HAWESWATER ESTATE Cumbria

Archaeological Survey Second Season 1995/6

Interim Report

Checked by Project Manager.

Date

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Lancaster University Archaeological Unit (LUAU), at the request of the Lake District National Park Authority (LDNPA) and North West Water Ltd (NWWL), is undertaking an identification, historical and archaeological survey of the NWWL Haweswater Estate. The project has been timetabled to run over three years encompassing three seasons fieldwork, this interim report outlines the results achieved by the second seasons fieldwork. This took place over 20 days between 1st November 1995 and 15th March 1996.

A further programme of documentary research was undertaken to augment the results of the first seasons desk top study. The second season of fieldwork comprised a survey of c 26.6 sqkm of land to the north and south of the Haweswater reservoir and included Swindale valley. The sites were located by the use of Global Position System (GPS) equipment. The digital results of the survey were combined, on a CAD system, with digital topographic detail supplied by LDNPA. A gazetteer of all archaeological sites was also compiled.

The survey identified over 413 monuments ranging in date from the prehistoric period to the 19th century. The upland landscape produced evidence of several prehistoric sites, including: cairnfields, round cairns and the Iron Age hill fort of Castle Crags (H158). The Roman period was represented by the High Street Roman road. Medieval activity was for the most part concentrated within the valley bottoms, and comprised characteristic, early agricultural landscapes. A series of medieval enclosures and settlements were found on the northern shore of Haweswater, and were part of the early field system within the valley which is now mostly submerged beneath the waters of the reservoir. A significant area of medieval structures was found near the course of the Old Corpse Road between the Haweswater and Swindale valleys, which were possibly peat huts. A series of medieval settlements and field systems were also identified within the Naddle and Swindale valleys.

The survey has highlighted the archaeological potential of the area and has demonstrated multiphased agricultural activity along its eastern margin. This survey will serve to enhance the existing archaeological information contained in the NWWL Haweswater Estate Integrated Land Use and Management Plan. The data will allow appropriate management strategies to be enacted.

1. INTRODUCTION

The Lancaster University Archaeological Unit (LUAU) has undertaken the second season of fieldwork of a three year Level 1 survey (LUAU 1993) of the North West Water Ltd (NWWL) Haweswater Estate. The fieldwork took place over a 20 day period between 1st November and 15th March. The survey was undertaken at the request of the Lake District National Park Authority (LDNPA) and NWWL according to a brief (Appendix 1) produced by LDNPA and a project design supplied by LUAU (Appendix 2). The work was funded by NWWL and LDNPA. The Haweswater Estate comprises some 97 sq km of a predominantly upland landscape which is solely owned by North West Water Limited and is located on the eastern side of the Lake District National Park between the Ullswater and Sleddale valleys. Within the estate the study area was reduced to 67sq km to accommodate areas of previous survey, extreme terrain and open water. The second season's field work focused on the land within the Haweswater and Swindale valleys and areas in between.

The prime purpose of the survey was to enhance the existing archaeological information contained within NWWL's Haweswater Estate Integrated Land Use and Management Plan, and to inform future management decisions with regard to conservation matters relating to the archaeological and historical content of the estate's landscape. The aims of the project are set out in the brief supplied by the LDNPA (Appendix 1).

The work programme of the second season was established in two stages. The primary stage was a documentary study to expand on the first season's desk top study of the estate. The second stage was the fieldwork programme which continued the first seasons survey to the line of Swindale and Mosedale becks. This involved the systematic surface examination of the areas and the detailed recording of the identified antiquities and their location by Global Positioning System (GPS) survey. This present report is an interim statement of the second season's work only; the final report, integrating all the survey results, will follow the completion of the third season of fieldwork.

The time-tabling of the fieldwork was largely determined by the requirement to undertake the work in conjunction with other Lake District survey programmes, commissioned by the LDNPA (such as the Ennerdale survey and subsequently the Thirlmere survey) and before the onset of bracken growth at the end of May. Much of the field work was undertaken in November and early December, when there was still a residual element of upstanding, albeit dead bracken. As a consequence those bracken covered areas which could not be examined at the start of the winter were surveyed at the end of winter, in February/March, once the frost and snow had flattened the dead bracken.

2. METHODOLOGY

2.1 Documentary Study

2.1.1 1st phase desk top study

The objective of the desk based research was to identify the presence, position, and nature of all known archaeological and historical features within the Haweswater Estate. In the initial phase of the study a search was made of the Cumbria Sites and Monuments Record, which identified over 250 sites within the estate, along with 20 Scheduled Ancient Monuments. Consultation of the relevant green back books identified 12 Listed Buildings within the study area. Aerial photographs held by a number of organisations were consulted. The first edition Ordnance Survey maps (1860) relating to the study area were examined and these led to the identification of 27 additional sites.

2.1.2 2nd phase documentary study

In the second stage of the documentary study the emphasis was upon the examination of largely unpublished records held by the Cumbria County Records Office in Carlisle and published secondary sources (see bibliography); its primary objective being to rapidly identify the location and character of the archaeological and historical features within the study area prior to commencing fieldwork. Tithe maps for the area were examined which were mainly available for the enclosed land within the valleys. A search was undertaken for any estate records held by the record office; unfortunately none were identified, from this source. An investigation of records had already been deposited with the County Record Office. A search of available secondary sources was undertaken which identified some significant background data relating to the upland occupation of the area.

Aerial photographic material was provided by the LDNPA and by the National Monuments Record. The position of the most significant archaeological features identified by aerial photography were marked on the master 1:10,000 maps.

2.2 Survey methodology

A level 1 survey (LUAU 1993) of the Haweswater and Swindale valleys and the adjacent uplands between them was undertaken by two members of staff over a twenty day period between November 1995 and March 1996. The initial phase of survey examined about 75% of the area and the second phase of field work was able to complete the survey, concentrating on bracken covered areas that could not be examined during the initial period. A level 1 survey represents the minimum standard of record and is appropriate to exploratory survey aimed at the discovery of previously unrecorded sites. Its aim is to record the existence, location, and extent of an archaeological site. The emphasis for the recording is on the written description which in this instance will eventually include data on character, condition, group value and will be graded.

For a site or monument to be included in the archaeological record it had to fulfil a number of criteria. Firstly, any site, building, structural remains or feature that was not indicated on the 1:2500 Ordnance Survey coverage of the survey area was located and described. Secondly, structures and features that were indicated by the Ordnance Survey were assessed for their archaeological relevance and also included. Field boundaries were omitted from the record

where they were still in use, although any evidence of earlier field division was included. Modern features such as cairns, maker stones and triangulation pillars were also included in the field record, in order to classify them as being of no archaeological significance and to avoid confusion in future surveys. Occupied dwellings were omitted from the survey for practical considerations and because it was considered that they reflect a lower level of threat.

The archaeological monuments were located by systematic ground reconnaissance, fieldwalking was undertaken at between 25m and 50m line intervals depending on the terrain. The master set of 1:10,000 scale maps were laminated and taken into the field so as to pinpoint known sites. Because of the open and remote nature of much of the study area (being particularly remote from defined Ordnance Survey detail) it was decided that the most appropriate method of survey would be using a Global Positioning System (GPS). This system uses electronic distance measurement along radio frequencies to satellites to enable a positional fix in latitude and longitude which can be converted mathematically to Ordnance Survey national grid. The accuracy of the method is +- 1.0m but is adequate for general location of the sites. The digital survey data was transferred, via DXF file format, into a CAD system (FastCAD), and was then superimposed with digital Ordnance Survey data supplied under licence by LDNPA. The final site plans were generated using a Hewlett Packard Draftmaster A0 plotter.

When a previously unknown site was identified, a written description including an accurate ten figure National Grid Reference was made and the location and extent of the site was recorded using GPS. A photographic record was also undertaken of the more significant and photogenic sites. Given the scale of the mapping, the size of the project, and the nature of the many small upland sites, only sites greater than 50m in size had their extents defined. Smaller sites were centrally located.

2.3 Site grading

All recorded archaeological sites were graded according to their relative significance as follows:

- Level 1. Archaeological and historical sites and features of the highest importance. This normally includes all Scheduled Ancient Monuments and other sites considered to be of national significance.
- Level 2. Archaeological sites and features of regional significance.
- Level 3. Archaeological and historical sites and features of local significance.
- Level 4. Non-extant, or not authentic, archaeological and historical sites and features.

3. DOCUMENTARY STUDY - SUMMARY RESULTS

3.1 Background

The intention of the documentary study was to highlight the location of sites of archaeological interest, to be investigated by field survey and to examine, albeit briefly, the landscape history. The main priority is to identify the archaeological resource and consequently the present report will concentrate on the documented sites, giving references from specific sources: in most cases, and where possible, grid references and cross references have been assigned. The final report, however, will examine the landscape history of the estate based on the documentary study and the field survey; and will examine the extent to which the study area has been exploited since the earliest prehistoric activity.

3.1.1 Sources

The circumstances of the topography, the altitude and steep gradient of much of the study area has rendered the land unsuitable for agricultural enclosure and therefore ineligible for tithe. For this reason, the tithe maps of the area offer little scope for informing the archaeological survey. In Bampton, only a small area of enclosed land on the north shore of Haweswater is shown on the 1839 Tithe map. The 1838 map for Askham shows a tiny area around Moor Divock and none of the study area within the parish of Shap was subject to tithe. The inaccessibility of the area also caused several notable antiquarians to omit it from their travels, including the Revd. Thomas Machell and William Camden. In view of the proximity of the study area to the Premonstratensian house at Shap, it is possible that the abbey records may offer some insight into the local economy in the medieval period: these only survive in the form of a manuscript by the seventeenth century antiquarian Roger Dodsworth, held in the Bodleian library. Constraints of time did not permit a visit to Oxford and an examination of the document. However, trade directories of the nineteenth century do provide a certain amount of archaeological information in the general introductions at the beginnings of the section on each parish.

Roofed domestic structures lie generally outside the scope of this project; however, the Inventory compiled by the Royal Commission on the Historical Monuments of England in the 1930s contains a great deal of information on houses of the area deemed to date to before 1714. The detail records of pre 1714 buildings are incorporated within the present study and will be presented within the final report, however, only a general summary is presented within the present interim report. The references indicate clearly that the last decade of the seventeenth century and the first years of the eighteenth witnessed a widespread campaign of renovation and reconstruction of the farmhouses and principal agricultural buildings of the region. Most of this dating evidence is provided by inscriptions over the door lintels.

In 1919, with the passage of the Manchester Corporation Act Parts II and III, permission was granted for the creation of the Haweswater Reservoir. In 1927, prompted by the possibility that the the dam construction would be imminent, the decision was taken to undertake an archaeological survey of archaeological remains likely to be lost with the rise in water level. However, as it transpired the valley was not flooded until 1940. This survey (Thompson 1942, 13-42), however, represents the most useful summary of archaeology in the immediate vicinity of Haweswater.

The dry summers of 1976, 1989 and 1995 have caused the water level in the Haweswater Reservoir to fall dramatically, revealing several features, most notable of which was the site of

the village of Mardale. This was the subject of previous investigations by LUAU in 1989 which surveyed the extant remains of the village and combined these with OS 2nd edition map detail; the material from this survey will be incorporated into the results of the final report.

3.2 Documented Archaeological Sites

A search of primary documentation for the area of the NWWL estate from the Cumbria County Record Office produced relatively little new information to that produced by the first phase of the desk top study. However, the examination of secondary sources provided a historic perspective on the major archaeological sites within the study area and summarises the presurvey knowledge of the archaeological resource. The present documentary summary report is ordered by parish and examines those significant and documented within the NWWL, which have excluded from the present survey because of their local topography (See Section 1)

3.2.1 Brampton

Near the summit of Low Raise is a funerary cairn (NY 45631377), which in the 1930s consisted of a ring of small stones approximately 25 feet in diameter and 3 feet high. At this time, the feature was in a poor condition (RCHME 1936, 33). The monument is within an area of the estate excluded from the present survey by virtue of the altitude.

At Measand Beck are cairns, standing stones and a fort (Kelly 1897, 100). However this site lies under the present water level but has been recorded as County SMR site 2962 and SAM site 225506, and is located at NY 4893015420. The "fort" according to the 1933 RCHME survey consisted of two rectilinear earthwork enclosures covering nearly 1/3 acre, which even then were in poor condition (RCHME 1936, 33). The southern of the two enclosures is the earlier in date and is defined by a slight rampart, possibly marking the line of a defensive wall. This linear earthwork had its western termination in a circular mound incorporating several large boulders. This would appear to have formed one side of the enclosure entrance. The northern of the two enclosures was defined by low ramparts and steep escarpments. The site was excavated by Miss K S Hodgson in 1939 in advance of the flooding of the valley; the excavations revealed little new information about the form and development of the site, although there were suggestions of hut circles on the highest point of the site and against the north-east wall; however no date for the monument was given. The site had been used for lime-burning in the post-medieval period, destroying a great deal of archaeological information (Hodgson 1941, 208). The settlement was described as conforming to 'the traditional Westmoreland type' (Thompson 1942, 17). The county SMR now catergorises the site as a typical Romano British farmstead.

On Four Stones Hill were located a series of monuments including two megaliths, SMR 1602 and SAM 22600 (NY 49061628) and two cairns, SMR 1600 and SAM 22515 (NY 49151633) with a possible third to the east (NY 50181626) (RCHME 1936, 33). The monuments are within an area surveyed by V.Turner (1991) and were excluded from the present survey.

400-500 yards to the west of the *Giants' Graves* (H557) was an early settlement, unrecorded in 1940, consisting of two circles with remains of a stone wall around them, some seven and a half feet in thickness in places (Hay, 1940 135). The monument is within an area surveyed by V.Turner (1991) and was excluded from the present survey, the site possibly relates to site 25 (NY 501163 SMR 8325) of the 1991 survey.

3.2.2 Shap Rural Parish

Rosgill and Wet Sleddale are mentioned in Kelly's Directory as hamlets. The latter consists of uncultivated moorland and common and no antiquities are referred to (Kelly 1897, 117).

Two cairns were located in the vicinity of Selside Pike (NY 49801116): that on the summit of the Pike was approximately 25 feet in diameter, while the second, on Selside End, was badly damaged at the time of the inspection of the Royal Commission fieldworkers (RCHME 1936, 212). Both cairns are within an area excluded from the present survey because of altitude.

The second season (1995/6) of the NWWL Haweswater estate survey examined a total of 26.6sq km of marginal and enclosed land to the north and south of Haweswater valley, to the west of the Swindale Beck, and completed the survey of the enclosed land in the north of the study area. The present survey excluded land over 450m except along the High Street ridge and also land not visible below the regular water level of the reservoir. By contrast with the first season, the survey was not particularly inhibited by the weather. The progress of the survey, however, was inhibited by the number of sites recorded and if a similar density of archaeological monuments is encountered in the next field season it is anticipated that this will be limited to an examination of a similar area of marginal/enclosed land given the same resources.

Because a further season of work is planned it was considered premature to renumber all the monuments prior to the completion of the overall programme. The numbering sequence is therefore slightly erratic reflecting the progress of the field work. The numbering system runs consecutively from that initiated during the previous season of survey work to avoid duplication.

The 1995-96 season field work recorded a total of 412 archaeological sites. Of these the majority were associated with sheep farming, such as shelter walls, bields, sheepfolds, washfolds and small huts. Sites were generally widely dispersed with the majority concentrated on the valley floors and adjacent to rivers, tarns and lakes. The only areas where sites were not identified was on the extreme topography of steep scree and boulder slopes. Only a small number of the monuments recorded by the survey are currently within the Cumbria SMR; emphasising that this level 1 survey of the Haweswater estate has been essential in identifying archaeological sites for the enactment of appropriate land management strategies.

4.1 Topographic Contexts

There was an observed prevalence for some sites types to predominate in specific topographic contexts: prehistoric settlement, typically cairnfields, was confined to upland slopes and plateaux notably at Randale and Rampsgill Head. Sheepfolds, washfolds and bields in the majority of instances occurred at the heads of valleys, indicating the use of upland pasture. Particular examples occur at Riggindale (H186-H194), which are suggestive of a well established and long lived tradition. These sites, although impossible to date, probably originated in the post-medieval period. The only evidence for early pastoralism was the rectangular hut (H170) at the foot of Rough Crag, which is similar in form to documented shielings.

All evidence for arable activity was confined to the valley bottoms or to the lower flatter land to the north of the survey area. Ridge and furrow earthworks were noted around well established settlements at Swindale Head (H436) and Bowderthwaite Bridge in the south, and at Woodfoot and Skews (H225 and H233) in the north. These typically are relatively narrow in separation and relate to existing field boundaries, appearing to reflect the latest phase of cultivation activity. Evidence of earlier cultivation, has not necessarily survived in these valley bottoms, but there is considerable evidence that some of the field systems have early origins. At Swindale (H375), the farmstead is located within a radiating circular field system, which is typologically medieval or even earlier in form. There are a significant number of now relict field boundaries accross the valley floors, testifying to earlier field configurations.

The siting of the industrial remains was obviously dictated by the local topography such as the peat huts recored at Whelter Bottom (H498-H502 and H505), close to the peat deposits at Low Raise, near High Street; and the siting of the lime kiln at Castle Crag (H145) close to a limestone outcrop.

The upland slopes and ridges displayed a relaitively low density of monuments, however, such areas were characterised by routeways, with there associated structures. Some of these are ancient in origin, particularly the Roman road at High Street. This is spatially associated with a significant number of prehistoric monuments and there is a possibility that the route line had prehistoric origins. Other important routes inculde the Old Corpse Road (H306), over the top of Swindale Common, and the pack horse route along the northern and western side of Haweswater. Some of these are still in use as modern foot paths, notably that leading to Kentmere through the Nan Bield Pass which follows the old pack horse route. The features associated with these routes were all shelters, such as the very small shelters at Small Water (H159), and a pair of larger pack horse shelters at Kidsty Howes (H205 and H206). All were situated at relatively high altitudes and, in the case of the Kidsty Howes sites, on steep slopes.

4.2 Significant Archaeological Features

Of the 412 sites, four key features of archaeological importance were noted, namely; a number of previously unrecorded prehistoric cairnfields, the fragile state of the Roman road on High Street, a number of abandoned and rapidly decaying medieval and post medieval upland settlements; and other important, but not grouped, sites.

4.2.1 Cairnfields

Prehistoric activity in the survey area was generally confined to upland slopes, unenclosed land and in one case an exposed summit plateau. This is, in part, due to the later occupation and farming of the valley floors during the medieval and post medieval period, which would have effectively removed or obscured evidence for prehistoric settlement. By virtue of the limited survival of the prehistoric landscape, the identified monuments are not necessarily representative of prehistoric occupation in the area, which significantly does not include domestic or settlement sites. The recorded sites are typically summit cairns, cairnfields or possible clearance cairns. The only possible settlement site is the well-known putative Iron Age fort at Castle Crags (H158), which may have been more a refuge in times of crisis rather than a site of long term domestic occupation.

The survey has identified a number of relatively large and previously unrecorded cairnfields, on predominantly upland terraces at: Whelter Beck and Castle Crag (H143, H144 and H156); Randale Beck (H198); Fordingdale (H238-H243 and H245); Rampsgill Head (H267-H270 and H274, H275); Fordingdale Bottom (H279, H280 and H284) and Naddle Forest (H532 and H533). None of the sites are particularly large or outstanding (with the possible exception of those at Randale and Fordingdale, where heavy bracken cover possibly obscure further monuments. However, grouped together they are of particular importance and represent an organised, albeit relatively dispersed, prehistoric agricultural exploitation of the area, which is over a more widespread area than the equivalent landscape examined during the 1994/5 season.

4.2.2 High Street

Where the Roman road was inspected and recorded along the High Street ridge it was seen to be in a poor state of preservation (H273). The road in many places was only present as a broad swath of grass in outcropping bedrock, although in other areas erosion had exposed some of the gravel makeup of the surface. Only a short length of agger was identified during the present season (to the north of Raven Howe), and the condition of the roman road would appear to have been severely degraded by subsequent use. No other Roman features were identified either along the road's length or elsewhere in the survey area although earlier work prior to the flooding of the Haweswater valley identified a possible Romano British settlement at Measend Bridge (RCHME 1936,33).

4.2.3 Medieval/Post-medieval settlement

A number of abandoned post-medieval upland settlements were examined during the 1995-6 season, some of which still contained upstanding structures, notably at Pod Net (H345), Naddle Farm (H514-519) and in Swindale valley itself. Within Swindale their are numerous abandonded and occupied settlements including H375, H434, H454 and H455 and these represent a remarkable opportunity to examine the evolution of localised settlement during the medieval and also post-medieval periods, through both the structural recording of building development and the survey of associated topographical features.

The site group (H307-H322) at High and Low Loup is probably not a settlement but is related to the settlement pattern in the Mardale area. The sites are possibly peat huts although they do not have the characteristic peat hut form as demonstrated at Eskdale (eg. Burnmoor) and Wasdale (Quartermaine pers comm). The group represents a structural sequence of some longevity, with a number of the buildings displaying earlier precursors within their fabric. They are associated with the upland track termed from the eighteenth century onwards as The Old Corpse Road, but which is probably much older. The route itself connects High and Low Loup (and the former Mardale Green) with settlements at Swindale and on over to Shap.

Other abandoned and completely ruinous farmsteads were recorded at Bowderthwaite Bridge (H180) and at Sandhill Knotts (H248) but were completely ruinous. The lack of upstanding structures limits the potential for structural survey of these buildings and therefore they are not regarded as so important as the Swindale, Pod's Net, Naddle and High and Low Loup groups.

4.2.4 Individual Monuments

Further remains identified during the field survey are of individual importance. These include the univallate hill fort (H158) at Castle Crag, the possible medieval hut at Rough Crag (H170), the pack horse route shelters in Riggindale (H205 and H206), the potential peat huts at Whelter Bottom (H498-502 & 505) and the evidence of trade routes such as atthat noted at Fordingdale (H246). Other sites represented rural industry, in particular quarrying and pot ash (H296, H353 and H360), and lime burning (H172 & H145).

4.3 Conclusion

The second season of survey has identified an extensive archaeological resource from both upland and valley landscapes, enclosed and unenclosed. Although many of the individual sites are seemingly of lesser significance, collectively they are elements of previous agricultural landscapes and as such build up a picture of former land use. An individual cairnfield in isolation, provides relatively little insight to the prehistoric settlement of the area, but collectively the cairnfields define a sporadic and pioneer exploitation over a significant proportion of the upland study area. As such this provides a valuable insight to the prehistoric upland landscape.

The group significance of the upstanding remains identified at High and Low Loup, Pod Net, Naddle Farm and Swindale are of greater importance than single features from the same period. Their importance is enhanced by upstanding survival, thus offering an opportunity to inspect complete buildings and to record their structural development in conjuction with a detailed archaeological survey of the associated relict agricultural landscape.

5. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FURTHER WORK

The primary objective at this stage of the project is to complete the level 1 survey of the Haweswater Estate. Although this survey programme is incomplete, it is possible to provisionally suggest sites that warrant further recording and is in addition to the sites suggested from the first season of survey.

- The hillfort is a rare commodity in Northern England despite the abundance of hills and as a consequence the Castle Crags hillfort (H158) is a particular rarity and has a great archaeological significance. Although a basic survey has been produced by the RCHM(E) in 1936 there is a need for a more detailed level 4 survey, which would provide for an interpretative record of the structure in conjunction with a modelled surface record of the archaeological features and associated topography.
- On the undulating moorland slopes above Fordingdale Bottom is a series of small cairnfields and individual cairns (H239-245 & H544), which reflect a sporadic, and potentially transient prehistoric exploitation of the marginal fell. There is a substantial case for undertaking a level 2b survey (LUAU, 1996) to define the early agricultural landscape in conjunction with the local topography. Similarly the cairns and possible hut circle complex at Naddle Forest (H534-41) would warrant a more detailed examination.
- The post-medieval and potentially medieval settlement remains at Sandhill Knotts (H252-266) are part of a larger settlement that was drowned by the construction of the Haweswater dam, and is a significant extant agricultural farmstead and field system, as such it would warrant recording by a level 3 survey.
- The High Street (H7, 16, 30, 123 & 277) has been a major communication route across the Lake District since the Roman period and may have been used for a considerable period prior to then. This has had the effect of considerably damaging and degrading the earlier phases of the road and has been exacerbated by the more recent and very intensive recreational pedestrian traffic along the route. There is a need to record the Roman road and its subsequent phases of use before the extant road remains are irrevocably degraded. Any further survey at High Street should be undertaken with a view to establishing conservation and management priorities and will require a study which incorporates an examination of current use as well as the archaeological fragility of the monument.
- At High Loup are the extant remains of buildings (H311-316) associated with the Old Corpse Road which linked Swindale and Mardale; the complex potentially has a medieval origin and by virtue of its high altitude has a particular significance. It would warrant a further programme of more detailed survey, as well as other forms of investigation to investigate date and function.
- Pods Net (H345) is a major relict upland settlement with a farmstead and associated field system, which may have medieval origins The settlement is well preserved and would warrant more detailed level 2b or 3 survey recording.
- The farmstead and radial field system of Swindale Foot (H375) and the farmstead of Swindale Head (H454) are the prime focii of settlement in the Swindale valley and are likely to be medieval in date. They are classic examples of significant dispersed settlement and

would warrant a more detailed programme of survey recording. A wider investigation of the development of settlement in Swindale would form a valuable research framework for both conservation and academic purposes.

- At Mirkside is an intricate agricultural and potentially industrial complex which is unfortunately partly outside the NWWL estate. Despite this obvious limitation the site would warrant a level 2 survey.
- The navvy camp (H547) that was built at Burnbanks during the construction of the Haweswater Dam is an important recent element of the present day Haweswater landscape and one which would justify more detailed recording.

The above listing is only provisional and it is anticipated that a number of new sites will be encountered during the next seasons fieldwork which will also warrant further analysis.

Site number	H141
Site type	Wall
Site name	Castle Crag
NGR	NY 4707,1271
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 1.25m, height 0.25m
Grading	3
Description	
A much degr	aded field wall of drystone construction y

A much degraded field wall of drystone construction which crosses the modern footpath on an east/west alignment. The wall continues this alignment for c10m before turning north where it becomes indiscernible in scree after c8m

Site number	H142
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Castle Crag
NGR	NY 4698,1301
Grading	3
Period	Medieval
Dimensions	length 100m, width 40m, height 1.25m
Description:	

A drystone constructed sub-rectangular enclosure, situated at the northern foot of Castle Crag. It contains a modern plantation of beech and fir trees. The entrance located at the north-eastern corner is constructed from two large stone jambs. A smaller enclosure on the eastern flank, measuring 20m in length by 10m in width is constructed from the same materials. At the entrance to the larger enclosure are a pair of clearance cairns each measuring approximately 2m in diameter, but there is no direct relationship.

Site number	H143
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Castle Crag
NGR	NY 46996,12978
Grading	3
Period	Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 5m, height 0.25m
Description	

A possible cairn, situated on a plateau to the east of H142. It is located in an area of outcropping boulders and scree at the foot of Castle Crag.

Site number	H144
Site type	Cairnfield
Site name	Castle Crag
NGR	NY 4702,1303
Grading	2
Period	Medieval
Dimensions	85m by 25m
Description	

A group of at least five clearance cairns of differing size and prominence. The most clearly discernible measures approximately 10-15m in diameter and is upstanding from the surrounding boulder field by c0.60m. The cairns are situated to the east of site H142 on a level terrace above the lake.

Site number	H145
Site type	Lime kiln
Site name	Castle Crag
NGR	NY 47144,13072
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
SMR	12582
Dimensions	Diameter 4m, height 0.75m
Description	

A circular lime kiln, situated on the north-west bank of Haweswater. Numbered as SMR site 12582. The charge pot is still quite well defined although much of the rest of the structure is badly degraded. It appears to be confined within in an enclosure, measuring approximately 10m by 5m.

Site number	H146
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Castle Crag
NGR	NY 4710,1307
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 1.2m, height 1.50m
Description	
A 'T'-shaped,	drystone wall, perpendicular to the current field boundary. The wall fragme

A 'T'-shaped, drystone wall, perpendicular to the current field boundary. The wall fragment juts 5m into the field and is possibly the remains of a shelter or sheepfold.

Site number	H147
Site type	Field Boundary
Site name	Castle Crag
NGR	NY 4711,1309
Grading	3
Period	Medieval
Dimensions	length 35m, width 1.20m, height 0.35m
Description	

A north-west / south-east aligned stone constructed field boundary. Constructed from large, earth-fast boulders approximately 1m in diameter. It appears to curve forming a D-shaped enclosure when viewed in conjunction with the current field boundary. It contains an area of beech trees and is located to the immediate east of H146.

Site number	H148
Site type	Trackway
Site name	Castle Crag
NGR	NY 4709,1308
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 45m, width 2m, depth 0.30m

Description

A north-west / south-east aligned hollow way leading from lime kiln site H145. It is orientated with a current entrance into the field to the south-east.

Site number	H149
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Castle Crag
NGR	NY 47084,13074
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 7m, depth 1m
Description	

A large circular depression, immediately west of hollow way H148. There is up cast present on all sides with the main access gained from the east. It would appear to be a localised limestone quarry serving lime kiln site H145

Site number	H150
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Castle Crag
NGR	NY 4706,1308
Grading	3
Period	Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 20m, width 1m, height 0.30m
Description	

An almost circular enclosure constructed from large boulders. The enclosure is flanked by, but not joined to the current field wall to the west, with a possible entrance in the east. It became difficult to discern in the north-east due to the presence of a large boulder outcrop. At the southern end, a smaller enclosure, measuring approximately 7m in length and was 2m wide has been constructed into the inside of the enclosure.

Site number	H151
Site type	Hollow way
Site name	Whelter Beck
NGR	NY 4704,1310
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval/Medieval
Dimensions	length 35m, width 2.50m, depth 0.20m
Description	

A hollow way which appears to be a north-western spur from hollow way H148. It predates the current field boundary at its north-west end where it underlies the wall.

Site number	H152
Site type	Buildings complex
Site name	Welter beck
NGR	NY 4712,1316
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	30m by 7m and 30 m by 15m
Description	

A cluster of structures situated around the foot of Welter Beck, some of which are below high water level. The eastern most structure appears to be a large three celled structure, measuring 30m by 7m. A further structure lies on the northern side of the stream and measures approximately 30m by 15m.

Site number	H153
Site type	Bields
Site name	Whelter Beck
NGR	NY 47043, 13172
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	10m by 5m up to 0.60m high
Description	

A pair of bields or single bield straddling the footpath to the south of the foot bridge over the Welter beck. The eastern most bield comprises a drystone constructed D shaped enclosure, with no apparent northern side. The western bield, a crescent shaped drystone wall, measuring 7m across and upstanding to 0.50m, is again with no northern section.

Site number	H154
Site type	Hollow way
Site name	Whelter Beck
NGR	NY 4702, 1318
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 2.m, height 0.20m
Description	-

An east/west aligned hollow way bounded by a wall fragment, possibly mirrored to the north by a series of boulders although these are very indiscernible. The hollow way is perpendicular to the present foot path.

Site number	H155
Site type	Bridge
Site name	Whelter Beck
NGR	NY 4700, 1321
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	Walls, length 4m, width 0.75m, height 1m
Description	

The remains of a stone constructed bridge which crosses the Welter Beck above the present foot bridge. Constructed by amassing large river boulders, particularly on the northern side to create two drystone walls, which define the width of the bridge. Within the stream there is evidence of stone pads probably acting as a support for a wooden deck. This bridge is associated with hollow way H154.

Site number	H156
Site type	Cairnfield
Site name	Whelter Beck
NGR	NY 4697, 1321
Grading	1
Period	Prehistoric

Dimensions 42m by 25m

Description

A group of six cairns situated on a plateau located on the south side of the Welter beck. The eastern and most distinct cairn, is roughly sub-rectangular in shape, aligned east/west, and measures approximately 10m in length, 3m in width and 0.40m in height. The others are less well defined, with a cairn to the north being roughly circular in size, with a diameter of 3m. The other cairns although less discernible are located to the west of the largest eastern cairn.

Site number	H157
Site type	Bield
Site name	Whelter Beck
NGR	NY 46719, 13189
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 2.50m, width 1.50m.
Description	-

A bield constructed, as a lean-to, against the south western side of a large boulder. The bield survives as trace of drystone walling.

Site number	H158
Site type	Fort
Site name	Castle Crags
NGR	NY 4692, 1277
Grading	1
Period	Iron Age
SMR	1523
SAM	22514
Sources	RCHME 1936,32 and TCWAAS 1923,285
Dimensions	80m by 70m
D • •	

Description A natural promontory which has been used as a defensive site and displays the typical characteristics of an Iron Age fort. There is a steep drop down from the north-west, north-east and south-east sides. There is an internal enclosure which is defined by a rampart which survives along the south-west side, where it comprises a high stone banks. There are two ditches cutting across the neck of land which connects Castle Crag to the fell side. There is a possible entrance to the enclosure around the north-west corner. Within the fort there were several levelled areas which could have accommodated huts. The interpretation as a hill-fort is fairly secure and it would warrant a more detailed survey.

Site number	H159
Site type	Shelter
Site name	Small Water
NGR	NY 4545,1013
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
SMR	12571
Dimensions	length 2m, width 1m, height 1.60m

Description

A collection of shelters located on the western banks of Small Water Tarn. There are six shelters in total, four in good repair, and each is broadly similar. All are drystone constructed, with large tabular stones acting as roofs, the entrances are east facing, except one north facing. They were only large enough to have offered accommodation for one person. On a stone outside the northern most shelter is a large engraved boulder with the initials 'JPTKJGJK'.

Site number	H160
Site type	Bield
Site name	Piot Crag
NGR	NY 45575,10259
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 5m, width 2m, height 1m
Description	
A very ruinous hield situated at the foot of Pio	

A very ruinous bield situated at the foot of Piot Crag. It is constructed around a single large boulder at its south-eastern corner.

Site number	H161
Site type	Hollow way
Site name	Piot Crag
NGR	NY 4554,1052 - 4561,1023
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 50m, width 2m, depth 0.25m
Description	
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A north-west / south-east aligned hollow way, skirting the foot of Piot Crag. Its route is from Small Water, north-west to Mardale Waters. The full extent of the hollow way is difficult to trace and is most distinctive in its central portion to the immediate east of H160, and can be seen to follow the 450m contour into Mardale Waters.

Site number	H162
Site type	Bield
Site name	Piot Crag
NGR	NY 4558,1035
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 5m, width 2m, height 0.45m
Description	
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A bield to the north of H160 and in the same ruinous state. It is aligned approximately east/west and overlooks Mardale Waters.

Site number	H163
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Mardale Waters
NGR	NY 4545,1063
Grading	2?
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	length 4m, width 2m, height 0.30m
Description	
A amall agirn	located on the yery ten of a drumlin

A small cairn located on the very top of a drumlin at the southern end of Mardale Waters. There is no outcropping stones. It would appear to be of anthropogenic origin but the date is uncertain.

Site number H164

Site type	Quarry
Site name	Mardale Waters
NGR	NY 4533,1062
Grading	3
SMR	12523 ?
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 40m, Width 20m, Depth 4m
Description	

A sub-circular quarry situated at the very west end of Mardale Waters. It is at its deepest to the west, where it is approximately 4m in depth. There was a number of spoil heaps within the depression, c2m in diameter and standing to a height of 1.60m. This quarry may possibly be associated with the quarry recorded on the SMR as 12523.

Site number	H165
Site type	Trackway
Site name	Mardale Waters
NGR	NY 4533,1066
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	Width 2m
Description	A revetted trackway serving the quarry (H164) and aligned approximately north-

east / south-west. It is depicted on the modern OS 1:10,000 map as a path. It is revetted in areas by the construction of drystone walls to secure the route.

Site number	H166
Site type	Bield
Site name	Mardale Waters
NGR	NY 45419,10792
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 2m, width 1m, height 1m
Description	
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A very small bield constructed against a cleft rock to the north of trackway H165 and associated with the large sheepfold H167 to the north.

Site number	H167
Site type	Sheepwash
Site name	Mardale Waters.
NGR	NY 4547,1081
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 40m, width 20m, height 1.50m
Description	

A large sheepfold, marked on the OS map and situated to the immediate south of Blea Water Beck. The sheepfold comprises a very large sub circular structure with two appended satellite enclosures on its eastern side. Both smaller enclosures have entrances to both the larger enclosure and to the exterior on the beck side. The northern most is 10m square, the western 7m square. There is a deep section of stream adjacent to the enclosure entrances and it would appear that this was a sheep wash. Associated with H167 is a trackway which was situated on the northern side of Blea Water beck, the western side of which was revetted by a stone constructed

bank, measuring 5m by 0.40m high which defined a flat area approximately 4m wide. This was possibly an approach track to the sheepwash.

Site number	H168
Site type	Footbridge
Site name	Blea Water beck
NGR	NY 45360,10911
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 6m, width 2m
Description	-

A foot bridge spanning Blea Water beck. The bridge comprised a pair of buttresses, with the northern buttress the best preserved. It is approximately 3m in height and 2m square, the southern buttress is effectively the same but much dilapidated. The only remains of the deck structure is a single pine tree trunk and a railway sleeper spanning the beck.

Site number	H169
Site type	Trackway
Site name	Rough Crag
NGR	NY 4551,1103
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 65m, width 2.75m
Description	
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A trackway situated at the foot of Rough Crag, approximately east/west aligned with revetments at its southern end. It gradually curves to the north-east.

Site number	H170
Site type	Shieling
Site name	Rough Crag
NGR	NY 45526,11082
Grading	2
Period	Medieval-post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 7m, height 1m
Description	

A sub-rectangular enclosure at the foot of Rough Crag. It comprises one main central cell, measuring 8m by 7m (7m north/south), with two sub cells on either side, the western structure appears to be an L shaped structure, the eastern most structure extends from the south-eastern corner of the building and possibly acts as a cheek wall to protect the entrance in the eastern wall. The building is drystone constructed from rectangular stone blocks, standing to a height in the south eastern corner of 1m. A further structure to the south east is an L-shaped wall and possibly represents a pen or stock shelter. This rectilinear structure is not inconsistent with form of known shielings; however, there is no place name evidence to indicate transhumance activity.

Site number	H171
Site type	Structure
Site name	Rough Crag
NGR	NY 45530,11063
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval

Dimensionslength 15m, width 2m, height 0.25mDescriptionA linear structure with no obvious function situated to the west of site H170.

Site number	H172
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Mardale Waters
NGR	NY 4588,1067
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	90m by 25m
Description	2

A slate quarry situated on the southern side of Blea Water beck. It comprises a crag face with extensive adit workings and spoil tips. The adit measures 35m long on a north/south axis and stands to a height of 10m. To the north-west of the face is a pair of small drystone constructed shelters. The southern most structure is rectangular in shape, approximately 2m long and 0.75m wide with a semi-circular cheek wall on its southern side. The northern structure is square with an internal division and shelf space built into its eastern wall. The walls of the northern structure are c1.50m in height and the building 4m by 4m. Both are situated on a trackway which leads from the quarry for around 30m down slope until it becomes indiscernible. A further structure, sub rectangular in shape, measuring 5m by 4m and set into an outcrop of rock has a possible chimney piece in its north-eastern wall.

Site number	H173
Site type	Bield
Site name	Mardale Waters
NGR	NY 45999,10578
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, width 1m, height 1.50m
Description	

A bield or shelter situated in the lee of an east facing crag. There is no southern wall, access being gained from the northern side, via a narrow entrance.

Site number	H174
Site type	Track revetment
Site name	Dudderwick
NGR	NY 4620,1065
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	55m by 1m by 0.4m high.
Description	

A section of track revetment situated to the immediate north of the stile on the footpath to Blea Water Tarn. It is of drystone construction and appeared to be continuous to the east of the stile but only traceable for 10m to the west.

Site number	H175
Site type	Trackway
Site name	Dudderwick
NGR	NY 4670,1072
Grading	3

Period	Post-Medieval				
Dimensions	4m width				
Description					
		0	 1	•	

A trackway which is a precursor for the modern footpath up to Blea Water. It appears to be well laid in places and is up to 4m wide, although it was too overgrown in places to be a recently laid footpath.

H176
Track revetment
Dudderwick
NY 4640,1068
3
Post-Medieval
length 80m, width 1m, height 0.40m
A stone construction similar to site H174 and possibly serves the same purpose

Site number	H177
Site type	Wall/revetment
Site name	Dudderwick
NGR	NY 4649,1070
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 40m, width 1m, height 0.50m
Description	

A length of track revetment situated to the immediate north of the wall adjacent to the weir marked on the OS 1:10,000 map. They appear to be later than the current field boundary wall and were probably constructed to prevent slippage of trackway H175.

Site number	H178
Site type	Field barn
Site name	Mardale Head
NGR	NY 4660,1060
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 5m, height 4m
Description	

A field barn constructed at the junction of two field walls, and clearly contemporary with them. It is single storied, roofed and possibly still in use. There is a window in the north-west gable and access is through a door in the south-east gable.

Site number	H179
Site type	Field barn
Site name	Mardale Head
NGR	NY 46662, 10560
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 6m, height 4m
Description	

A field barn situated on an existing drystone wall and contemporary with it. A single storey drystone construction with slate roof. It has a door in the western gable and a glazed window in the eastern gable. It is possibly still in use.

Site number	H180
Site type	Building
Site name	Bowderthwaite
NGR	NY 46900,11751
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 12m, width 12m, height 0.65m
Description	-

An 'L' shaped building situated on the western shore of Haweswater, below high water line. Comprising three cells on separate levels and of drystone construction. Each cell measures approximately 6m by 6m with walls 0.5m wide. It is in very poor condition with no discernible entrance

Site number	H181
Site type	Structure
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 46433,11708
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, width 5m, height 2.5m
Description	

A large stone building which is contemporary with the surrounding field boundaries. The building stands to its full height of 2.5m and two window openings are present in the east end gable with one other in the west gable. The entrance lies on the north side. A modern looking possible contemporary cattle shed with metal roof lies to the west.

Site number	H182
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 4640,1163
Grading	2
SMR	5669
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 40m, width 30m, height 1m
Description	

A large stock enclosure lying south of site H181 on a small prominent mound above Riggindale Beck. The east wall stands to 1m in height but the remainder of the site is in a ruinous condition.

Site number	H183
Site type	Ford
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 4638,1169
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	Width 2m, height 1.5m
Description	-

A well built ford over a stream possibly related to the Und farmstead and or site H181. The ford has been built up to prevent stock access to the stream when crossing.

Site number	H184
Site type	Bield
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 46367,11703
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	7m square
Description	-

Description

An "L" shaped structure constructed from large boulders near to Riggindale Beck. Only the north-west corner survives to any real height and the rest is poor condition. The site was probably a bield.

Site number	H185
Site type	Trackway
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 4632,1172
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	Width 3m
Description	

Description

The trackway is aligned east/west and is served by ford site H183. It seems to predate the field boundaries to the west as there is no gateway to accommodate it. The track is cut to a depth of 0.5m at its deepest places.

Site number	H186
Site type	Platform
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 4631,1167
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval/Medieval
Dimensions	length 40m, width 2-3m
Description	

A large platform lying at the junction of east/west and north/south walls. The platform tapers from 3m at its southern end to 2m at its northern end. Steps have been cut on an east/west axis at its southern end. Projecting out from the east/west wall for 4m is a wall stub possible forming a small shelter or bield. The purpose of the platform is not evident.

Site number	H187
Site type	Bield/shelter
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 46311,11631
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 2m, width 1.5m
Description	

A very small bield or shelter with internal dimensions of only 1m by 0.75m the walls standing to only 0.4m in height. The site lies on the north slopes of Riggindale.

Site number	H188
Site type	Bield

Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 46249,11639
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	2m square
Description	
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A modern bield built against the field boundaries and standing to a height of 1.5m. It has machine cut timbers associated indicating the presence of a roof.

Site number	H189
Site type	Bield
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 46113,11547
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 4m, width 1.5m high
Description	

A length of wall running north/south and bounded on both ends by large boulders. It clearly served as a and a similar bield lies 10m to the south.

Site number	H190
Site type	Bield
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 46094,11620
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 3m, height 1.5m high
Description	

A stretch of wall lying south of a massive boulder, the wall being only 0.8m wide and 1.5m high. Another in a series of high pasture sheep shelters.

Site number	H191
Site type	Bield
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 46006,11634
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, height 0.5m
Description	

A length of wall built onto a boulder outcrop with a small 1m square shelter at the southern end of the north/south wall.

Site number	H192
Site type	Bield/shelter
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 45939,11576
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, height 1.6m
Description	

A bield built onto a massive boulder with a possible sleeping platform on the north side. The bield is aligned north/south.

Site number	H193
Site type	Stock bield?
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 4590,1157
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 5m
Description	-

An "L" shaped structure built of drystone walls running 10m north/south and then turning east for 4m. It is probably a now ruined sheepfold or stock bield. The walls survive up to 1m in height.

Site number	H194
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 46720, 11750
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	8m by 5m
Description	-

An "L" shaped drystone wall construction which runs north/south for 8m and then turns west for 5m, a small 2m return turns to the south. The southern end of the main axis is bounded by a massive boulder. The walls stand to a height of 1m and are approximately 0.6m thick.

Site number	H195
Site type	Clapper Bridge
Site name	Bowderthwaite Bridge
NGR	NY 4686,1174
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 3m
Description	The clapper bridge is built with large tabular slabs of stone up to 3m wide. There
is no evidence of associated trackway although the adjoining walls do seem to bound and allow access to the bridge.	

Site number	H196	
Site type	Footbridge	
Site name	Bowderthwaite Bridge	
NGR	NY 4680,1174	
Grading	3	
Period	Post Medieval	
Dimensions	length 5m, width 2m	
<i>Description</i> A disused foot bridge crossing a tributary of Riggindale beck, the bridge is constructed of large boulders and tabular stones and is now grassed over.		

Site number	H197
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Band End

NGR	NY 4679,1205
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval?
Dimensions	length 50m, width 20m, depth 1.5m
Description	

A possible quarry consisting of a large depression to the north of Randale beck. There is little if any spoil present and no evidence of associated trackways.

Site number	H198
Site type	Round Cairn?
Site name	Randale Beck
NGR	NY 467329,12307
Grading	1
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	Diameter 10m
Description	

A large cairn lying on a plateau overlooking Mardale head and lying north of Randale beck. The cairn stands to a height of 1m on its southern side and is well defined. By virtue of its size and prominence it maybe funerary in nature. Other cairns are present in the area but extensive vegetation cover made precise location difficult.

Site number	H199
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Randale Beck
NGR	NY 4663,1239
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 10m
Description	

The sheepfold is marked on the O.S. map and is built from medium to large boulders. It is sub rectangular in shape and a roughly triangular chamber is located on the southern side. The walls survive to a height of 1.6m and the site is in good condition.

Site number	H200
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Randale Beck
NGR	NY 46591,12528
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, width 3m
Description	

A multi-celled sheepfold with external enclosure. The main enclosure is accessed from the south and is sub-rectangular in shape. The interior is a double celled sheepfold, one cell being 7m by 3m the other is too small for sheep and was possibly a shepherd's shelter. The site is marked on the O.S. 1:10,000 map.

Site number	H201
Site type	Revetted trackway
Site name	Randale Beck
NGR	NY 4658,1253

Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Width 2-3m
Degenintien	

Description

A ford marked on the O.S. 1:10,000 map forming part of this revetted trackway which runs east/west and skirts around the southern end of sheepfold H200. The track is revetted on its western side.

Site number	H202
Site type	Bield
Site name	Randale Beck
NGR	NY 46594,12505
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 2m, width 1m, height 0.30m
Description	

A small bield on a rocky outcrop lying on an island in the middle of Randale Beck. The site has been constructed using stone from the outcrop.

Site number	H203
Site type	Hut
Site name	Randale Beck
NGR	NY 46547,12584
Grading	2
SMR	6604
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 4m, height 1.3
Description	A medium sized hut lying west of Randale beck and is of drystone construction.
The entrance	probably lies in the north gable.

Site number	H204
Site type	Hut
Site name	Randale Beck
NGR	NY 46520,12467
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, width 4m, height 1m
Description	

A hut built on a grassy plateau which lies on the western bank of Randale beck opposite the ford. The entrance lies in the north-west end. It was possibly a shepherd's shelter.

Site number	H205
Site type	<i>Bield</i> /shelter
Site name	Kidsty Howes
NGR	NY 46401,12158
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 5m
Description	

The stone remains of the site of a possible shelter now comprising an extensive spread of boulders and cobbles which at first examination resemble a modern clearance cairn.

Site number	H206
Site type	Pack horse Shelter
Site name	Kidsty Howes
NGR	NY 4613,1229
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
SMR	6632
Dimensions	length 10m, width 5m
Description	-

large structure with entrances, 2m wide, in both gable ends. The walls stand to a height of 1.8m and are of dry-stone construction. The central area is clear of rubble and a small 1m square recess is located in the south-east corner of the building. Outside to the east an abutting wall 8m long and 1.5m high forms some from of later shelter wall.

Site number	H207
Site type	Bield
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 4597,1227
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	2m square, height 0.40m
Description	

A small bield on the northern slopes of the Riggendale valley. The bield is roughly "L" shaped its western end running north/south.

Site number	H208
Site type	Bield
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 4579,1221
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	5m square, height 0.60m
Description	
Δn "I" shan	ed bield lying on the north slopes of Riggendale valley. The nort

An "L" shaped bield lying on the north slopes of Riggendale valley. The north end is aligned east/west. Much of the structure has tumbled.

Site number	H209
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 45470,12106
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 6m, height 1.3m
Description	

A ruined sheepfold with walls fully present on the west and north sides with some of the east wall remaining. The walls are constructed from massive boulders and small stones

Site number H210

Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 4522,1213
Grading	3
SMR	6608
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 25m, width 15m
Description	-

A large two celled sheepfold the southern cell measuring 15m by 15m whilst the northern measures 15m by 7m. The north west corner of the sheepfold consists of a massive boulder behind which two more smaller cells are situated. The first measures 6m by 6m and the second is 1m by 1m. SMR 6608.

Site number	H211
Site type	Bield
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 44920,11954
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 3m, height 1.2m
Description	A small well built bield situated at the very head of the Riggindale valley.

Site number	H212
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 45145,11807
Grading	2
Period	Prehistoric ?
Dimensions	length 8m, width 3m, height 0.2m
Description	

An isolated cairn standing on the north side of Riggindale Beck. It consists of large earthfast stones and smaller loose material. It is possibly clearance but the date is uncertain.

Site number	H213
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 4539,1178
Grading	3
SMR	6609
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 40m, width 25m, height 1.2m
Description	

A large multi-celled sheepfold comprising four cells and the possible remains of another. The largest cell measures 30m by 20m whilst the smallest 6m by 6m. The walls are built from large boulders and smaller stones and measure roughly 0.70m wide. Parts of the sheepfold are still in use and a modern wooden hut is present on the site. Corresponds to SMR 6609

Site number	H214
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Riggindale

NGR	NY 45415,11750
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 15m
Description	

A two celled sheepfold with a large outer enclosure and a smaller internal cell measuring 7m by 3m. There is a small apsidal extension to the north-west.

Site number	H215
Site type	Bield
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 45370,11718
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	2m square, height 0.60m
Description	A small "L" shaped bield.

Site number	H216
Site type	Shelter
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 45542,11845
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, height 0.8m
Description	A length of drystone wall situated in an area of boulder outcrops, forming a
simple shelter	

Site number	H217
Site type	Structure
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 45792,11920
Grading	3/2
SMR	3065
Period	Post Medieval?
Dimensions	Diameter 6.5m, height 1m
Description	A circular, stone, enclosure built from large boulders; it has an entrance in the
south. The sit	e lies on a steep slope, (up to 30 degrees). Corresponds to SMR 3065.

Site number	H218
Site type	Shelter
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 46109,12010
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, height 0.6m
Description	
A length of w	all running in a north/south direction forming a simple shelter wall.

Site number	H219
Site type	Bield

Site name	Riggindale	
NGR	NY 4629,1188	
Grading	3	
Period	Post Medieval	
Dimensions	length 10m, width 4m, height 0.3m	
Description	A small "L" shaped bield with the main wall running north/south with the smaller	
section running east from the north end. A large 2m boulder forms the north west corner of the		
site.		

Site number	H220
Site type	Bield
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 46408,11917
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	5m x 5m, height 0.4m
Description	A small crescent shaped bield with the entrance to the east.

Site number	H221
Site type	Bield and Platform
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 4645,1194
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval,
Dimensions	length 20m, height 1m

Description

A length of wall running north-east / south-west. The site lies on top of a cleared platform cut into the hillside. The platform is marked on the east side by an exposed stone bank. The platform clearly pre-dates the bield and was a possible habitation site.

Site number	H222
Site type	Bield
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 46438,11971
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 3m, height 1m
Description	

A small length of north/south aligned drystone wall, in an area of boulders, which forms a small shelter.

Site number	H223
Site type	Spring
Site name	Bowderthwaite
NGR	NY 46666,11862
Grading	4
SMR	5670
Period	Modern?
Dimensions	Diameter 4m, height 0.1m

Description A small annular earthwork around a natural spring. It may be in part natural and is clearly associated with s natural spring.

Site number	H224
Site type	Trackway
Site name	Riggindale
NGR	NY 4678,1189
Period	Post Medieval/Medieval?
Dimensions	100m by 2.5m
Description	

A length of trackway leading into Riggindale from the second footbridge over Randale beck. The track leads into an area of sloping marsh and disappears. It is possibly associated with the pack horse shelter (H206).

Site number	H225
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Skews
NGR	NY 5059,1865
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	100m square
Description	-

A large area of Ridge and Furrow running north/south which covers about half of the field. The ridge to ridge separation is 2m. It has headlands at both ends.

Site number	H226
Site type	Ditch
Site name	Woodfoot
NGR	NY 50631,18691 - 50744,18549
Period	Post Medieval?
Grading	3
Dimensions	length 175m, width 2m, depth 1.5m
Description	

A long length of ditch running the entire length of the north east wall of the field. The eastern side of the ditch is bounded by a modern fence. The ditch meets a stream at the corner of the ridge and furrow.

Site number	H227
Site type	Wall
Site name	Woodfoot
NGR	NY 5067,1863
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
0	Post Medieval length 10m, width 2m, height 0.4m Remains of a drystone wall running out from the north-west field boundary.

Site number	H228
Site type	Wall
Site name	Woodfoot
NGR	NY 5077,1846

Grading3PeriodPost Medieval?Dimensionslength 20m, width 0.6m, height 0.2mDescriptionA length of drystone wall marked on the O.S. 1:10,000 map as in use; however, itis now ruined and collapsed down to footings.

Site number	H229
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Woodfoot
NGR	NY 5081,1839
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 50x 80m
Description	

An expanse of ridge and furrow which respects the field boundaries to the west barring the modern fence. A 5m wide headland is present on the eastern side but not on the west.

Site number	H230
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Cross Gate
NGR	NY 5092,1832
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 12m, width 7m
Description	

A small shallow quarry, up to 1m deep, with a small spoil mound in the centre (2m by 2m and 0.6m high). The site is located just east of a drystone wall and was probably associated with the wall construction.

Site number	H231
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Cross Gates
NGR	NY 5073,1846
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 50m x 70m
Degenintien	

Description

An expanse of ridge and furrow, lying east of Cross Gates, which respects the modern field boundaries. The area is bounded by two 2m wide headlands and to the west by a stream which is shown on the O.S. 1:10,000 map.

Site number	H232
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Cross Gates
NGR	NY 50667,18370
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, width 6m, depth 3m
Description	

A small quarry lying close to a field boundary. The entrance to the quarry is blocked by the walls and hence it probably pre-dates the field boundaries.

Site number	H233
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 5042,1847
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 170 x 80m
Description	Modern ridge and furrow running north-east/south-west with no visible
headlands.	

Site number	H234
Site type	Walls/structure
Site name	Dudderwick
NGR	NY 4710, 1112
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 8m and length 20m, width 5m
Description	

A series of partially preserved drystone walls and structures in an area of thick vegetation, hence complete interpretation is difficult. The recognisable components so far identified include a small sub-circular structure with a raised levelled interior measuring 10m by 8m. The walls of this structure rise up to 1.2m in height and are 0.6m wide. A smaller section of `L` shaped wall was also located approximately 10m to the west, this stood to a height of 0.8m and was 0.5m wide. Another 'L' shaped structure was located 40m to the west. This measured 20m by 5m and was similar in build style to the earlier sections and may be part of a larger structure linking the two sections of 'L' shaped wall.

Site number H235

11200
Cairnfield
The Rigg
NY 4718,1149
2
Prehistoric?
40m square
-

A series of three cairns situated in an area of cleared ground. The central cairn measures 5m by 2m and stands to a height of 0.3m. The two other cairns lying to east are less definite, measuring only 1m by 1m and up to 0.1m high. Lying to the east of this area is an expanse of dense vegetation which may mask further sites.

<i>Site numbe</i> r	H236
Site type	Sheepfold/Field Barn
Site name	The Rigg
NGR	NY 47140,11468
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	30m by 10m
Description	-

A large roughly triangular shaped sheepfold with two sections butting onto a field wall. The walls are drystone in construction and some evidence for roofing tiles was found in the debris. This roofing tile may be associated with the second component measuring 15m by 10m and standing to 1.75m which is possible the ruined remains of a field barn.

Site number	H237
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 4773,1632
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 7m
Description	

A small quarry lying on the northern slopes of Fordingdale bottom. Spoil from the quarry extends down slope for c.20m although smaller piles measuring 3m in diameter and up to 1m high are found in the quarry base. A small structure probably associated with the quarry is virtually destroyed but approximately measures 1.5m by 1m.

Site number	H238
Site type	Round cairn ?
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 4777,1630
Grading	2
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	Diameter 6m
Description	

A large cairn lying in a possibly worked hollow. The cairn consists of large and small earthfast stone and has a central depression measuring roughly 2m in diameter and 0.4m deep. The cairn is well defined and relatively prominent.

Site number	H239
Site type	Cairnfield
Site name	Fordingdale
NGR	NY 4784,1631
Grading	1
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	Area diameter 50m
Description	

A small group of five cairns, two of which are definite the other three being merely possible cairns. The cairns consist of rounded tabular stone with extensive lichen cover. They measure roughly 1.5m in diameter and stand only to 0.1m. This site is recommended for further examination and survey.

Site number	H240
Site type	Cairnfield
Site name	Fordingdale
NGR	NY 4791,1622
Grading	1
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	Area diameter 40m

Description

Six cairns located on a flat plateau beneath a crag overlooking Fordingdale Bottom. The cairns are roughly 1.5m to 2m in diameter and comprise earthfast and lichen covered stone.

Site number	H241
Site type	Cairn (clearance ?)
Site name	Fordingdale
NGR	NY 4793,1620
Grading	1
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	Diameter 4m.
Description	

A large cairn lying beneath an outcrop with scattered rock in the vicinity. The central visible core of stone measures 2m in diameter and is surrounded by earthfast stone. This site is larger than others in the area but is nevertheless probably a product of clearance.

Site number	H242
Site type	Cairns
Site name	Fordingdale
NGR	NY 47994,16197
Grading	2
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	Diameter 3m
Description	

A pair of cairns roughly 3m in diameter and standing up to 0.2m in height. To the south of these lies a plateau with some from of anomalous mound with possible demarking stones.

Site number	H243
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Fordingdale
NGR	NY 4803,1621
Grading	2
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	length 7m, width 4m
Description	

An extensive scatter of stone around a large central boulder on a southerly facing slope. Another smaller scatter lies just to the east. The whole northern fell side of Fordingdale merits a detailed inspection due to the high concentration of prehistoric remains in the area.

Site number	H244
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Fordingdale
NGR	NY 4806,1601
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 25m, height 0.8m
Description	_

A large and well constructed but now dilapidated sheepfold. Many of the walls are now earthfast, especially the east side, and would indicate relative antiquity.

Site number	H245
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Fordingdale
NGR	NY 48144,15987
Grading	1
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	Diameter 5m, height 0.8m
Description	

A sub-circular cairn situated on a flat plateau. It is well-defined and prominent. It is one of the largest in the Fordingdale area and should be included in any further survey work in the area. It is just about possible that this had a funerary function.

Site number	H246
Site type	Walls/track
Site name	Fordingdale
NGR	NY 4827,1574
Grading	2
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 3m
Description	

Two lengths of lichen covered and partially earthfast wall defining a corridor which was possibly part of a trackway. The walls are up to 1.5m wide many of which were set upright. This may have been the old pack horse route along the western edge of the lake.

Site number	H247
Site type	Footbridge
Site name	Fordingdale
NGR	NY 4824,1570
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	length 10m, width 3m, height 1.8m
Description	
1 1 0	4 1 1 0 1 1 1

A modern footbridge made of wood over Fordingdale Beck, built on stone supports. These stone supports may indicate the presence of an earlier bridge, possibly linked to H246.

Site number	H248
Site type	Structure
Site name	Sandhill Knotts
NGR	NY 4835,1547
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval?
Dimensions	length 10m, width 4m, height 3m
Description	

The remains of a building with one up standing gable end on the west side. The entrance lies within the eastern gable.

Site number	H249
Site type	Structure
Site name	Sandhill Knotts
NGR	NY 48413,15489

Grading3PeriodPost Medieval?Dimensionslength 9m, width 3.5m, height 0.2mDescription

A north/south oriented drystone structure, the walls of which are now heavily decayed. It was possibly some form of shelter. The site stands close to the trackway H250 and may be linked. The entrance was probably through the centre of the eastern side.

Site number	H250
Site type	Holloway
Site name	The Forces
NGR	NY 4853,1546
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval?
Dimensions	length 150m, width 2m
Description	-

A track with holloway profile running up slope from above Haweswater to Fordingdale Bottoms where it joins the Pack Horse track marked on the O.S. 1:10,000 map. The track runs roughly north/south but gradually fades out at its southern end. The holloway runs through an area of eroded stream courses but is distinctive throughout its length.

Site number	H251
Site type	Clearance Cairn
Site name	The Forces
NGR	NY 48774,15464
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 4m, width 3m
Description	A modern clearance cairn of loose small to medium sized stones.
Site number	H252
Site type	Building Complex
Site name	The Forces
NGR	NY 4885,1552
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	total area 70m square

Description

A group of three collapsed structures. The northern most measuring 20m by 5m with two internal cells. The walls are drystone in construction. The southern building is square in shape and hollowed out in its centre, possibly indicating a filled cellar. The western structure is a platform measuring 6m by 6m. The site is enclosed by an area of disused drystone field walls.

Site number	H253
Site type	Building
Site name	The Forces
NGR	NY 4879,1554
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 25m, width 9m

Description

A now disused and partially tumbled modern building with evidence for old metal window frames in the tumble. The walls are build of large pieces of local stone.

Site number	H254
Site type	Field System
Site name	Mile Crags
NGR	NY 48949,15682
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 175m, width 90m
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Description The remains of this large drystone walled field system lie on top of an area of slightly sloping ground. The walls are heavily ruined although still upstanding to 0.6m in places. The standing remains lie mainly on an area of natural outcropping although footings and low remains were noted running across the grazed land around the core of the site. The external enclosure wall is in good repair and it seems likely that this wall formed the edge of the original field system. No building remains were noted on site but there is another settlement in the area (**H252**). At the eastern side of the main enclosure a post medieval rectangular two celled drystone walled sheepfold has been constructed but this does not seem to be contemporary with the main enclosure and associated field walls.

Site number	H255
Site type	Platform
Site name	Sandhill Knotts
NGR	NY 4854,1533
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 10m, height 1.5m
Description	A large north-west / south-east platform constructed to one side of the present
field boundary	y. The area seems to have been divided into two cells the westernmost being ruined
but still clearl	y visible. The platform is built from and revetted by drystone walls.

Site number	H256
Site type	Building
Site name	Sandhill Knotts
NGR	NY 4851,1529
Grading	3
SMR	12818
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 60m, width 30m
Description	-

A large expanse of tumble and collapsed stone with evidence for cast iron and wooden fittings, suggesting an occupation of recent date. The site is ruined but at least four cells measuring approximately 10m by 10m were identified, however others no doubt existed.

Site number	H257
Site type	Cairns / Lynchet
Site name	Sandhill Knotts
NGR	NY 4838,1513

Grading	2
Period	Cairn undiagnostic: Lynchet Medieval/Post-Medieval
Dimensions	Cairn: diameter 3m; lynchet: length 30m, width 2m, height 1m
Description	
Cairn: A pair	of cairns lying on grassy slopes above the lake. The cairns are roughly 3m in
diameter and	the stone is exposed in both cases, they are both very prominent.

Lynchet: A lynchet like feature running possibly along the line of an old field boundary.

Site number	H259
Site type	Possible structure
Site name	Sandhill Knotts
NGR	NY 4836,1516
Grading	3
Period	Unknown
Dimensions	length 35m, width 7m
Description	
A large spread of irregular sized stones, which possibly represents the remains of a structure.	

Site number	H260
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Sandhill Knotts
NGR	NY 4837,1517
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	40m x 40m
Description	
. <u>1</u> .	

A small expanse of distinctive ridge and furrow on high ground in the south-east corner of the field. The ridges are c 5m from crown to crown, standing 0.10m high and seem to respect the field boundaries.

Site number	H261
Site type	Building
Site name	Lad Crags
NGR	NY 4830,1518
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 6m, bank height 1.2m
Description	

A ruined rectangular building with two internal cells one measuring 5m by 5m the other 15m by 5m. The walls are ruinous and the prominent banks in the surrounding area may be the demolition rubble.

Site number	H262
Site type	Building
Site name	Lad Crags
NGR	NY 4829,1516
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 5m, height 1m
Description	

A building similar to H261 with two cells one measuring 10m by 5m the other 5m by 5m. The area around the site has numerous platforms and mounds indicating localised disturbance.

Site number	H263
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Lad Crags
NGR	NY 48232,15023
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 12m, width 10m, height 1.6m
Description	A roughly square sheepfold with an entrance in the south west corner.
Site number	H264
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Lad Crags
NOD	NUL 4000 1500

She nume	Lau Clags
NGR	NY 4822,1503
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 30m, depth 3m
Description	_

A roughly circular quarry with spoil mounds at its southern end which stand to 1.5m. The quarry lies north west of H263 and was probably used for wall building.

Site number	H265
Site type	Farmstead
Site name	High House
NGR	NY 4824,1500
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 10m, height 1.5m
Description	

A small farmstead consisting of one well built central building with two smaller buildings roughly 6m and 7m square. The structures are obscured by large amounts of debris. The main building is constructed from large dressed blocks of stone and seems to have been deliberately demolished. The site was apparently demolished around the time of the construction of the dam.

Site number Site type	H266 Bield
Site name	High Street
NGR	NY 44170,11377
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 6m, width 4m, height 0.6m
Description	A small bield located on the eastern side of the boundary wall on High Street.

Site number	H267
Site type	Possible Cairn
Site name	High Street
NGR	NY 43976,12520

Grading	2	
Period	Undiagnostic	
Dimensions	Diameter 1.75m	
Description		
Two boulders seemingly placed into the soil, now earthfast, lying in an area with no outcropping		
stone. The mound is slight and the cairn is very tentative.		

Site number	H268
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Rampsgill Head
NGR	NY 44073,12590
Grading	1
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	length 3m, width 2m, height 0.2m
Description	

A definite cairn with earthfast stone lying in a small hollow on an area of flat ground. There is a possibility that other cairns exist in the area although these may be obscured by outcropping stone.

Site number	H269
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Rampsgill Head
NGR	NY 44188,12702
Grading	2
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	Diameter, 2m
Description	

An unconventional looking cairn consisting of a series of stones seemingly defining a small hollow, the cairn is only marginally upstanding but the arrangement of stones does not indicate natural origins.

Site number	H270
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Rampsgill Head
NGR	NY 44191,12747
Grading	2
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	Diameter 3m
Description	

A prominent cairn situated on a small hummock with commanding views. The cairn is constructed of large irregular stones. The whole of the Rampsgill Head area of High Street contains extensive evidence of early activity possibly associated with the communication route. It should be subjected to a more intensive survey.

Site number	H271
Site type	Possible holloway
Site name	High Street
NGR	NY 4463,1316
Grading	3
Period	Unknown

Dimensions length 40m, width 15m, depth 1m

Description

A series of shelving banks with associated hollows running close to The High Street. These two banks seem to form a holloway although their exact relationship with High Street is undetermined.

Site number	H272
Site type	Shelter
Site name	High Raise
NGR	NY 44826,13445
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 5m, width 2m, height 1.5m
Description	
A gradil chal	tor built botwoon two large boulds

A small shelter built between two large boulders along their western sides, the shelter is of drystone construction.

Site number	H273
Site type	Roman Road
Site name	High Street
NGR	NY 4402,1187
Grading	1
SMR	1522
SAM	483
Period	Roman
Sources	Kelly 1897,28,99
Dimensions	Width 7m
Description	

High Street Roman road. The road comprises a wide swathe across the ridge of High Street. In places there is evidence of agger ditches on either side of the road. Where the road surface has been exposed, a core of small and sub rounded stones are visible. The core of the road is currently suffering from acute erosion from mountain bikes and hikers. By virtue of the survival and the extensive pedestrian erosion, they should be subject to a level 2 survey.

Site number	H275
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Rampsgill Head
NGR	NY 44476,12883
Period	Undiagnostic
Description	A possible cairn located adjacent to the High Street
Site number Site type Site name NGR Grading Period Dimensions Description	H276 Dam Haweswater Dam NY 5030,4960 2 Modern 463m x 15m (at dam top)

A large concrete dam spanning the valley. Constructed following 1927 by the Manchester corporation.

Site number	H279
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 48318,15631
Grading	2
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	length 4m, width 2.5m, height 0.25m
Description	

A prominent cairn standing on a patch of dry ground surrounded by marsh. The cairn is earthfast.

Site number	H280
Site type	Cairnfield
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 4820,1554
Grading	1
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	20m x 20m
Description	

Description

Three cairns lying along a clear stretch on ground, the average size of which is approximately 2-3m in diameter and upstanding to a height of *c*.0.2m. Further cairns may exist in the vicinity, however the area is obscured by heavy vegetation growth.

Site number	H281
Site type	Building
Site name	Sandhill Knotts
NGR	NY 4820,1550
Grading	3
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 8m, height 2m
Description	

A ruined but largely upstanding building that may have served as a pack-horse shelter as it is adjacent to the pack-horse route. The gable ends of the building stand to 2m whilst the other walls survive to a height of 1m. It is probably a 19th century structure.

Site number	H282
Site type	Clearance Cairn
Site name	Sandhill Knotts
NGR	NY 48169,15442
Grading	3
Period	Medieval
Dimensions	length, 2m, width 1m
Description	A small clearance cairn standing to a height of 0.05m.

Site number	H283
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Sandhill Knotts
NGR	NY 48162,15426

Grading3PeriodPost MedievalDimensionslength 10m, width 8mDescription

An enclosure now incorporated into the drystone walls which bound the modern plantation. The boundary walls survive to a height of 2m and are clearly rebuilds over early foundations. The relict walls forming the other two sides of the enclosure are only 0.1m high. The entrance was possibly in the south-west corner.

Site number	H284
Site type	Cairn?
Site name	Fordingdale Bottoms
NGR	NY 48174,15767
Grading	4
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	Diameter 10m, height 1m
Description	

A large mound standing to a height of 1m, standing near to a stream at the foot of Fordingdale Bottoms. There is no apparent evidence to suggest that this was a burnt mound and is possibly a natural feature.

Site number	H285
Site type	Wall
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 47280,15779
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, height 0.25m
Description	

small section of drystone wall which may be the remains of a small bield, the site overlooks the large sheepfold (H286) at the end of Fordingdale Bottoms.

Site number	H286
Site type	Sheep wash
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 4721,1588
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 67m, width 20m
Description	-

A large complex of sheepfolds, marked on the OS, crossing two becks. The southern end consists of a narrow funnel like arrangement of two walls leading between two becks. On the opposite side of the southern most beck lies a small section of drystone wall which is possibly some from of revetment. The northern end of the complex consists of four interconnecting cells the northern most being open. The northern section is roughly diamond in shape and utilises natural crags in its construction. The site is almost certainly a sheep wash and was apparently constructed in a single building phase.

Site numberH287Site typeBields

Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 47402,15996
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 2m, width 1m, height 0.6m
Description	Two small crudely built bields on and close to the present path.

Site number	H288
Site type	Bield
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 47429,15978
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, height 0.40m
Description	

A small, well built bield butting onto a large earthfast boulder. The bield is roughly semi-circular in shape and uses two boulders in its construction. Under an attached boulder is a small shelter measuring 0.5m square formed underneath the overhang of the boulder.

Site number	H289
Site type	Bield
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 47465,15989
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Jongth 0.5m, width 0.4m
Description	length 0.5m, width 0.4m A small poorly built bield with heavily degraded crude drystone walls.
Site number	H290
Site type	Bield
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 48039,15904
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 0.7m, height 0.3m
Description	A small section of drystone walling butting an earthfast boulder.
Site number	H291
Site type	Bield
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 47964,15927
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 0.5m, width 0.4m

Description

A small shelter built under a boulder which has had large flakes of rock removed to form a sheltered overhang.

Site number	H292
Site type	Sheepfold

Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 4791,1594
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 12m, width 10m, height 0.8m
Description	

A large two celled sheepfold. The sheepfold lies on a natural terrace overlooking Fordingdale Bottom. One cell measures 6m by 4m. The second cell measures 12m by 10m. Both are roughly rectangular in shape.

Site number	H293
Site type	Bield
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 47877,15960
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
0	Post Medieval length 10m, height 0.4m A roughly semi-circular shaped bield of drystone construction .

Site number	H294
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 4811,1591
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 20m, depth 6m
Description	

A medium sized limestone quarry. Spoil heaps up to 1m high lie on the southern side and a small trackway also leads away from this point.

Site number	H295
Site type	Cairn?
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 48129,15861
Grading	2
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	Diameter 4m height 0.05m
D · /·	-

Description

A possible cairn standing to only 0.05m high, the site lies in a small clearing in bracken overlooking Fordingdale Bottom.

Site number	H296
Site type	Potash Kiln
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 48238,15740
Grading Period Dimensions Description	2 Post- Medieval Diameter 10m, depth 1m

A steep sided depression by a low bank up to 0.5m high and 0.8m wide. The bank does not continue of the northern side of the feature. This feature is hollowed out of a natural slope and would appear to be a potash kiln.

Site number	H297
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Haweswater Lake
NGR	NY 4755,1119
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 20m, height 12m
Description	
A limestone guarry on the eastern side of the lake T	

A limestone quarry on the eastern side of the lake. The quarry was a face working rather than an excavation and is presently used as a car park.

Site number	H298
Site type	Wall
Site name	Haweswater Reservoir
NGR	NY 47551,11139
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 3m, height 1.5m.
Description	
A length of w	all running up through a modern plantation next to the road. Possibly an old shelter
wall.	

Site number	H299
Site type	Enclosures
Site name	Haweswater Reservoir
NGR	NY 4753,1119
Grading	3
Period	Medieval ?
Dimensions	length 20m, width 20m; height 1m
Description	

A pair of rectilinear enclosures lying below the road and in the corner of a field bounded by drystone walls. The enclosures are possibly the remains of an settlement and merit further inspection.

Site number	H300
Site type	Trackway
Site name	Haweswater Reservoir
NGR	NY 4755,1123
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 145m, width 0.5m
Description	

A revetted trackway running past enclosures (H299), in an easterly direction. The revetment stands to a height of 0.3m. Gaps in the surrounding drystone walls accommodate the passage of this feature.

Site number	H301
Site type	Spoil Mound
Site name	Haweswater Reservoir
NGR	NY 47690,11357
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 3m, height 1m
Description	
A kidney shaped spoil mound lying next to a dry-stone wall.	

Site number	H302
Site type	Bridge
Site name	Hollow Stone
NGR	NY 47903,11774
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 6.5m, width 0.6m, height 1.25m
Description	
A rebuilt foo	thridge currently lying on the lake footne

A rebuilt footbridge currently lying on the lake footpath. Under the modern concrete topped bridge are earlier supports on each side with some atypical sandstone inclusions.

Site number	H303
Site type	Field System
Site name	Hollow Stone
NGR	NY 4788,1165
Grading	3
Period	Medieval
Dimensions	length 300m, width 200m
Description	-

A large field system running up the steep slope beside the lake. The system consists of a series of strip fields approximately 20m wide and is bounded by a single drystone wall. The top is bounded by the road whilst the base is bounded by a modern track and the lake.

Site number	H304
Site type	Survey Platform
Site name	Haweswater Reservoir
NGR	NY 47881,12307
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	length 10m, width 7m, height 1.6m
Description	A modern concrete structure consisting of a reinforced concrete base. The wh
site is situate	d on a prominent outcrop overlooking the lake. There is evidence for drain

Description A modern concrete structure consisting of a reinforced concrete base. The whole site is situated on a prominent outcrop overlooking the lake. There is evidence for drainage channels running across the larger block. It is interpreted as a survey platform.

Site number	H305
Site type	Draw-Off Tower
Site name	Haweswater Reservoir
NGR	NY 4792,1310
Grading	3
Period	Modern

Dimensions c 10m diameter

Description a draw-off tower set within the area of the lake to provide for the draw off of water. It is depicted as a tower on the 1:10,000 mapping and is associated with a pier.

Site number	H306
Site type	Trackway
Site name	Old Corpse Road
NGR	NY 4790,1181 to NY 5040,1260
Grading	3
SMR	6615 and 6616
Period	Medieval
Dimensions	Width 2m
Description	

The track runs from the road up and over to Swindale. It zigzags through natural breaks in the terrain. There is evidence for clearance at various points along the path and it is associated with a series of buildings and possible peat scales. These High Loup structures constitute a rare survival of rural settlement. They are linked to the Old Corpse road, itself an ancient trackway and therefore a more detailed survey of this group is recommended.

Site number	H307
Site type	Structural remains
Site name	High Loup
NGR	NY 48220,11970
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 6m, width 4m, height 0.2m
Description	
The remains of	of a drystone constructed building. The walls were much degraded however it could

The remains of a drystone constructed building. The walls were much degraded however it could be seen to be rectangular in plan with an entrance in the eastern side.

Site number	H308
Site type	Building remains
Site name	High Loup
NGR	NY 48231, 11940
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 5m, width 4m, height 0.05
Description	

The now earthfast remains of a small rectangular building. The site lies on a natural platform some 15m to the east of site H309.

Site number	H309
Site type	Building
Site name	High Loup
NGR	NY 48262,11975
Grading	2
Period	Post-Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 6m, height 1.5m-2.5m
Description	

A twin celled rectilinear building The building is rectilinear in shape with both cells measuring 10m by 6m. The northern cell appears to be a later addition. The extensive evidence for slate in the surrounding tumble indicates this was a slate roofed structure.

Site number	H310
Site type	Building
Site name	High Loup
NGR	NY 48295,12015
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, width 5m, height 0.15m
Description	
The remains	of a rectangular building visible ber

The remains of a rectangular building visible beneath and to the east of the previous three buildings. The remains consist of drystone walls, with a possible entrance to the north.

Site number	H311
Site type	Building
Site name	High Loup
NGR	NY 48325,11925
Grading	2
Period	19th Century
Dimensions	length 7m, width 5m, height 2m-2.5m
Description	

A well preserved building near the Old Corpse road. The doorway is on the eastern side of the northern gable wall and stands to a height of 1.7m with *in situ* lintels. Two blocked windows measuring 0.5m by 0.4m are situated in the eastern wall and evidence for slate tumble indicates this was a slate roofed structure.

Site number	H312
Site type	Building
Site name	High Loup
NGR	NY 48354,11948
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 6m, width 4m, height 0.5m
Description	
-	

The remains of a building set on a constructed platform near the Old Corpse Road. There is a small holloway running from the north-east corner of the building towards the Old Corpse Road.

Site number	H313
Site type	Building
Site name	High Loup
NGR	NY 48362,11972
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, width 5m, height 0.35m
Description	

The remains of a drystone constructed rectangular building. The western end of the building is now earthfast. The entrance appears to be at the northern end of the western wall.

Site number	H314
Site type	Building
Site name	High Loup
NGR	NY 4838,1199
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 5m, width 4m
Description	-

A small building. The wall of the structure were constructed from rounded stone and are on top of larger boulder foundations, which may relate to an earlier building. The overall structure stands on a platform which extends 3m beyond the north of the edge of the building. The two phases of this building suggest that it had a reasonable antiquity.

Site number	H315
Site type	Building
Site name	High Loup
NGR	NY 48337,11967
Grading	2
SMR	6615 and 6616
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 9m, width 4m
Description	-

This building stands to only 0.05m in height and has a drystone construction. The building was rectangular in shape with a possible entrance on the western side. The buildings are linked to the Old Corpse road, itself an ancient trackway and therefore a more detailed inspection of this group is recommended. The group contains SMR sites 6615 and 6616

Site number	H316
Site type	Wall
Site name	High Loup
NGR	NY 4839,1193
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m
Description	

The remains of a wall lie next to the Old Corpse Road. The site is roughly semi-circular in shape and could be the remains of an old bield or sheepfold.

Site number	H317
Site type	Bield
Site name	Low Loup
NGR	NY 48222,11592
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 3m, width 3m
Description	

A roughly constructed bield adjacent to Sleaford beck. The walls are extremely thick giving an internal space of only 2m by 2m.

Site number H318

Site type	Building
Site name	Low Loup
NGR	NY 48197,11559
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 5m, height 1m
Description	

A rectilinear drystone constructed building lying on a natural platform overlooking Mardale. The entrance is in the north-east corner. The level of decay and form of the structure suggest considerable antiquity.

Site number	H319
Site type	Building
Site name	Low Loup
NGR	NY 48220,11525
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 6m, height 1.8m
Description	

A twin celled building overlooking Haweswater. The eastern cell measures 10m by 6m and predates the western end. The entrance to this cell is in the south west corner. The western cell butts onto the other and measures 10m by 6m. Its entrance is situated in the south west corner, a small widow is located in the north west corner. The character and level of decay of the building suggest relative antiquity.

Site number	H320
Site type	Building
Site name	Low Loup
NGR	NY 48280,11473
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 6m, height 0.5m
Description	
A reatilinger	directory constructed building locat

A rectilinear, drystone constructed, building located close to the beck. The entrance is in the south west corner.

Site number	H321
Site type	Building
Site name	Low Loup
NGR	NY 48293,11435
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 6m, width 5m, height 0.35m
Description	

A small rectilinear building of drystone construction. The site is earth covered at its western end and the entrance is in the north-east corner. It is well-decayed and may have early origins.

Site number	H322
Site type	Bield
Site name	Hopgill Beck

NGR	NY 48239,11298
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 2m, width 1m, height 1m
Description	
A small dryst	one constructed bield. The building is rectangular in plan and abutts an upstanding
boulder.	

Site number	H323	
Site type	Rectilinear Structure	
Site name	Hopgill Beck	
NGR	NY 48239,11277	
Grading	3	
Period	Undiagnostic	
Dimensions	length 3m, width 3m, height 1m	
Description		

A small square building outlined now only by lines of stones. It has no obvious entrance.

Site number	H324
Site type	Sheepwash
Site name	Hopgill Beck
NGR	NY 4829,1111
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Overall area 75m by 20m
Description	2

A large sheepfold located at the head of a subsidiary valley on the side of Hopgill Beck. The sheepfold consists of a large drystone walled enclosure measuring 40m by 20m which is divided by an internal wall at its north end. The southern end consists of two joining triangular folds (measuring 10m by 10m) which lead onto a revetted section of beck and this has at least in part served as a sheep wash. The site is still in use. The main enclosure has been rebuilt with capped drystone walls over an earlier structure of probably identical dimensions.

H325	
Drain	
Hopgill Beck	
NY 4841,1124	
4	
Post Medieval	
length 30m, width 0.2m	
A small length of relatively recent drainage with clearly defined sharp edges running through an	

Site number	H326
Site type	Clearance Cairn
Site name	Old Corpse Road
NGR	NY 4874,11970
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval

Dimensions length 0.8m, width 0.6m, 0.4m *Description*

A small clearance cairn on the side of the Old Corpse Road. It has a sub-oval shape. The site is earthfast but has considerable amounts of protruding stone. The association wit the road may suggest that it was not prehistoric.

Site number	H327
Site type	Marker Stone
Site name	Old Corpse Road
NGR	NY 48845,12032
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval/Medieval
Dimensions	0.3m, 0.2m, height 0.4m
Description	

A single upright stone, with no evidence of working, marking the course of the Old Corpse Road. It has now been superseded by wooden posts.

Site number	H328
Site type	Marker Stone
Site name	Old Corpse Road
NGR	NY 48919,12094
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	0.4 by 0.3, height 0.45m
Description	

A single upright stone, with no evidence of working, marking the course of the Old Corpse Road. Now superseded by wooden posts.

Site number	H329
Site type	Marker Stone
Site name	Old Corpse Road
NGR	NY 48940,12133
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval/Medieval
Dimensions	0.4m by 0.1m, height 0.35m
Description	
A single upri	ght stone, with no evidence of working, marking the course of the Old Corpse

A single upright stone, with no evidence of working, marking the course of the Old Corpse Road. It is now superseded by wooden posts.

Site number	H330
Site type	Peat Cutting
Site name	Ritchie Crag
NGR	NY 4932,1231
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 100m, width 50m
Description	An area of peat cutting north of the Old Corpse Road.
Site number	H331
Site type	Cairn

Site name	Woof Crag
NGR	NY 49187,12803
Grading	3
Period	Modern/Prehistoric ?
Dimensions	Diameter 0.8m, height 1.2m
Description	

A modern pyramidal shaped cairn which lies on top of a stone mound of approximately 4m by 3m. The mound is on top of a natural outcrop and there is a possibility that it is natural, although it could also be an early cairn.

Site number	H332	
Site type	Bield	
Site name	Guerness Gill	
NGR	NY 48786,13104	
Grading	3	
Period	Post Medieval	
Dimensions	length 5m, width 0.5m, height 0.4m.	
Description		
A single length of drystone wall aligned approximately east / west. It is possibly a shelter wall.		

Site number	Н333
Site type	Possible Structural Remains
Site name	Grains Gill
NGR	NY 48774,13055
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	Diameter 5m, height 0.8m
Description	

A mound of relatively earthfast stone lying near Grains Gill. Leading from the north end of the mound is a spur of stone 4m long and 2m wide which may be the remains of a drystone wall. This appears to be the decayed elements of a structure.

Site number	H334
Site type	Structure
Site name	Guerness Gill
NGR	NY 48665,13073
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 6m, width 5m, height 0.45m
Description	

A heavily degraded structure of drystone construction. The structure is rectangular in shape and has an entrance in the north-east corner. On the north western side of this feature is a natural platform with possible wall remains outlining its edge which may indicate the presence of an early enclosure.

Site number	H335
Site type	Bridge
Site name	Gurness Gill
NGR	NY 48479,13219
Grading	3

PeriodPost MedievalDimensionslength 5m, width 3m, height 1.5mDescriptionA relatively recent pedestrian bridge over Gurness Gill. The bridge is stone built and has an ironpipe running through it.

Site number	H336
Site type	Bield
Site name	Mardale Banks
NGR	NY 48341,13097
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 0.5m, height 2m
Description	
A 11 1 · 1	

A small bield built onto the face of a natural crag. The walls are of drystone construction and stand to 2m in height but only project from the crag for 0.5m.

Site number	H337
Site type	Structure
Site name	Aaron's Bield
NGR	NY 48471,12941
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 5m, height 0.6m
Description	-
A maatilimaam	atministration of directory construction

A rectilinear structure of drystone construction located in a natural hollow. The entrance is situated in the centre of the northern wall. The site name refers to this structure.

Site number	H338
Site type	Wall
Site name	Mardale Banks
NGR	NY 4843,1292
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 1m, height 1.75m
Description	

A length of well constructed drystone wall running between two crags in a natural hollow. There was no evidence of a second wall in this area and it would not appear to be the remains of an enclosure and was probably a simple stock shelter.

Site number	H339
Site type	Building
Site name	Mardale Banks
NGR	NY 48402,12791
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, width 5m, height 0.5m
Description	

A heavily degraded rectangular drystone structure. The building has an entrance in the centre of the northern wall, and overlooks site H338.

Site number	H340
Site type	Structure
Site name	Mardale Banks
NGR	NY 48376,12660
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 12m, width 5m, height 0.45m
Description	

A heavily degraded rectangular drystone structure. The building has an entrance on the eastern side of the northern wall.

Site number	H341
Site type	Survey Post
Site name	Mardale Banks
NGR	NY 4801,1258
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	length 5m, width 5m, height 6m.
Description	

Survey Post shown on the modern O.S. 1:10,000 maps. The site comprises a concrete base with a drystone constructed roughly pyramidal tower on top.

Site number	H342
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Guerness Gill
NGR	NY 48473,13313
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 12m, width 5m, height 1m
Description	

A rectangular drystone walled enclosure butting onto a crag. In one corner of the enclosure are the remains of a ruined structure, the walls of which stand to only 0.25m and are earthfast. The ruined structure measures 9m by 5m and is rectangular in shape.

Site number	H343
Site type	Structure
Site name	Guerness Gill
NGR	NY 48396,13288
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 6m, width 3m, height 0.6m
Description	

A crudely built and now ruined structure standing immediately beside a beck. It was roughly rectangular in plan and displayed no evidence of internal divisions. The site is unlikely to be a dwelling due to its size and location, but could be a small shelter.

Site number	H344
Site type	Bridge
Site name	Guerness Gill

NGR	NY 48435,13480
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 1m, width 1m
Description	A small relatively modern pedestrian bridge with an iron pipe at its centre.

Site numberH345Site typeSettlementSite namePods NetNGRNY 4860,1366Grading1PeriodMedieval/Post MedievalDimensionslength 250m, width 200mDescription

This is a major upland settlement site with numerous buildings, structures and fields. The central area of the site consists of a series of well preserved drystone structures associated with a large complex sheepfold. On the west side of this is a group of structures, some of which could be dwellings whilst others are probably outbuildings and related structures. The rest of the marked area is filled with areas of ridge and furrow which are defined by cairns and decayed walls. The area has a high density of archaeological remains in generally good state of preservation and is recommended for more detailed survey.

Site number	H348
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Swindale
NGR	NY 52158,14178
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 8m
Description	An earthfast, relatively recent clearance cairn associated with the road and stream
in the area.	

Site number	H349
Site type	Structure
Site name	Swindale
NGR	NY 52104,14128
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 4m

Description

A small enclosure or structure consisting of an internally revetted hollow with associated earthen banks. A track runs close to the site and leads towards a nearby spoil heap which mainly consists of modern debris.

Site number	H350
Site type	Wall
Site name	Rosgill Moor
NGR	NY 5205,1428
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval

Dimensionslength 24m, width 0.45m, height 0.3mDescriptionA length of drystone wall aligned approximately north west / south east.

Site number	H351			
Site type	Cairn			
Site name	Mere Sike			
NGR	NY 51771,14290			
Grading	3			
Period	Undiagnostic			
Dimensions	length 2m, width 1.5m, height 0.05m			
Description				
		2	 	

A small cairn made up of large tabular blocks lying on top of a small knoll beside a beck.

Site number	H352
Site type	Peat Cuttings
Site name	Mere Sike
NGR	NY 5177,1426
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 50m, width 40m
Description	A small area of peat cuttings to the west of cairn H351.

Site number	H353
Site type	Potash kiln
Site name	Mere Sike
NGR	NY 51649,14246
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 3m, width 3m, height 0.4m
Description	

A hollow up surrounded by a circular bank standing to 0.4m in height with an opening facing the beck. It is set into a slope and site is possibly a potash kiln.

Site number	H354
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Mere Sike
NGR	NY 51741,14165
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 0.4m, height 0.1m
Description	A relatively recent clearance cairn beside a beck.
Site number Site type Site name NGR Grading Period Dimensions Description	H355 Clearance Cairn Mere Sike NY 51531,14272 2 Prehistoric/Medieval length 7m, width 6m, height 0.8m

A large irregular shaped mound of clearance stone on top of natural outcropping. The mound is situated next to an area of relatively flat, cleared ground and is probably the product of its clearance. The neighbouring structure, site H356, is possibly related and maybe contemporary.

Site number	H356
Site type	Structure
Site name	Mere Sike
NGR	NY 51510,14261
Grading	2
Period	Prehistoric/Medieval
Dimensions	length 5m, width 4m
Description	-

A small sub-elliptical shaped feature consisting of earthfast banks with protruding stone. The entrance to the site faces onto the cleared ground mentioned in the description of site H355 and it probably relates to the clearance area.

Site number	H357
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Long Rigg
NGR	NY 50966,13522
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 5m, width 5m, depth 1m
Description	
A 11	1 11 0 1 4 4

A small quarry, probably for slate extraction, with a smaller depression c.10m to the east which measures 2m by 2m and is far shallower. Small amounts of spoil were present at the site, the majority of which was poor quality slate.

Site number	H358	
Site type	Trackway	
Site name	Long Rigg	
NGR	NY 5098,1371 - 5043,1334	
Grading	3	
Period	Undiagnostic	
Dimensions	Width 2m	
Description	A fairly continuous grassy track with evidence for heavy recent vehicular activity.	
The date of the track is indeterminable due to lack of related features.		

Site number	H359
Site type	Marker Stone
Site name	Powley's Hill
NGR	NY 50460,13490
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	Height 1.5m
Description	-

A large prominent orthostatic stone with a sub triangular cross section standing on the high point of a hill. The site was probably erected as some form of marker.

Site number H360

Site type	Potash kiln
Site name	Harper Hills
NGR	NY 51355,14531
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 4m, depth 0.5m
Description	_

A small kiln set into a bank with further constructed banks of up to 0.25m high and 2m wide defining its edge. The site is situated above an area of marshy ground and is possibly a potash kiln.

Site number	H361
Site type	Water Management Feature
Site name	Harper Hills
NGR	NY 51409,14625
Grading	4
Period	Modern
Dimensions	Diameter 20m
Description	

An area of modern disturbance consisting of a large mound with man hole covers and areas of concrete hardstanding.

Site number	H362
Site type	Covered Reservoir
Site name	Harper Hills
NGR	NY 51017,14495
Grading	4
Period	Modern
Dimensions	11m x 9m

Description

A modern covered reservoir which is depicted on the O.S. 1:10,000 Map. The main feature is a deep pool hewn into the rock at the top of the steep slope leading down towards Naddle Farm. There is a pipeline (H363) running between this and site H361.

Site number	H363
Site type	Pipeline
Site name	Harper Hills
NGR	NY 51017,14495 - 51409,14625
Grading	4
Period	Modern
Dimensions	Width 3m
Description	
A modern co	vered pipeline running between the reservoir and the water management feature,
H361.	

Site number	H364
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Harper Hills
NGR	NY 51042,14448

Grading	4
Period	Modern
Dimensions	Diameter 0.6m, height 0.45m
Description	A modern cairn with a central iron post on top of a small hill.

Site number	H365
Site type	Building Remains
Site name	Powleys Hill
NGR	NY 50315,13946
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 4m, chimney stands to 3.5m
Description	

The site is marked on the O.S. 1:10,000 map as a chimney but is in fact the remains of a building. It survives as a flat concrete platform which would have once formed the floor of a building. The repointed chimney still exists and stands to a height of over 3.5m. Oral evidence points to the possibility of this site being an old hunting lodge where the Kaiser supposedly once stayed.

Site number	H366
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Powleys Hill
NGR	NY 50677,14187
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	length 8m, width 6m
Description	
A modern wo	oden constructed sheepfold standing in the corner of a field and marked on the O.S.
1:25,000 map	

Site number Site type Site name NGR Grading Period Dimensions Description	H367 Cairn Scalebarrow Knotts NY 51981,15312 3 Modern Diameter 0.5m, height 0.45m A modern cairn located on a prominent outcrop.
Description	A modern cann located on a prominent outcrop.
Site number	H368
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Scalebarrow Knotts
NGR	NY 52097,15327
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	Diameter 0.6m, height 0.4m
Description	A modern cairn located on a small knoll.
Site number	H369
Site type	Holloway

Site name	Rosgill Moor
NGR	NY 5249,1547
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 60m, width 4m, depth 2m
Description	

A stretch of well worn holloway aligned approximately east / west. The site does not seem to be connected directly to any other features and the lack of vehicle tracks probably indicates that it is no longer in use.

Site number	H371
Site type	Clearance
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5216,1424
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 50m, width 20m
Description	-

An extensive area of relatively modern clearance with numerous small non-earthfast cairns and banks. The sites are located near the course of a seasonal stream that runs through the enclosed land in this area.

Site number	H372
Site type	Platform
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5218,1414
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 10m
Description	

A poorly defined platform lying in enclosed land and butting onto the present road. The platform is defined by a break in slope but has suffered extensive recent disturbance from vehicular activity

Site number	H373	
Site type	Cairn	
Site name	Swindale Foot	
NGR	NY 52198,14237	
Grading	3	
Period	Modern	
Dimensions	length 5m, width 2m, height 0.5m	
Description		
A modern non-earthfast irregular and isolated clo		

A modern non-earthfast irregular and isolated clearance cairn with exposed medium and large stone.

Site number	H374
Site type	Building
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5218,1401
Grading	3

SMR5685PeriodPost MedievalDimensionslength 15m, width 8m, height 5mDescriptionA large well built two storied drystone barn adjacent to the modern road. The barn is still in useand seems to be well maintained.

Site number	H375
Site type	Farmstead
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5220,1370
Grading	1
Period	Medieval?
Dimensions	length 600m, width 400m
Description	-

An area of fields centred on Swindale Foot Farm that may indicate the presence of a Medieval farmstead. All fields marked on O.S. Map. There is evidence for disused building platforms and a series of large scale river revetments which would indicate intensive and prolonged usage for this area. The sites importance lies in its relation to the other archaeological remains in the valley. The site with its radial field system could possible be the focus for the medieval activity in the valley and may be connected to Shap Abbey, possibly even a grange site. A more detailed survey is recommended.

Site number	H376
Site type	Wall
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5192,1349
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 2m, height 1.5m high.
Description	
· · · · · · · ·	

An isolated stretch of well built drystone walling built on a foundation of large tabular and rounded boulders. The site stands alone in a field and may be the remains of a relict field system.

Site number	H377
Site type	Wall
Site name	Swindale Lane
NGR	NY 5181,1343
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 0.45m, height 0.7m
Description	
	1 4 11 11 1 4 41

A length of drystone wall perpendicular to the modern road and associated walls. The wall appears to extend beyond the road and may therefore predate it.

Site number	H378
Site type	Trackway
Site name	Tailbert Bank
NGR	NY 5277,1445

Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 700m, width 2.5m
Description	

A hollowed trackway contouring along a slope above Swindale beck. The site runs down to Swindale Foot farm and leads over the hill heading towards Shap Abbey and which would reinforce a possible connection between Swindale Foot and the abbey.

Site number	H379
Site type	Wall
Site name	Tailbert bank
NGR	NY 5264,1435
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 50m, width 0.8m, height 0.4m
Description	

A length of drystone wall running directly upslope. The downslope end is cut by a track and terminates at the start of a bank which probably contains a pipeline. The site is probably the remains of part of the enclosure system dating from the c18th/c19th century.

Site number	H380
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5210,1357
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 20m
Description	-

A large drystone walled enclosure built into an area defined by natural crags. The main enclosure has a smaller enclosure in its north eastern corner containing three smaller stalls/buildings standing to a height of 0.75m. These are also of drystone construction but it is unlikely that they were ever roofed. The site is possibly associated with H375.

Site number	H381
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Beck
NGR	NY 51995,13370
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 5m, width 5m
Description	-

A small drystone `D' shaped enclosure lying beside a beck with a smaller bield, measuring 2m by 2m, in its south western corner.

Site number	H382
Site type	Possible Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Beck
NGR	NY 5197,1334
Grading	4
Period	Undiagnostic

Dimensions length 10m, width 8m *Description*

A definable mound of tumble of assorted stone sizes. There are clear signs of linearity and it may be the remains of a small enclosure. The ruinous state of this feature precludes any formal identification.

Site number	H383
Site type	Bridge
Site name	Low Katelade
NGR	NY 52005,13319
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval/Medieval
Dimensions	length 3m, width 2m
Description	-

A small stone built bridge over a tributary beck lying on the route of a local track. This may have been on the line of an earlier pack horse or drove route.

Site number	H384
Site type	Dam
Site name	Low Katelade
NGR	NY 5207,1329
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	length 15m, width 0.6m
Description	-
A modern co	oncrete dam, on a small stream. It is part of the water management scheme in

A modern concrete dam, on a small stream. It is part of the water management scheme in Swindale Valley.

Site number	H385
Site type	Dam
Site name	Swindale Beck
NGR	NY 5164,1325
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	length 30m, width 3m, height 3m
Description	
A modern dam blocking Swindale Beck and there is also a water filtration plant on the site.	

Site number	H386
Site type	Quarries
Site name	Vaugh Steel
NGR	NY 4979,1844
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 8m, depth 0.5m
Description	· -

A group of four shallow, grassed over, quarries with little spoil present. They are possibly linked to drystone wall construction in the area.

Site number H387

area.

Site type	Quarry
Site name	Vaugh Steel
NGR	NY 49880,18380
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 5m, depth 0.6m
Description	
A small shall	ow quarry now grassed over, probably linked to drystone wall construction in the

Site number H388 Site type Clearance Cairn Site name Cross Gate NGR NY 50698,18213 Grading 3 Period Post Medieval Dimensions Diameter 4m, height 0.4m Description A crudely built clearance cairn of exposed stone situated on a small natural outcrop.

Site number	H389
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Cross Gate
NGR	NY 50732,18188
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 5m, width 2m, depth 0.3m
Description	A small shallow quarry, probably linked to drystone wall construction in the area.

Site number	H390
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 50412,18016
Grading	3
SMR	14192
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 25m, width 12m, depth 3m
Description	_ ` _

A quarried outcrop with tumble at the base exposed. The site appears modern in date, and is probably linked to drystone wall construction in the area.

Site number	H391
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 50355,17965
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 2m, depth 0.3m
Description	-

A small quarried outcrop with little spoil present, probably linked to drystone wall construction in the area.

Site number	H392
Site type	Platform
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 50294,17868
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 4m, height 0.4m
Description	

A small rectangular, possible, platform situated in the corner of a field. The exact relationship with the field walls is unclear but it is likely that it pre-dates or is contemporary with the walls.

Site number	H393
Site type	Dam
Site name	Force Hole
NGR	NY 5003,1780
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	length 25m, width 3m, height 5m
Description	-
A modern co	proceeded and at the bottom of a steen beck and

A modern concrete dam at the bottom of a steep beck, and is part of the modern water management system in the area.

Site number	H394	
Site type	Quarry	
Site name	Force Hole	
NGR	NY 4994,1776	
Grading	3	
Period	Post Mediaeval	
Dimensions	Diameter 2m, depth 0.6m	
Description		
A small shallow quarry, probably linked to drystone wall construction in the area.		

Site number	H395	
Site type	Quarry	
Site name	Force Hole	
NGR	NY 49969,17785	
Grading	3	
Period	Post Medieval	
Dimensions	Diameter 6m, depth 1m	
Description		
A small shallow quarry with little spoil present, probably linked to drystone wall construction in		
the area.		

Site number	H396
Site type	Quarries
Site name	Force Hole
NGR	NY 4997,1795

Grading	3		
Period	Post Medieval		
Dimensions	Area 15m square		
Description	-		

A series of three quarries cut into a natural outcrop. The workings are all small and localised and are probably linked to drystone wall construction in the area.

Site number	H397
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 4998,1803
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Area 70m by 50m
Description	

An area of very definite ridge and furrow earthworks with a crown to crown width of c.1.5m, aligned approximately north/south. This is probably relatively recent.

Site number	H398
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 5019,1798
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 150m x 110m
Description	

An area of ridge and furrow earthworks aligned approximately north-west to south-east with a 2m crown to crown width. The earthworks respect the current field boundaries

Site number	H399
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Hollockhowe
NGR	NY 5025,1796
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 40m, width 30m
Description	An area of ridge and furrow earthworks aligned north-west to south-east with a
2m crown to crown width spacing, which respect present field boundaries	

Site number	H400
Site type	Lynchet
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 50221,17969
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 25m, height 1m
Description	A distinctive lynchet dividing ridge and furrow sites H398 and H399.
Site number	H401
Site type	Lynchet

Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 5031,1808
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length c 227m, width 3m, height 2m
Description	

A sharply defined break of slope with a lynchet like profile, this is possibly the remains of an old boundary as it is aligned with other upstanding field boundaries in the area.

Site number	H402
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 5024,1804
Grading	3
SMR	14191
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 10m, height 5m.
Description	

A large quarry with extensive exposed faces. The first area of working measures 10m by 10m and the second 20m by 5m. A smaller depression just to the north measures 8m by 6m and is 1m deep.

Site number	H403
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 5037,1815
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 105m x 61m; 3m wide
Description	

Description

An area of ridge and furrow earthworks, (3m from crown to crown) contained within the current field boundaries but wider than other ridge and furrow in the vicinity and was not necessarily contemporary.

Site number	H404
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 5049,1818
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 2m, depth 1m
Description	A small shallow stone quarry cut into an outcrop, with little remaining spoil,
probably linked to drystone wall construction in the area.	

Site number	H406
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 5062,1831
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 10m, depth 5m

Description

A medium sized stone quarry with an exposed face standing to 5m in height. There was little spoil present on site and the quarry was probably a stone quarry providing for drystone wall construction.

Site number	H407
Site type	Field Boundary
Site name	Hullockhowe
NGR	NY 5042,1823
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m+, width 2m, height 0.4m
Description	A low earthfast bank marking the line of a now disused field boundary.

Site number	H409
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Rough Hill
NGR	NY 4983,1931
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 120m x 70m; 2.5m wide
Description	
An extensive	area of ridge and furrow (2.5m crown to crown) which respects the present fiel

An extensive area of ridge and furrow (2.5m crown to crown) which respects the present field boundaries and is cut by site H410.

Site number	H410
Site type	Bank
Site name	Rough Hill
NGR	NY 4984,1927
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Width 4m, height 1m
Description	

A bank which cuts the ridge and furrow site H409, and consists of an earthen bank with a drystone wall on its eastern side.

Site number	H411
Site type	Quarries
Site name	Rough Hill
NGR	NY 4998,1935
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 40m x 40m
Description	

A series of three quarries cut into a natural outcrop (the largest measuring 20m by 20m and up to 3m deep, the smallest approximately 3m by 2m and 0.5m deep). The major entrance to this site leads out onto the neighbouring ridge and furrow site H412.

Site number	H412
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Rough Hill

NGR	NY 4995,1930
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 60m x 50m; 1.5m wide
Description	

A large expanse of narrow ridge and furrow (1.5m crown to crown) aligned roughly north/south. The site appears to respect the field boundaries.

Site number	H414
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Lowther House
NGR	NY 5010,1955
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 10m, depth 2.5m
Description	

A large, kidney shaped stone quarry pit extending out some 20m from an exposed quarry face. It probably provided for local drystone wall construction.

Site number	H415
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Lowther House
NGR	NY 5017,1965
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 10m, height 0.4m
Description	
A low, earthe	en bank, aligned perpendicular to a drystone wall and which forms a rectangular
enclosure.	

Site number	H416
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Lowther House
NGR	NY 5040,1966
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 125m x 100m: 3m wide
Description	

A large expanse of ridge and furrow (3m crown to crown) which appears to respect the field boundaries.

Site number	H417
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Butterwick
NGR	NY 5061,1972
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 60m, width 40m
Description	
An expanse o	f ridge and furrow (2m crown to crown) that respect the present field boundaries

An expanse of ridge and furrow (2m crown to crown) that respect the present field boundaries.

Site number	H419
Site type	Well
Site name	Butterwick Crag
NGR	NY 50636,19649
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 2m, width 2m
Description	

A stone revetted well lying next to a revetted slope and cut into an outcrop. The well presently has a modern metal bucket at its base, but does not seem to be in use.

Site number	H420
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Butterwick Crag
NGR	NY 5066,1963
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 10m, depth 2m
Description	

A small stone quarry in the corner of a field. It probably provided for local drystone wall construction.

Site number	H421
Site type	Clearance Cairn
Site name	Butterwick Crag
NGR	NY 50527,19453
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 5m, width 1m, height 1m
Description	-

A modern linear clearance cairn with exposed stone located in an isolated position away from field boundaries.

Site number	H422
Site type	Trackway
Site name	Low Rough Hill
NGR	NY 4991,1929
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	Width 2m
Description	

A hollowed track bounded by a drystone wall and a one metre high bank. The site seems to serve as a major access route up onto the higher fields and the depth to which it has been hollowed indicates a considerable period of usage.

Site number	H423
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Moorahill Farm
NGR	NY 4985,1861

Grading3PeriodPost MedievalDimensionslength 15m, width 8m, height 1.5mDescriptionA sub-triangular shaped enclosure in the corner of a field, the walls are of drystone construction.The site is now used as a plantation.

Site number	H424
Site type	Bield
Site name	Truss Gap
NGR	NY 5145,1332
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 17m, width 4m
Description	-

A poorly constructed three sided bield formed by the construction of a wall butted between a now ruinous field boundary and an adjacent small crag.

Site number	H425
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Hannah Crag
NGR	NY 5138,1331
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 25m, width 25m, height 0.3m
Description	
A rectangula	r drystone enclosure which is much degraded. Two further sections of wall lead off

A rectangular drystone enclosure which is much degraded. Two further sections of wall lead off from the enclosure and are extant elements of an earlier phase of the field system.

Site number	H426
Site type	Relict Bield
Site name	Hannah Crag
NGR	NY 5108,1316
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 12m, width 7m, height 0.7m
Description	

A small 'L' shaped section of large crude drystone walling which defines a small rectangular enclosure, possibly a former bield.

Site number	H427
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Hannah Crag
NGR	NY 5108,1320
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 7m, height 1.5m
Description	

A small rectangular drystone enclosure situated in the corner of a field. The feature has been cut into the slope and the interior has a flattened floor.

Site number	H428
Site type	Enclosures
Site name	Hannah Crag
NGR	NY 5112,1328
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 5m; length 7m width 4m, height 0.3m
Description	

Two small possible enclosures on a natural outcrop. The first consists of two small lengths of decayed drystone walling. The second enclosure is similar although slightly smaller but with superior drystone walling.

Site number	H429
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Hannah Crag
NGR	NY 5113,1331
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m+, width 12m+, height 0.8m high
Description	

A ruined enclosure situated in an area of rocky ground; it consists of a series of small sections of drystone walls standing in places to 0.8m high. A further small sub-rectangular enclosure (6m by 2m up to 0.5m high) is located 20m to the north east

Site number	H430
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Hannah Crag
NGR	NY 5104,1323
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 25m, height 1.8m
Description	

A well built drystone enclosure with two small sub-structures in the south western corner. The first internal structure measures 10m by 8m and the second, smaller, structure measures 6m by 3m. The walls are all well constructed and in a reasonable condition.

Site number Site type Site name NGR Grading	H431 Enclosure Hannah Crag NY 5075,1299 3
NGR	NY 5075,1299
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 30m, height 1.5m
Description	A roughly square drystone walled enclosure in a reasonable condition.

Site number	H432
Site type	Bield
Site name	Black Crag
NGR	NY 5079,1301

Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 8m, height 1.3m
Description	
A sub-rectang	ular drystone bield butting onto a section of field boundary. The site is cut into the
slope and is in a reasonable state of repair.	

Site number	H433
Site type	Structural Remains?
Site name	Black Crag
NGR	NY 50670,12884
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	length 7m, width 5m, height 1m
Description	

A revetted section of wall running parallel to a section of field boundary; the revetment stands to a height of 1m and might be a structural element. The area between the wall and revetment is flat and cleared of stone and this may define a platform.

Site number	H434
Site type	Building Complex
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5043,1257
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	see below
Description	18m by 10m: 15m by 10m: 10m by 10m: max. height 0.8m.

This consists of three buildings in a ruined state; they were demolished in the 1930's to supply stone for the garages at the Haweswater Hotel. All the buildings stand to a maximum height of 0.8m and all have obvious quoining. The site was probably either a small farm or outbuildings for Swindale Head Farm. This is one of numerous post medieval building complexes that survive at the south end of Swindale indicating a relatively higher density of population by comparison with the present.

Site number	H435
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5042,1253
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval?
Dimensions	length 15m, width m 10m, height 1.2m
Description	
All that rema	ains of this probable stock enclosure are

All that remains of this probable stock enclosure are two lengths of drystone walling one of which is revetted into the slope.

Site number	H436
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5041,1255
Grading	3

PeriodMedieval/Post MedievalDimensionslength 40m, width 40m, height 0.05mDescriptionAn area of poorly defined ridge and furrow earthworks with a prominent headland which standsto 0.3m in height. It appears that the earthworks respected the current field walls.

Site number	H437
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5029,1262
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 18m, height 1.4m
Description	
A wall built	roughly rootongular drustong wallad

A well built roughly rectangular drystone walled enclosure standing at the head of a small outgang leading down to the farm. The entrance is in the south western side.

Site number	H438
Site type	Outgang
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5029,1259 to NY 5000,1187
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	Width 3m
Description	

A drystone walled outgang running along the valley from site H437 to the head of the valley. The site is occasionally broken by natural features and does not always respect the field boundaries now standing, in places the site is virtually destroyed and becomes a single field boundary.

Site number	H439
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5018,1230
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 40m, width 30m, height 1.2m
Description	

A large irregularly shaped drystone walled enclosure with an associated structure. The rectangular structure (15m by 10m) is of similar drystone construction and is cut into the slope, forming a level platform above the steeply sloping enclosure.

Site number	H440
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 50152,12340
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 20m, height 0.8m
Description	-

A small triangular shaped drystone walled enclosure some 35m from H439. The two sites are connected by a degraded length of drystone wall.

Site number	H441
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Swinedale Head
NGR	NY 5009,1223
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 15m, depth 2.5m
Description	
Δ small earth	covered stone quarry with som

A small earth covered stone quarry with some exposed stone. Probably a small localised quarry for drystone construction.

Site number	H442
Site type	Holloways
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 4992,1219
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	Width 3m, depth 2.5m
Description	

A series of zig-zagging holloways running up the slope towards Low Birkin Knott. The holloways are very prominent and would have served as the upland access track for the now deserted farms at this end of Swindale.

<i>a</i> , 1	XX 4 4 A
Site number	H443
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5010,1213
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 20m, height 0.8m
Description	
-	

A small drystone revetted enclosure butting onto the corner of a field wall. The enclosure is located on top of a what appears to be a levelled platform, although there is the possibility that it is natural.

Site number	H444
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 50154,12117
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 5m, height 1.8m
Description	
An irrogular	drustana analasura which annaars to be for

An irregular drystone enclosure which appears to be formed out of the remains of part of the old outgang.

Site number H445

Site type	Building Remains
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 49926,11753
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 6m, height 1.5m high and
Description	

A well built structure now in a considerable state of disrepair. To the west is an earthfast banked enclosure (20m by 10m and 0.1m high), the banks have stone protruding and are probable wall remains. This is probably an outfield barn.

Site number	H446
Site type	Bield
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5013,1193
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 0.75m, height 1.5m
Description	

A shelter wall/bield erected on bedrock outcrop. It is drystone constructed from local undressed stone.

Site number	H447
Site type	Bield
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5018,1194
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 13m, width 0.80m, height 2m
Description	

A bield consisting of a length of well built drystone wall constructed below an overhanging rock forming a sheltered area.

Site number	H448
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Dodd Bottom
NGR	NY 5020,1199
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 10m, height 1m
Description	
. 1	

An enclosure built into the corner of a field, using the field boundary as one wall. The site is three sided and constructed from large boulders and contains a crudely built small bield in one corner.

Site number	H449
Site type	Structure
Site name	Dodd Bottom
NGR	NY 50219,11925
Grading	3

PeriodPost MedievalDimensionslength 10m, width 8m, height 3mDescription

The substantial remains of a building comprising two large cells and a small single cell resembling a barn. One of the large cells was formerly accessed by a large ramp for the hay loft and there is evidence of a small stairway into the loft. The other large cell is of similar size, with a double door with curved arch above. The site was probably an outfield barn connected to the deserted settlements at this end of Swindale but was clearly not a domestic structure.

Site number	H450
Site type	Shelter Wall
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 50314,11991
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, height 0.80m
Description	A length of drystone walling providing shelter for stock within the field.

Site number H451

Sile minileer	
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Dodd Bottom
NGR	NY 5029,1188
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 14m, width 9m
Description	

A sub circular two celled sheepfold. The large cell measures 9m by 9m, the smaller cell being 5m by 5m. It is adjacent to a stream and may have been a washfold.

Site number	H452
Site type	Potash Kiln ?
Site name	The Knott
NGR	NY 5032,1185
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, width 6m, depth 0.7m
Description	
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A circular feature constructed from earthfast stones and set in a small depression. It may have been the remains of a kiln as it was hollow in the middle and was cut into the slope.

Site number	H453
Site type	Shelter Wall
Site name	Dodd Bottom
NGR	NY 5038,1204
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 17m, width 12m, height 1.5m high
Description	An "L" shaped drystone shelter for stock.

Site number H454

Site type	Farm
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5028,1214
Grading	2
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	2 storey structure: 8m x 8m; Barn: 15m x 8m
Description	

A large farmstead consisting of a number of agricultural structures including a barn and farmhouse set around a courtyard. The farmhouse structure is double celled with the remains of a fireplace and is two storied. A smaller structure by 8m x 8m and is also two storied with a fireplace. The barn measures 15m by 8m and is accessed through a double door. The whole complex was served by a walled lane which is now sealed at its eastern end. This farmstead merits a more detailed survey.

Site number	H455
Site type	Barn
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5035,1225
Grading	2
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 10m, height 3.5m.
Description	
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A two storied structure, which has the initial appearance of a bank barn. Further inspection revealed that it contains numerous mullioned windows, doorways and two fireplaces indicating a domestic function.

Site number	H456
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	The Knott
NGR	NY 5051,1230
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 50m, width 40m, height 0.15m
Description	
A sorias of ri	day and furrow, parthworks logated in th

A series of ridge and furrow earthworks located in the field around The Knott. It is three metres from ridge to ridge.

Site number	H457
Site type	Quarry
Site name	The Knott
NGR	NY 50472,12008
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 3m, width 2m, height 1.5m
Description	

A small area of extraction situated in the side of the hill and is probably associated with drystone wall construction.

Site number	H458
Site type	Structure

Site nameThe KnottNGRNY 50450,11987Grading3PeriodPost MedievalDimensionslength 10m, width 7m, height 3mDescription

A single storied drystone wall structure which is ruinous, with one wall missing. The precise function of the structure is uncertain.

Site number	H459
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	The Knott
NGR	NY 5051,1187
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Description	

An area of ridge and furrow earthworks extending over the Knott. The earthworks measure 2m from crown to crown and are quite prominent. A number of the fields in the Swindale Head area contain features which resemble ridge and furrow earthworks.

Site number	H460
Site type	Possible Structure
Site name	Dry Grove Gill
NGR	NY 50702,12195
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	N/A
Description	

Local farmers refer to a structure in this area. Evidence for a feature is a kink in the field wall, a stub of a wall butting through the field wall, some evidence of footings and earthfast rubble. Its size, shape and form are indeterminable from the present evidence.

Site number	H461
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Dog Crag
NGR	NY 50929,12496
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 5m
<i>Description</i> appears to be	A small quarry with steeply sloping sides and mounds of associated spoil. It an area of outcropping stone which was quarried, probably for drystone walling.

Site number	H462
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Gouther Crag
NGR	NY 5135,1287
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 20m, height 0.3m.

Description This comprises a small narrow bank constructed of earthfast stones. It extends through the current fence and is butted onto the drystone wall where it was more intact. It is extremely ruined.

Site number	H463
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Gouther Crag
NGR	NY 5139,1287
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 50m, width 35m
Description	
A ² 1	1 1

A square drystone constructed enclosure. There is evidence of a further enclosure which may have surrounded it. It was probably a stock pen.

Site number	H464
Site type	Shelter Wall
Site name	Gother Crag Gill
NGR	NY 5150,1289
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 11m, height 0.9m
Description	_
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A length of slightly curving shelter wall. There were no associated structures and it was probably a stock shelter wall.

Site number	H465
Site type	Shelters
Site name	Gouther Crag Gill
NGR	NY 5152,1288
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 60m, width 50m
Description	

A group of enclosures located in an area of large boulders. The shelters are constructed by drywalling between the boulders. There are approximately 15 shelters within this group. The average size of each shelter is c2m square. All seem to form a focal point around enclosure H466.

Site number	H466
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Gouther Crag
NGR	NY 5157,1290
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 35m, width 30m, height 1.5m
Description	

A rectangular drystone stock enclosure containing a hog hole on the gulley side. A line of drystone walling extends off from the enclosure up to the crag.

Site number	H467
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Mullender
NGR	NY 5164,1342
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 4m
Description	
An 'I ' shaned	drystone enclosure which is partly ruinous. An adjacent area of boulders may be a

An 'L' shaped drystone enclosure which is partly ruinous. An adjacent area of boulders may be a decayed element of the structure.

Site number	H468
Site type	Barn
Site name	Mullender
NGR	NY 5161,1345
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 10m, height 2.5m
Description	

A bank barn located on a steep slope. The down slope side was very ruinous, with the entrance in the uphill wall. An indication of the age of the structure may be gained from the fact that there was a large oak tree growing in the centre.

Site number	H469
Site type	Bield
Site name	Mullender
NGR	NY 5172,1350
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 3m, height 0.6m
Description	
A bield loca	ted below an overhanging rock. A semi circular drystone front wall creates a
sheltered alco	ve.

Site number	H470
Site type	Shelter wall
Site name	Mullender
NGR	NY 5174,1352
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 8m, height 1.3m
Description	

A crescent shaped drystone constructed enclosure. It was evidently built as a crescent as there is no evidence for a return wall. It was probably a shelter wall.

Site number	H471
Site type	Field Boundary
Site name	Mullender
NGR	NY 5179,1350

Grading 3 Period Post Medieval Description

The remains of a field boundary which appears below the present field wall and follows the stream course. It is constructed from boulder uprights in places and in others more formal drystone walling. It divides the field along with other field boundaries into small strips and may be a relict element of a medieval field system.

Site number	H472
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5184,1360
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 15m, height 1.2m
Description	An 'L'-shaped enclosure of drystone construction which acts as a shelter wall for
stock.	

Site number	H473
Site type	Structure
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5194,1368
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 4m, height 2.5m
Description	

A single celled structure situated on a plateau on the hill slope. It presently has a single gable entrance with a small window in the opposite gable. It has a corrugated iron roof and is probably still in use. It is associated with H474.

Site number	H474
Site type	Field Boundary
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5194,1368
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Description	

A relict field boundary associated with hut H473. It divides the field into approximately a one acre strip and appears to be a relict feature of a medieval field system.

Site number	H475
Site type	Structure
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 51986,13721
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	length 8m, width 4m, height 0.4m
Description	

An extremely ruined structure that now consists of a sub-rectangular alignment of tumble with a possible associated drystone wall.

H476	
Shelter Wall	
Swindale Foot	
NY 5202,1374	
3	
Post Medieval	
length 15m, width 0.8m, height 1.5m	
An 'L' shaped section of drystone walling which is in good condition in the centre but ruinous at	

Site number	H477
Site type	Field Boundary
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5204,1376
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 11m, width 0.8m, height 0.3m
Description	A ruinous length of drystone wall with a small gate gap in its centre.

Site number	H478	
Site type	Enclosure	
Site name	Swindale Foot	
NGR	NY 52064,13810	
Grading	3	
Period	Post Medieval	
Dimensions	length 10m, height 4m, height 1m	
Description		
A small drystone walled enclosure possibly associated with field boundary H477.		

Site number	H479
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5207,1391
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 25m, width 25m, height 1m
Description	A roughly rectangular drystone wall enclosure on steeply sloping ground, the site
is related to the	ne field walls and was possibly a stock enclosure.

Site number	H480
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5209,1395
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 10m, height 0.4m
Description	A ruinous, roughly rectangular drystone wall enclosure, probably for stock.

Site number	H481
Site type	Field Boundary
Site name	Swindale Foot
NGR	NY 5208,1397
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval/Medieval
Dimensions	length 45m, width 1.5m, height 0.3m
Description	A ruinous field boundary with numerous large stones along its course.
Site number	11407

Site number	H482
Site type	Charcoal Burning Platform
Site name	Swindale Foot Crag
NGR	NY 51999,14089
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 6m, height 0.4m
Description	

A well defined platform on top of a natural crag with some drystone revetting at the front, the rear cut was approximately 0.4m in depth. There was also a small section of drystone walling which may be a relict survival of a small enclosure on the site.

Site number	H483
Site type	Charcoal Burning Platform
Site name	Swindale Foot Crag
NGR	NY 5191,1400
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval/Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 7m; height 1m (at front)
Description	

A small well defined platform, with no structural component, and a possible trackway running through the site.

Site number	H484
Site type	Tower
Site name	Bewbarrow Crag
NGR	NY 5189,1409
Grading	2
SMR	6657
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 4m, width 4m, height 3.5m
Description	

A well constructed drystone structure with an entrance in the north east corner. The structure is windowless. Although in terms of general character the structure appears to have had a defensive function, it has the entrance at ground level and the tower is overlooked by adjacent crags, therefore it would not have been successful. The view from the top of the tower did not offer any defensive advantage and therefore the precise function of the feature is uncertain.

Site number	H485
Site type	Storage Point
Site name	Swindale Foot Crag

NGR	NY 51739,14075
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 1.5m, width 1m, height 1m.
Description	A small drystone structure butting on to the field wall, probably used as a feed
storage point.	

Site number	H486
Site type	Trackway
Site name	Swindale Foot Crag
NGR	NY 5176,1364
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 3m, height 0.2m
Description	
A	·

A small isolated section of drystone revetted trackway with no associated features.

Site number	H487
Site type	Structural Remains
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 4991,1185
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval/Medieval
Dimensions	length 25m, width 20m, height 0.5m
Description	

A completely ruined rectangular structure, similar to H445 and probably related. The site is positioned on a raised platform and may have been a small outfield barn or similar type structure.

Site number	H489
Site type	Modern cairn
Site name	Hare Shaw
NGR	NY 49511,13133
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	length 0.6m, width 0.7m, height 1m
Description	A modern pyramidal cairn on a natural stone outcrop.
Site number	H490
C'	Madama Caima

Site type Modern Cairn

Site name	Hare Shaw
NGR	NY 50169,13263
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	length 0.7m, width 0.5m, height 1.2m
Description	A modern pyramidal cairn on a natural stone outcrop.

Site number	H491
Site type	Bield
Site name	High Birkin Knott
NGR	NY 49660,12152
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 6m, width 3m, height 0.4m
Description	-

A small drystone bield built into a small hollow at the base of High Birkin Knott.

Site number	H492
Site type	Bank/Causeway
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5072,1256
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval/Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 3m, height 0.8m
Description	

A well defined bank with a flat top (1.5m wide) running across a marshy area of ground but cut by a field boundary and a modern track. This may be an old boundary or causeway; there appear to be other similar sites in the area which may define derelict pre-enclosure field patterns in Swindale.

Site number	H493
Site type	Building
Site name	Parsonage, Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5070,1262
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 5m, height 1m
Description	A ruined rubble filled structure and related building remains. The site was
former only the	nonserve and was last accounted in a 1970. It massible has a small analogue and

formerly the parsonage and was last occupied in c.1870. It possible has a small enclosure and outbuilding associated with it.

Site number	H494
Site type	Bank
Site name	Swindale Head
NGR	NY 5077,1258
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 35m, width 3.5m, height 0.9m
Description	A larger version of site H492 with stones defining its eastern edge. It probably
served a boundary function.	

Site number	H495
Site type	Site of Chapel and School
Site name	Truss Gap
NGR	NY 5133,1310
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Sources	Whellan 1860, 809 and Whiteside 1904, 62-3 and 68
Dimensions	N/A
Description	The site of the old school and chapel, now marked b

Description The site of the old school and chapel, now marked by a triangular drystone wall enclosure with a small plantation. There are no visible remains however docuementry research revealed that a chapel was constructed at Swindale in 1749 and repaired in 1855. The western part of the building served as a school . Whiteside, however, believed that the date of construction had been around the year 1700 and that the school had been built in 1728, butting onto the earlier building. The chapel was funded by the Swindale Chapel Trust, established by indentures in 1703, 1704 and 1750.

Site number	H496
Site type	Bield
Site name	Whelter Bottom
NGR	NY 4661,1342
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 0.5m, height 1m
Description	A small crescent shaped bield or shelter, comprising a drystone wall between two
large boulders	3.

Site number	H497
Site type	Bield
Site name	Whelter Bottom
NGR	NY 46376,14074
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 9m, width 5m, height 0.7m
Description	
A small roug	hly rectangular bield constructed around two large boulders with drystone walling
between.	

Site number	H498
Site type	Hut
Site name	Whelter Bottom
NGR	NY 4709,1403
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 4m, height 3.5m
Description	_

A well constructed rectangular drystone building in a sheltered hollow on an artificial, raised platform. The site is half destroyed but has at least two windows and an entrance in the eastern side. The site has commanding views over the surrounding area. This may be an old peat hut built on the site of an earlier structure.

Site number	H499
Site type	Structure
Site name	Whelter Bottom
NGR	NY 46983,13977
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7.5m, width 7m, height 1.3m
Description	

A well constructed drystone structure with a blocked entrance on its eastern side forming a storage pen. The site lies on a constructed platform which stands to a height of 0.7m on its down slope side. The modern rebuilding has obscured any older features on the site restricting a precise interpretation.

Site number	H500
Site type	Structure
Site name	Whelter Bottom
NGR	NY 4672,1384
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 9m, width 4m
Description	

A ruined hut structure lying in a natural linear depression. The walls are crudely made with basic quoining at the corners and the entrance is in the eastern side. It was a possible peat hut.

Site number	H501
Site type	Structure
Site name	Whelter Bottom
NGR	NY 46686,13880
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 5m, height 1.5m
Description	

A ruined drystone structure. The entrance is in the western wall and the site lies in the same natural depression as H500. It is a possible peat hut.

Site number	H502
Site type	Structure
Site name	Whelter Bottom
NGR	NY 4667,1390
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 16m, width 4m, height 1.5m
Description	-

A four celled structure, the more recent rebuild being the most westerly two cells of the same structure. The cells measure 4m by 4m and have been rebuilt to form a small sheep shelter and storage point, one is three sided and the other has no entrance. The eastern cells are now ruined down to footings but probably formed part of a complete earlier structure, these measure 4m by 3m and 4m by 4m. It would appear to have the form and characteristics of an old peat hut.

Site number	H503
Site type	Bield
Site name	Whelter Bottom
NGR	NY 4669,1373
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 18m, width 12m, height 1.2m
Description	
A roughly by	ilt II ! shanad hiald on shalten wall with a

A roughly built 'L' shaped bield or shelter wall, with some sections of walling surviving only as footings. There is also a small shelter behind an attached boulder measuring 3m by 2m.

Site number	H504
Site type	Bield
Site name	Whelter Bottom
NGR	NY 46755,13534
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, height 1.2m
Description	

A single length of well maintained drystone walling running off from a large overhanging boulder, associated with it is a small wooden storage pen.

Site number	H505
Site type	Structure
Site name	Whelter Bottom
NGR	NY 47115,13650
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 8m, width 4m, height 1m
Description	

A well built rectangular drystone structure with an entrance in the north east corner. It displays the characteristics of an old peat hut.

Site number	H506
Site type	Bield
Site name	Whelter Bottom
NGR	NY 4710,1341
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 3m, height 1m
Description	
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An 'L' shaped bield of drystone construction. The bield possibly occupies the site of an earlier structure in the form of decayed foundation; however, there is only slight evidence for this.

Site number	H507
Site type	Bield
Site name	Gatesgarth
NGR	NY 46954,10002
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval

Dimensionslength 3m, width 3m, height 1.2mDescriptionA small crudely built, semi-circular bield butting onto a large boulder.

Site number	H508
Site type	sheepwash
Site name	Gatesgarth
NGR	NY 4703,9983
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 25m, width 20m
Description	-

A large well made sub circular, two celled sheepfold located beside a stream, which has been partially dammed to form a wash point.

Site number	H509
Site type	Shelter wall
Site name	Gatesgarth
NGR	NY 46962,99268
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 3m, height 0.5m
Description	-

A crudely constructed arc of walling which although heavily tumbled is probably relatively recent, judging by the vegetation cover and character of the structure.

Site number	H510
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	Gatesgarth
NGR	NY 4694,9921
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, width 15m, height 0.4m
Description	

A large irregular sheepfold with crudely constructed drystone walls. The site has four cells, all of irregular shape, built around various boulders.

Site number	H511
Site type	Quarry
Site name	Mardale Head
NGR	NY 4712,1079
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 20m, depth 9m
Description	A large quarry adjacent to the road. The quarry is large enough to be considered a
formal extraction site rather than a source of field wall material. It is associated with the road,	
which was clearly the outlet for the stone.	

Site number	H512
Site type	Holloways
Site name	Hollow Stone

NGR	NY 4802,1171
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval/Medieval
Dimensions	length 40m+, depth 2m
Description	
A group of small holloways running upslope from the road possibly towards the quarries and	
peat huts (H317-21).	

Site number	H513
Site type	Quarries
Site name	Hollow Stone
NGR	NY 4799,1164
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 20m, height 6m
Description	

A series of three quarries running across slope. Two of the quarries have large faces up to 6m in height with substantial spoil heaps. The third quarry lies in between these two and is much smaller affair with a face standing to only 2.5m in height and with a diameter of only 10m. These represent formalised extraction and did not serve drystone wall construction. They are adjacent to the road which provided the outlet for the stone.

Site number	H514
Site type	Aqueduct
Site name	Naddle Farm
NGR	NY 5100,1528
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	-
Description	Large concrete aqueduct
Site number	H515
Site type	Dam/Weir
Site name	Naddle Farm
NGR	NY 5095,1520
Grading	3
Period	Modern
Dimensions	-
Description	Modern dam/weir
Site number	H516
Site type	Pen
Site name	Naddle Farm
NGR	NY 5081,1497
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 4m, width 2m, height 1.3m
Description	-
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A small drystone sheep pen butting onto a field wall. It is divided into two halves by a wooden partition.

Site number	H517
Site type	Enclosure
Site name	Highfield Crag
NGR	NY 5072,1492
Grading	3
Period	Medieval
Dimensions	length 30m, width 20m, height 0.2m
Description	

A prominent and well defined earthfast bank with protruding stone that defines a roughly rectangular area on the side of a hill. Immediately outside the north west corner is a small circular feature measuring 9m by 8m cut into the side of the hill. This forms a level platform and may be related. The main site may be an old stock enclosure or pen.

Site number	H518
Site type	Bank
Site name	Highfield Crag
NGR	NY 5078,1489
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval/Medieval
Dimensions	length 35m, width 2m, height 0.5m
Description	

A curved bank with numerous large protruding stones extends towards the stream from the existing field boundary, This is probably an old field boundary and is a relict element of an earlier field system.

Site number	H519
Site type	Structural Remains and Relict field system
Site name	Highfield Crag
NGR	5073,1484
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 10m, width 5m
Description	

There is considerable survival of elements of lynchets and associated relict agricultural boundary earthworks. These would appear to reflect the survival of a potentially medieval field system and would warrant a level 2 survey. Within the area of the field system is a ruined drystone structure with one quoined corner being partly visible. The structure was built up against the field boundary and on a constructed platform which stands up to 1m above the surrounding ground surface. It is possibly an old field barn.

Site number	H520
Site type	Sheepfold
Site name	High Field Crag
NGR	NY 5043,1441
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 8m
Description	

A large drystone sheepfold with two small roofed structures surrounded by a modern wooden sheep pen. The sheepfold is still in use and is in a good state of repair.

Site number	H521	
Site type	Pipeline	
Site name	Harper Hills	
NGR	NY 5068,1425	
Grading	3	
Period	Modern	
Dimensions	-	
Description		
A pipeline which runs towards the reservoir (H552), in places it is visible and revetted by lengths		
of drystone w	all	

Site number	H522
Site type	Enclosures and Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Mirkside
NGR	NY 5144,1531
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	c 420m x 120m
Description	

A series of decayed walls and enclosures defining elements of a relict field system. It is next to the main path between Naddle Farm and Swindale. The walls stand to only 0.1m-0.5m in height. There is an area of ridge and furrow with a crest to crest width of 1m-1.3m but this is very vague. The site is cut by a modern fence dividing the North West Water land from the neighbouring farm, consequently a full examination could not take place. Structure H523 is also an element of the relict field system. It is recommended that this area receives a more detailed survey.

Site number	Н523
Site type	Structural Remains
Site name	Mirkside
NGR	NY 5134,1534
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 9m, width 4m. height 0.6m
Description	-

The remains of a completely demolished structure associated with the enclosures and field system of site H522. The drystone remains are earthfast with protruding stones and outline a rectangular building. An adjacent section of walling mirrors the structure and would appear to reflect another cell or structure.

Site number	H524
Site type	Cairn
Site name	High Laithe Pike
NGR	NY 50525,15232
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 0.7m, height 0.7m

Description A pyramidal type cairn in a prominent position.

Site number	H525
Site type	Cairn
Site name	High Laithe Pike
NGR	NY 50221,15167
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	Diameter 1m, height 1.5m
Description	A modern pyramidal cairn.
Site number	H526
Site type	Clearance Cairn
Site name	Highfield Crag
NGR	NY 50197,14784
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	length 3m, width 2.5m, height 0.3m
Description	A roughly pear shaped clearance cairn in a small hollow near the top of a hill. The
date is uncerta	ain.
Site number	H527
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Highfield Crag
NGR	NY 50219,14756
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	length 2m, height 1.5m, 0.5m
Description	A modern cairn on a natural outcrop.
Site number	H528
Site type	Clearance Cairn
Site name	Highfield Crag
NGR	NY 50222,14774
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	length 4m, width 3m
Description	An irregular shaped low lying mound of mixed sized stone lying on a small
natural outcro	p. It would appear to be a clearance cairn and is probably related to sites H526-7.
Site number	H529
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Wallow Crag
NGR	NY 49642,14931
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval/Modern
Dimensions	length 0.9m by 0.8m, 0.6m high
Description	A modern or post-medieval cairn on a rocky outcrop.

Site number H530

Site type	Cairn
Site name	Kit Crag
NGR	NY 49408,14722
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	length 7m, width 5m, height 0.8m
Description	

A prominent well defined cairn lying at the base of a slope. The cairn is earthfast with some protruding stone. The date is uncertain but the size suggests a possible clearance cairn.

Site number	H531
Site type	Bank
Site name	NY 4967,1408
NGR	Naddle Forest
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 45m, width 2m, height 0.3m
Description	

A prominent and well defined bank running roughly north/south which may be the western edge of an enclosure. However the surface remains were too indistinct to provide a definitive assessment. The bank is partially earthfast with a large number of protruding stones.

Site number	H532
Site type	Cairns
Site name	Naddle Forest
NGR	NY 4961,1420
Grading	2
Period	Prehistoric?
Dimensions	length 8m, width 6m, height 0.7m & 5m square, height 0.4m
Description	

Two prominent and well defined, relatively large cairns located in a small natural basin. Their form is slightly irregular and may indicate a clearance function. However, their prominence and size are not inconsistent with a funerary function.

Site number	Н533
Site type	Clearance Cairns
Site name	High Forest
NGR	NY 49348,14232
Grading	3
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	Diameter 4.5m, height 0.3m & diameter 5m, height 0.4m
Description	
Two promine	ent cairns located in a natural depression. Both are earthfast y

Two prominent cairns located in a natural depression. Both are earthfast with some protruding stone and would appear to be a product of clearance.

Site number	H534
Site type	Hut Circle?
Site name	Naddle Forest
NGR	NY 49651,14498

Grading1PeriodPrehistoricDimensionsDiameter 8m, height 0.3mDescription

A well defined circular bank with significant quantities of protruding stone. The site lies at the base of a south facing slope and the entrance is in the southern side. The bank is 1m wide and very well defined and is probably linked to the other sites in the area. It is internally terraced and may be a hut circle.

Site number	H535
Site type	Bank
Site name	Naddle Forest
NGR	NY 4966,1453
Grading	2
Period	Prehistoric?
Dimensions	length 13m, width, height 1m, height 0.2m
Description	
A poorly defi	ned but visible earthfast bank extending just above hut circle H534. The

A poorly defined but visible earthfast bank extending just above hut circle H534. The bank may be part of a larger enclosure. The grading reflects the context of similar sites.

Site number	Н536
Site type	Clearance Cairn
Site name	Naddle Forest
NGR	NY 49701,14516
Grading	2
Period	Prehistoric?
Dimensions	Diameter 5m, height 0.4m
Description	-
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A prominent, circular earthfast cairn with protruding stone lying at the base of a slope. It is relatively prominent and well-defined.

Site number	Н537
Site type	Bank
Site name	Naddle Forest
NGR	NY 4970,1448
Grading	2
Period	Prehistoric?
Dimensions	length 10m, width 1.5m, height 0.3m
Description	

A linear section of earthfast stone bank in the general vicinity of the previous sites. The site may be linear clearance and be part of an agricultural system.

Site number	H538
Site type	Ridge and Furrow
Site name	Naddle Forest
NGR	NY 4979,1453
Grading	3
Period	Medieval/Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 70m, width 60m
Description	

A large expanse of ridge and furrow running up / down slope with a crest to crest width of 2m. The base of the area is defined by a large bank with large quantities of protruding stone.

Site number	H539
Site type	Clearance Cairn
Site name	Naddle Forest
NGR	NY 49798,14447
Grading	3
Period	Prehistoric/Medieval
Dimensions	length 6m, width 3m, height 0.1m
Description	
An agime that	has been nortially demaged by the

An cairn that has been partially damaged by the subsequent use of the site as a feeding point for livestock. The cairn is badly disturbed, non-prominent and poorly defined.

Site number	H540
Site type	Structural Remains
Site name	Naddle Forest
NGR	NY 49830,14415
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, width 4m, height 0.4m
Description	

A rectangular drystone structure which has now been destroyed, the drystone construction is relatively modern; it is probably c19th or later. It is possibly a small field barn.

Site number	H541
Site type	Cairnfield
Site name	Naddle Forest
NGR	NY 4985,1438
Grading	1
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	length 55m long, width 13m
Description	

A small cairnfield located in a natural gully between two rock outcrops. The seven cairns are all generally small measuring 2 or 3m in diameter and standing to around 0.3m high. The cairns are well spaced and seem to be placed at the edges of the cultivable area, which is defined by a flat, grass covered stone free area.

Site number	H542
Site type	Cairn
Site name	Naddle Forest
NGR	NY 49969,14458
Grading	3
Period	Prehistoric/Medieval
Dimensions	length 7m, width 4m, height 0.6m
Description	

A prominent cairn with an earthfast base but exposed top. The cairn maybe ancient or more likely has an ancient base and has been enhanced more recently. The site lies on a small rocky knoll.

Site number	H543
Site type	Field System
Site name	Naddle Farm
NGR	NY 507,149
Grading	3
Period	Medieval
Dimensions	-
D	

Description

The fields outlined to the south of Naddle farm contain a wealth of archaeological features. These range from numerous relict field boundaries to a probable settlement site (south of H519). This area in particular has a high density of earthworks and may be the site of an early farmstead. This would appear to be the remains of a relict agricultural landscape, which may be medieval in date. Because of the complexity of the area it was not feasible to generate greater detail than an outline as part of a level 1 survey and instead it is recommended for a level 2 survey to provide an appropriate level of recording and interpretation.

Site number	H544
Site type	Cairns
Site name	Bampton Common
NGR	NY 4800,1611
Grading	2
Period	Prehistoric
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 190m x 150m
Description	

A series of small cairn groups on a area of natural terracing on the side of a hill. The sites are generally well defined but have suffered some disturbance and are obscured by bracken. The cairn groups comprise up to three cairns associated with localised agriculturally viable areas. The area needs to be the subject of a more detailed survey.

Site number	H545
Site type	Mound
Site name	Fordingdale Bottom
NGR	NY 4820,1571
Grading	4
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	c 7.5m diameter
Description	A large prominent mound adjacent to a stream, the mound includes large boulders
in its make u	p and may be of natural glacial origin. It has no frost fractured material and no

Site number	H546
Site type	Structure
Site name	Sandhill Knotts
NGR	NY 4817,1535
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	c 5m width
Description	

characteristic kidney and does not appear to be a burnt mound.

A small sub rectangular structure which has been incorporated in the enclosure boundary walls. The site is probably the remains of a small shelter or storage hut.

Site number	H547
Site type	Navvy Camp
Site name	Burnbanks
NGR	NY 5053,1601
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 340m x 100m
Description	

A series of sub-circular and rectangular platforms with associated concrete structures that probably are the remains of a navvy camp, associated with the building of the dam and pipeline. The site displays considerable complexity and may warrant a level 2 survey.

Site number	H548
Site type	Mound
Site name	Naddle Bridge
NGR	NY 51032,16037
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	Diameter 25m
Description	
A very distin	ct sub-circular mound with a large boulder content. This may be a cairn of some
description.	

Site number	H549
Site type	Mound
Site name	Burnbanks
NGR	NY 5043,1570
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	Diameter 4.5m, height 2.2m
Description	

A prominent circular mound with an internally revetted square depression at its centre, The site is possibly related to the water works but has a large tree growing out of it indicating that it is not particularly modern.

Site number	H550
Site type	Bank
Site name	Burnbanks
NGR	NY 5054,1590
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 220m 65m
Description	

A large prominent bank constructed from quarry waste and possibly serving as a flood defence for the surrounding area as well as a depository of waste stone.

Site number	H551
Site type	Bank
Site name	Burnbanks

NGR	NY 5047,1574
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	<i>c</i> 160m x 45m
Description	

A large prominent bank constructed from quarry waste, the site may be a flood defence as a well as a depository of waste stone. It is clearly associated with the construction of the dam.

Site number	H552
Site type	Reservoir
Site name	Harper Hills
NGR	NY 5055,1408
Grading	3
Period	Post Medieval
Dimensions	length 15m, width 10m
Description	
A rectangular	r underground reservoir with a pipe running away parallel with the neighbouring
field wall.	

Site number	Н553
Site type	Bank
Site name	Bampton Common
NGR	NY 4823,1619
Grading	3
Period	Undiagnostic
Dimensions	c 170m
Description	

A bank extending across a relatively steep slope, the bank is defined by a series of boulders and it has a lynchet like profile.

Site number	H554
Site type	Cairns
Site name	Willdale Beck
NGR	NY 48635,17230
Grading	2
Period	Prehistoric/Medieval
SMR	5677
Dimensions	Typically 2-4m in diameter and up to 0.5m high
Description	
1 2 2	

A group of five, possible six, cairns located above the flood plain of the beck. The cairns lie on a natural terrace and seem to be clearance in nature. They are all small and not very prominent. There were no obvious related field systems.

Site number	H555
Site type	Structural Remains
Site name	Willdale
NGR	NY 49462,17458
Grading	2
Period	Post Medieval

SMR 1517

Dimensions 12m by 6m and standing to 0.4m at most

Description

The remains of a rectangular structure, now destroyed down to footings. The site lies near a tributary to Willdale Beck and their is some evidence for possible related eartworks. The site may be domestic in nature but its location and the size of the site do not really point to this conclusion.

Site number	H556
Site type	Earthwork Enclosure
Site name	Towtop Kirk
NGR	NY 49321,17922
Grading	1
Period	Prehistoric?
SMR	1519
SAM	22544
Sources	RCHME 1936,33 TCWAAS 23,284
Dimensions	Circa 40-45m in diameter with an external bank standing to 0.6m high
Description	

A large earthwork enclosure with a sub-circular shape located on a prominent brow overlooking the enclosed land around Moorahill Farm. The site is bounded by an earthern bank roughly 3m wide and 0.6m high with an entrance on the western side, this entrance is very narrow indicating that this was probably not a stock enclosure. The interior of the site has the relatively obvious remains of two more small earthwork enclosures, possible huts, and there is some visible stone exposed indicating the presence of built structures. The site is recorded in the SMR which records the presence of a "rudely cut cross" that may indicate that this was the site of an early chapel or hermitage.

Site number	H557
Site type	Mounds
Site name	Giants Graves
NGR	NY 50370,15980
Grading	3
Period	Unknown
SMR	1538
Sources	Kelly 1897,99, TCWAAS 1923, Thompson 1942, 17-18
Dimensions	Unknown
Description	

The *Giants' Graves* were not located during the survey due to significant 20th century interference in the area but the documentry research has revealed earlier descriptions. The CWAAS (1923) survey, described them as five low mounds not more than two feet in height, each surrounded by a depression six inches in depth. Excavation of the area in 1927 is said to have produced nothing but charred turf (Thompson 1942, 17-18). The 1936 RCHME did not record them and it seems that they have been partially or completely obscured by the Burnbanks navvy camp.

Site number	H558
Site type	Farmstead
Site name	Naddle Bridge

NGR	NY 50650,15700
Grading	1
Period	Prehistoric/Medieval
SMR	1535,3178,3179
SAM	206
Sources	RCHME 1936, 211. Thompson 1942,16
Dimensions	· · · ·

Description The Royal Commission on the Historical Monuments of England identified a village settlement to the east of Haweswater and south west of Naddle bridge with a stone wall enclosing an irregular area of approximately ½ acre. The internal layout was unclear but it was suggested that the huts were built against the perimeter wall on the inner face, with the exception of one hut on the outer face. The village was located at the centre of a series of radiating field boundary walls up to ten feet in thickness. The CWAAS survey reported that the site was difficult to examine owing to thick vegetation and modern walls. The site was excluded from this years survey due to vegetational growth, but will be examined as part of the 1996-7 season.

Site number	Н559
Site type	Settlement Site
Site name	Guerness Wood
NGR	NY 484,140 (area of)
Grading	2
Period	Medieval/Post medieval
SMR	1516
Sources	Thompson 1942, 16
Dimensions	•

Description A village settlement was described in the area of NY 484140 but by the 1930s, much of the site had been destroyed by the construction of a roadway. The remaining part of the settlement consisted of an ovoid enclosure with evidence for three circular huts, the largest eighteen feet in diameter. The site was excluded from this years survey due to vegetational growth, but will be examined as part of the 1996-7 season.

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APPENDIX 1. PROJECT BRIEF

APPENDIX 2. PROJECT DESIGN

APPENDIX 3 LUAU SURVEY LEVELS