

Thames Farm, Reading Road, Shiplake, Oxfordshire

Archaeological Evaluation Report

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Summary

Oxford Archaeology was commissioned by RPS Heritage to evaluate a site at Thames Farm, Reading Road, Shiplake, Oxfordshire, as part of a new housing development. The evaluation consisted of 42 trenches, representing a 4% sample of the development area. The evaluation revealed no archaeological remains and therefore the site is considered to have low potential.



Acknowledgements

Oxford Archaeology would like to thank Matthew Smith, RPS Heritage, for commissioning this project on behalf of Wimpey Homes. Thanks are also extended to Richard Oram, who monitored the work on behalf of Oxfordshire County Council.

The project was managed for Oxford Archaeology by Carl Champness. The fieldwork was directed by Jim Mumford, who was supported by Andrew Smith and Rebecca Coombes. Survey and digitizing was carried out by Diana Chard and Benjamin Brown. Thanks are also extended to the teams of OA staff that prepared the archive under the supervision of Nicky Scott.



1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Scope of work

- 1.1.1 Oxford Archaeology (OA) was commissioned by RPS Heritage to undertake a trial trench evaluation at Thames Farm, Reading Road, Shiplake, Oxfordshire. The site is being considered for residential housing as part of the local community housing plan. A programme of 42 trenches were excavated across the site to investigate the archaeological potential.
- 1.1.2 The work was undertaken as a condition of planning permission (planning ref P16/S0970/O (Appeal Decision APP/Q3115/W/16/3161733)). A written scheme of investigation (WSI) was produced by RPS Heritage detailing the Local Authority's requirements for work necessary to inform the planning condition (RPS 2019).
- 1.1.3 All work was undertaken in accordance with the Chartered Institute for Archaeologists' Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Evaluation (2014) and local and national planning policies.

1.2 Location, topography and geology

- 1.2.1 The site is located at Thames Farm, Reading Road, Shiplake, Oxfordshire (grid reference SU 76799 79903; Fig. 1). The site is located on elevated ground above the Thames floodplain, on the second terrace gravels. The land gently descends from west to east, from an elevation of approximately 45-50m above ordnance datum (AOD), towards the floodplain, which is located approximately 300m to the east of the site. The River Thames is located a further 400m beyond that. The land within the site entirely comprises rough pasture (Plate 1).
- 1.2.2 The underlying geology of the area is West Chalk of the Seaford and Newhaven formations. The bedrock is overlain by superficial gravel deposits of the Taplow formation (British Geological Survey Online, Geology of Britain Viewer, 2016).

1.3 Archaeological and historical background

- 1.3.1 The site has previously been the subject of a desk-based assessment (EDP 2012). This concluded that documentary sources and map regression evidence from the 18th century onwards show that the proposed development site had been agricultural land from the medieval period up to the present day.
- 1.3.2 A significant quantity of flint artefacts has been recorded in the vicinity of the site, with two find spots of Palaeolithic hand axes in the immediate vicinity, reflecting its riverine edge environment. One was found *c* 450m to the south of the site in 1977 and a total of 49 hand axes were found during quarrying at Shiplake House Farm in the early 20th century. Sixteen unretouched flint flakes were found in 1963 on the edge of the quarry. Stray redeposited finds similar to the former are a possibility within the area of the site, but *in-situ* surface finds are not likely within the later Taplow gravels on which the site stands. No finds of Mesolithic date have been recovered from the site or the area around it, although the Thames floodplain would have been a favourable location for activity during this period.



- 1.3.3 Neolithic activity is evidenced by occasional find spots of flint artefacts from the wider area. There is potential for isolated finds of this type within the site relating to the expansion of Neolithic settlement from the Thames onto the higher ground.
- 1.3.4 No Bronze Age activity has been recorded in the wider area, but agricultural activity increased in the Thames Valley during the middle to late Bronze Age with extensive field systems appearing along the Upper Thames gravel terraces. Two undated enclosures identified 1km to the south-east of the site may date from this period.
- 1.3.5 Middle Iron Age activity is recorded 400m to the north-east of the site, where a palaeochannel and a cluster of pits provided evidence of flax retting. A late Iron Age gold hoard of 17 coins (dated to c 55 BC) was found by metal detectorists c 1km to the north-west of the site, though this is considered an isolated find and not related to nearby activity. Two possible cremation burials and refuse pits containing burnt flint, charcoal and prehistoric pottery were found during work on a water pipeline to the south-west of the site and these may suggest that there was associated settlement activity somewhere in the vicinity.
- 1.3.6 A Roman villa was excavated during the 1950 at the Henley golf course, Harpsden, to the north-west of the site. The villa contained a separate bath house and house complex. A second potential Roman building complex/villa and large potential Iron Age enclosure have also recently been identified at Highwood, 1km to the west of the site (SOAG pers. comm.). The two sites form part of a wider landscape of late Roman villa estates within the area.
- 1.3.7 A possible Anglo-Saxon cemetery is recorded approximately 400m to the south-east of the site where two *c* 6th century pots were interpreted as cremation urns, highlighting the possibility of settlement of this date in the vicinity. A late Saxon or Viking spearhead was found in the Thames and may relate to features of Anglo-Saxon date excavated close to the River Loddon.
- 1.3.8 There is no evidence for medieval activity within the site or immediately surrounding area and there is no evidence of ridge and furrow within the site, suggesting that the site was under pastoral management throughout this and much of the post-medieval period.
- 1.3.9 In the post-medieval period the site appears to have been under mixed agricultural management and the two 18th-century barns to the north-east of the site, part of a rectangular arrangement of agricultural buildings, suggest and affluent farmstead in this period. Quarries and a lime kiln *c* 400m to the east of the site were probably worked from Bolney Court.
- 1.3.10 More recently the site formed part of a commercial garden centre.

1.4 Archaeological potential

1.4.1 Although there have been no archaeological remains recovered from the site to date and little from the immediately surrounding area, the site is located in a topographic position that represents a likely location for occupation activity in the period from the prehistoric to Anglo-Saxon periods, although this may have been tempered by the unfavourable soils for agriculture.



2 AIMS AND METHODOLOGY

2.1 Aims

- 2.1.1 The evaluation aims and objectives were as follows:
 - i. To assess the impact of previous land use on the site;
 - ii. To inform a strategy to avoid or mitigate impacts of any proposed development on surviving archaeological remains;
 - iii. To disseminate the results through the production of a site archive for deposition with an appropriate museum and to provide information for accession to the Oxfordshire HER.
 - iv. To determine the location, extent, date, character, condition, significance and quality of any archaeological remains within the development;
 - v. To assess vulnerability/sensitivity of any exposed remains;
 - vi. To determine the potential of the site to provide palaeoenvironmental and/or economic evidence;
 - vii. To provide sufficient information on the archaeological potential of the site to enable the archaeological implications of any proposed developments to be assessed.
- 2.1.2 The programme of archaeological investigation was conducted within the general research parameters and objectives defined by the Solent-Thames Research Framework for the Historic Environment Resource Assessments and Research Agendas (Hey and Hind 2014).

2.2 Methodology

- 2.2.1 A programme of 42 30m by 2m trenches, representing a 4% sample of the development area, were laid out as shown in Figure 2 using a GPS. The trenches were excavated using a 13 tonne mechanical excavator fitted with a toothless bucket, under the direct supervision of an archaeologist. Spoil was stored adjacent to but at a safe distance from the trench edges.
- 2.2.2 Machining was undertaken in spits down to the top of the undisturbed natural geology or the first archaeological horizon depending on which was encountered first. Once archaeological deposits were exposed, further excavation proceeded by hand and the appropriate use of a machine.
- 2.2.3 The exposed surface was sufficiently cleaned to establish the presence/absence of archaeological remains. A sample of each feature or deposit type was excavated and recorded. Excavation was sufficient to resolve the principle aims of the evaluation.
- 2.2.4 The trench positions were slightly adjusted from the WSI locations, in order to avoid the water main running across the site. Trench 2 could not be laid out due to a fenced off area along the eastern side of the site, and Trenches 3 and 5 were shortened due to this fencing. All potential features within the trenches were investigated and the trenches were then archaeologically recorded. Once discussed with and signed off by the County Archaeologist, the trenches were then backfilled.



3 RESULTS

3.1 Introduction and presentation of results

3.1.1 The results of the evaluation are presented below, and include a stratigraphic description of the trenches. The full details of all trenches with dimensions and depths of all deposits can be found in Appendix A.

3.2 General soils and ground conditions

- 3.2.1 The soil sequence in the trenches was fairly uniform. The natural geology of silty gravel with patches of silty clay and chalk was overlain by a reddish brown silty sand subsoil, which in turn was overlain by ploughsoil.
- 3.2.2 Ground conditions throughout the evaluation were generally good, and the site remained dry throughout. Archaeological features, where present, were easy to identify against the underlying natural geology.

3.3 General distribution of deposits (Plates 2-6)

3.3.1 All the trenches were similar with a 0.25–0.40m thick layer of dark brown silty sand topsoil overlying a 0.08–0.18m thick layer of dark reddish brown silty clay subsoil. This overlay the natural of flinty gravel with patches of silty clay and chalk. No archaeological features were observed in any of the trenches, though in Trench 15 two natural root holes were investigated and in Trenches 11 and 22 a number of modern features relating to the garden centre were also investigated and recorded.

3.4 Finds and environmental summaries

3.4.1 No finds were recovered and no features suitable for environmental sampling were identified during the evaluation.



4 DISCUSSION

4.1 Evaluation objectives and results

4.1.1 The fieldwork was undertaken over a period of two weeks in good conditions. The majority of the trenches were dug at their proposed locations within only slight modifications necessary due to services and site fencing. The evaluation was therefore able to achieve good coverage of the proposed development area and the results can be considered to provide a reliable assessment of the archaeological potential of the site.

4.2 Interpretation and conclusion

- 4.2.1 The evaluation revealed no archaeological remains in the area of the development. In all the trenches the topsoil and subsoil were very sterile and no signs of ploughing were recorded. A small number of natural features were investigated as a precaution.
- 4.2.2 The evaluation suggests that the site was mostly open with occasional trees or shrubs present and may have been under pasture since the medieval period. The only signs of activity noted in the trenches were natural or modern features associated with the garden centre previously located at the site. Based on these results the archaeological potential of the site is considered to be low.



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APPENDIX A TRENCH DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTEXT INVENTORY

Trench 1										
General o	descriptio	Orientation	NE-SW							
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30				
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8				
					Avg. depth (m)	0.32				
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date				
No.		(m)	(m)							
100	Layer	-	0.25	Topsoil	-	-				
101	Layer	-	0.07	Subsoil	-	-				
102	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-				

Trench 3										
General o	descriptio	Orientation	NE-SW							
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	18				
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8				
					Avg. depth (m)	0.42				
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date				
No.		(m)	(m)							
300	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-				
301	Layer	-	0.12	Subsoil	-	-				
302	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-				

Trench 5										
General o	descriptio	Orientation	NE-SW							
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	18				
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8				
					Avg. depth (m)	0.50				
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date				
No.		(m)	(m)							
500	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-				
501	Layer	-	0.20	Subsoil	-	-				
502	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-				

Trench 6										
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	SE-NW						
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30				
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8				
					Avg. depth (m)	0.44				
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date				
No.		(m)	(m)							
600	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-				
601	Layer	-	0.14	Subsoil	-	-				
602	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-				



Trench 7										
General o	descriptio	Orientation	NE-SW							
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Cor	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30				
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8				
					Avg. depth (m)	0.46				
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date				
No.		(m)	(m)							
700	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-				
701	Layer	-	0.16	Subsoil	-	-				
702	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-				

Trench 8										
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	SE-NW						
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30				
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8				
					Avg. depth (m)	0.34				
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date				
No.		(m)	(m)							
800	Layer	-	0.26	Topsoil	-	-				
801	Layer	-	0.08	Subsoil	-	-				
802	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-				

Trench 9	Trench 9										
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	NE-SW							
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30					
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8					
					Avg. depth (m)	0.35					
Context	Type	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date					
No.		(m)	(m)								
900	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-					
901	Layer	-	0.05	Subsoil	-	-					
902	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-					

Trench 1	Trench 10										
General o	descriptio	Orientation	NE-SW								
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30					
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8					
					Avg. depth (m)	0.43					
Context	Type	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date					
No.		(m)	(m)								
1000	Layer	-	0.32	Topsoil	-	-					
1001	Layer	-	0.11	Subsoil	-	-					
1002	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-					



Trench 11								
General o	descriptio	n			Orientation	SE-NW		
Trench de	evoid of a	rchaeolo	gy. Cons	ists of thick layer of hardcore	Length (m)	30		
for hards	tand with	disturbe	d soil fro	m construction works relating	Width (m)	1.8		
to the garavel.	ırden cen	Avg. depth (m)	0.48					
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
1100	Layer	-	0.40	Hardcore	-	-		
1101	Layer	-	0.08	Disturbed soil	-	-		
1102	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		

Trench 1	Trench 12								
General o	descriptio	Orientation	NE-SW						
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30			
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8			
					Avg. depth (m)	0.32			
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
1200	Layer	-	0.25	Topsoil	-	-			
1201	Layer	-	0.07	Subsoil	-	-			
1202	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			

Trench 13	Trench 13									
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	SE-NW						
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30				
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8				
					Avg. depth (m)	0.38				
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date				
No.		(m)	(m)							
1300	Layer	-	0.28	Topsoil	-	-				
1301	Layer	-	0.10	Subsoil	-	-				
1302	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-				

Trench 14	Trench 14								
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	NE-SW					
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30			
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8			
					Avg. depth (m)	0.35			
Context	Type	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
1400	Layer	-	0.25	Topsoil	-	-			
1401	Layer	-	0.10	Subsoil	-	-			
1402	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			



Trench 15								
General o	descriptio	Orientation	SE-NW					
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Cor	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30		
overlying	two root	t holes in	the nat	ural geology of silty clay and	Width (m)	1.8		
gravel.					Avg. depth (m)	0.40		
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
1500	Layer	-	0.28	Topsoil	-	-		
1501	Layer	-	0.12	Subsoil	-	-		
1502	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		
1504	Cut	1.10	0.50	Root hole	-	-		
1505	Fill	-	-	Fill of root hole	-	-		

Trench 10	Trench 16								
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	NE-SW					
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	logy. Cor	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30			
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8			
					Avg. depth (m)	0.38			
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
1600	Layer	-	0.26	Topsoil	-	-			
1601	1601 Layer - 0.12 Subsoil					-			
1602	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			

Trench 1	Trench 17								
General o	descriptio	Orientation	SE-NW						
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30			
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8			
					Avg. depth (m)	0.42			
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
1700	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-			
1701	Layer	-	0.12	Subsoil	-	-			
1702	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			

Trench 18	Trench 18								
General o	descriptio	Orientation	NE-SW						
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30			
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8			
					Avg. depth (m)	0.42			
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
1800	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-			
1801	Layer	-	0.12	Subsoil	-	-			
1802	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			



Trench 19								
General o	descriptio	Orientation	SE-NW					
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30		
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8		
					Avg. depth (m)	0.35		
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
1900	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-		
1901	Layer	-	0.05	Subsoil	-	-		
1902	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		

Trench 20	Trench 20									
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	NE-SW						
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30				
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8				
					Avg. depth (m)	0.36				
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date				
No.		(m)	(m)							
2000	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-				
2001	Layer	-	0.06	Subsoil	-	-				
2002	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-				

Trench 2:	Trench 21								
General o	descriptio	n			Orientation	SE-NW			
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30			
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8			
					Avg. depth (m)	0.31			
Context	Type	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
2100	Layer	-	0.27	Topsoil	-	-			
2101	Layer	-	0.04	Subsoil	-	-			
2102	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			

Trench 22								
General o	descriptio	Orientation	N-S					
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	logy. Cor	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30		
overlying	natural g	geology (of silty c	lay and gravel. A number of	Width (m)	1.8		
modern f	eatures fi	rom the g	arden ce	nter were observed in trench	Avg. depth (m)	0.36		
but not re	ecorded.							
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
2200	Layer	-	0.25	Topsoil	-	-		
2201	Layer	-	-	-				
2202	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		



Trench 23								
General o	descriptio	Orientation	SE-NW					
Trench d	evoid of	Length (m)	30					
overlying	natural g	Width (m)	1.8					
		Avg. depth (m)	0.38					
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
2300	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-		
2301	Layer	-	0.08	Subsoil	-	-		
2302	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		

Trench 24									
General o	descriptio	Orientation	NE-SW						
Trench d	evoid of	Length (m)	30						
overlying	natural g	Width (m)	1.8						
		Avg. depth (m)	0.40						
Context	Type	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
2400	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-			
2401	Layer	-	0.10	Subsoil	-	-			
2402	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			

Trench 25								
General o	descriptio	Orientation	SE-NW					
Trench d	levoid of	Length (m)	30					
overlying	natural g	Width (m)	1.8					
					Avg. depth (m)	0.44		
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
2500	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-		
2501	Layer	-	0.14	Subsoil	-	-		
2502	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		

Trench 26									
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	NE-SW					
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	Length (m)	30					
overlying	natural g	eology of	Width (m)	1.8					
			Avg. depth (m)	0.38					
Context	Type	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
2600	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-			
2601	Layer	-	0.18	Subsoil	-	-			
2602	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			



Trench 27								
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	SE-NW				
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	Length (m)	30				
overlying	natural g	eology of	Width (m)	1.8				
					Avg. depth (m)	0.40		
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
2700	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-		
2701	Layer	-	0.10	Subsoil	-	-		
2702	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		

Trench 28								
General o	descriptio	Orientation	NE-SW					
Trench d	evoid of	Length (m)	30					
overlying	natural g	Width (m)	1.8					
		Avg. depth (m)	0.33					
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
2800	Layer	-	0.25	Topsoil	-	-		
2801	Layer	-	0.08	Subsoil	-	-		
2802	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		

Trench 29	Trench 29								
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	SE-NW					
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	Length (m)	30					
overlying	natural g	eology of	Width (m)	1.8					
			Avg. depth (m)	0.44					
Context	Type	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
2900	Layer	-	0.26	Topsoil	-	-			
2901	Layer	-	0.18	Subsoil	-	-			
2902	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			

Trench 3	Trench 30								
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	NE-SW					
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	Length (m)	30					
overlying	natural g	eology of	Width (m)	1.8					
			Avg. depth (m)	0.38					
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
3000	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-			
3001	Layer	-	0.08	Subsoil	-	-			
3002	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			



Trench 31								
General o	descriptio	Orientation	SE-NW					
Trench d	evoid of	Length (m)	30					
overlying	natural g	Width (m)	1.8					
		Avg. depth (m)	0.34					
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
3100	Layer	-	0.24	Topsoil	-	-		
3101	Layer	-	0.10	Subsoil	-	-		
3102	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		

Trench 32								
General o	descriptio	Orientation	NE-SW					
Trench d	levoid of	Length (m)	30					
overlying	natural g	Width (m)	1.8					
		Avg. depth (m)	0.33					
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
3200	Layer	-	0.25	Topsoil	-	-		
3201	Layer	-	0.08	Subsoil	-	-		
3202	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		

Trench 33								
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	SE-NW				
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	Length (m)	30				
overlying	natural g	eology of	Width (m)	1.8				
			Avg. depth (m)	0.40				
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
3300	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-		
3301	Layer	-	0.10	Subsoil	-	-		
3302	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		

Trench 34	Trench 34								
General o	descriptio	n	Orientation	NE-SW					
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	Length (m)	30					
overlying	natural g	eology of	Width (m)	1.8					
			Avg. depth (m)	0.33					
Context	Type	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
3400	Layer	-	0.28	Topsoil	-	-			
3401	Layer	-	0.05	Subsoil	-	-			
3402	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			



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Trench 3	5					
General o	descriptio	n			Orientation	SE-NW
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8
					Avg. depth (m)	0.40
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date
No.		(m)	(m)			
3500	Layer	-	-			
3501	Layer	-	-			
3502	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-

Trench 36									
General o	descriptio	n			Orientation	NE-SW			
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30			
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8			
					Avg. depth (m)	0.49			
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
3600	Layer	-	0.33	Topsoil	-	-			
3601	Layer	-	-	-					
3602	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			

Trench 37									
General o	descriptio	n			Orientation	SE-NW			
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30			
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8			
					Avg. depth (m)	0.30			
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
3700	Layer	-	0.26	Topsoil	-	-			
3701	Layer	-	-	-					
3702	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			

Trench 3	Trench 38								
General o	descriptio	n			Orientation	NE-SW			
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	logy. Cor	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30			
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8			
					Avg. depth (m)	0.40			
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
3800	Layer	-	0.30	Topsoil	-	-			
3801	Layer	-	-	-					
3802	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			



Trench 39								
General o	descriptio	n			Orientation	SE-NW		
Trench d	levoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30		
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8		
					Avg. depth (m)	0.34		
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
3900	Layer	-	0.24	Topsoil	-	-		
3901	Layer	-	-	-				
3902	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		

Trench 40									
General o	descriptio	n			Orientation	NE-SW			
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30			
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8			
					Avg. depth (m)	0.26			
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
4000	Layer	-	0.22	Topsoil	-	-			
4001	Layer	-	-	-					
4002	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			

Trench 41								
General o	descriptio	n			Orientation	SE-NW		
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Coi	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30		
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8		
					Avg. depth (m)	0.40		
Context	Type	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date		
No.		(m)	(m)					
4100	Layer	-	0.28	Topsoil	-	-		
4101	Layer	-	-	-				
4102	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-		

Trench 42									
General o	descriptio	n			Orientation	NE-SW			
Trench d	evoid of	archaeo	logy. Cor	nsists of topsoil and subsoil	Length (m)	30			
overlying	natural g	eology of	silty clay	and gravel.	Width (m)	1.8			
					Avg. depth (m)	0.32			
Context	Туре	Width	Depth	Description	Finds	Date			
No.		(m)	(m)						
4200	Layer	-	0.22	Topsoil	-	-			
4201	Layer	-	-	-					
4202	Layer	-	-	Natural	-	-			



APPENDIX B SITE SUMMARY DETAILS

Site name: Thames Farm, Reading Road, Shiplake, Oxfordshire

Site code: OXSLK 19

Grid Reference SU 76799 79903

Type: Evaluation

Date and duration: 18/6/2019 to 27/6/2019

Area of Site 42 trenches 30m long and 1.8m wide.

Location of archive: The archive is currently held at OA, Janus House, Osney Mead,

Oxford, OX2 0ES, and will be deposited with Oxford County Museum in due course, under the following accession code:

OXCMS:2019.34.

Summary of Results: Oxford Archaeology was commissioned by RPS Heritage to

evaluate a site at Thames Farm, Reading Road, Shiplake, Oxfordshire, as part of a new housing development. The evaluation consisted of 42 trenches, representing a 4% sample of the development area. The evaluation revealed no archaeological remains and therefore the site is considered to have low potential.

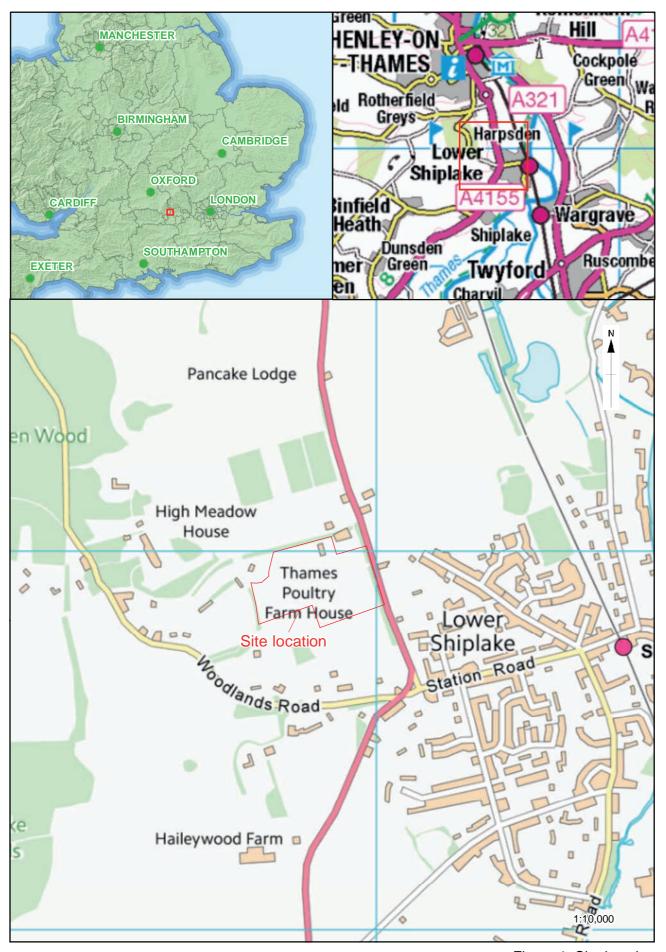


Figure 1: Site location

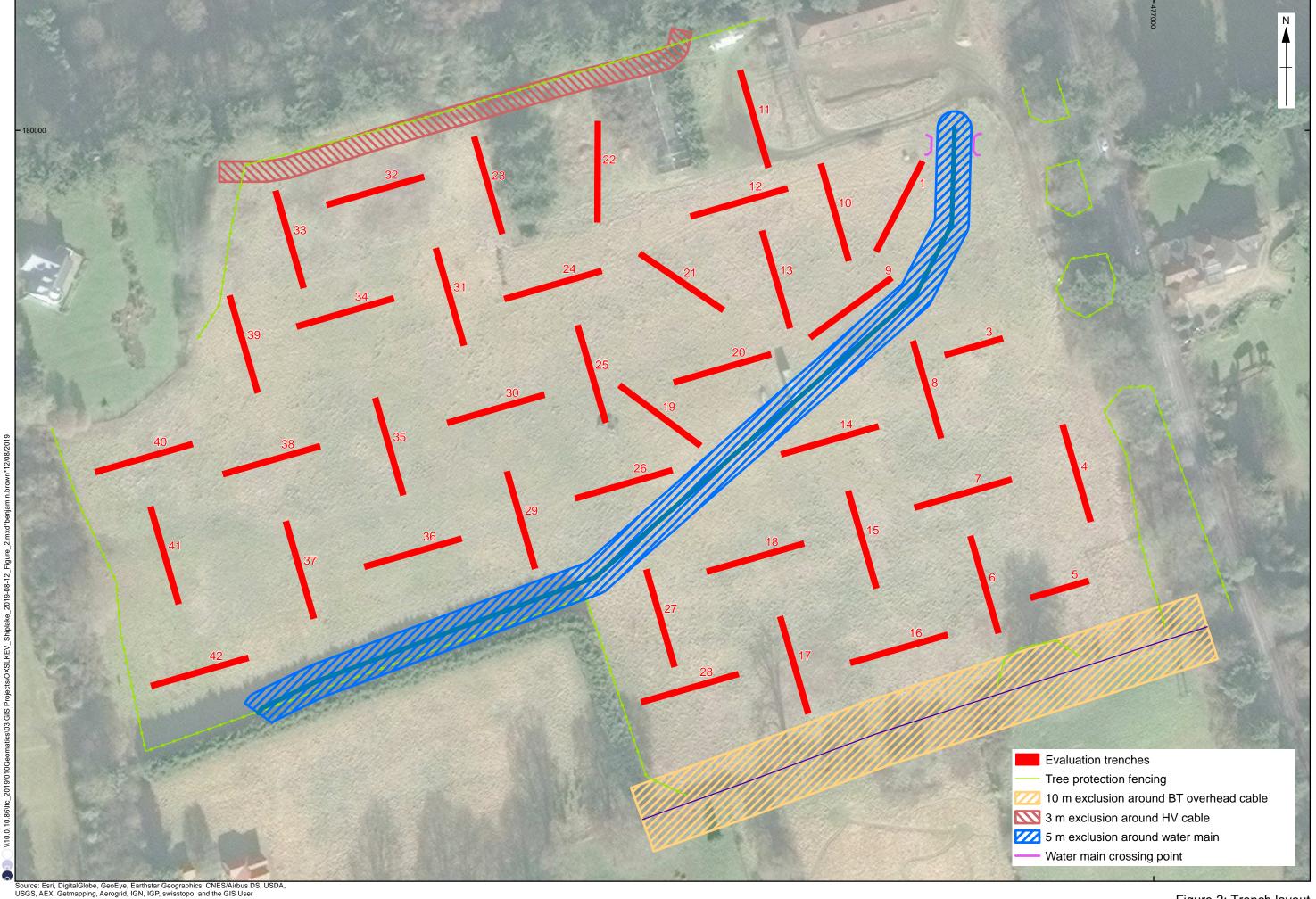


Figure 2: Trench layout



Plate 1: View of site prior to trenching.



Plate 2: View of Trench 27 looking north 2x2m scales



Plate 3: View of Trench 35 looking north 2x2m scales

Plate 4: View of Trench 30 looking east 2x2m scales



Plate 5: View of Trench 26 looking west 2x2m scales

Plate 6: View of Trench 24 looking west 2x2m scales





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