumberland un-catalogued). Other documentary sources suggest that, to increase security, all graphite extracted from the mine - from whatever level - was brought to the surface at Gilbert's Stage (Tyler 1995, 126, 135), which may account for the large size of the spoil heap; it is spread 73 meters down the slope and is 42m across at its widest point. Water run off down the slope has also caused some of the deeds from the bottom of the spoil heap to move down hill. About half way down the western side of the spoil heap is part of a drystone revetment wall which was presumably an attempt to hold the spoil back. The platform at the top of the spoil heap is 10.9m by 7.1m but its front has become quite eroded by water seeping from the mine. In the centre of the platform the erosion has exposed red staining which is probably the rusted remains of a railway shown on Farey's plans of 1821. A few short sections of iron rail are scattered further down the spoilheap. On the north-eastern side of the spoil heap is a drain taking water from the mine, which is 0.8m wide and 0.4m high. It appears that due to the underlying bedrock, the ground floor was largely built to provide a foundation for the main upper floor, although there was room for a smithy at the front of the building, on the south-west side of the adit. The upper story consisted of six rooms of varying sizes (Tyler 1995, 198). The surviving walls of the north-eastern side of the building are 0.7m wide and have a maximum external height of 2.1m; the interior is 3.1m by 5.6m. The walls are bonded with mortar and in the northern corner of the room some wall plaster survives. the maximum internal height of the walls is 1.2m, at the back of the building where the walls are protected by a hewn rock face; most of the room, however, is largely filled with debris. During the course of the survey the southern corner of this room fell away, exposing a layer of graphite dust 0.3m thick, which confirms the note on Farey's plan that this was the upper storey wad picking room. The adit is a maximum of 1.0m wide an up to 1.0m high; the interior of the mine is still accessible from here. Adjacent to the adit, at the front of the guardhouse, the base of the stone staircase survives; it is composed of single slabs of stone 0.9m wide. In the south-west half of the building part of the smithy survives. Internally it measures about 2.6m wide although no dividing wall is visible on the south-west side. Internally the wall is 0.6m high and externally 1.2m; the position of a window at the front of the smithy is clearly visible. Farey's plan notes a peat house on the south-western side of the building but this no longer survives. Neither is there any trace of a privy which adjoined the north-eastern side of the building (Lax

PREFREF25574MONUIDMNA119473NameSpoilheap or possible site of Old Men's E Mine (Stage)PeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323213 512688 Type SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE

Description

Site: 20118\*4 About 80m uphill from Gilbert's Stage is another spoil heap. Although it extends downslope for 33m it is of no great depth, most of the material having spread out because of the steep gradient of the natural slope. The platform at the top measures 4.4m by 3.1m; on it is a corner of walling that only survives to foundation level. It is possible that this is the site of the Old Men's East Level which is marked as a small adit on Farey's 1821 map but it may also be where old deads from the adjacent Old Men's Stage (20118\*5) were moved downhill and resorted during a lean spell at the mine (Lax 1988).

PREFREF25575MONUIDMNA118826NameOld Men's Mine (Stage), Coffin Level, MinehousePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323179 512687 Type SPOIL HEAP, DRAINAGE LEVEL, GRAPHITE MINE, MINE

Description

Site: 20118\*5 The Old Men's Stage, as its name suggests, is one of the earlier workings; it was driven in 1619 to gain access to the Grand Pipe and to help drain it. Photographs taken by Ian Tyler (Tyler 1995, 78-79) show that it is a hand-driven, narrow 'coffin level'. In 1769, in order to re-open the level, a mine house was built around the adit with a yard to contain the spoil. Farey's plan shows the site of the mine house and the yard wall which are described as 'now removed' strongly suggesting that the mine house was dismantled in order to re-use the stone. Ian Tyler (Tyler 1995, 121) asserts that the stone was used to build Harrison's mine house in 1791. If this was the case considerable effort must have been expended taking the relatively poor quality, undressed, stone uphill, especially when according to Farey's plan the remains of an old mine house (date unknown) may have existed as little as 20m away. The top of the platform has largely been covered with spoil from the spoilheap above it but a small terrace, 1.5m wide, survives. At the south-western edge of the platform are the remains of a small rectangular building which measures 4.2m by 2.4m internally. The rear of the structure was formed, or possibly sheltered by, a quarried rock outcrop which has stopped spoil from spreading onto it. At the front of the building is some rough drystone walling that is 0.7m high externally. This may be the remains of the Old Stage peat house for it was still standing in 1821 according to Farey's plan; it may not have been worth the effort to take stone from a crudely built store for use elsewhere. Protruding from the bottom of the spoilheap above the Old Men's platform is a single dressed stone, 0.8m wide and 0.5m deep. Behind it is a slight ridge of spoil suggesting a buried wall; possibly another building survives beneath the rubble. The spoilheap itself is partly turf-covered although where visible the deads are large. It is 38m long and is interrupted approximately two-thirds down its slope by a turf covered terrace. This may be the remains of a track across the spoilheap to join the track above the top of (20118\*4) rather than the partially covered remains of an earlier spoilheap (Lax 1995).

 PREFREF
 25576
 MONUID
 MNA118754

 Name
 New Level Mine/Adit (Trial) near Newhouse Gill, Spoilheap, Platform
 Period
 Post Medieval

NGR 323149 512646 Type PLATFORM, SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*6 Forty meters west of Old Men's Stage is an adit and its accompanying spoil heap cut into the side of Newhouse Gill. The spoilheap is partly turf covered and is composed of material of differing sizes. The platform is 3.5m in diameter and only 8.0m high; the relatively small size suggests that this was simply a trial adit which did not discover any deposits of graphite. Its date is unknown but it does not appear on Farey's plan and also it utilises the side of the stream in the same manner as Gill Stage further upstream which is dated to 1832; this suggests a date around the early to mid nineteenth century. The adit is reached by a small track along the side of the gill. The tunnel is arch-shaped and measures 2.0m wide and approximately 2m in height although the bottom of

it is water-filled (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25577MONUIDMNA119775NameFarey's Mine (Stage), Spoilheap, Platform, course of RailwayPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323165 512699 Type SPOIL HEAP, RAILWAY, PLATFORM, GRAPHITE MINE

**Description** 

Site: 20118\*7 Farey's Stage was driven in 1819 (Tyler 1995, 144) thus giving an existing internal level an exit to the surface. According to Ian Tyler (Tyler 1995, 111) when the Old Men's Level was re-opened in 1769 it was necessary to send men to re-locate the adit because it was covered in spoil. If this was the case, it raises the question of whether Farey's spoilheap covers an earlier adit of which there is no documentary record. The top of the platform is a maximum of 15.7m by 11.4m but the front of it is badly eroded. Among the deads in the spoilheap are a number of stones with shot holes drilled in them. From the mouth of the adit, running across the centre of the platform, there is a gradually broadening channel, about 4.5m wide and up to 0.5m deep which is probably the old course of a railway, the rock-cut adit entrance, 2.5m wide, is at an angle to the spoilheap; perhaps it continues the line of the adit beyond the Grand Pipe. Internally the adit is 1.7m high and 0.8m wide (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25578 MONUID MNA121178

Name Grand Pipe/Bill's Mine (Shaft), Spoilheap Period Post Medieval

NGR 323146 512699 Type SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE

**Description** 

Site: 20118\*8 Just above Farey's Stage is the top of the Grand Pipe, also known as Bill's Shaft, where traditionally the graphite was first discovered after a storm uprooted an ash tree growing there. The first definite reference to it being worked is in 1594, later than the Upper Wadhole. The hole at the top of the pipe is an irregular shape, approximately 8m by 3m at its widest points. Directly below it is a small spoilheap, the top of which is about 7m wide. On the western side of this is what appears to be the remains of a separate smaller spoilheap, on top of which is a roughly rectangular depression 4.2m by 2.6m and 0.4m deep. It is possible that this is where winding gear stood before the Grand Pipe could be accessed from the Old Men's Level (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25579MONUIDMNA116438NameGill's Mine (Stage), SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323108 512718 **Type** SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE

**Description** 

Site: 20118\*9 Gill's Stage, like the New Level trial (20118\*6), is cut into rock outcrop in the side of Newhouse Gill. The spoilheap is therefore a short distance from where the main adit comes to the surface along a trackway 2.4m wide, curving around the slope, that is cut out of the rock. The top of the spoilheap is 6.6m by 7.2m; most of the waste material in it is small but there are some large boulders with shot holes in them in the bottom of the gill. There are two adits, the first of which is situated 13m from the spoilheap. This may be a trial, referred to by Ian Tyler (Tyler 1995, 157), made a few years before Gill's was begun in 1832. Its entrance is 1.6m high and 0.6m wide but the interior immediately broadens out into a cavern that does not extend far beyond the entrance. The second, main adit is a further 7m away from the spoilheap and is clear of debris. Its entrance is 1.3m wide and 1.6m high (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25580MONUIDMNA119930NameSpoilheap E of Gill's Mine (Stage)PeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323133 512734 Type SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 20118\*10 About 30m to the east of Gill's stage is another, unidentified spoilheap which is relatively small and partly turf-covered. The platform, measuring 9.7m by 3.9m, has a number of stone walls extending from its north-western edge. At the rear of the platform is length of revetment wall, 6m long and 1.3m high. From the south-western edge of the platform a track runs in direction of Gill's Stage and is also partly revetted. On the north-western tip of the platform are the corners of two buildings standing side by side. The one furthest from the spoilheap measures 7.1m by 3.2m. The walls are 0.6m wide and survive to a maximum height of 1.4m. The corner of the other building is also 3.2m wide. There are two, maybe three wall ends (not surveyed) protruding from the spoilheap above but whether they are part of the same structure is uncertain. The spoilheap is probably later than 1821; it is not shown on Farey's plan although the crag just to the north of it, Usher's Knot, is shown. The spoilheap also overlies the miners' path shown on the same plan. It may be that as the spoil from Gill's Stage (20118\*9) grew it was taken a little further away from the adit and processed there (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25581MONUIDMNA120214NameHarrison's Mine (Level), Gaurdhouse and MinehousePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323108 512764 Type GUARDHOUSE, MINE BUILDING, GRAPHITE MINE

Description

Site: 20118\*11 Just below the fell wall is Harrison's Level and minehouse. The adit was cut in 1791 and the guardhouse built to cover the entrance. The sketch and plan drawn by Farey show a two storey building divided into six rooms of equal size, built partly upon a revetted terrace which the adit exits through. The present remains comprise of two rectangular rooms on either side of the central adit; there is no trace of dividing walls and it is likely that only the upper storey had six rooms. One corner of the south-western half of the structure is rounded suggesting that it underwent alteration after Farey's plan was made but apart from this the two sets of evidence match well. The north-eastern chamber measures 7.4m by 3.8m internally, within walls 0.6m wide and 0.8m high. The south-western room is 4.8m wide but the length is unclear because of the amount of rubble at the front of the building. The adit is no longer open but the entrance is 1.2m wide at the front of the building and 1.2 high. The revetted terrace in front of the guardhouse survives intermittently; at its best it is 0.8m high but elsewhere it has collapsed into a stony scarp. The yard wall survives to its full length on the north-east side although it is in a very collapsed state; elsewhere the spoilheap has burst through the wall and destroyed it. The single entrance into the yard, 0.8m wide, is clearly visible. The top of the spoilheap is 4.9m by 7.6m (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25582MONUIDMNA116269NameJopson's Mine (Level) William Hetherington's illegal minePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323076 512737 Type ADIT, COPPER MINE

### Description

Site: 20118\*12 There are two other adits in the side of Newhouse Gill; one of these is Jopson's Level which is cut into a step in the stream bed and was presumably only workable in high summer. There is some discrepancy in the records as to its origins; Ian Tyler (Tyler 1995, 96) states that Jopson's Level was dug some time after 1750 by William Hetherington, a mine steward. Previous to his employment at the mine, Hetherington had driven an illegal adit into the mine, pretending that he was searching for copper. GC Boon (Boon 1976, 124) also relates the story of Hetherington's illegal exploits, noting that the land he had driven the 'copper' level on was owned by Caniel Jopson. He also sets the date for Hetherington's appointment as mine steward as 1754. However, according to annotations on Farey's plan, Jopson's Level was an illegal mines level dug - ostensibly for copper - which was discovered by William Hetherington in 1750 while driving a separate shaft. The duplication of the two stories suggests that Farey may confused some of the details (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25583MONUIDMNA117360NameAdit near Thompson's PipePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323096 512720 Type GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*13 The other adit is in the side of the stream just below Gills Stage and is where Thompson's Pipe reaches the surface. The entrance hole is 1.2m in diameter and is in a very awkward position since there is a drop of 1.6m to the stream bed and there is no track approaching it from the hillside. Presumably it was reached from another mine entrance. About 9m downstream from Thompson's pipe is a well-built revetment wall across the stream. The wall is 2.6m high and is holding back a large volume of material. The purpose of the wall is unclear but it may have been to protect a trial in the base of the stream below it, which has since

PREFREF25584MONUIDMNA118139NameMine (Adit) in W slope of Newhouse Gill (Possibly Herthingtons illegal minePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323094 512709 **Type** ADIT

**Description** 

Site: 20118\*14 On the western side of Newhouse Gill is an adit cut into the slope. Most of the entrance has collapsed but some of the interior remains visible through a small hole. Ian Tyler (Tyler 1995. 91, 192) seems to identify this as the remains of William Hetherington's 'copper' level, dug c.1750 but the confusion over the history of the level makes this identification uncertain (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25585MONUIDMNA117985NameUpper Wadhole, Adit/MinePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323041 512807 Type GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*15 The remains on Seatoller Common are characterised by numerous small trials as opposed to the major levels dug on the lower slopes. An exception is the site of the upper Wadhole, where Gorton's and Woodman's pipes came to the surface, and which is now marked by a large crater. The Upper Wadhole was already deep enough to be recorded as flooded when visited by the Commissioners of the Mines Royal in 1555 and was probably where the graphite was first discovered; it was reworked repeatedly during the mine's history. The Wad Hole is 40m by 29m at its widest points and has a large amount of rock outcrop exposed in its sides. At its base, in the centre are some unidentifiable scarps, less than 0.3m high (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25586MONUIDMNA115763NameUpper Wadhole, Adit/Mine SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323040 512810 **Type** SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 20118\*16 Directly below the Upper Wadhole (20118\*15) is a large spoilheap which is overlain by a series of much smaller spoilheaps along the side of the Wadhole. The platform is 20m long and 5.2m wide and is 14.1m high. The north-western edge of the spoilheap, adjacent to the gill, is interrupted by a small triangular platform, 2.4m wide maximum. At one side of the smaller platform is an L-shaped section of wall, 3.3m by 1.8m and 0.2m high; any other part of the structure it belonged to has been obscured by tumble. Part of the side of the gill beside the building has been revetted (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25587MONUIDMNA120451NameSpoilheap near Upper WadholePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323063 512783 Type SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 20118\*17 Partly overlying the main spoilheap (20118\*16) is a another, with a top measuring 3.2m by 7.0m. It is 6.2m high and is composed of material of different sizes (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25588MONUIDMNA120880NameFinger Dump (Spoilheap) near Upper WadholePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323060 512808 **Type** SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 20118\*18 Directly above this is a turf-covered finger dump 2.7m long on top and 4.6m high composed of finely crushed material (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25589MONUIDMNA115207NamePlatform near Upper WadholePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323056 512817 **Type** PLATFORM

Description

Site: 20118\*19 Overlying this is a low platform 2.1m wide and 1.5m high (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25590 MONUID MNA115208

Name Spoilheap near Upper Wadhole Period Post Medieval

NGR 323054 512825 Type SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 20118\*20 There are much larger pieces of waste, about 0.5m across, in the spoilheap above which is 4.4m high (Lax 1995).

 PREFREF
 25591
 MONUID
 MNA117051

 Name
 Spoilheap and possible Mine (Adit) on the NW edge of Wadhole
 Period
 Post Medieval

Name Spoilheap and possible Mine (Adit) on the NW edge of Wadhole Pour NGR 323047 512831 Type SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 20118\*21 At the north-western edge of the Wadhole is another spoilheap the main slope of which is interrupted by two minor platforms although its top is 4.8m wide. The spoil has come form an adit measuring 3.0m wide and 1.0m deep with the remains of a stone lining at its mouth. On the eastern side if the adit are the remains of a stone hut up to 0.6m high and not less than 1.4m by 0.9m (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25592MONUIDMNA116398NameSpoilheap on the NW edge of WadholePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323036 512836 **Type** SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 20118\*22 The spoilheap and adit partly underlie a later spoilheap, 3.4m high and 7.9m wide on top (Lax 1995). This site is associated with a nearby adit (20118\*23).

PREFREF25593MONUIDMNA119315NameMine (Adit) near WadholePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323024 512839 Type GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*23 The spoil from this (20118\*22) has apparently come from an adit which survives as a large hollow with a funnel entrance cut into the side of the slope, between 1.7m and 0.65m deep, and 9.7m wide overall (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25594 MONUID MNA117625

Name possible Mine (Adit) & Spoilheap, possible Hushing Period Post Medieval

NGR 323013 512848 Type SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

**Description** 

Site: 20118\*24 A gully, 1.8m wide and 0.7m deep, leads into the Upper Wadhole; it may be the remains of another adit, the spoil from which has been thrown down the slope below. However the gully seems to follow the course of a larger, natural channel and may be evidence of hushing (Lax 1995). Archaeological Comments - Site: 20118\*24 Although the use of hushing was recommended by the Commissioners of the Mines Royal on their first visit to the Seathwaite in 1555, there appears to be almost no evidence of it on the ground (except possibly 20118\*24). Nor do there seem to be many substantial prospecting trenches (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25595 MONUID MNA121198

NameMine/Adit & SpoilheapPeriodPost MedievalNGR323000512842TypeGRAPHITE MINE, ADIT, SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 20118\*25 An isolated adit and spoilheap are situated on smoother ground to the north-east of the ridge of outcrop. The spoilheap, which is mostly turf-covered is 3.4m wide and 3.7m high and the adit is 4.0m wide and a maximum of 0.9m deep (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25596 MONUID MNA115234

Name Common Mine/Adit (Stage), Spoilheap, Stone Hut Period Post Medieval

NGR 323038 512857 Type SPOIL HEAP, ADIT, GRAPHITE MINE, MINERS BOTHY

Description

Site: 20118\*26 The start of an area of intense mining activity is marked by the large spoilheap of Common Stage which was driven in 1811, according to Ian Tyler (Tyler 1995, 132) with little success. The spoilheap is of irregular shape; at its widest point it is 14.8m wide and it is about 24m long. At the front of the spoilheap the waste material is small (less than 0.15m across) but at the back the deads are up to 0.5m across. The adit, which is straight, measures 1.4m wide and 0.9m high at its mouth where a section of revetment wall survives on either side. On the western side of the adit are the remains of a square stone hut measuring 2.1m by 1.95m internally. The drystone walls are 0.6m thick and survive to a height of 1.1m. There is a single entrance from the adit, 1.2m wide. Parallel with the adit and adjacent to the building is an open rectangular hollow 2.5m wide and 0.8m deep. Its interior is partly stony; it is uncertain whether it represents the remains of another adit or the site of an earlier building (Lax 1995).

 PREFREF
 25597
 MONUID
 MNA120238

 Name
 Trial Mine/Adit and Spoilheap on N side of Common Stage
 Period
 Post Medieval

NameTrial Mine/Adit and Spoilheap on N side of Common StagePeriodNGR323009512924TypeSPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*27 On the north side of Common Stage (20118\*26) is a small trial adit 2.9m wide and 0.85m deep which partly underlies another spoilheap. On the north-western side of the adit is a bank of upcast 0.4m high. The spoilheap is small, 3.0m wide on top and 2.6m high, which suggests a short adit, possibly for drainage purposes (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25598MONUIDMNA117738NameSpoilheap associated with the Adit N of Common Mine/Adit (Stage)PeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323013 512948 **Type** SPOIL HEAP

#### **Description**

Site: 20118\*28 Also overlain by the same spoilheap as (20118\*27) is another very uneven turf-covered spoilheap 4.9m high overall and with three platforms, at different levels, between 7.8m and 4.1m wide (Lax 1995). This spoil heap is possibly from a nearby adit (20118\*29).

PREFREF 25599 MONUID MNA117273

Name Mine/Adit near Common Mine (Stage) Period Post Medieval

NGR 322991 512949 **Type** GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

# Description

Site: 20118\*29 The spoil (20118\*28) has come from a curved adit 3.2m wide and a maximum of 1.0m deep, which is still partly open showing a water-filled interior. The adit has a shallow side trench on its northern side, 2.0m wide and 0.4m deep. A number of other adits displaying a curving or angular shape which is probably the collapsed course of the adit as it winds through the rock (Lax 1995). Associated with a nearby spoilheap (20118\*28).

PREFREF25600MONUIDMNA117274NameMine/Adit and Spoilheap near Common Mine (Stage)PeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 322982 512963 **Type** SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

#### Description

Site: 20118\*30 The circular spoilheap which overlies (20118\*27 and (20118\*28) is 8.8m wide and 2.5m wide. Its adit is irregular in shape and measures a maximum a maximum of 4.8m wide and 1.2m deep. There is a small bridge of material blocking off the upper part of the adit where it changes direction. A ridge of stones near the entrance may be the remains of stone revetment wall about 2.0m in length (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25601MONUIDMNA116558Namefour Trenches NE of Common Mine (Stage)PeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323009 512978 **Type** TRENCH

# Description

Site: 20118\*31 On the north-eastern side of the adit (20118\*30) are a group of four trial trenches. The longest trench is angled and measures 3.0m wide and 0.5m deep. Its edges are quite sharp and well-defined suggesting it is relatively late. The pit at the southern end of the trench is 3.0m by 4.2m and 0.9m deep. The other two short trenches are not more than 0.5m deep (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25602MONUIDMNA118855NameMine/Adit and SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322964 512970 Type SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

#### **Description**

Site: 20118\*32 Adit is slightly angled and contains many medium sized stone. It is 3.1m wide and 0.8m deep. Its spoilheap is turf-covered and measures 4.8m wide on top and is 4.15m high. Its relationship to the adit (20118\*26) below it is unclear (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25603 MONUID MNA118507

Name Mine/Adit (Trial) and Spoilheap Period Post Medieval

NGR 322964 512946 Type SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

### Description

Site: 20118\*33 Cut into the natural slope is a trial adit, 3.6m wide and 1.15m deep, with a tiny platform of spoil 2.3m wide and 1.2m high (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25604MONUIDMNA118998NameMine/Adit, Spoilheap & DitchPeriodPost Medieval

Name Mine/Adit, Spoilheap & Ditch P
NGR 322951 512974 Type DITCH, SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

#### Description

Site: 20118\*34 Immediately north-west of this is a larger spoilheap 5.0m wide on top and 3.6m high. There is a slight ditch around its north-western perimeter which has probably been caused by water draining from the accompanying adit. The adit is 3.1m wide and 0.9m deep and is partly overlain by the later spoilheap (20118\*35) of an adit following the same course (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25605MONUIDMNA119129NameMine/Adit & SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322933 512998 Type SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

### **Description**

Site: 20118\*35 The adit (20118\*34) is 3.1m wide and 0.9m deep and is partly overlain by the later spoilheap (20118\*35) of an adit (20118\*35) following the same course. This spoilheap is 9.7m across and 3.9m high. The adit is 3.9m wide at the front and 1m deep. At its north-western end a hollow in the side of the adit suggests that the ground has collapsed over a turn westwards. However, the straight course appears to continue briefly as a shallow trench. On the north-eastern side of the adit are the possible remains of a building; there is a rectangular hollow, 2.0m wide and 0.7m deep filled with rubble with the remains of a wall on the south-western side. Beside the western side of the spoilheap is a separate circular scoop into the slope 3.1m by 2.7m and a maximum of 1.2m deep. It has a lip of spoil at its front 2.7m wide overall (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25606MONUIDMNA120900NameMine/Adit, Spoilheap and 7 TrenchesPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322918 513006 Type TRENCH, SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*36 A relatively large spoilheap extends from the top of the natural slope; it is composed of large stones and is 10.6m wide across the top and 3.5m high. Although the adit is straight it sides are poorly preserved; it is about 4m wide and 1.2m deep. There are four small surface trenches around these workings which may have been dug to determine the position of the adit. The largest of these is a linear trench on the north-east side of the spoilheap. It is 8.6m long and 2.1m wide and although it is not more than 0.3m deep its sides are very sharply defined. There are three shorter trenches on the south-western side of the adit which are not more than 1m wide and 0.6m deep (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25607MONUIDMNA116769NamePossible Trial Mine/AditPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322938 512982 Type GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*37 A more substantial trench, possibly a trial adit, is 2.7m wide and 0.89m deep (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25608MONUIDMNA117489NameCircular Mine Shaft and SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322924 512977 Type MINE SHAFT, GRAPHITE MINE, SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 20118\*38 Thirty meters south of the trial trenches is a circular shaft with a crescent of spoil around its eastern half. The shaft is 4.3m in diameter and 1.4m deep. The spoil is a maximum of 5m wide and 1.0m high (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25609MONUIDMNA117626NameMine/Adit near Common Mine (Stage)PeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322922 512973 Type GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*39 Immediately to the north of this is an adit that is 3.4m wide and has very regular sides. There is no spoil from it although it is of considerable length so it is possible that it was tipped down the shaft (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25610MONUIDMNA117627NameMoors or Higher Mine/Adit (Stage) & SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322887 512997 Type SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*40 Situated in the slack between the two ridges of rock are two other main adits (20118\*40-41). The spoilheap of (20118\*40) is 18.5m at its widest and 2.4m high. There is a later deposit of spoil overlying the main platform which is 5.5m wide and 0.4m high. The adit is only slightly curved; it measures 4.2m wide and is 1m deep. The interior of the adit is still visible through a hole at the end. At the foot of natural slope, beside the front of the adit is a square stone hut consisting of two parallel walls butting against the rock outcrop. Internally it measures 1.1m by 2.15m and the walls survive to maximum height of 1.5m. The edge of the other spoilheap, which is 17.7m by 13.1m across the top and 2.6m high, lies beneath (20118\*41). A further deposit of spoil has been left on either side of the platform but these are not more than 0.3m deep. Its accompanying adit is angled and measures 5.0m wide and is 1.1m deep. On the south-west side of the front of the adit is a small bank of spoil, 3.0m wide and 0.5m high. Ian Tyler (Tyler 1995, 149) has identified (20118\*40) as Moors Stage driven in 1830 and (20118\*41) as Higher Stage driven in 1829; clearly this identification is in conflict with the archaeological evidence which shows that the spoilheap of (20118\*41) was deposited later than (20118\*40). Theoretically it is possible that (20118\*41) was driven first but continued being worked after work at (20118\*40) had ceased. However, this is also at odds with Ian Tyler's presentation of the documentary evidence which suggests the need for a second adit because the first was unsuccessful and had been abandoned (Lax 1995).

 PREFREF
 25611
 MONUID
 MNA118819

 Name
 Moors or Higher Mine/Adit (Stage) & Spoilheap
 Period
 Post Medieval

NGR 322878 513012 **Type** SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*41 Situated in the slack between the two ridges of rock are two other main adits (20118\*40-41). The spoilheap of (20118\*40) is 18.5m at its widest and 2.4m high. There is a later deposit of spoil overlying the main platform which is 5.5m wide and 0.4m high. The adit is only slightly curved; it measures 4.2m wide and is 1m deep. The interior of the adit is still visible through a hole at the end. At the foot of natural slope, beside the front of the adit is a square stone hut consisting of two parallel walls butting against the rock outcrop. Internally it measures 1.1m by 2.15m and the walls survive to maximum height of 1.5m. The edge of the other spoilheap, which is 17.7m by 13.1m across the top and 2.6m high, lies beneath (20118\*41). A further deposit of spoil has been left on either side of the platform but these are not more than 0.3m deep. Its accompanying adit is angled and measures 5.0m wide and is 1.1m deep. On the south-west side of the front of the adit is a small bank of spoil, 3.0m wide and 0.5m high. Ian Tyler (Tyler 1995, 149) has identified (20118\*40) as Moors Stage driven in 1830 and (20118\*41) as Higher Stage driven in 1829; clearly this identification is in conflict with the archaeological evidence which shows that the spoilheap of (20118\*41) was deposited later than (20118\*40). Theoretically it is possible that (20118\*41) was driven first but continued being worked after work at (20118\*40) had ceased. However, this is also at odds with Ian Tyler's presentation of the documentary evidence which suggests the need for a second adit because the first was unsuccessful and had been abandoned (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25612MONUIDMNA119871NameMine/Adit & SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322864 513020 Type MOUND, SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*42 The line of the workings exploited by (20118\*41) is continued by another adit and spoilheap. The spoilheap is 7.8m by 11.7m on top and is mostly turf covered. It is 3.0m high and part of the front has collapsed into the adit below. There is a small mound on the corner of the heap, origin unknown, 7.0m by 4.9m and 0.6m high. The adit is angled but has a very uniform profile and measures 3.7m wide and 1.1m deep. On the north-east side of the adit, where it changes direction, is a triangular hollow, 4.1m across at its widest point and 0.3m deep (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25613MONUIDMNA120628NameMine/Adit & SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322862 513031 Type SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

**Description** 

Site: 20118\*43 Sites 20118\*43+ all the adits are aligned south-west/north-east. This seems to reflect the topography rather than the geology since all the adits are driven into the natural slopes, across the contour. At foot of the natural slope is a large flat spoilheap 15.2m by 11.3m and 4.3m high. Cut into the base of the slope at the rear of the spoilheap is a circular pit, 5.0m by 3.9m and 1.2m deep. There is a small channel leading from it which suggests that it may be the remains of a collapsed adit rather than a shaft but this identification is uncertain (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25614MONUIDMNA115602NameMine/Adit & SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322858 513041 Type SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*44 Overlying the edge of this spoilheap (20118\*43) is another which is 8.2m in diameter on top and 1.6m high, the top is covered with a peaty residue draining from the accompanying adit which is 3.1m wide and 0.9m deep (Lax 1994).

PREFREF 25615 MONUID MNA116417

NameMine/Shaft & Upcast SpoilPeriodPost MedievalNGR322855513059TypeSPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, MINE SHAFT

Description

Site: 20118\*45 Immediately to the north is a shaft 3.7m in diameter and 0.8m deep. There is a lip of upcast around the south-eastern half which is 3.9m wide (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25616MONUIDMNA116356NameCircular HollowsPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 322849 513054 **Type** HOLLOW

Description

Site: 20118\*46 A pair of circular hollows each about 0.8m deep and not more than 3.9m in diameter, which lack any sign of spoil, are probably surface collapse into an adit, possibly (20118\*42) which is on roughly the correct alignment (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25617 MONUID MNA117497

Name Mine/Adit & Spoilheap Period Post Medieval

NGR 322836 513057 Type SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*47 About 25m to the north-east are two adits (20118\*47 and 20118\*48), one overlying the other. The underlying adit is 3.4m wide and 0.9m high. The spoilheap is 4.3m side and 1.0m high although it is possible some of the spoil has sunk into the marshy ground on which it is deposited (Lax 1995). This site underlies another similar site (20118\*48) (Siddall, J. 1998).

PREFREF25618MONUIDMNA118943NameMine/Adit & SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322830 513054 **Type** SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*48 The overlying spoilheap appears to have been deliberately deposited towards the old spoilheap; the top is 6.6m by 4.9m and it is 2.7m high. The adit is rather shapeless; at its mouth it is 3.0m wide but broadens out to about 6.0m. The sides of the adit appear to have had shallow trenches cut into them in three or four places, both linear and square, which have a crisp appearance. There is a external bank on the south side of the adit, 3.0m wide and 0.5m high (Lax 1995). This site overlies another similar site (20118\*47) (Siddall, J. 1998).

PREFREF25619MONUIDMNA118298NamePits and SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322832 513066 Type PROSPECTING PIT, SPOIL HEAP

**Description** 

Site: 20118\*49 To the south-west of (20114\*48), around the natural slope is a cluster of pits and spoilheaps (20118\*49 and 20118\*50). The first of these is a pair of small pits which appear to be little more than hopeful surface digging. The south-eastern most of the two is 2m wide and 0.4m deep; the spoil from the hole is deposited by its side. The other pit is half overlain by a spoilheap and is 2.3m wide and 0.6m deep; it has a small amount of spoil around it suggesting it is the remains of a shaft (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25620MONUIDMNA118299NameSpoilheap and possible Mine/AditPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322823 513073 Type ADIT, GRAPHITE MINE, SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 20118\*50 The large irregular spoilheap overlying these features (20118\*49) is 10.0m wide at its south-western end and is 0.7m high. The origin of the spoil is uncertain but it presumably came from an earlier adit or shaft, covered by other working in the area. On top of the spoilheap is a small stony ridge of spoil 3.4m wide and 0.4m high (Lax 1995). This site is also overlain by (20118\*51, 20118\*52 and 20118\*53) (Siddall, J. 1998).

PREFREF25621MONUIDMNA115809NameSpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322827 513082 Type SPOIL HEAP

**Description** 

Site: 20118\*51 In the centre of the group of features are the remains of a spoilheap at least 9.5m in diameter, which partly overlies (20118\*50) (Lax 1995). Site is also overlain by (20118\*52).

PREFREF25622MONUIDMNA120382NameSpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322821 513086 Type SPOIL HEAP

Description

Site: 20118\*52 Overlying one edge of the spoilheaps (20118\*50 and 20118\*51) is a small mound of spoil 11.4m by 6.1m overall and 0.9m high. The spoil is from a shaft at its north-west edge, 4.1m by 2.9m and 0.9m deep (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25623MONUIDMNA118805NameMine/Adit & SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322814 513075 **Type** SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, ADIT

Description

Site: 20118\*53 The spoilheap from a large adit cut into the slope also overlies spoilheap (20118\*50). The platform is 6.7m in diameter and 1.6m high. The adit is about 3.7m wide and is 1.5m deep. Its interior is covered with several large boulders up to 1m across. There is a small hollow perpendicular to the main adit at one end (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25624MONUIDMNA115367NameMine Shaft, Spoilheap and HollowPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322805 513082 Type HOLLOW, SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, MINE SHAFT

Description

Site: 20118\*54 Immediately to the north there is a large shaft cut into the base of the slope, which measures 5.8m across and is 1.6m deep. Above the shaft is a deep hollow 3.4m wide and 0.7m deep; this may simply be due to the removal of earth to prevent it being washed into the shaft. There is a ridge of spoil around the lip of the shaft (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25625MONUIDMNA117322NameMine (Trial) & SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322803 513092 **Type** SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE

**Description** 

Site: 20118\*55 There is a single trial pit on the level ground nearby; it is oval in shape, measures 2.4m by 4.3m and is 0.8m deep. A mound of spoil at its southern end is 0.8m high (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25626MONUIDMNA116100NameMine/Adit & 2 SpoilheapsPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322793 513104 **Type** ADIT, SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE

Description

Site: 20118\*56 There are two spoilheaps, side by side, which, like some of the others, have been driven into slope. One of these has a pair of adjoining spoilheaps; their relationship is unclear. The one directly outside the adit is the smaller and less prominent of the two, measuring 6.0m across and 0.6m high. Although it is turf covered there are some large stones protruding from the front of it. The other platform does not have an even top but has a ridge running around its outer edge. The spoilheap is 8.4m wide and 0.6m high. The adit is 2.9m wide and between 0.6m and 1.0m deep (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25627MONUIDMNA118616NameMine/Adit & SpoilheapPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322813 513118 Type ADIT, SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE

Description

Site: 20118\*57 Immediately to the north of (20118\*56) is another spoilheap, 8.0m wide and 1.0m high. The adit is 3.8m wide and 0.9m deep. Adjacent to the adit is a circular scoop into the slope, 2.5m in diameter and 0.7m deep, which may have been a trial (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25628MONUIDMNA117904NameMine/Adit, Spoilheap and HutPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322839 513130 Type ADIT, SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, MINERS BOTHY

Description

Site: 20118\*58 Adit is 4.9m wide and 1m deep with a small hole at its far end which drops down into the water-filled interior. At the mouth of the adit is a stone, open-fronted hut about 1.2m by 1.9m internally. The walls are of rubble and are 0.8m wide. The spoilheap is 10.0m across on top and 2.9m high (Lax 1995).

PREFREF25629MONUIDMNA119742NameMine/Adit, Spoilheap and HutPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 322848 513105 **Type** ADIT, SPOIL HEAP, GRAPHITE MINE, MINERS BOTHY

Description

Site: 20118\*59 To the east (of 20118\*58) is an adit, spoilheap and hut of such layout that the two are almost certainly of similar dates. The spoilheap is larger measuring 13.1m by 12m and is 2.8m high. The hut of the same open fronted design, is 1.3m by 1.4m internally and the walls are a maximum of 0.7m high. The adit is 4.3m wide and about 1m wide (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25630 MONUID MNA119743

Name Period Two angular Prospecting Trenches and Upcast (Spoil) Post Medieval

NGR 512764 **Type** SPOIL HEAP, PROSPECTING TRENCH

Description

Site: 20118\*60 On Seatoller Common are two angular trenches on either side of a boss of rock. The north-easternmost trench is cut along a ridge of outcrop. It is about 1.7m wide for most of its length and up to 0.3m deep. Although the trench is continuous it appears to have been dug in sections. On the western side of the rock the other trench takes a more angular route and is 1.6m wide and 0.35m deep; there is some upcast along the edge of the trench (Lax 1995).

**PREFREF** 25631 MONUID MNA121143 Name Hollow (possible Prospecting Pit) Period Post Medieval

NGR 323164 512751 **Type** PROSPECTING PIT

**Description** 

Site: 20118\*61 One of the plans made by Farey c.1818 shows a strip of ground extending from a point about 50m east of Old Men's Level (20118\*5), up the hill onto the moor which is described as the 'space trenched in 1814 in search of Flote Wad or Gravel Wad'. Although there is no surface evidence of large scale investigations in this area there are three small hollows (20118\*61-63) which may have been dug at this time. One of these (20118\*61) is situated just above the track and is a maximum of 5.5m wide (Lax 1995).

**PREFREF** 25632 MONUID MNA117178 Post Medieval

Name U shaped Hollow (Prospecting Pit) and Spoilheap Period

NGR SPOIL HEAP, PROSPECTING PIT 323184 512737 **Type** 

Description

Site: 20118\*62 Thirty meters down slope (of 20118\*61) is a U- shaped hollow below which is scattered some spoil (Lax 1995).

**PREFREF** MONUID 25633 MNA116323

Name Period Bowl shaped Hollow (Prospecting Pit) Post Medieval

NGR PROSPECTING PIT 323408 512317 **Type** 

Description

Site: 20118\*63 Where the spoil (of 20118\*62) ends is a bowl-shaped hollow 6m wide, with stone in the bottom (Lax 1995).

**PREFREF** 25634 MONUID MNA118861 Name Period Post Medieval Mill near Seathwaite Beck

NGR 323347 512234 **Type** MILL

Description

In 1887, in anticipation of success in Robson's Level (20118\*1) the company built a mill to grind the graphite in order to produce pencils. They also built a smithy to equip the new level. A photograph of the two structures taken shortly after their construction shows the smithy to have been a substantial building although nothing survives today (Lax 1995). Situated west of the River Derwent is the remains of a rectangular walled structure that measures 6 x 4m. The walls rise to 1 metre and are cut into the side of the slopes. The wheel pit is north of the structure and measures 8 x 12m. This pit is 2-3m deep, the south side has a revetment wall. A run off channel runs in a straight line away from the pit towards the river, this measures 1 metre wide and 0.5m deep. Immediately west of the mill is a small pond which measures 14 x 7m. A possible feeder channel connects the pond with the beck, a second run off channel is over 1 metre wide and is in the south-east corner of the pond. This second channel runs behind the mill for 10m, there is no evidence for the overshot pipe leading down from the beck to the mill.

There appears to be no evidence for the smithy that was marked on a nineteenth century map. The concrete area is possibly the site of a wash house for cleaning wad from the nearby mines. The spoil heap is possibly the spoil resulting from the cleaning of the wad (Borrowdale, Note Book 1).

The stone from both buildings was probably robbed to be used for buildings in Seathwaite. Fortunately a number of earthworks have survived around the mill. The only stonework that survives is in the eastern corner of the building; it is below the surface of the rest of the building and may have housed some of the gearing mechanism from the wheel. A rectangular chamber is clearly visible, measuring 1.8m by 4.2m internally, within walls 0.6m wide. The walls are well built of dressed stones and survive up to 0.7m high; in the two walls which are parallel with the wheel pit (20118\*68) are two structural openings, now rubble-filled. On the south-western side of the stonework is the earth platform which would have provided the foundations for the rest of the front of the building; a slight groove in the surface of the platform probably marks the course of the robbed-out building wall. The platform is 2.3m high and is 5.4m wide and 7.5m long (Lax 1995).

**PREFREF** 25635 MONUID MNA119205 remains of Platform, Mill at Wad Mine Period Name Post Medieval

NGR PLATFORM, WATER CHANNEL 512245 **Type** 

Description

Site: 20118\*66 The platform for the rest of the mill has been cut out of the natural slope; it measures 12.2m by 7.5m and the back scarp is 2.5m high. Part of the concrete flooring still survives here (Lax 1995). This is associated with another part of the mill (20118\*65). (Siddall, J. 1998).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120927 25636 Name Water Channel near Mill at Wad Mines Period Post Medieval

NGR 512254 **Type** WATER CHANNEL 323341

Site: 20118\*67 The rest of the ground is rather marshy which is probably the result of water feeding down the partial remains of a narrow channel into the mill from the nearby stream (Lax 1995).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115265 Name Wheel Pit near Mill at Seathwaite Wad Mine Period Post Medieval **NGR** 323337 512274 **Type** WHEEL PIT

Description

Site: 20118\*68 The wheel pit, is 19.7m long and 6.4m wide from top to top and is 1.3m deep below the base of the stone remains of the mill building. There is a rough cobble revetment wall 1.8m long on the side adjacent to the mill (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25638 MONUID MNA120737

Name Tail Race near Mill at Wad Mines Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323356 512244 **Type** TAIL RACE

Description

Site: 20118\*69 Extending from the wheel pit is a small tailrace 1.8m wide, which flows across the lower side of a flat-topped mound, 1.8m high. What the mound represents is uncertain. If the mound is composed of the spoil from the wheel pit (20118\*68) it must have been deposited there for a purpose, otherwise it would have been needlessly blocking the obvious course of the tail race. Possibly it was intended to lift the tail race a little above the level of the Derwent when the full, in order to prevent back watering. At least 7 iron pins were fixed into the boulders or outcrop on either side of the mill; they are probably where the struts for supporting the wheel and the leat were secured (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25639 MONUID MNA120742

Name Rectangular Depression near Mill at Wad Mines Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 323366 512229 **Type** HOLLOW

Description

Site: 20118\*70 Beside the north-east corner of the wheel pit (20118\*68) is a rectangular depression 5.1m by 3m with a possible entrance 0.6m wide in the southern corner (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25640 MONUID MNA120653
Name Peat Track Period Post Medieval

 Name
 Peat Track

 NGR
 323363
 512250
 Type
 TRACKWAY

Description

Site: 20118\*71 Slightly different is the peat track which continues up onto the fell to an area of visible peat cutting. It is wider than the other tracks probably because the peat would have been moved on sleds (Lax 1995).

PREFREF 25751 MONUID MNA121128

Name Farmhouse, Hollows Farm, Grange, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

NGR 324726 517133 **Type** FARMHOUSE

Description

Site: 25751 Farmhouse; the core of which could date to the early seventeenth century.

POSSIBLE SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPMENT -

Early seventeenth century - a farmhouse comprising two downstairs rooms, with sleeping accommodation in roof space above. seventeenth century - building of outshut containing staircase and two rooms; insertion of cupboard in another room. The height of the first floor may also have been heightened at this time. Early nineteenth century - Three rooms built in roof of outshut, alteration of stairs to provide landing to these rooms. twentieth century addition of bathroom / toilet extension.

ALTERNATIVE SEQUENCE

Seventeenth century - a farmhouse comprising two downstairs rooms with sleeping accommodation in roof space above. Eighteenth century - outshut containing two rooms. seventeenth century staircase from another property inserted and adapted to fit in space; seventeenth cupboard also from another property inserted.

Last two phases the same as above.

FEATURES OF SPECIAL NOTE - seventeenth century stairway. Dairy with slate stone scones and flags. seventeenth century door (number 8 on plans in VBS record), Late seventeenth / early eighteenth century cupboard.

STAIRS - Late seventeenth century wooden; dog leg stairs. These stairs were formerly in the form of a 'continuos' dog leg, their position appears to have been altered probably during the eighteenth century. This alteration comprised moving the lower flight back slightly and inserting a second land which gave access to rooms inserted in the eaves of the seventeenth century outshut at this time (Whittaker, T, 1986).

PREFREF 25752 MONUID MNA119907

NameBarn, Hollows Farm, Grange, BorrowdalePeriodPost MedievalNGR324736517124TypeBARN

Description

Site: 25752 This four bay hay barn stands attached to the south side of the farmhouse at Hollows Farm. Forming one long range with the farmhouse, this barn is now exclusively used for hay storage. Dating from the late seventeenth century or more likely the early eighteenth century, this barn presumably had a threshing floor in the second bay from the north, with wain doors on the east wall of this bay; it was not possible to see the west wall of this bay to confirm the existence of a winnowing door, due to the barn being full of hay and the exterior of the wall being blocked by a later addition. This building is extremely important as part of the group together with farmhouse, also important as a fine barn, typical of its date and location with a fine roof, although interior is greatly altered. WALLS - Surface gathered stone laid in mortar, exterior completely rendered and colourwashed.

ROOF - Local slates laid in diminishing courses with sandstone ridge tiles and cast iron gutters. Structure consisting of three oak tie-beam trusses, notched and pegged at the apex; the timbers chamfered along the edges with flat stops and the tie beams resting on timber pads on top of the walls. Double purlins and ridge purlin also chamfered with flat stops are entrenched into the principle rafters and laid in single lengths over each bay, all these timbers together with the wall plates are original to the building, three purlins in the north bay are however softwood replacements as are the fairly recent softwood rafters and felting under the slates (Whittaker, T, 1986).

PREFREF25753MONUIDMNA121593NameGeneral purpose store, Hollows Farm, Grange, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 324747 517112 Type STOREHOUSE

**Description** 

NTSMR 25753. One storey general purpose store has a gabled slate roof and concrete walls (Whittaker, T, 1986).

PREFREF25754MONUIDMNA120292NameVehicle store, Hollows Farm, Grange, BorrowdalePeriodModern

**NGR** 324755 517125 **Type** BARN

Description

Site: 25754. This small storage building stands just east of the Hay barn (ntsmr 25752), it has been greatly rebuilt in the last 25 years, when the roof was reoriented to run north-south rather than previously east-west. An undated photograph probably from the 1950's shows it before rebuilding and the 1899 Ordnance Survey map shows no building at all on this site.

WALLS - Constructed of random quarried slate, cobbles and surface gathered stone with uneven rough quoins.

ROOF - Local slates with sandstone ridge tiles supported by 3 late twentieth century sawn soft wood western trusses and single softwood purlins, felted under slates.

The west side of the building is open and has a rolled steel joist as a lintel, the interior has a concrete floor (Whittaker, T, 1986)

PREFREF25755MONUIDMNA118552NameCoal Store & possible earth closet, Hollows Farm, Grange, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NameCoal Store & possible earth closet, Hollows Farm, Grange, BorrowdalePeriodNGR324752517136TypeTOILET, COAL SHED, PRIVY HOUSE

Description

Site: 25755 Set of two attached outhouses to the south of barn (ntsmr 25752), each used as coal house, the northern one was probably a mid/late nineteenth century earth closed originally, the southern one perhaps being a store area. The 1899 Ordnance Survey map shows a different plan and the present structure is certainly an adaptation of earlier buildings; the east wall appears to predate the rest of the building, the earth closet building having been built on to it.

WALLS - Mixture of surface gathered and quarried slate. East and North walls rendered and colour washed

ROOF - Sawn softwood upright rafters throughout, torched slates red sandstone ridge tiles and cast iron gutters (Whittaker, T,1986).

PREFREF25756MONUIDMNA117132NameFarmhouse, Hook Farm, DerwentwaterPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325684 514758 Type FARMHOUSE

Description

Site: 25756 Early eighteenth century core behind a mid nineteenth century facade which was probably built when a bank barn was added to the north gable end of the original farmhouse.

ROOFING - Ridge slightly higher than barn (ntsmr 25757). Sandstone 'v' shaped ridge, slate roofing of diminishing width continued over lean to. Plain projecting eaves. Felt roofing to mid twentieth century extension. Iron and plastic guttering.

CHIMNEYSTACKS - Both rise from gable end ridges; set square to ridge with Victorian ceramic pots.

WALLING - Slatestone rubble roughly coursed. Quoins visible at N E corner are edge laid roughly side alternate slabs, smaller (1'1" high, 2'2" wide, 2 1/2" deep) than quoins to later barn (ntsmr 25757). East Wall: Roughcast rendered and whitewashed.

STAIRS - Dogleg, open string. Square newel posts; combered baluster; square section banisters; moulded string and nosing. 1ST FLOOR LANDING - Attractive mid nineteenth century plaster cornice. A round headed stair light once lit the half landing of the stairs: it has now been converted into a doorway giving access through to the mid twentieth extension (NT, VBS, 01/11/1983).

PREFREF25757MONUIDMNA117417NameStore & Shippon, Nook Farm, DerwentwaterPeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325683 514773 Type COW HOUSE, DAIRY, LOOSE BOX, BARN

Description

Site: 25757 Bank Barn built on to house (ntsmr 25756) probably at same time as alterations and extensions to the house of that period. Building originally used for corn barn over central cartshed, dairy, loosebox and cowhouses.

ROOFING - Sandstone 'v' shaped ridge, except two ridge tiles to the north; plain projecting eaves (c 15cm) and verge (c 10cm). ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 5 bay; king post continued to apex; side struts

WALLING - Slatestone, random. Blocks at base (1'4" deep, 1'5 1/2" high, 2'1"wide), then huge edge laid side alternate slabs (3' high, 3'6" wide and 6" deep and 2'5" by 4' 11 1/2" by 2'5").

DOORS - Double doors to 1st floor threshing floor; re-used timber lintel over plank and battened door. Winnowing door: slatestone lintel over plank and battened door set in pegged and chamfered wood frame (NT, VBS 01/11/1983).

PREFREF25758MONUIDMNA118415NameShippon & store, Nook Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325700 514771 **Type** BARN, COW HOUSE

Description

Site: 25758 Originally used as a barn and shippen this building is presently used as a shippen and for storage. Gabled and one storey. ROOFING - Tile ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses towards ridge; rafters exposed at eaves and plain eaves over soffit boarding to two north bays; purlins exposed to plain projecting verge. Iron guttering.

LEAN-TO B - Slate roofing of diminishing courses; plain eaves and verge; slate levelling between stones and eaves.

LEAN-TO C - Slate roofing of diminishing courses; projecting slate drip course over ridge; plain eaves and verge.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 4 bay; simple tie beam trusses; staggered and trenched purloins. 2 north bays have been re-roofed.

WALLING - Slatestone, random; quoins are large and side alternate at base, becoming random (NT, VBS, 01/11/1983).

PREFREF25759MONUIDMNA119244NameGarage & sheep Pen, Nook Farm, BorrowdalePeriodModern

NGR 325648 514791 Type SHEEP DIP, GARAGE

Description

Site: 25759 Built as a garage with sheep pens and dip to south in the mid twentieth century.

ROOFING - Tile ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses; rafters exposed at eaves; soffit of verge and purling ends are slate hung. Iron guttering. Slate drip course over ridge of lean to slate roof to sheep dip.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 2 bay; king post.

WALLING - Slatestone, coursed. Concrete walls, weatherboarded with window to south wall.

DOORS - Sliding doors into dipping pens. Plank and battened door to west wall (NT, VBS, 01/11/1983).

PREFREF25760MONUIDMNA119802NameByre, Nook Farm, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost MedievalNGR325747514777TypeBARN

**Description** 

Site: 25760 A seventeenth century byre with cobble floor and hay loft over; probably one build with Oak Cottage to which access was once made through this building. Gabled, one storey, originally two (loft partly remains).

ROOFING - Sandstone 'v' shaped ridge, late nineteenth century slate roofing of diminishing width, plain projecting eaves (c. 10cm) and verge (c 5cm). Iron guttering

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 3 bay; simple tie beam trusses; halved and notched apex; trenched and flush staggered purlins. Some modern rafters.

WALLING - Random slatestone rubble with random slate levelling. Slightly projecting foundation plinth. Occasional through stones. Some signs of rendering. Side alternate slabs and blocks to quoins of east gable wall; east gable and east section of building rebuilt in roughly coursed slatestone after a structural collapse in the late nineteenth century.

WINDOWS - Square owl hole below ridge with projecting slate sill.

EEP (20 cm) Wood lintel; pegged oak casement with 3 unglazed wood mullions. This window is at first floor level adjoining the rendered north wall of the house.

DOORS - Timber lintel over modern plank and battened double doors in east gable wall. There is a pitching door over these double doors; slatstone lintel, through stones in jambs; plank and battened door with 3 ventilation slits set in heavy pegged frame.

INTERIOR - Whitewashed walls to ground floor. Part of 1st floor remains with original bridging beams at northern end. Bridging beam is a re-used timber, with mortises for basing braces.

NB This building is not at present officially let to anyone but has been included here under NOOK Farm and is incurred under NOOK Farm. At present Mr Pepper, tenant of Oak Cottage keeps his motor bikes in it (NT, VBS, 01/11/1983).

PREFREF25761MONUIDMNA115291NameFarmhouse, Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323543 512156 **Type** DAIRY, FARMHOUSE

Description

Site: 25761 Farmhouse with barn (1851) attached to north gable end, outshut and extension at right angles to main part to east. Main part under continuous roof with Seathwaite Cottage. Core of house probably dates from the Mid seventeenth century judging from the plan type and possible genuine dated timber (1663). Later extension and outshut attached to eastern elevation. Double pitch gable; sandstone ridge stones. Chimney stack in ridge adjoining barn; one angled slate top, one four sided pointed top. Chimney stack on gable adjoining Seathwaite Cottage with angled slate top. Eaves project c 25 cm; eaves pitch 33'; iron guttering and downpipes (painted black) on 'L' shaped brackets. Roof not insulated.

ROOF - Principal rafters halved and notched to ridge. Incised carpenter's marks on main rafters; chamfered tie beam. Common rafters modern. Trenched purlins with woodworm.

DESCRIPTION OF ROOMS -

- 1) Open fire; blocked window in west wall; blocked doorway to neighbouring cottage to left of fire. This doorway was previously partitioned off from the main part of the room as indicated by the premature termination of the chamfer steps on one beam. This bean has been slashed, to key plaster, at the end nearest the blocked door. This beam appears to have been re-used as indicated by five regularly spaced pairs of peg holes in the chamfered part of the beam. Fireplace: probably originally the main fireplace of the house, now open fire with ceramic tile surround dating from 1930's 1950's. There were previously fitted cupboards (c1850) as in Seathwaite Cottage, to either side of the fireplace.
- 2) Previously had projecting open fire with later smaller slate stone fire inserted. Electric fire now fitted in front. 3 bridging beams visible. This room currently appears to function separately from the rest of the house, having a sink unit, gas cooker, electric wall heater and strip lighting.
- 3) Previously had large fireplace at east end with iron girdle to right (now removed). Curing hooks remain to right of current modern (tactless) dry stone wall type fireplace.
- 4) Previously the dairy with slate slab shelving around walls and flag flooring.
- 5) Kitchen with sink unity, modern fitted cupboards and electric cooker. Bridging beam chamfered with regularly spaced mortise holes. Used to be the wash house with flag floor.

STAIRS - c.1850. Wooden staircase; 1/4 turn in bottom flight to quarter landing.

FIRST FLOOR - 8 bedrooms, Bathroom - fitted cupboards along wall opposite door (c?1850-60). Beam re-used mortises for two passing braces and numerous peg holes. Very large mirror ?1950. Toilet.

POSSIBLE SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPMENT - There are several possible ways in which this building could have developed: Hypothesis 1 - In its first phase the building could have comprised a longhouse type plan. An eastern extension, with access from outside, was then added, possibly at the same time as a stone spiral staircase and converted to a barn, its previous functions being transferred to the new extension. Evidence for this barn comprises a double door width opening (now blocked) mirrored in the first floor above. This opening does not appear to be original, as indicated by an unsupported timber where the wall once ran. In 1851 a new barn was built on to the north gable end. Many other additions could date from this time in particular the conversion of Seathwaite Cottage for domestic use, the construction of a new staircase, the insertion of the sash windows in the front elevation, together with the addition of dado rails and various fitted cupboards in the first floor bedrooms.

Hypothesis 2 - The original form the building was basically a longhouse but with a dairy outshut attached. The rest of the sequence would have been as previously stated. The main problem with this interpretation is to find a satisfactory explanation for the double width doorway as this would have been sealed off by the dairy. Feasible explanations being that it was at some stage proposed that either 1850's wooden staircase, or a back staircase was to be inserted here but never was.

Hypothesis 3 - Another possible sequence of development is that one room was originally a byre/barn and was not converted to domestic use until the mid nineteenth century when a new barn was built on to the north gable end of the building in addition to the

kitchen/dairy outshuts. This interpretation seems the most feasible of the three (Higgins, M, 1984).

PREFREF25762MONUIDMNA119491NameStable, Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323546 512165 **Type** STABLE

**Description** 

Site: 25762 Built onto the northern north gable end of the farmhouse in the middle of the nineteenth century. At the north-north east corner is a stone inscribed with some mason's doodles and signed G and BC Banks 1851. They would have been built as stables with loft above. Presently used as a shippon for 6 cattle.

ROOFING - Sandstone v-shaped ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses, palin projecting eaves and verge, iron guttering.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 3 bay. Simple tie beam truss; halved and notched apex.

WALLING - Slatestone roughly dressed rubble, roughly coursed. Quoins are slate side alternate and edge laid slabs. Stone at north-west corner is inscribed with the Initials G and BC Banks, 1851.

WINDOWS - Slatestone lintel over 1950s casement. Slatestone lintel over square loft opening in east wall.

DOOR - Slatestone lintel over plank and battened door.

INTERIOR - Cobbled floor. Byres for 6 cattle, facing east wall (Higgins, M, 1984).

PREFREF25763MONUIDMNA120828NameBarn, Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323523 512176 **Type** BARN

Description

Site: 25763 Gabled, 2 storey central barn and shippon. Probably the same date (1851) as the farmhouse (ntsmr 25761). Central barn with flagstone threshing floor and open to the roof. Either side of the barn are shippons for 12-13 cattle, each with loft floors over.

ROOFING - Sandstone 'v' shaped ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses, plain projecting eaves and verge (c 10.4 cm), iron guttering.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 7 Bay. Iron soffit bolted king post truss. Slates torched to laths.

WALLING - Slatestone rubble, roughly coursed and also mortared. 5 rows of troughs at gable ends, 4 to side walls. Quoins are slate side alternate and edge laid slabs.

WINDOWS - Splayed ventilation slits at ground floor and beneath eaves; circular ventilation hole pierced through slate slab beneath apex at top (Higgins, M, 1984).

PREFREF 25764 MONUID MNA115144

Name Shed, Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale Period Modern

**NGR** 323518 512150 **Type** SHED

**Description** 

Site: 25764 Implement shed built in c.1960. ROOFING - Sandstone 'v' shaped ridge, slate coursing of diminishing width, plain projecting eaves and verge to guttering.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - Iron scissor trusses with zigzag stanchions.

WALLING - Roof supported by circular slatestone piers. Slatestone wall to south (Higgins, M, 1984).

PREFREF25765MONUIDMNA117278NameLoosebox, Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323514 512132 **Type** LOOSE BOX

Description

Site: 25765 Loosebox attached to the south gable wall of the mid nineteenth century barn (ntsmr 25763) and therefore later in date.

ROOFING - Tile ridge, slate roofing of diminishing width, rafters exposed of projecting (10cm) eaves, verge attached both ends. Iron guttering.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 3 bay simple tie beam truss with staggered purlins.

WALLING - Roughly coursed slatestone rubble

WINDOW - Wallplate over horizontally battened opening

DOOR - Wall plate over plank and battened double doors; attractive mid nineteenth century latch.

Whitewashed interior (Higgins, M, 1984).

PREFREF25766MONUIDMNA116498NameBarn, Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323511 512120 **Type** BARN

Description

Site: 25766 Originally used as a barn, the threshing floor was place the northern end and there may well have been a door which led into a loosebox petitioned from the barn at the south. The outshuts were used as dog kennels and as a shelter shed.

ROOFING - Continued from, and same as ntsmr 25764. Late stone places on roof at south gable end. Lean to slate roof over rear outshut. Rain projecting eaves (c.10 cm) and verge (c.5 cm). Battens over felt on lean to, torched to laths to gabled section. ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 5 bay, simple tie bean truss; edge laid modern purlins.

WALLING - Roughly coursed slatestone rubble same as ntsmr 25764. Roughly side alternate blocks and slabs to quoins. Dry walled to north of door. More random walling to outshut.

INTERIOR - Whitewashed; rough timber partition running across north of building (Higgins, M, 1984).

PREFREF25767MONUIDMNA119027NameLoosebox, Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodModern

Name Loosebox, Seathwaite Farm, Borrowdale
NGR 323507 512108 Type LOOSE BOX

Description

Site: 25767 Loosebox built in 1972.

ROOFING - Sandstone V shaped ridge, slate coursing of diminishing width, rafters exposed at eaves and plain projecting verge. Iron guttering.

ROOF CONSTURCTION - 3 bay; TDA trusses type B (1972)

WALLING - Slatestone walling; on the west side the wall is built only half way up and piers are carried from them to the well plate. DOORS - Two plank and battened double doors (Higgins, M, 1982).

PREFREF25768MONUIDMNA120001NameCartshed, Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodModern

NGR 323502 512099 Type STABLE, SHED, COW HOUSE

### Description

Site: 25768 Cartshed and implement shed and stable. The first two may well have been used as a salving house. Now used as a loosebox and dipping house.

ROOFING - Re-roofed 1972 (same as ntsmr 25766) WALLING - Slatestone rubble, roughly coursed.

WINDOWS - All modern

DOORS - 1 single and 1 pair of double stable type plank and battened doors (installed 1972). 1 plank and battened stable type door under wallplate in west wall (Higgins, M, 1984).

PREFREF25770MONUIDMNA115035NameCottage, Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323536 512149 Type FARM LABOURERS COTTAGE

### **Description**

Site: 25770 Cottage lying between Seathwaite Farm and Seathwaite Farm Cottage. These properties have a continuous facade on the west. Possibly originally part of Seathwaite Farm. Front of house under Double Pitch gable roof. Sandstone ridge stones, slate roof, eaves width 25 cm. Eaves pitch 33 degrees. One chimney stack with angled slate top (at present). Iron gutters and downpipes black, guttering supported on 'L' shaped brackets. Back extension at right angles to line of front; sandstone ridge stones and double pitch slate roof with bathroom outshut on east and additional outshut on south.

POSSIBLE SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPMENT - There are several possible ways in which this building could have arrived in its present state. The blocked door adjacent to the main fireplace of Seathwaite Farm (25761) indicates that these now separate properties once intercommunicated, with a door providing a back lobby entrance.

The front portion of the house whose roof is continuous with that of the farm probably dates from the same time as the earlier phase of Seathwaite Farm. It is possible that Seathwaite Cottage functioned as a separate dwelling then, but this suggests a very unusual plan form with one back door giving access to two dwellings, this possibility should not, however, be ignored. Alternatively, Seathwaite Cottage could then have had an agricultural function, perhaps a byre, open to the roof, or have performed a domestic function as the downhouse, dairy of bed chamber of Seathwaite Farm. There is reasonable evidence to support the one time agricultural use of one room of Seathwaite Farm but this could date from the construction of the extension.

In the mid nineteenth century sash windows, the fireplace surround and fitted cupboard to either side of it were inserted. The main backward stair / bedroom extension may also date from this period. At one time there was access from the first floor landing to a room in Seathwaite Farm and the corridor off which the bedrooms of Seathwaite Farm open. This access is now blocked. The difference in floor height of Seathwaite Farm and Seathwaite Cottage and the slight projection of the wall where the stairs give access to two room of Seathwaite Farm suggest that the upper floors of these two properties were once separate. They appear to have been made to intercommunicate sometime in the mid eighteenth century.

The southern outshut to the main backward extension was probably added not long after the construction of main backward extension. the bathroom extension (to be demolished) is twentieth century (Higgins 1984).

PREFREF25771MONUIDMNA115889NameSeathwaite Farm Cottage, Seathwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 323531 512139 Type FARM LABOURERS COTTAGE

# Description

Site: 25771 The facade of Seathwaite Farm Cottage is continuous with that of Seathwaite Farm (ntsmr 25761) and Seathwaite Cottage (ntsmr 25770) and its roof line follows the same form i.e. double pitch gable roof as that of the properties just mentioned. The roof line is not, however, continuous but drops slightly (c. 30 cm) from Seathwaite Cottage to Seathwaite Farm Cottage. In all other respects the external appearance of the roof is the same as that of Seathwaite Cottage and Seathwaite Farm with sandstone ridge stones and slate roof. There are two chimneys within the ridge with angled slate tops.

A single storey, lean to was added to the south gable end and probably in the late nineteenth or early twentieth century. POSSIBLE SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPMENT - This building was probably built onto the south gable end of Seathwaite Cottage sometime in the early eighteenth century, although it is possible that the building is slightly earlier in date. In its earliest form the building comprised at least two rooms (possible three - fire house, dairy, bedchamber) downstairs, presumably with a loft with ladder type access to sleeping accommodation above (no original partitions are evident on the first floor). It is possible that access to the living room (which would once have functioned as the firehouse) would have been made via a cross passage, the southernmost portion having been removed. A cupboard dated 1720 lies against the partition now dividing the living-room from the parlour. This cupboard does not appear to have been built into the fabric of the building at any stage (and was robbed slightly during alterations in 1972). It is not now possible to ascertain whether there was a door opposite the front door giving access to the back of the building.

In 1972 a doorway was made between the store room and kitchen; the position of the stairs and partitions dividing the bedrooms on the first floor altered. Since then the entrance to the kitchen through the eastern elevation has been blocked and a single light window inserted.

ROOF - Principal rafters original, halved or apex with notch to ridge, trenched purlins with wood worm (Higgins, M, 1984).

PREFREF25772MONUIDMNA117049NameFarmhouse, Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 324508 513825 Type FARMHOUSE

Description

Site: 25772 Although much altered over the years, the basic elements of the original plan still survive. The fireplace was originally carried up to a timber hood. The absence of any mortises on the ground floor beams except one just to the right of the doorway, suggest that the house was a two unit plan, with housepart to the east and either an unheated parlour or (more probably) a service room to the west. The roof trusses are both chamfered, suggesting that they were intended to be left open to view; however, it is probable that the 3 bay west chamber had open roof trusses and that the tie beam roof in the east chamber was seilinged under. The house was extended north in the late nineteenth century (when most of the double hung sashes throughout the house were inserted) and further extended in the early twentieth century.

ROOFING - Slate roofing of diminishing courses. Iron guttering with late nineteenth century rainwater heads.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - Mid nineteenth century; purlins carried by cross walls (no truss). seventeenth century - two three bay roofs separated by chimney stack. The purlins in the 3 bay roof north of the chimneys stack are tenoned trough to the principal rafters.

CHIMNEYS - Mid seventeenth century stack (with early/mid nineteenth century copping and cast iron pot) rises from ridge. Late nineteenth century stack with original ceramic pot rises from east gable.

The main chimney stack 'disappears' at first floor level. This suggest that a timber hood projected from the roof of the firebeam at ground floor level; the firebeam just west of the existing fireplace is quite thin and only chamfered on one side, this indicating that a timber hood rested on the top of it.

WALLING - All whitewashed and rendered.

INTERIOR DETAILS - All fireplaces are modern. One, late eighteenth century/early nineteenth century china closet on ground floor; moulded cornice and doors (NT,VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25773MONUIDMNA116966NameShed, Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodModern

**NGR** 324486 513780 **Type** SHED

#### **Description**

Site: 25773 A sheep wintering shed, Built 1974 and a machinery shed, with silage pit at north end. Mid twentieth century Sheep wintering shed: Slate lean to.

WALLING - South: weather-boarding over low slatestone walling, machine cut arises to quoins. East - wallplate over piers from low slatestone wall. North - mainly weatherboard.

INTERIOR - Slate floor. Breeze block lining to all walls B) Machinery shed, silage pit at north end in concrete bunker

ROOF and CONSTRUCTION - Tile ridge, slate gabled roof: 4 bay king posts, bolted through to soffits of tie beams.

WALLING - Open to south and north; side walls are of vertically set boards nailed flush to horizontal beams (NT, VBS, 1984)

PREFREF25774MONUIDMNA119316NameShed, Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodModern

**NGR** 324474 513811 **Type** SHED

#### Description

Site: 25774 c 1970; Sheep wintering shed; extended west (3 bays) in c. 1974, for 3 looseboxes for cattle.

ROOFING and CONSTRUCTION - Corrugated asbestos to lean to roof.

WALLING - Concrete rendered breeze block; to south entry to sheep wintering shed is plank and battened doors, hung slate wall (about 2 sq.) low breeze block wall and weatherboarding over. Slatted floor of sheep wintering shed; concrete floor to loosebox. KENNEL - Gabled felt and battened roof. Vertically boarded walls (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25775MONUIDMNA117934NameBarn, Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324492 513820 **Type** BARN

# Description

Site: 25775....An interesting example of a seventeenth century converted barn in the late nineteenth century. Phase One - seventeenth century. The original sections of walling are clearly distinguishable by the survival of limewashed rendering of crushed slatestone and lime mortar. It was clearly built as a bank barn, with an entry to the shippen (now blocked) on the south gable wall; this entry must have opened onto a central feeding/much passage.

Phase Two - In the late nineteenth century the east wall was demolished and the barn incorporated with a bank barn (consisting of 2 shippens and 1 implement shed).

Phase Three - 2 storey hay barn over 2 shippens and 1 implement shed.

ROOFING - Re-roofed 1973 - Sandstone ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses, plain eaves and verge. Projecting canopy over east elevation.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - Modern - 5 bay; king post bolted through to soffit of tie beam; purlins held by blocks.

WALLING - Slatestone, random rubble, Side alternate edge laid quoins. CM wall has been rendered over in limewash and rendering of plaster and crushed slatestone; this outlines the extent of the original building.

INTERIOR DETAILS - Concrete ground floor. Narrow oak planking to first floor. Briding beams holding up first floor are given additional support by mid nineteenth century cast iron post. Whitewashed walls. Concrete stalls for cattle (NT,VBS, 1984)

PREFREF25776MONUIDMNA119697NameHay Barn, Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324497 513788 **Type** BARN, BARN

#### **Description**

Site: 25776 a) Hay barn and lean to b) shippen now with c) dipping shed.

ROOFING - a) slate roofing of diminishing courses, sandstone ridge, plain eaves and verge. Iron guttering. b) some roofing; lean to, c) lean to slate roof

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - a) two bay; king post; post bolted through to soffit of tie beam. Ridge piece held diagonally in apex of king post, principals being tenoned into king post just below apex. b) lean to, 1/2 simple tie beam truss. c) posts to lean to roof. WALLING - a) and b) slatestone rubble, roughly coursed, side alternate edge laid slabs to quoins. c) rendered brick, except slatestone to 2 north bays (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25777MONUIDMNA119921NameDairy & loosebox, Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodModern

NGR 324507 513811 Type LOOSE BOX, DAIRY

Description

Site: 25777: Wall to loosebox originally a low drystone wall; present dairy probably originally used as a dairy with a food shed in the rear lean to.

ROOFING - Over loosebox - lean to corrugated iron roof, with slatestones placed on top to hold it down. Over dairy - sandstone ridge, slatestone roofing of diminishing courses; plain eaves and verge; iron guttering.

WALLING - Loosebox - brick wall over drystone wall; all roughcast outside, plastered interior. Dairy - Slatestone walling, random with levelling. Plank and battened doors, concrete floors, slatestone shelf in dairy (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25778MONUIDMNA120723NameThreshing Barn, Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 324516 513787 **Type** BARN

**Description** 

Site: 25777 Originally a threshing barn this building is now used for storage of wood fuel, coke and coal; storage of miscellaneous items and the east 1/3 is a 'Farm Cottage'.

Gabbled barn with 1/2 loft and attached cottage. Lean to sheppends and kennel against north wall.

ROOFING - Lean-tos: corrugated iron, lean to Barn: Sandstone ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses, plain eaves and verge, iron guttering. Re-roofed recently.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 4 bay. Simple tie beam truss; halved and notched apex; flush staggered purlins are halved into each other where they join the principal and are tenoned through to the principal with long pegs.

Some principals are reused timbers with passing brace mortices; wavy principals to east bay (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25779MONUIDMNA117459NameBarn, Seatoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodModern

**NGR** 324521 513823 **Type** BARN

**Description** 

Site: 25779 Built 1937. Slatestone roofing to steel framed structure. Breeze block infill with slatestone over. Used as large shippen, with two drainage runs for front end loader with midden off east end. 21m long c 12.74 m wide. Height 3.53m Ridge Height 6.85m (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25780MONUIDMNA115969NameToilet block, Sealtoller Farm, BorrowdalePeriodModern

NGR 324455 513795 Type PRIVY HOUSE

Description

Site: 25780 Toilet Block. Slate roofing, rendered breeze block walls. 6.73m long x 4.05 m wide. Eaves height 2.6m Ridge Height 4.22m (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25781MONUIDMNA121097NameFarmhouse, Stonethwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326287 513701 **Type** FARMHOUSE

**Description** 

Site: 25781 Phase 1: Mid seventeenth century house with similarities in plan to Caffle House and Oak Cottage. Phase 2: Extension C. 1800 to north gable wall, incorporating staircase.

PHASE ONE - Mid seventeenth century - The main entry was through a door, opening onto a mell which gave access to the kitchen and housepart. Two rooms lay to the south of the housepart, axially divided by a stone wall which was demolished when a chimney stack was inserted in the south gable wall. There was also a pantry.

There are two service rooms to the south of the housepart in Oak Cottage, Rosthwaite but Stonethwaite Farm is similar in some important respects to Caffle House, Watendlath. There is an axial chimney stack (which had a projecting timber hood here) heating both kitchen and housepart. The rear outshut again incorporates both pantry and staircase and in addition to the rear baffle entry there is a front entrance. Although this front entry does not follow through to a staircase (as at Caffle House and other farmhouses in Borrowdale) it does open direct into the housepart, adjacent to the wall dividing off the housepart from two rooms. This plan, does seem to be a hybrid of both traditional and symmetrical elements. The stop to the beams and the roof truss would suggest a mid seventeenth century date for this building.

PHASE TWO - Early nineteenth century - Single bay extension butted against north gable wall. Probably built as a Dower House or Housemaid's accommodation, as it forms a self contained unit with its own staircase. Some double hung sash windows were inserted in the late nineteenth century and some doors.

ROOFING - Sandstone v shaped ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses, plain eaves and verge. Iron guttering (all recently laid and painted).

CHIMNEYS - Victorian ceramic pot on top of stack in gable wall. Centre stack; rises off centre slate. 1 Victorian ceramic and 1 timpot. North stack; in gable wall, wider than south stack; Victorian ceramic pot.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 4 bay; 2 collar trusses, each had cambered collar and tie beams; trenched and staggered purlins; halved and notched apex. Roof over early nineteenth century portion: no truss

WALLING - All roughcast; whitewashed to east; gable wall to south not limewashed except for outshut.

PORCH - Gabled roof, cusped bargeboard to verge; horizontal weatherboarded walls. Step down to concrete floor.

STAIRS - Early nineteenth century dog leg stairs with winders. Chamfered newel, chamfered soffit to banister, square cut balusters. Main stairs: oak treads, plain dog leg type

CHIMNEYSTACK - At first floor it seems that the present stack has been replaced on earlier timber hood. - from the apex of the roof the stack tapers out to a base formed by three oak beams; the two side beams are so mortised as to suggest that the timbers of a framed hood were tenoned into them. This framed hood was supported by a transverse firebeam at the intersection of first and ground floors. - above the aforementioned 3 beams, the stack is plastered and whitewashed; below the beams it is plastered and washed in an egg blue colour (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25782MONUIDMNA115476NameStable, Stonethwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326277 513721 Type STABLE, GARAGE

**Description** 

Site: 25782 Gabled one storey building attached to the north gable wall of farmhouse.

ROOFING - Sandstone v shaped ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses, plain projecting eaves (10 cm) and verge. Modern painted guttering.

WALLING - Slatestone, random rubble; random levelling

WINDOW - Modern light under wall plate; sloping slate sill.

DOORS - Old double door entry blocked c. 1957 and single door inserted; plank and battened. Modern plank and battened door with light over. Modern plank and battened double doors (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25783MONUIDMNA120100NameBarn, Stonethwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326236 513750 **Type** BARN

Description

NTSMR 25783

PHASE ONE - Two bay building. There was a loft over the east half of this building and so this was probably a cowhouse with hay loft over one half. It is now used as a shippen.

PHASE TWO - Erection of 5 bay barn. The threshing floor was at the north end, and the roof of the round tie beam type; the wavy principals, the exposed wallplate at the eaves (like Old Brandlehow) and the long and low profile of this building suggest a seventeenth century date.

PRESENT USE - Shippen and hay barn.

ROOFING - Sandstone v shaped ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses. Rafters exposed at eaves; along east elevation wallplate with tabled scarf joint is exposed; verge projects c.10cm. Laths are torched to slates of barn, slates simply fitted over battens in shippen.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - Simple tie beam trusses with flush staggered purlins and notched apex. Principal rafters to all trusses except north truss. South truss given slender collar.

WALLING - Slatestone rubble, roughly coursed. Side alternate flat laid blocks to quoins. Gable ends have row of through stones at eaves height, with 2 below continued round the side walls.

Triangular slate ventilation holes beneath apex of cable walls.

INTERIOR - Once whitewashed now untreated. Slate flags to threshing floor, otherwise concrete.

HAY BARN

ROOFING - tile ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses felted under, slate hung verge, eaves project c10cm.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 2 bays simple tie beam truss; cambered tie beam; flush staggered purlins.

WALLING - Random slatestone rubble with recessed mortar.

INTERIOR - Whitewashed. Under truss is a curved beam running across the building; another one adjoins the wall at the junction with the shippen (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25784MONUIDMNA116004NameBull pen, Stonethwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326239 513726 **Type** BARN, BULL PEN

Description

ORIGINAL and PRESENT USE - Bull pen (for 3 animals), loosebox, haybarn and shippen.

ROOFING - Sandstone v shaped ridge, slate coursing of diminishing width, rafters exposed at eaves (project 20 cm) board nailed to purlin ends at verge (project 5cm) iron guttering. Felt and battened.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 5 bay. King post trusses bolted through to soffits of tie beams.

WALLING - Slatestone rubble, roughly coursed and mortared. Slatestone edge laid and side alternate quoins. 6 ventilation slits beneath eaves.

INTERIOR - The two shippens are whitewashed (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25785MONUIDMNA116863NameBarn, Stonethwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326205 513710 Type BARN, LOOSE BOX, PRIVY HOUSE

Description

Site: 25785 Gabled, one storey; lean to against wall.

ROOFING - Slate coursing of diminishing width (old thick slates - relaid) plain projecting eaves and verge, iron guttering.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - a) 3 bay; simple tie beam truss, new principal rafters and purlins. Felt and battened. 2 bay half tie beam truss; purlin held by block on principal. Store room- slates torched to lathe. Loosebox- simple lean to type, felt and battened.

WALLING - All walls are of roughly coursed slatestone with slate levelling. Slate alternate blocks to quoins. 4 ventilation slits below eaves.

INTERIOR - Timber floor of the hay barn. Vertically boarded stalls for 10 cattle; concrete through passage, cobbled standings. Ceiling renewed 1975 and now new pine joists over old bridging beams. Early twentieth century machine brick wall dividing WC from rest of room (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25786MONUIDMNA119195NamePossible agricultural building, Stonethwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326222 513709 Type FARM BUILDING

Description

Site: 25786 eighteenth century building, original use not determined (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25787MONUIDMNA118334NameKennel, Stonethwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326274 513723 **Type** KENNELS

Description

Site: 25787 Modern dog kennel, stone and brick (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25788MONUIDMNA115888NameStore, Stonethwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326280 513713 Type GENERAL STORE

**Description** 

Site: 25788 Store incorporating stone wall (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25789MONUIDMNA120071NameShed, Stonethwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326286 513713 **Type** SHED

Description

Site: 25789 Shed used as kennels. Felt roof, vertical weatherboard walls; whole building raised on pine staddles (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25790MONUIDMNA120556NameShed, Stonethwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodModern

**NGR** 326085 513809 **Type** SHED

Description

Site: 25790 Shed used as kennels. Slate roof, rendered brick walls over slatestone base. Small plank and battened door, eighteenth century Norfolk latch (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25791MONUIDMNA119766NameSilage Clamp, Stonethwaite Farm, BorrowdalePeriodMedieval

NGR 326305 513710 Type SILAGE CLAMP

**Description** 

Site: 25791 No information given (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF 25796 MONUID MNA119887

NameFarmhouse, Yew Tree Farm, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodNGR325709514786TypeFARMHOUSE

Description

Site: 25796 An early-mid eighteenth century house;; the symmetrical west front contrasts with the traditional hall and bower arrangement of the interior. The back kitchen and stairs projection are also mid eighteenth century.

FEATURES TO BE RETAINED - Mid eighteenth century door in front porch (not hung).

SUMMARY OF DEVELOPMENT - Yew Tree Farm has a very similar plan form to Oak Cottage (ntsmr 20222), Rosthwaite (and so is probably the same date). It only lacks the cross passage, but even this cannot be totally discounted as the late nineteenth century dairy may have replaced an earlier attached agricultural building. The partition walls are all later insertions. The soffit at the eastern beam in the room currently used as the games room, has mortises (marked I to VII by the carpenter) to take vertical studs for a partition which would originally have divided the housepart and main fire from the bower. There is no evidence to suggest that the bower was originally divided and the fireplace, placed centrally in the west gable wall, may well be original.

Evidence suggests that the house does not predate the early eighteenth century. If the west gable stack is original, and taking in mind that there are no blocked windows or doorways, Yew Tree epitomises the double fronted plan with balanced stacks, central door and well disposed windows which shows some attention to symmetry. Evidence for an early eighteenth century date is supported by the clumsy manner in which Renaissance symmetry and the plan of the traditional Lakeland interior are junta-posed. Thus the firewindow mars the symmetry of the north elevation; we have seen that traditional elements were retained in the plan.

ROOFING - Sandstone v shaped ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses; plain projecting eaves and verge; iron guttering. CHIMNEYS - West: square stack with tabling at top rises from ridge near gable end. East: square stack with late nineteenth century top flue and ceramic pots rises off centre from gable end of farmhouse.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 3 bay; originally a tie beam truss with side struts (now removed); halved and notched apex; through purlins; soffits of principal rafters chamfered. 2 bay simple tie beam truss over south wing extension.

WALLING - Slatestone, mostly rendered.

INTERIOR - Fireplaces all modern. One fireplace is corbelled out. Soffits of corbels are rounded (NT, VBS, 01/10/1983).

PREFREF25797MONUIDMNA121386NameBarn, Yew Tree Farm, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325681 514793 Type PIGSTY, STABLE, CART SHED, PRIVY HOUSE

Description

NTSMR 25797: Originally used as a central cartshed, flanked by stabling. Toilet built to east gable. Lean to at north probably built as pigsty with own yard.

PRESENT USE - Hay storage; two kennels; and two parts unused.

IMPORTANT FEATURES - mid nineteenth century moulded and panelled door in dog kennel.

ROOFING - Sandstone ridge, slate roofing diminishes in size towards ridge; narrow bargeboard to verge; eaves project 6 cm; iron guttering.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 3 bay simple tie beam truss type, with notched apex and trenched overlapping purlins. Some timbers are re-used.

WALLING - Side alternate slatestone blocks to quoins; quoins are cut to equal size, arris (outer corner) of each block smoothly cut with sharp edge (NT, VBS, 01/10/1983).

Post Medieval

PREFREF25798MONUIDMNA115510NameShippon, Yew Tree Farm, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325697 514786 **Type** COW HOUSE

**Description** 

Site: 25798 Gabled, one storey barn with full loft.

ORIGINAL USE: Shippon with central door to feeding passage/ drainage, with fodder room and another smaller shippon with original slate stalls. Hay loft over.

PRESENT USE: Hay store and loft, stable, shippon with new stalls and floor. Modern dog kennels and store, built against west gable wall

IMPORTANT FEATURES - Slate stalls.

ROOFING - Sandstone ridge, slate courses diminish towards ridge; plain projecting eaves and verge. Iron guttering and downpipes. ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 5 bay simple tie beam trusses with staggered and flush purlins.

WALLING - Random slatestone; side alternate edge laid slabs to quoins. 3 rows of through stones to side walls, 4th row at eaves height to gable ends.

INTERIOR - Continuous loft either side of central double doors. Modern cattle stalls for 16 cows. Stable converted from old cowhouse. Whitewashed interior; concrete standing, edge to manure gully of slate; stalls of vertically placed slates.

MODERN EXTENSIONS - 1) Corrugated iron lean to and walling to pine posts. 2) Lean to roof; tile ridge, slate roofing. Walled enclosure leads through plank and battened doors to kennels (NT, VBS, 01/10/1983).

PREFREF25800MONUIDMNA119472NameBarn & cowhouse, Yew Tree Farm, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325702 514800 **Type** COW HOUSE, BARN

Description

Site: 25800 A barn and cowhouse attached to Yew Tree Cottage - now used for storage and a workshop. ROOFING - Sandstone v shaped ridge. Slate roofing of diminishing courses. Plain projecting eaves (30cm) and verge (10cm).

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 2 bay; king post bolted through to soffit of tie beam; soffit of tie beam roughly adzed as chamfer; adzed purlins to south; machine sawn to north.

WALLING- Slatestone, random. Side alternator slabs placed on edge to quoins. 2 rows of projecting through stones, with extra row at gable end. One row of slate levelling at gable end also.

WINDOWS - Splayed ventilation slits below eaves. Slate lintel over only window (casement gone).

INTERIOR - Barn - slatestone flag floor. Cowhouse - concrete floor. Whitewashed walling, loft over is modern, with new joists, planks and balcony (NT, VBS, 01/10/1983).

PREFREF25801MONUIDMNA118722NameBank Barn, Yew Tree Farm, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325726 514790 **Type** BANK BARN

Description

Site: 25801 Gabled, two storey bank barn with shippon under.

ROOFING - Sandstone v shaped ridge. Slate roofing of diminishing courses (not torched). Plain projecting eaves (30cm) and north verge (10cm). South verge attached to Yew Tree Cottage. Iron guttering. Late nineteenth century rainwater head.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - 3 bay. Northern truss has curved simple tie beam truss with trenched and flush staggered purlins. Halved and notched apex. Modern principal rafters to middle truss; ridge and side purlins supported by blocks. Southern truss is simple tie beam with flush and staggered purlins, halved and notched apex carried over principal. Original purlins are adzed; ridge purlin has bridled scarf.

WALLING - Slatestone, random. Mostly side alternate edge laid slabs to quoins. Some through stones. Projecting (c.5cm) plinth. Traces of limewash rendering especially on east wall. Splayed ventilation slits. Owl hole below ridge.

INTERIOR - Some parts of original cobbled floor survive in shippon and all in passage to south. Concrete stalls to shippon new floor and joists over (NT, VBS, 01/10/1983).

PREFREF25802MONUIDMNA121588NameSheep dip & pens, Yew Tree Farm, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodModern

**NGR** 326820 514869 **Type** SHEEP DIP, PEN

Description

ROOFING: Sandstone ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses, rafters exposed at overhanging (45 cm.) eaves, purlins exposed to narrow bargeboard and overhanging (30 cm.) verge. Circular pine posts to roof trusses (scissor type). Concrete dipping pen (NT, SMR, 01/10/1983).

PREFREF25804MONUIDMNA119723NameWash house, Oak Cottage, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325728 514756 Type WASH HOUSE

Description

Site: 25804 A good example of a detached wash house.

ROOFING - Slate roofing, plain projecting eaves and verge.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - Simple lean-to type.

WALLING - Slatestone, rubble, random: laid dry. Random quoining.

WINDOW - Slatestone lintel over single light.

DOORS - North: slatestone lintel over early twentieth century plank and battened door. South: Whitewashed surrounds. Slatestone lintel over plank and battened door.

INTERIOR - Whitewashed concrete floor. Brick built stand for late nineteenth century brewing copper and flue (NT, VBS, 01/11/1983).

PREFREF25805MONUIDMNA117493NameHow Cottage No. 2, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325694 514736 Type TERRACED HOUSE

**Description** 

Site: 25805 Double pitch gable roof with sandstone ridge and slates diminishing in size towards ridge. Gable chimney stack and another over wash-house, both with stoneware pots. Iron gutters and downpipes; quoining, horizontal slabs at corners and around windows which have slate levels and sills. Grey flat roofed pebble dashed. Kitchen extension (1937) at back.

SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPMENT - This cottage appears to date from the early nineteenth century. Post dating the adjoining cottage (No. 1 - 26986) by a relatively short length of time. In its original form it comprised two rooms downstairs and two upstairs with adjoining shared wash-house. A kitchen / bathroom extension was added in 1937 (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25806MONUIDMNA117863NameCoal Store, How Cottage No. 2, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325696 514741 **Type** COAL SHED

**Description** 

Site: 25806 Small unrendered coal store, sandstone ridge tiles, slate roof (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25807MONUIDMNA115684NameOut building, Croft Farm, StonethwaitePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326208 513727 Type WORKSHOP, COAL SHED, PRIVY HOUSE

Description

Site: 25807 Coal Store, Work Shop and working outside toilet (NT, VBS, 1984)

PREFREF25808MONUIDMNA119761NameFarmhouse, Croft Farm, StonethwaitePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326206 513744 **Type** FARMHOUSE

Description

POSSIBLE SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPMENT -

a) Situation in the seventeenth century: two rooms below, one being the main kitchen/living room and one which could have been the masters bedroom (in which case it would presumably have been partitioned off from the back entrance); downhouse; or dairy. There would have been sleeping accommodation at first floor level but the rooms would have been open to the roof space as indicated by the fact that wall paper is still visible on the main fire stack and on a plank partition attached to a truss in the roofspace.

b) During the eighteenth century a dairy and back door 'vestibule' were added.

c) nineteenth century - Croft Cottage and the was house with fronted cart shed (now converted into the kitchen for Croft Cottage) was added. The building of Croft Cottage was supposed to have been caused by the marriage of one of the brothers who farmed Croft Farm; the cottage being built to house his bachelor brother. Hence presumable the intercommunication between the two households. d)twentieth century - the blocking of the intercommunicating doors between the properties and the conversion of the art shed adjacent to the wash house into the kitchen of Croft Cottage and the addition of a bedroom and bathroom extension to the later. ROOF - Visibility difficult; ridge perlin not visible; other purlins overlapped and slightly trenched.

ROOMS - sitting room - This use could have been associated with the chest height doorway (now blocked) in the north-east elevation; Cupboard under stairs off corridor with niche/blocked window with wooden lintel to one side. Dairy - stone sconces now removed; a concrete curing sink once lay at the far end (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25809MONUIDMNA120263NameCroft Cottage on Croft Farm, StonethwaitePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326215 513737 **Type** FARM LABOURERS COTTAGE

Description

Site: 25809 nineteenth century cottage, 4 bedrooms.

POSSIBLE SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPMENT - a) Situation in the seventeenth century: two rooms below, one being the main kitchen/living room and one which could have been the masters bedroom (in which case it would presumably have been partitioned off from the back entrance); downhouse; or dairy. There would have been sleeping accommodation at first floor level but the rooms would have been open to the roof space as indicated by the fact that wall paper is still visible on the main fire stack and on a plank partition attached to a truss in the roofspace.

b) During the eighteenth century a dairy and back door 'vestibule' were added.

c) nineteenth century - Croft Cottage and the wash house with attached fronted cart shed (now convertedi nto the kitchen for Croft Cottage) was added. The building of Croft Cottage was supposed to have been caused by the marriage of one of the brothers who farmed Croft Farm; the cottage being built to house his bachelor brother. Hence presumably the intercommunication between the two households.

d)twentieth century - the blocking of the intercommunicating doors between the properties and the conversion of the art shed adjacent to the wash house into the kitchen of Croft Cottage and the addition of a bedroom and bathroom extension to the later. ROOF - Timbers twentieth century. Bay 1) mainly modern rafters and ridge; old purlins with wood worm. Bay 2) Old ridge and purlins (evidence for reuse of timber in the form of mortice holes) (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25810MONUIDMNA117260NameKennel, Croft Farm, Stonethwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326190 513760 **Type** KENNELS

Description

Site: 25810 Outbuilding used as a kennel (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF25811MONUIDMNA116580NameEarth closet, Croft Farm, Stonethwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 326220 TOILET, GENERAL STORE, PRIVY HOUSE 513732 **Type** 

Description

Site: 25811 Old earth closet now used to store old fire places (NT, VBS, 1984).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA120260 25813 Name Outbuilding, Nook Cottage, Rosthwaite Period Post Medieval

NGR WASH HOUSE, STOREHOUSE 514785 **Type** 325685

Description

Site: 25813 Gabled, one storey outbuilding attached to house originally uses as a late nineteenth century wash house, and presently used for storage of miscellaneous items and coal.

ROOFING - Sandstone v shaped ridge, slate coursing of diminishing width, plain projecting eaves (10cm) and verge (5 cm), iron guttering. Square chimney stack rises from west wall.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - Purlins carried through wall from west bay. Simple tie beam truss in North Room.

WALLING - Random. Side alternate slabs laid flat to quoins. Ground to south has been dug away from house.

WINDOWS - South - Projecting slate lintel and sill; one light modern casement. East - 1 light modern casement, wall plate over, slate sill.

DOORS - 1) slate lintel; beaded plank and battened door in pegged wood frame. 2) and 3) wallplate over door as 1). South east room contains c. 1900 Co-operative Society linen press (NT, VBS, 01/05/1983)

**PREFREF** 25822 MONUID MNA120159

Name Barn, Rainguage Cottage, Seathwaite Period Modern

NGR 323560 512137 **Type** BARN, BARN

Description

Site: 25822 Double pitch gable roof; sandstone ridge stones, slate roof (hung slates at gable end) first floor of northern gable end rebuilt quoining changes from side alternate slabs laid vertically in horizontal slabs. The date 1937 is inscribed just to the left of the barn door.

INTERIOR - Internally the barn is divided into 3 rooms. The south room acts as a general stone, the middle room (with double doors) acts as a wood store. The northern room from which stairs rise to the first floor acts as a furniture store. The first floor (recently inserted) - note the level of the first floor is below that of the top of the double doors.

ROOF - Simple tie beam truss. One bay has minor rafters boarded over with hardboard. Some timbers in roof truss are reused. \*NOTE - One half of the double doors to the barn mysteriously disappeared, between January and March 1984. (NT VBS Surveyor; 1984)

**PREFREF** 26485 MONUID MNA115900 Modern

Name Store, Ivy Cottage, Stonethwaite Period

NGR 513692 **Type** GENERAL STORE

**Description** 

Site: 26485 Slatestone walls, corrugated iron roof. Used as store (Higgins, M, 1984).

PREFREF MONUID MNA120125 26486 Name Store, Ivy Cottage, Stonethwaite Period Post Medieval

NGR GENERAL STORE 326252 513691 **Type** 

Description

Site: 26486 Slatestone walls, brick jambs to doors and windows, felt roof. Used as store (Higgins, M, 1984).

**PREFREF** MONUID 26634 MNA118574 Linear Earthwork S of Watendlath Tarn, Watendlath Period Name Medieval

LINEAR EARTHWORK NGR 515000 **Type** 

Description

Site: 21047\*1 An earthen bank running east to west forming the southern boundary of the ring dyke. The bank has a maximum height of 1.2 meters and is c7 meters wide at its base and c3.5 meters wide on top (Maxwell, R. 1993).

**PREFREF** 26635 MONUID MNA120598 Name Lynchet S of Watendlath Tarn, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

NGR 515000 **Type** LYNCHET

Description

Site: 21047\*2 This lynchet was built up against a line of boulder foundations, themselves the remnants of an earlier wall line (Maxwell, R. 1993).

**PREFREF** MONUID MNA115852 26636 Name Linear Earthwork S of Watendlath Tarn, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

NGR LINEAR EARTHWORK 327000 515000 **Type** 

Site: 21047\*4 Low earthen bank, 0.5 meters high and 1-2 meters wide. Oriented east-west and lying immediately south of, and parallel to 21047\*3 (Maxwell, R. 1993).

**PREFREF** 26636 MONUID MNA121335 Name Linear Earthwork S of Watendlath Tarn, Watendlath Period Post Medieval

NGR 515000 **Type** LINEAR EARTHWORK

Description

Site: 21047\*3 Low earthen bank, measuring c0.8m high and 2.5-3.0m wide. Oriented east-west and lying immediately north of, and parallel to 21047\*4 (Maxwell, R. 1993).

PREFREF26637MONUIDMNA118506NameLynchet S of Watendlath Tarn, WatendlathPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327000 515000 **Type** LYNCHET

Description

Site: 21047\*5 Slight lynchet probably built up against a field boundary which has now vanished (Maxwell, R. 1993).

PREFREF26638MONUIDMNA116855NameLynchet S of Watendlath Tarn, WatendlathPeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 327000 515000 **Type** LYNCHET

**Description** 

Site: 21047\*6 Very slight lynchet which has probably built up against a field boundary which has now vanished (Maxwell, R. 1993).

PREFREF26639MONUIDMNA117426NameWall S of Watendlath Tarn, WatendlathPeriodMedieval

NGR 327000 515000 Type BOUNDARY WALL

Description

No Text Given in NTSMR

PREFREF26640MONUIDMNA117841NameWall S of Watendlath Tarn, WatendlathPeriodMedieval

NGR 327000 515000 Type BOUNDARY WALL

Description

Site: 21047\*8 Drystone built wall which represents a southern extension of the ring garth (Maxwell, R. 1993).

PREFREF 26641 MONUID MNA117922

Name Wall S of Watendlath Tarn, Watendlath Period Medieval

NGR 327000 515000 Type BOUNDARY WALL

Description

Site: 21047\*9 Drystone built wall which represents a southern extension of the ring garth (Maxwell, R. 1993).

PREFREF26874MONUIDMNA121484NameRelics boundary at Seathwaite, BorrrowdalePeriodMedieval

**NGR** 323515 511113 **Type** BOUNDARY

Description

A section of peat, associated with what appears to be the remains of a managed hedge, lies exposed on the right bank of the River Derwent in the upper reaches of Borrowdale, Cumbria, c 1km north of Seathwaite Farm and c 10Om south of Stockley Bridge (NY 235111). A visit to the section in October 1997 by Lancaster University Archaeological Unit (LUAU) staff working on the North West Wetlands Survey (NWWS) revealed that the site had suffered considerable damage from erosion since it had been sampled by Oxford University four years earlier. Furthermore, a piece of axe-worked wood, protruding from the eroding peat just above the water line, was recovered. Consequently, the NWWS team, in liaison with the National Trust and National Park Authority, mounted a regular watching brief on the site. The first visit revealed that more extensive worked wood had been exposed in the form of horizontally-laid timbers and a worked upright stake. First impressions were that the structure slowly being revealed in section represented the remains of a hurdle fence, or possibly a laid hedge. The original piece of worked wood and the upright stake were dated radiometrically to between the late fifteenth and the mid seventeenth centuries AD.

Subsequent visits continued to recover further pieces of worked wood, revealing the peat section to be badly undercut and in imminent danger of collapse in places. In light of the rapid erosion of the peat section, English Heritage agreed to fund an evaluation of the site in order to establish its true potential, and to relate the findings to the large-scale picture of historical change in land-holding patterns in the area. The evaluation fieldwork was carried out in October 1998. The evaluation revealed two phases of peat deposition separated by a thin layer of silty gravel which appears to represent a flooding episode. Excavation of the lower peat layer revealed three root boles with a large quantity of interlaced horizontally-laid timbers within a highly organic peat matrix. Excavation of the upper peat deposit revealed a series of driven stakes leading from the end of a drystone wall. A colluvial fan located in the northern part of the peat section was observed to have been deposited during the formation of the upper peat horizon, with peat both underlying and overlying its southern terminus. Following the results of seven days fieldwork (as defined in the project design sent to English Heritage), a further two days fieldwork was funded by the Lake District National Park Authority in an attempt to clarify the relationship between the brushwood layer, the upright stakes, and the drystone wall. Unfortunately, the extra work did not prove conclusive as the wall was found to be preserved to a much greater height than had been originally suspected. Consequently, following a short gap, English Heritage agreed to fund an additional seven days fieldwork, to expose further the series of upright stakes associated with the drystone wall, and stratigraphically earlier deposits which contained possible evidence for a managed hedge. This latest phase of work demonstrated that the wall was built over the lower peat deposit and that the upright stake fence was contemporary with the wall (see Wild, 1998).

PREFREF26979MONUIDMNA121585NameIvy Cottage, StonethwaitePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 326251 513694 **Type** HOUSE

Description

Cottage of c.1890 built on site of dower house attached to Knott's View. The plan form is the same was when first built, except that a wall which divided Room A into coalhouse and scullery. The space built over room A in about 1955, this having been previously

accommodated in a lean to.

ROOFING - Tile ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses, plain eaves and verge, iron guttering.

CHIMNEYS - Roughcast stack rises from NE wall.

WALLING - Slatestone, roughly coursed. Side alternate slabs to quoins. Whitewashed pebble dash over walls.

INTERIOR - Moulded skirting throughout. Modern fireplaces.

(NT VBS Surveyor; 1984)

PREFREF26980MONUIDMNA121586NameRainguage Cottage, SeathwaitePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 323562 512195 **Type** HOUSE

## Description

DEVELOPMENT - The building probably dates front the early nineteenth century. Its plan today i.e. four rooms downstairs including a pantry and kitchen and four upstairs being very much the same as it was originally. The main recent alteration being the demolition of the partition between the corridor into which the front door opens and the sitting/ dining room and the alteration of the position of the doorway into the sitting room.

GARAGE - This building is not contemporary with the building of Rainguage Cottage. Until recently it comprised two rooms. One of which was used for gutting sheep. The previous use of the other room (which until recently did not intercommunicate with the other room) is not known. It should now function as the garage but is too narrow for that purpose!

Slate roof with sandstone ridge stones; double pitch gable roof; two chimney stacks, one at either end of building (within gable) both with angled slate tops; eaves project c.10cm; plain verge projects 4 cm; ridge height 7.3m; eaves height 4.6m; Walls stone (roughly coursed); quoins side vertical slabs; iron guttering and downpipes painted grey projecting through stones in S gable ends. ROOF - Modern King post roof with trenched purlins

GARAGE OUTSHOT - Comprising two rooms garage/ stone (formerly gutting shed). Double pitch gable roof, of slate with sandstone ridge and iron guttering painted grey. Side alternate vertical quoining in blocks. (NT VBS Surveyor; 1984)

PREFREF26981MONUIDMNA121587NameNook Cottage, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325679 514785 **Type** HOUSE

## **Description**

Site NTSMR 2698: Mid nineteenth century cottage built onto south gable end of Nook Farm, with nineteenth century wash house / store extension (25815) to south and twentieth century bathroom extension. ROOFING - Sandstone ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses; plain close verge, slatestone slabs placed on verge at gable ends. eaves project c. 10 cm. Iron guttering. Lean- to at west - Felt roofing.

CHIMNEYS - Rise from ridge at gable ends: rectangular in plan, 3 ceramic Victorian pots to each stack.

WALLING - All rendered, except sections of original west wall.

INTERIOR

SKIRTING - All plain cut.

STAIRS - Dogleg; open string; straight cut balusters, cambered banisters, chamfered newel post.

FIREPLACES - Early nineteenth century fireplace 1st floor east room. Lugged and moulded architraves with head and reel motifs. Under mantle garlanded with palmettos.

Stud partition rises from cellar to just over treads of stairs rising from landing to 1st floor.

ATTIC and CELLAR - Whitewashed walls, except south wall of attic (NT, VBS, 01/05/1983)

PREFREF26982MONUIDMNA119424NameBarn & stable in Longthwaite, Yew Tree Farm, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325528 514364 Type COW HOUSE, BARN

## Description

NTSMR 26982 Originally used as a stable and barn this building is presently uses as a hay barn and shippon. The random walling and thick slates to the east side of suggest a late seventeenth/early eighteenth century date for this building.

A BARN and STABLE - Late seventeenth to nineteenth century

ROOFING - Sandstone v- shaped ridge, slate coursing of diminishing width eastern half of room is of thicker seventeenth century slates. Plain eaves project c 40 cm to east elevation; rafters exposed at eaves to west. Roof rebuilt in mid late nineteenth century ROOF CONSTRUCION - Mid late nineteenth century; simple tie beam truss with 3 sewn purlins and 1 pine log purloin.

WALLING - Random rubble, random slate levelling; stones laid dry. Projecting plinth. Near side alternate blocks and flat laid slates to quoins of south gable. Some through stones at eaves height to south gable, and also double layer projecting drip course.

WINDOWS - Slatestone lintel and sill; late seventeenth century 3 light wood mullioned casement.

INTERIOR - Stable - whitewashed walls, cobbled floors. Flat laid joists (3 x5") over chamfered bridging joist. Stall - vertical planking with chamfered "dado" and top rail. Heel post carried to bridging joist. Raking manger rack accessible to hay loft. Hay/Fodder store - cobbled floor

LEAN TO BUILDINGS ADJOINING WEST ELEVATION OF THE STABLE AND BARN

ROOFING - Roofed at some time as attached Farmhouse and all belonging to the stable and barn excluding older and thicker slates to east. Eaves project 10cm. Checked projections to entry for double door.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - Lean to type

WALLLING - Slatestone piers carry wallplate

WINDOWS - Slatestone lintel and sill to partly blocked opening to store on south.

INTERIOR - Cobbled floor also carried out into yard. Whitewashed interior to right hand outshut (NT, VBS, 01/10/1983).

PREFREF26983MONUIDMNA121590NameShippen & barn, Longthwaite, Yew Tree Farm, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325538 514360 Type COW HOUSE, BARN

Description

NTSMR 26983: Shippen and Barn

Recently reroofed. Sandstone ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses, plain projecting (c 10cm) eaves, plain close (1cm projection) verge, slate hung soffit.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION: 6 bay. Simple tie beam truss, staggered purlins, roof refelted: some purlins are new and some are old and staggered.

WALLING: Slatestone, mortared. Roughly coursed rubble projecting plinth with slates. Edge laid side alternate slabs to quoins. One level of projecting through stones just below eaves height.

WINDOWS: Cast iron circular ventilation hole just below ridge of west gable end. Slate lintels and sills and splayed ventilation slits. INTERIOR: Cobbled floor whitewashed walls: slabs placed on edge where cattle standings meet drains. Slate corstalls are oakframed, with heel post rising from cutout stablestore to bridging beam. Large stablestone flags to threshing floor, cobbled floor to west. Joists on first floor carved on top of slatestone partition wall.

**OUTSHOTS TO NORTH ELEVATION:** 

ROOFING: Slate, roofed at same time as this shippen and barn

ROOF CONSTRUCTION: Lean to type (Original beams)

WALLING: Slates carried from floor to wall plate. Other walled outshut is in walling as the shippen and barn.

WINDOW: To walled outshut. Slate lintel and sill.

DOOR: To walled outshut: 3 further lintels over pegged frame (NT, VBS, 01/10/1983).

PREFREF26984MONUIDMNA121591NameShippen, Longthwaite, Yew Tree Farm, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodModern

**NGR** 325517 514383 **Type** COW HOUSE

Description

NTSMR 26984: Shippen

ROOFING: Corrugated asbestos.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION -3 bay; carried over partition walls.

WALLING: Rendered breeze blocks.

DOORS: Modern plank and battened stable type doors.

concrete floor (NT, VBS, 01/10/1983).

PREFREF26985MONUIDMNA121592NameShippen, Longthwaite, Yew Tree Farm, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodModern

**NGR** 325539 514384 **Type** COW HOUSE

Description

NTSMR 26985

ROOFING: Corrugated iron

ROOF CONSTRUCTION AND WALLING: Steel framed trusses: steel stanchions in concrete. Sash. West and North walls: breeze blocks. Corrugated iron over rendered breeze blocks. East wall: Yorkshire boarding, over rendered breeze blocks (to south) old drystone wall.

DOORS: Iron gates provide access from east (NT, VBS, 01/10/1983).

PREFREF26986MONUIDMNA121594NameHow Cottage, No 1, Rosthwaite, BorrowdalePeriodPost Medieval

NGR 325695 514746 Type TERRACED HOUSE

Description

Site 26986: Gable roof with sandstone ridge and slates diminishing in size towards ridge: gable chimney stack at either end with terracotta pots; evidence of through stones in gable end: 2 slab slate roof over front porch. Ceramic chimney pot on gable end chimney over gutters and downpipes, quoining, horizontal slabs at corners and around windows which have slate levels and sills. 1937 kitchen/bathroom extension at back; small garden, surrounded by flags, immediately outside front door; larger garden on opposite side of road.

SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPMENT - This cottage is probably late eighteenth / early nineteenth century in date and previously stood by itself (as suggested by the slightly different alignment of the two cottages and by the fact the wall to the right of the entrance to the wash-house rises to the ridge). In its original form it must have comprised two rooms downstairs, one being the kitchen and two upstairs with an earth closet outside.

The next door cottage (ntsmr 25805) and wash-house were probably added soon after No.1 was built. At this time an extra bedroom was added to No. 1 over the was house, access to this room being via a corridor made along one side of another room. The two buildings presumably belonging to the same landlord. A kitchen / bathroom extension was added in 1937 (NT, VBS, 1984).

PREFREF26987MONUIDMNA121595NameOak CottagePeriodPost Medieval

**NGR** 325732 514771 **Type** HOUSE

Description

Oak Cottage, Rosthwaite, Borrowdale

Farmhouse of c. 1700 with barn attached (probably one build). The original plan comprised a fire house, entered via a 'mell' passage to the south of a the fireplace; the firehouse was separated from a dairy and bed chamber by means of a plank and stud parting, with built-in, un-dated press cupboard.

In the early to mid eighteenth century a central doorway was made in the north facing elevation and the firehouse partitioned off to create a 'cross passage', the dog leg stairs at the end of this passage possibly also dates from this period as does the kitchen extension, which had access to sleeping accommodation above via its own spiral stair.

PHASES OF DEVELOPMENT

1) Late seventeenth century - The house was built attached to ntsmr 25760 of Nook Farm. A cross passage ran across the east end of ntsmr 25760; a door from this passage led via the 'mell' into the 'housepart' facing the hearth was a covered press built into the partition separating the bed-chambers. Some plank and stud partitions with moulded studs survive at first floor level. Both the main body of the house and the back kitchen are walled in what appears to be a quite early method of dry walling. The larger slatestone blocks are placed in random fashion and between them run layers of slate levelling, not coursed as in later walls (e.g. Yew Tree Farm,

Rosthwaite Building 2, (ntsmr 25797).

2) Early / Mid eighteenth century - Front door inserted in the middle of the north elevation. Another partition resulted in a passage leading to newel stairs opposite. Also built at this time was the back kitchen extension which also had their own spiral stairs in the south-west corner (now blocked in).

3) Later improvements to the structure included the late nineteenth century west chimney stack and nineteenth century windows. ROOFING - Sandstone v-shaped ridge, slate roofing of diminishing courses; plain projecting eaves (c 30cm) and verge (c 10cm). Iron guttering.

CHIMNEYSTACKS - West - Late nineteenth century square pebble-dashed stack rises from gable wall offside centre. East - Large original stack rises from ridge of gable wall. Late nineteenth century pebble- dashed narrow stack with ceramic pot built on top. Back Kitchen - Large original stack rises from ridge of gable wall. Late nineteenth century pebble-dashed stack with ceramic pot built on top.

ROOF CONSTRUCTION - Main part of house: 3 bay, simple tie beam truss with trenched and staggered purlins; halved and notched apex. Recently replaced rafters and purlins to East bay, also recently felted and battened. South Wing: 2 bay simple tie beam truss. WALLING - Slatestone rubble, very random, with random slate levelling, projecting (c. 5cm) plinth.

FIREPLACES - Early mid twentieth century. East stack projects inwards (as far as line of firebeam on ground floor) on first floor. The areas to either side of the stack on the first floor have been filled in , thus presenting what appears to be a continuous wall face. STAIRS - Dog leg with winders; slate steps. When layers of wallpaper were recently removed from the walls of the staircase the earliest form of decoration was found to be a layer of pink limewash.

FIRST FLOOR - Mid/late nineteenth century skirting and picture rail. Late seventeenth century plank and stud partitions; all sawn oak; outer edge of each plank scribed.

PREFREF 27165 MONUID MNA121783

Name Ruined hut on Seatoller Fell, Seatoller Farm, Borrowdale Period Post Medieval

**NGR** 322997 512792 **Type** HUT

**Description** 

Small hut located at the base of a small rocky crag. The walls of the rectangular structure are well preserved and stand up to a height of 1.3m, although no sign of the roof remains. The structure is roughly 1.5m by 1.5m in size and in open to overlook the fell.

PREFREF 27578 MONUID MNA122167

Name Charcoal burning platform near The Bield, Grange Period Medieval

NGR 325086 517929 Type CHARCOAL BURNING PLATFORM

Description

Charcoal burning platform roughly 6m in diameter. Some water damage.

PREFREF 28782 MONUID MNA123239

Name Ring cairn above Hind Crag, Seathwaite, Borrowdale Period Neolithic

**NGR** 324260 510919 **Type** RING CAIRN

Description

The features is located above Hind Crag with fantastic views of the upper part of the Seathwaite valley. It is situated at NY24261092 at is positioned on the 590m contour.

The structure measures some 5.5m in diameter and has the typical skirt of large angular boulders covered over with a low bank of smaller rounded stones. The bank was probably piled up to a height of 0.25m and was around 0.5m wide. The centre of the circle was slightly mounded up.

 PREFREF
 28803
 MONUID
 MNA123284

 Name
 Iron Working Site ( Bloomery ) Smithymire Island, Borrowdale
 Period
 Medieval

**NGR** 327310 513068 **Type** BLOOMERY

Description

The site of a second bloomery or hearth on Smithymire Island was discovered during a monitoring visit to site 20114 in July 2005. The site came alight as a result of erosion along a section of footpath that revealed a spread of charcoal, tag slag and reddish fire cracked stones. A think lens of charcoal was also visible in the section of the footpath. It is not clear how extensive the remains are that are associated with this site as the surrounding area was think with bracken at the time of the visits and needs to be re-examined in spring. Given the ongoing erosion of this site a decision as made to introduce a later of crushed stone onto the site in order to relieve the visitor pressure that was affecting the site. This work was undertake in early August.

It is possible that this site might be a bloomery and the second one to be discovered on Smithymire Island. However it is just as likely that this hearth is part of the complex recorded as NTSMR 20114 and was either a roasting hearth or dump for the iron slag and other material from the main working site.

## LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figures 20-31: Location maps of NTSMR sites Figure 32: Location of NTSMR site maplets

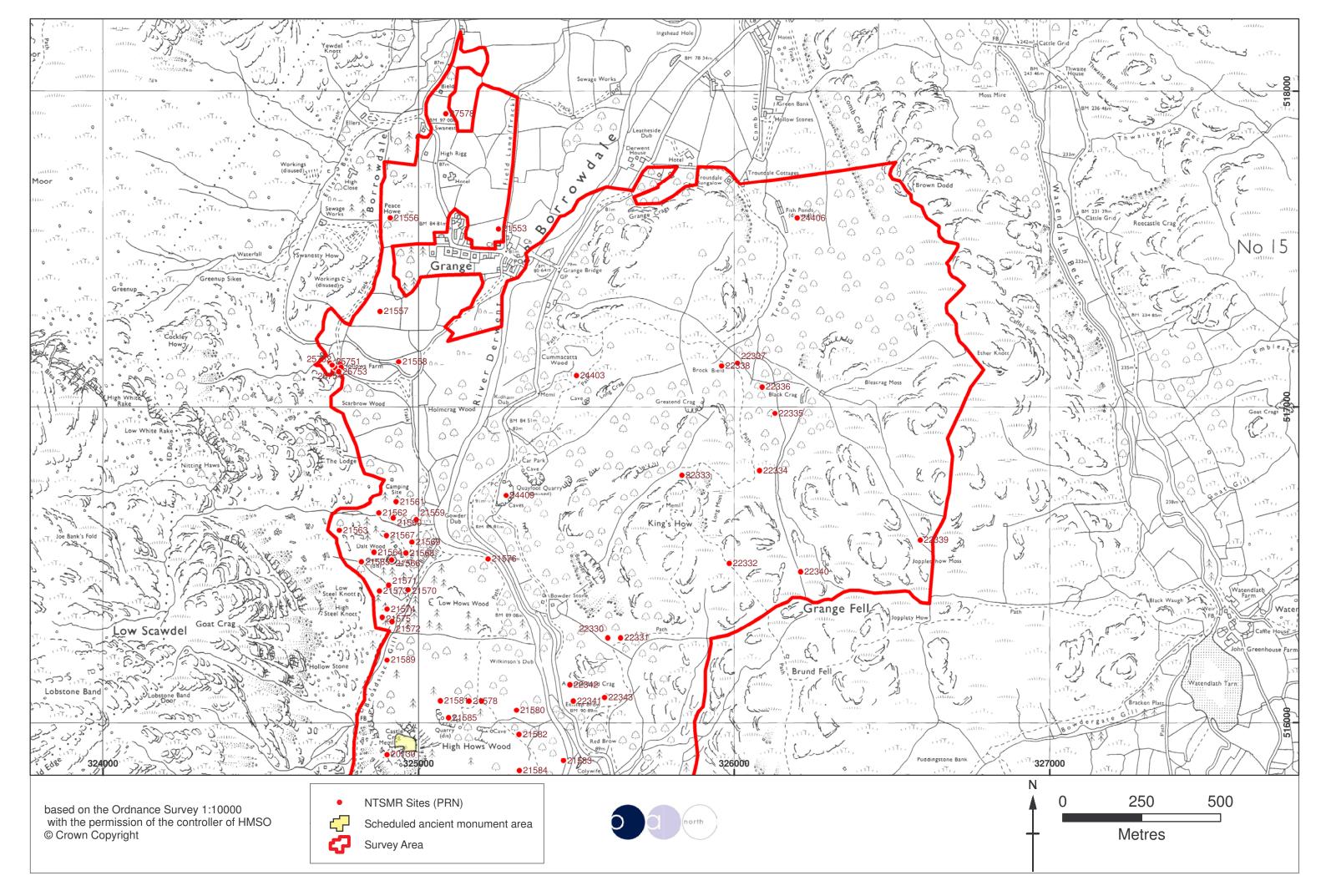


Figure 20: Location map of NTSMR sites

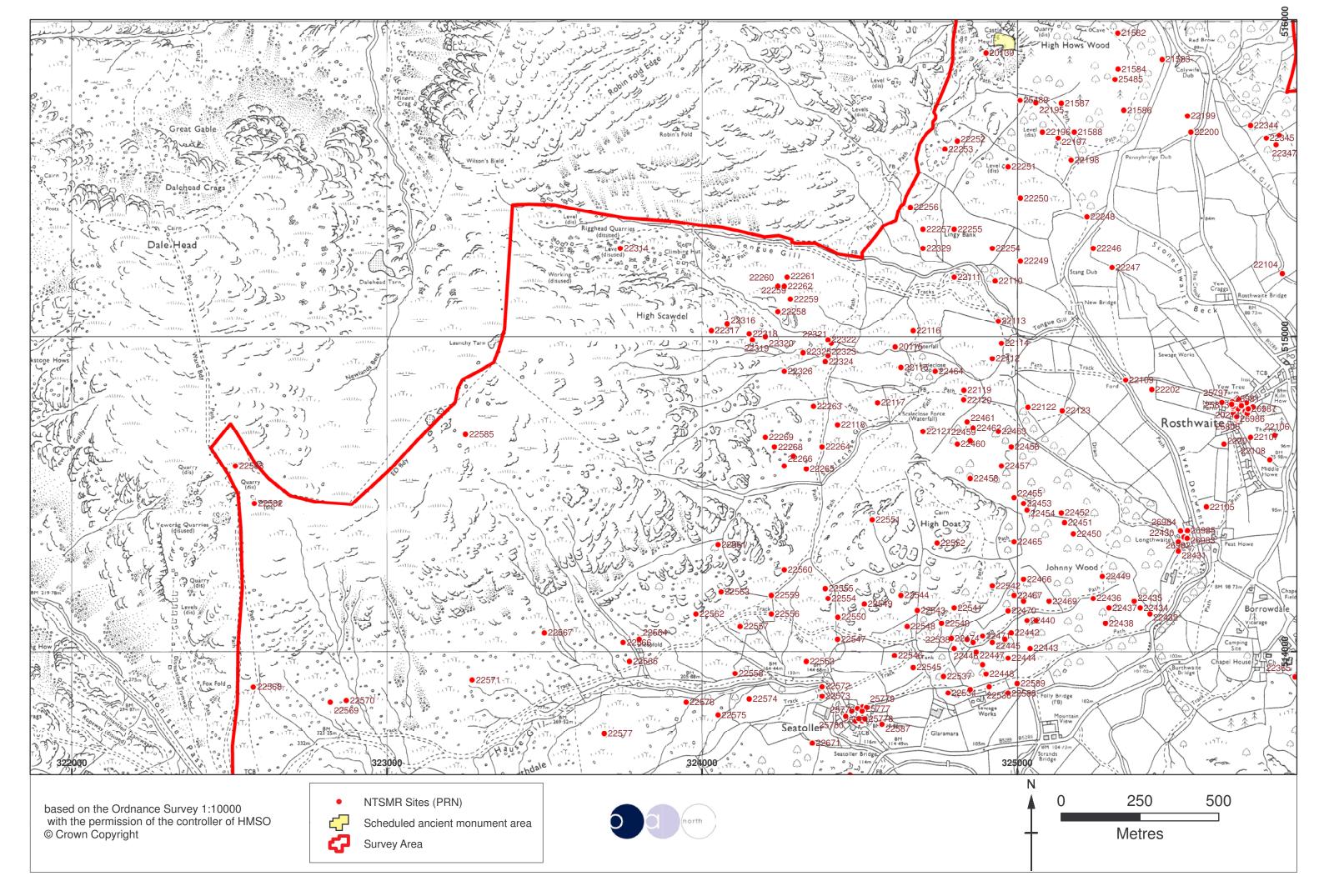


Figure 21: Location map of NTSMR sites

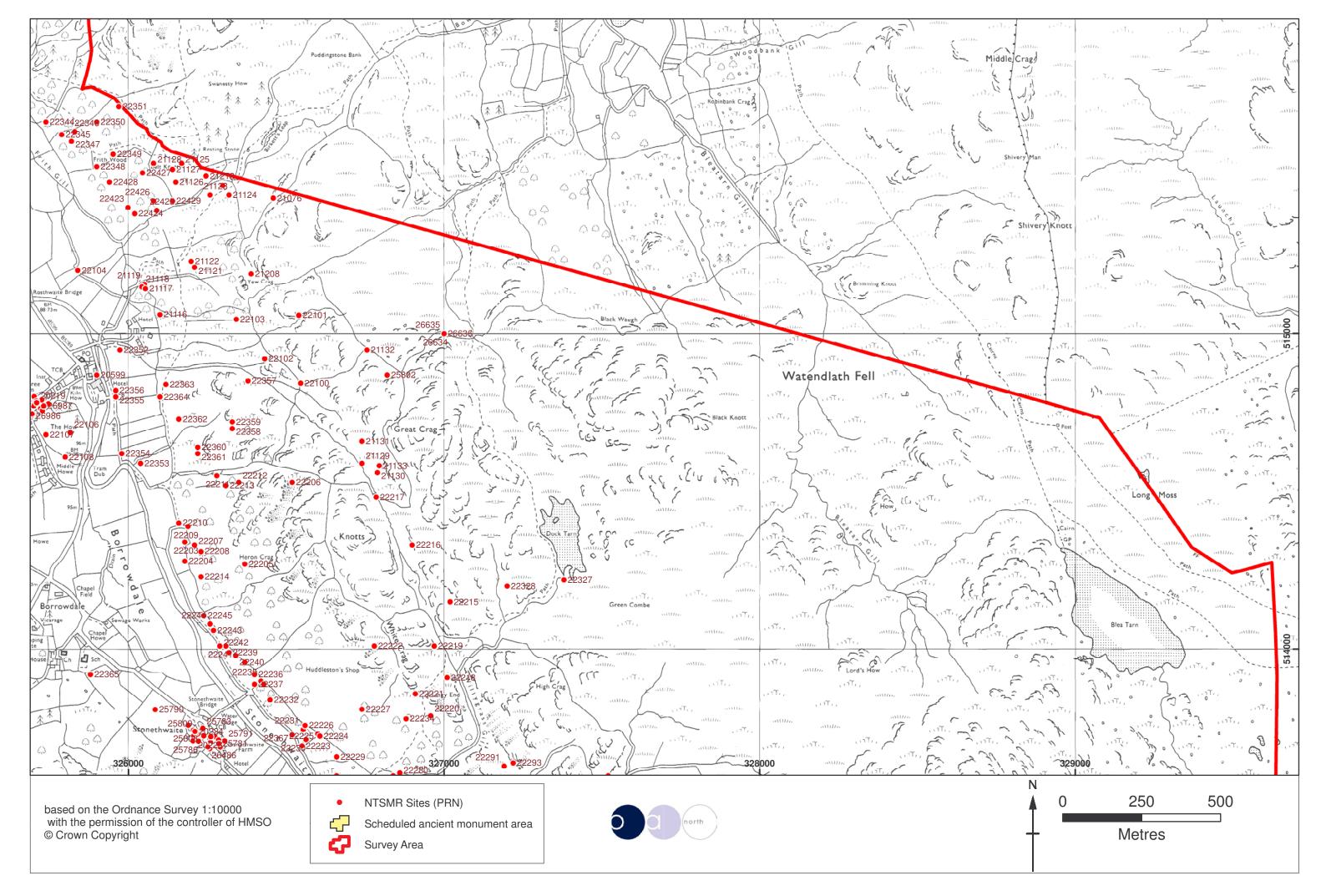


Figure 22: Location map of NTSMR sites

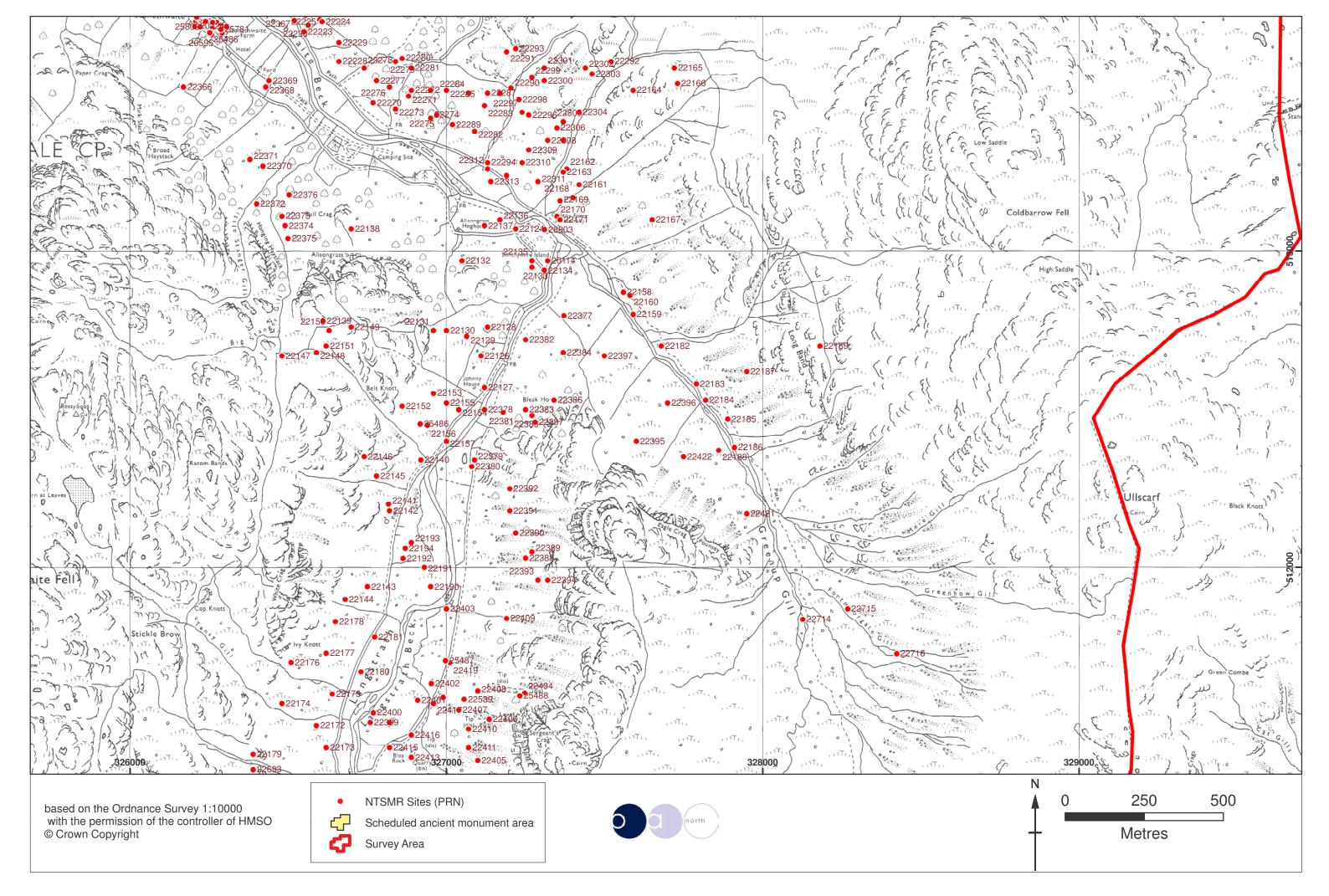


Figure 23: Location map of NTSMR sites

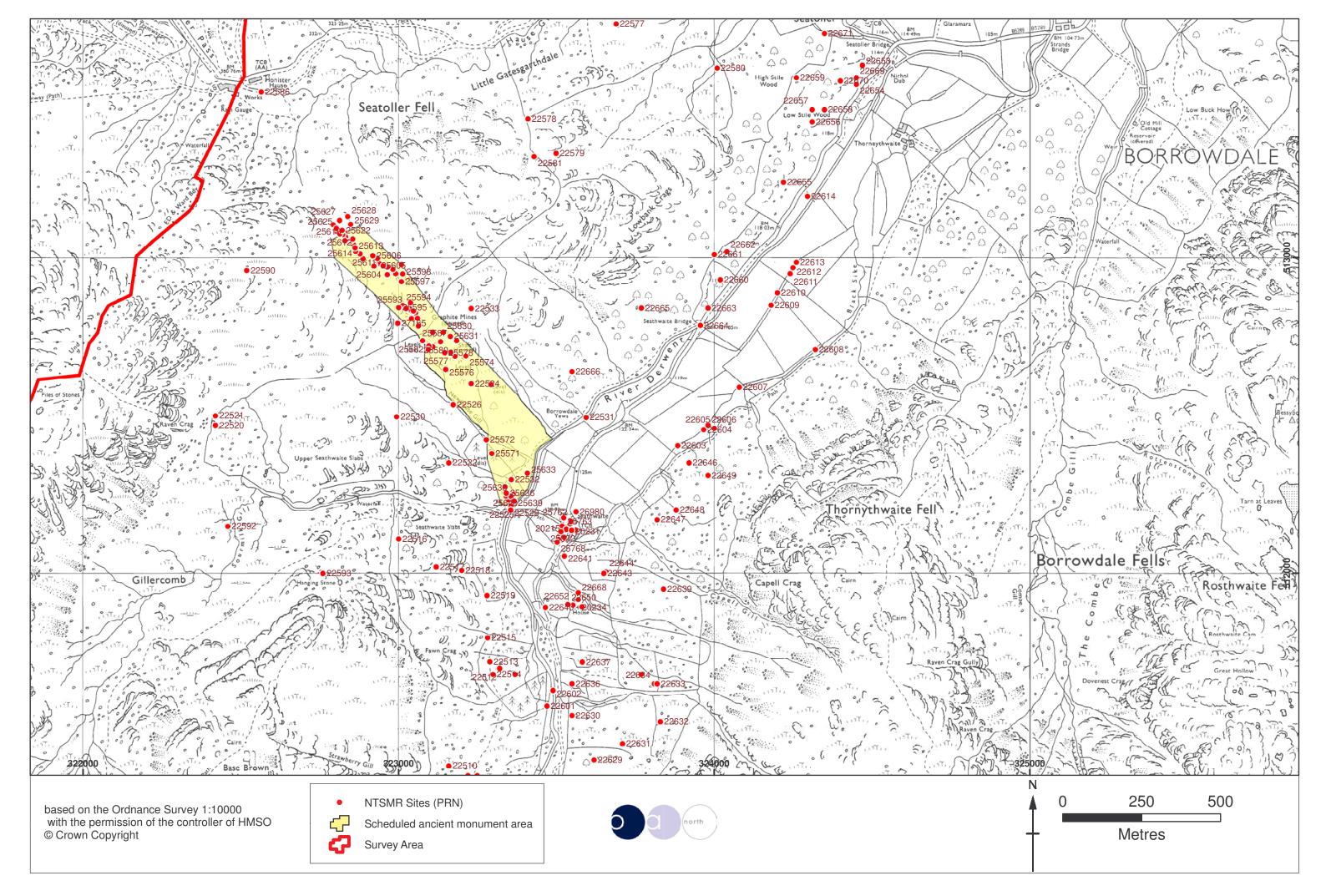


Figure 24: Location map of NTSMR sites

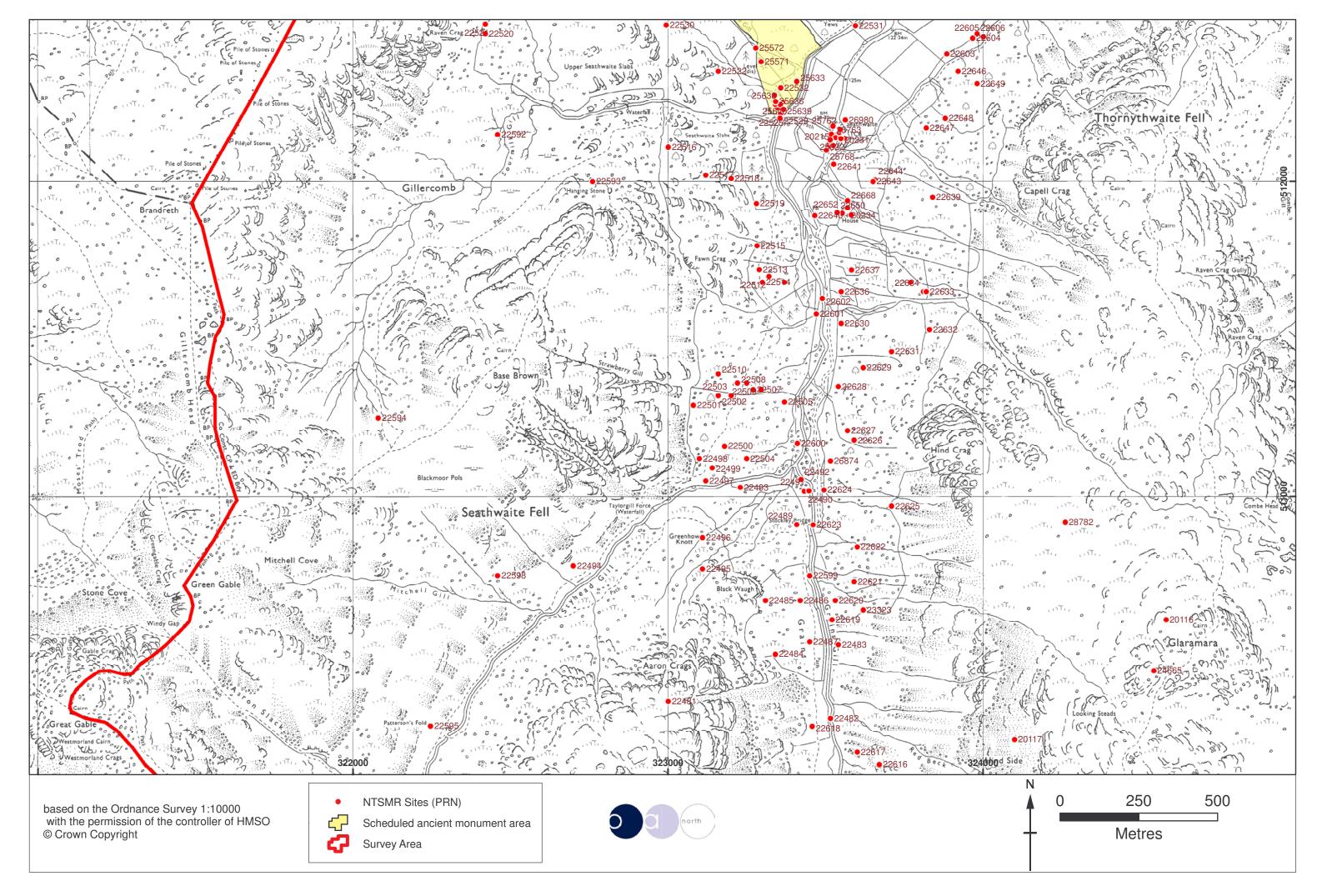


Figure 25: Location map of NTSMR sites

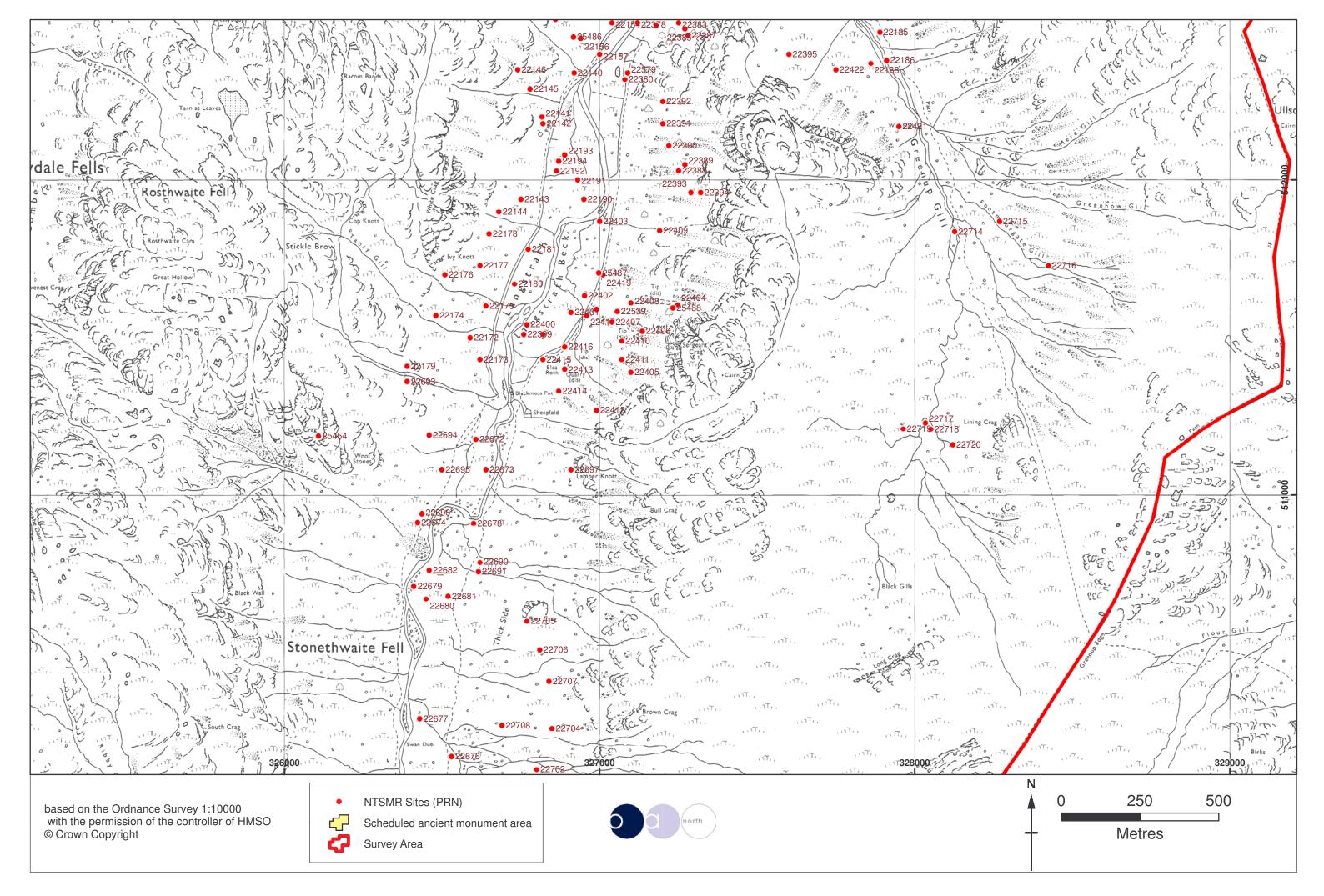


Figure 26: Location map of NTSMR sites

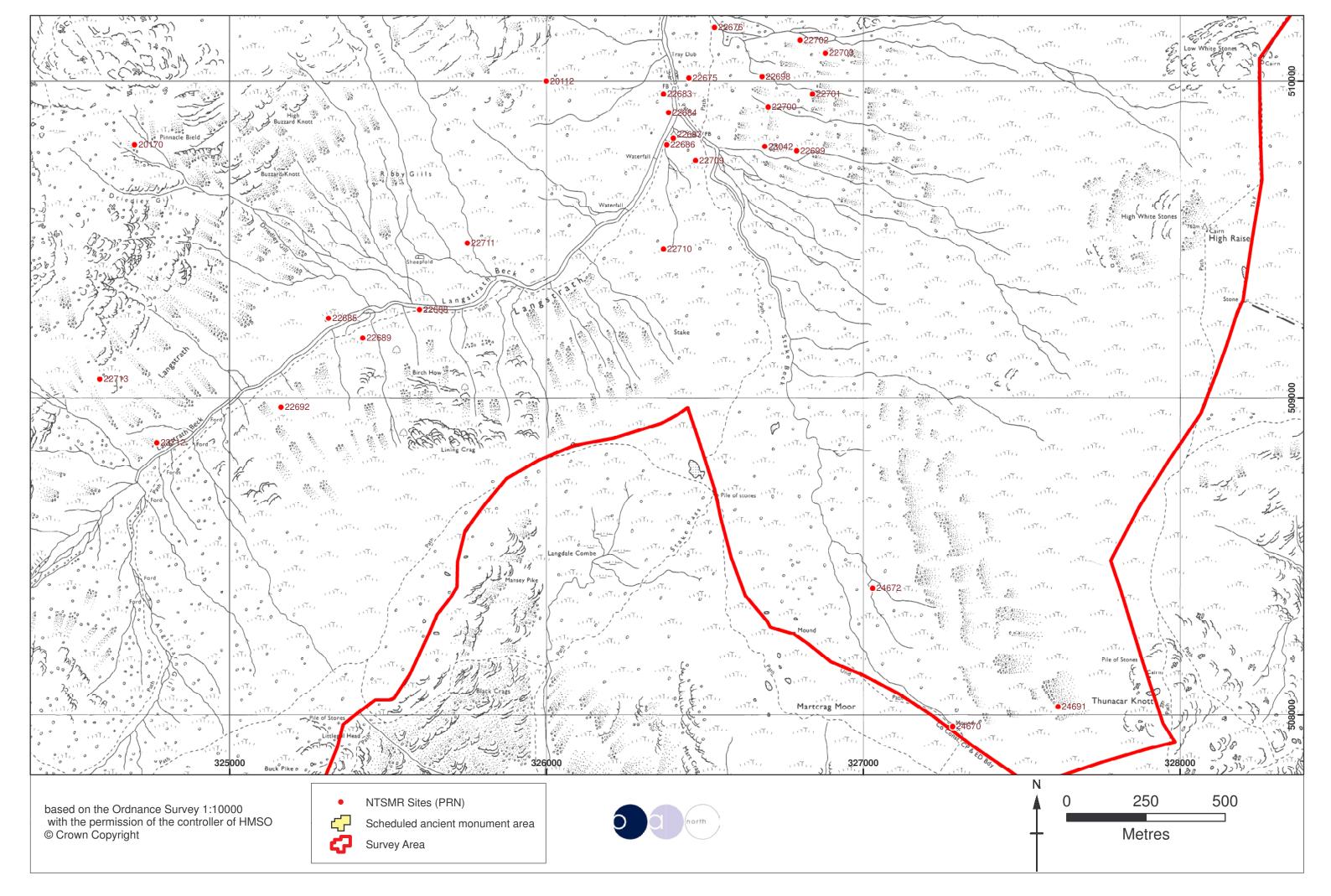


Figure 27: Location map of NTSMR sites

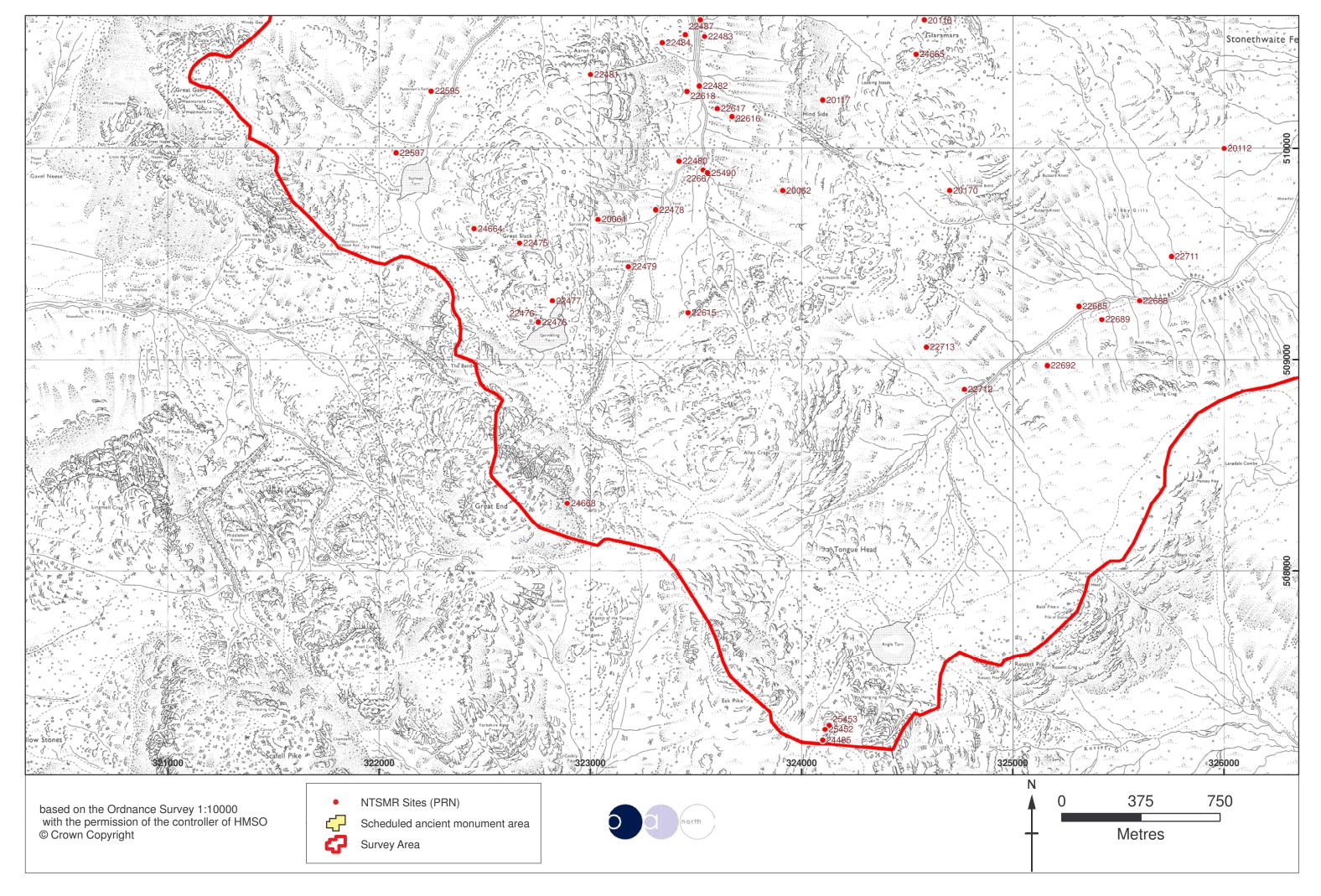


Figure 28: Location map of NTSMR sites

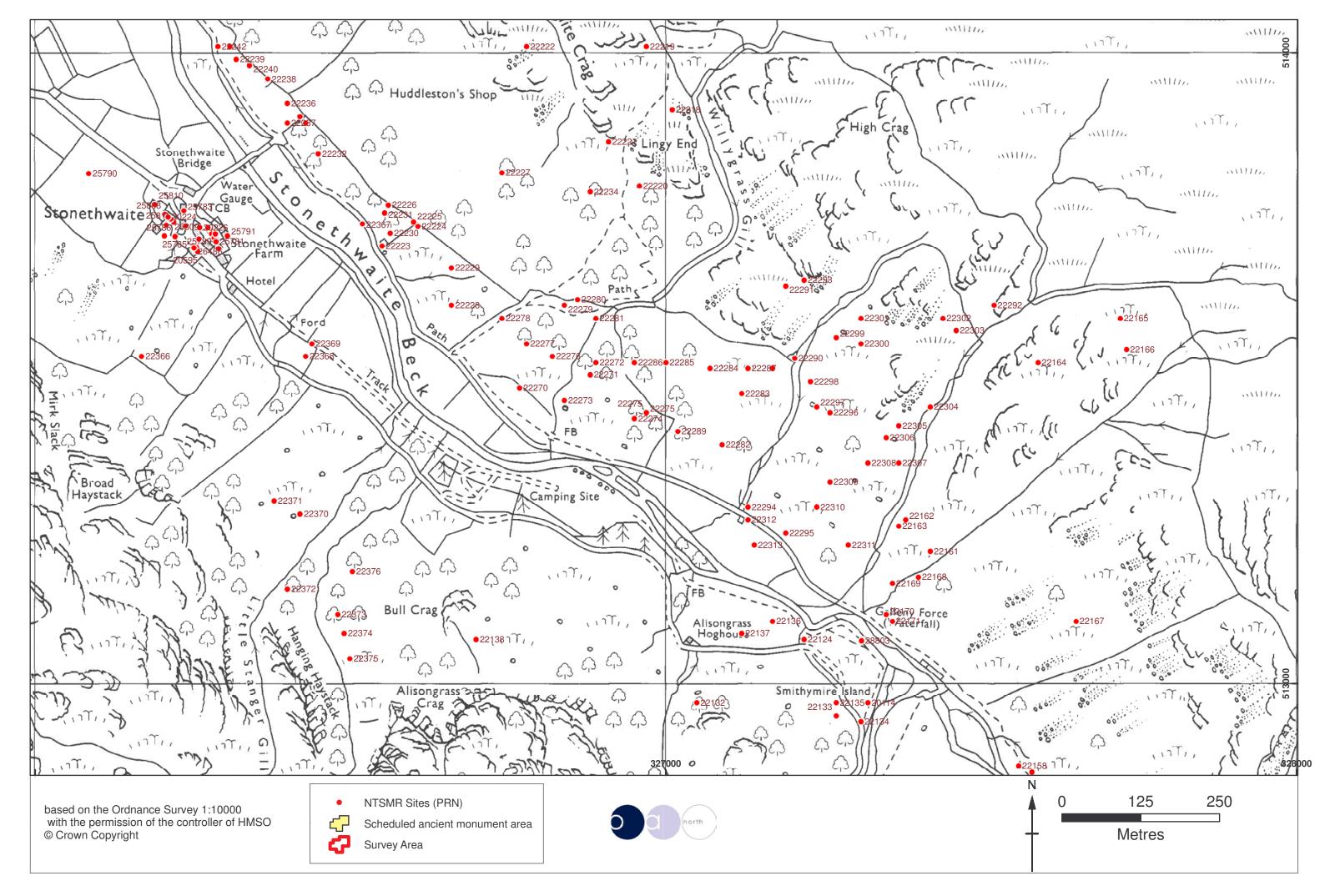


Figure 29: Location map of NTSMR sites

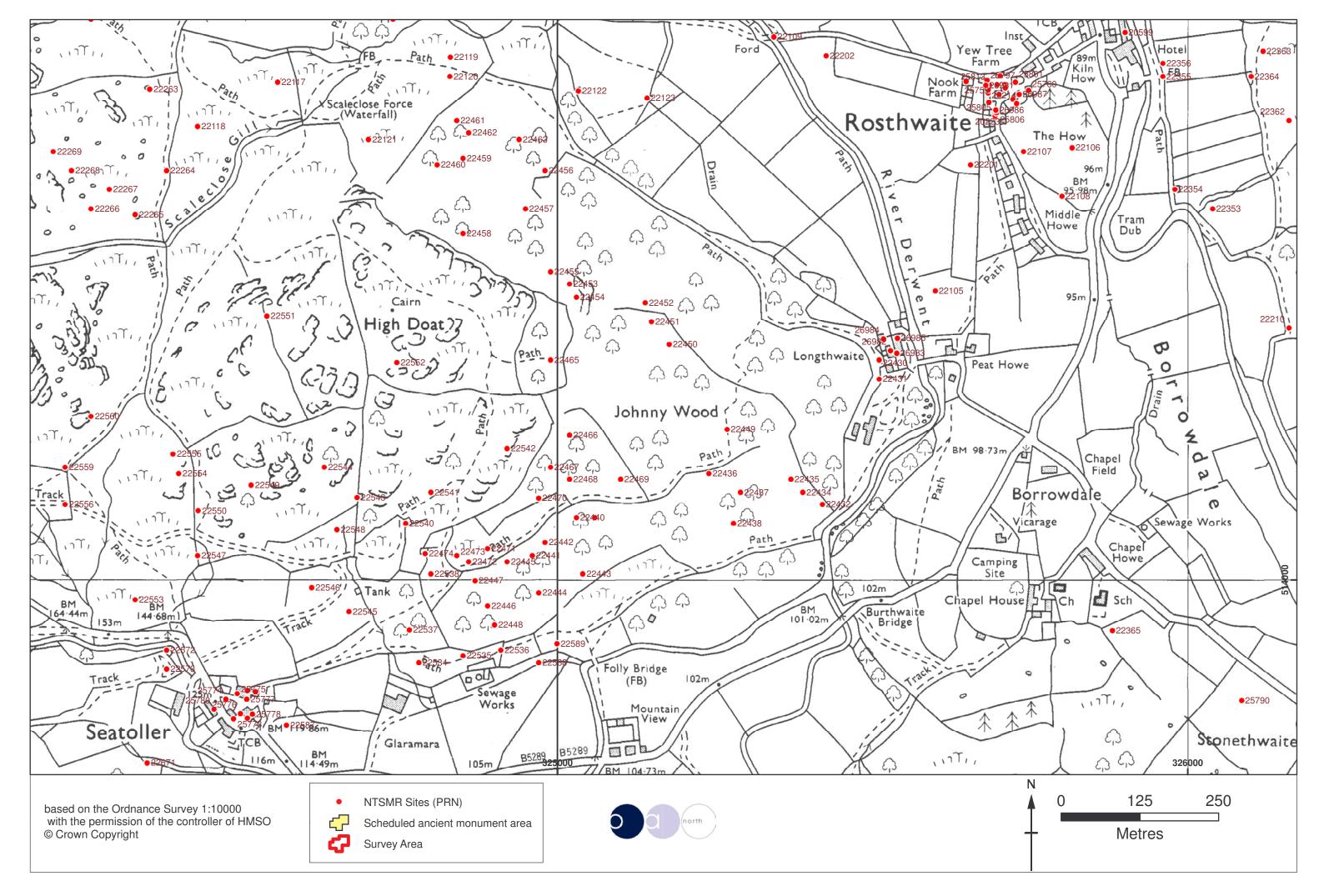


Figure 30: Location map of NTSMR sites

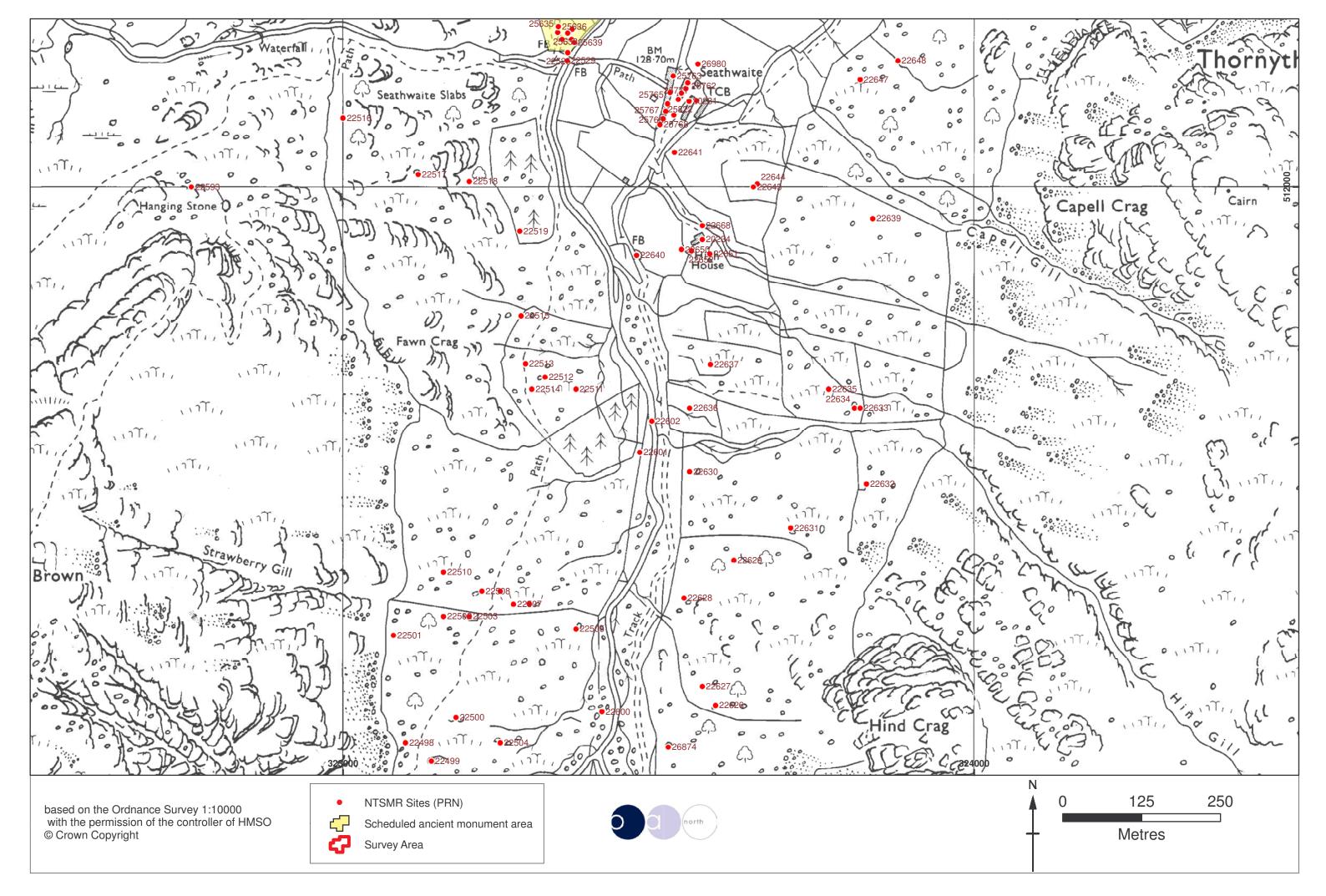


Figure 31: Location map of NTSMR sites

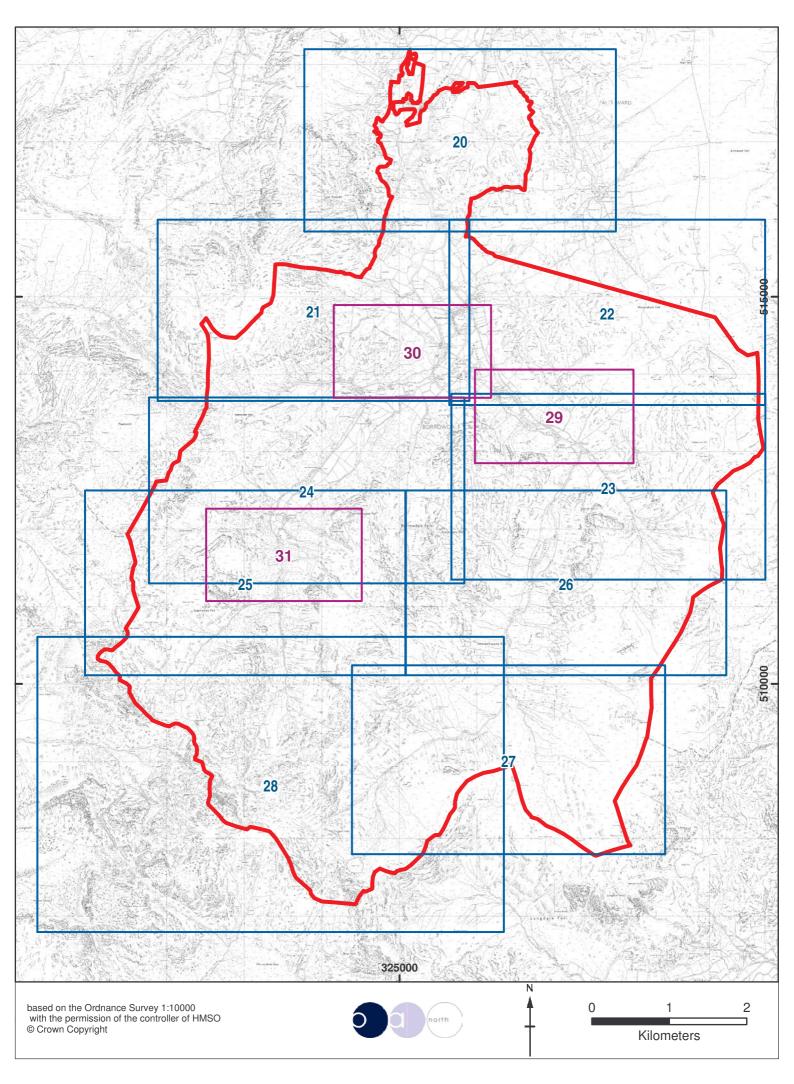


Figure 32: Location of NTSMR site maplets