The Church of St John the Evangelist Wembley



Archaeological
Watching Brief Report



Client: Killby and Gayford Ltd

Issue N<sup>O</sup>: 1 OA Job N<sup>O</sup>: 2665 NGR: TQ 1759 8510 Client Name: Kilby and Gayford Ltd

**Client Ref No:** 

**Document Title:** The church of St John the Evangelist, Wembley

**Document Type:** Watching Brief

Issue Number:

National Grid Reference: TQ 178 851

Planning Reference:

OA Job Number: 2665 Site Code: SJV 05 Invoice Code: SJV WB

Receiving Museum: Museum of London

Museum Accession No: SJV 05

Prepared by: Annsofie Witkin
Position: Project Officeer
Date: 12th April 2005

Checked by: Angela Boyle

Position: Head of Burial Archaeology

Date: 12th April 2005

Approved by: Angela Boyle Signed  $\square$   $\square$   $\square$   $\square$   $\square$   $\square$ .

Position: Head of Burial Archaeology

Date: 12th April 2005

Document File Location insert full path here Graphics File Location insert full path here

Illustrated by Click here to selector type here

#### Disclaimer:

This document has been prepared for the titled project or named part thereof and should not be relied upon or used for any other project without an independent check being carried out as to its suitability and prior written authority of Oxford Archaeology being obtained. Oxford Archaeology accepts no responsibility or liability for the consequences of this document being used for a purpose other than the purposes for which it was commissioned. Any person/party using or relying on the document for such other purposes agrees, and will by such use or reliance be taken to confirm their agreement to indemnify Oxford Archaeology for all loss or damage resulting therefrom. Oxford Archaeology accepts no responsibility or liability for this document to any party other than the person/party by whom it was commissioned.

#### Oxford Archaeology

### © Oxford Archaeological Unit Ltd 2005

Janus House Osney Mead Oxford OX2 0ES t: (0044) 01865 263800

f: (0044) 01865 263800 e: info@oxfordarch.co.uk f: (0044) 01865 793496 w: www.oxfordarch.co.uk

Oxford Archaeological Unit Limited is a Registered Charity No: 285627

# Church of St John the Evangelist, Wembley, London

# By Annsofie Witkin

# ARCHAEOLOGICAL WATCHING BRIEF REPORT

## **CONTENTS**

Sı	amm	ary	2
1		ntroduction	
		Location and scope of work	
		Geology and topography	
		Archaeological and historical background	
2		roject Aims and Methodology	
		Aims	
		Methodology	
3		esults	
_		Trench 1	
		Trench 2.	
4		Discussion And Conclusions.	
5		ppendix 1 Archaeological Context Inventory.	
6		ppendix 2 Bibliography and references.	
7		ppendix 3 Summary of Site Details	
•		rp	

## LIST OF FIGURES

- Fig. 1 OS Site location map
- Fig. 2 Site plan of area of watching brief

#### **SUMMARY**

In March 2005 Oxford Archaeology (OA) carried out an archaeological watching brief at the church of St John the Evangelist, Wembley, London (NRG TQ 178 851). The work was commissioned by Killby and Gayford Limited in advance of underpinning the eastern side of the church. The excavation of two possible graves revealed one empty brick-lined shaft dated to the 19th century. No human remains were excavated.

#### 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Location and scope of work

- 1.1.1 In March 2005 Oxford Archaeology (OA) carried out an archaeological watching brief at the church of St John the Evangelist, Wembley, London (NRG TQ 178 851). The work was carried out on the behalf of Killby and Gayford Limited on recommendations from the Diocesan Advisory Committee.
- 1.1.2 The work consisted of the excavation of two possible inhumation burials by Burial Ground Services (BGS). The burials were exhumed in advance of piling work required for underpinning of the eastern end of the church.

## 1.2 Geology and topography

1.2.1 The site lies on London clay at 40 m above OD (BGS sheet 257). The site is set back from the High Road at Wembley.

#### 1.3 Archaeological and historical background

1.3.1 The church of St John the Evangelist was designed by George Gilbert and was consecrated in 1846. It was built on land donated by Anne and Frances Copland and was to serve the southern part of Harrow parish. The church was built in the Gothic style, of flint with stone dressing and originally comprised chancel, nave, notheast chapel and a wooden bell turret. Several extensions was added to the church between 1859 and 1935 which included a north and a south aisle. The area become a separate parish in 1846.

#### 2 PROJECT AIMS AND METHODOLOGY

## 2.1 **Aims**

- 2.1.1 To identify and record the presence/absence, extent, condition, quality and date of archaeological remains in the areas affected by the development.
- 2.1.2 To make available the results of the archaeological investigation.

## 2.2 Methodology

- 2.2.1 The trenches were mechanically excavated using a toothless bucket by Burial Ground Services (BGS) under archaeological supervision. Any monuments present had been removed prior to the excavation.
- 2.2.2 The location of the trenches were at a scale of 1:50. The trenches were photographed using colour slide and black and white print film. Monuments were fully recorded according to the methodology outlined in Recording and analysing Graveyards (H Mytum, 2002). Recording followed the procedures detailed in the OAU Fieldwork Manual (ed D Wilkinson, 1992).

#### 3 RESULTS

#### 3.1 **Trench 1**

## Description of deposits

3.1.1 The stratigraphically earliest deposit in trench one was a compact, firm light yellowish brown clay (2). The layer (2) contained no inclusions and was the natural subsoil of the area. The layer was excavated to a depth of 1.4 m and was overlain by topsoil (1). The topsoil consisted of 0.2 m deep dark brown friable sandy silt. The headstone and kerb forming the memorial monument (3) was situated on top of the topsoil.

#### 3.2 **Trench 2**

# Descriptions of the deposits

3.2.1 The earliest deposit seen was the natural subsoil (2) which was identical to the that seen in Trench 1. A brick lined shaft burial (5) was situated on top of the natural. The brick lining was not fully exposed but the exposed length measured 2.0 m, width at the shoulders was 0.9 m and the depth 1.6 m. There was no brick lined base present and the shaft was backfilled with redeposited natural (6). A memorial monument (7) was situated directly on top of the brick lined shaft.

#### Memorial monuments

- 3.2.2 Two memorials (3 and 7) were moved in advance of the excavation. Memorial 7 was situated at the location of Trench 1. The grave monument consisted of a headstone and kerbs. The headstone component was shouldered with indents with a Maltese cross at the top. In the middle of the cross was an incised quatrefoil with an overlapping IHS. The inscription was of incised painted lettering. The introductory text was written in Gothic style and the main text was in Roman style. The stone commemorated members of the Caubert family. Full inscription is present in the grave memorial catalogue. The headstone measured 1.96 m high, 0.75 m wide and 0.075 m thick. The kerb stones were square and plain.
- 3.2.3 Grave memorial 3 was situated on top of brick lined shaft 5. The monument consisted of a kerb only. The Kerb stones were gabled, with a flat top and a flat cross at each corner. Each cross had an incised central decoration consisting of a circle with four leaf shapes pointing towards the center. The true dimension of the monument is not known since it was in poor condition an removed prior to the excavation of the area. No inscription was present on the stone.

### Catalogue of grave memorials

Structure number: 3

*Type:* Gabled kerb with flat crosses at each corner.

Style: Unknown

**Comments:** No inscription present

Structure number: 7
Type: Headstone
Style: Gothic revival

Components Shouldered headstone with indents and a Maltese cross at the top. Plain

square kerb stone

**Decoration:** Quatrefoil with an overlapping IHS at the centre of the cross.

Inscription

In

Loving memory

of

**MARIA** 

WIFE OF STEPHEN CAUBERT
WHO LEFT TO MOURN HER LOSS  $27^{TH}$  FEB $^{Y}$  IN THE  $52^{ND}$  YEAR OF HER AGE

EVERYBODY S SISTER

STEPHEN CAUBERT 1907

FATHER OF

PERCIVAL STEPHEN CAUBERT 1963

AND

ETHEL MAY CAUBERT 1963

HIS WIFE

AND THEIR DAUGHTER

MARION CAUBERT 1972

#### 4 DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

- 4.1.1 It was originally believed that the grave stones marked places of interments. However, the headstone which was part of the monument 7 in Trench 1 was leaning up against the church wall and only loosely placed within the topsoil. Moreover, there was no evidence of a grave beneath the monument. This monument was therefore not situ and must have been displaced some time in the past.
- 4.1.2 Memorial 3 was directly on top of a brick lined shaft which was fully excavated. The grave did not contain any burials, nor did the memorial contain any commemorative inscription. This grave may therefore be a family plot that was bought and prepared for burial but for whatever reason was never used.

## **APPENDICES**

# 5 APPENDIX 1 ARCHAEOLOGICAL CONTEXT INVENTORY

Context	Area	Type	Depth	Width	Length	Height	Comments
1	Trench 1 and 2	Layer	0.3 m				Topsoil
2	Trench 1 and 2	Layer	1.3 m				Natural subsoil
3	Trench 2	Structure		1.26 m			Gabled kerb stone memorial
4	Trench 2	Cut					Cut for brick-lined shaft 5
5	Trench 2	Structure	1.6 m	0.9 m	2.0 m		Brick-lined shaft
6	Trench 2	Fill	1.6 m	0.75 m	1.8 m		Fill of brick-lined shaft structure 5
7	Trench 1	Structure					Grave memorial headstone and kerb

## 6 APPENDIX 2 BIBLIOGRAPHY AND REFERENCES

British Geological Sheet 257

Mytum, H 2002 Recording and analysing graveyards. Practical handbooks in Archaeology No 15, CBA and English Heritage

OA 1992, Fieldwork Manual (ed. D Wilkinson, first edition, August 1992)

### 7 APPENDIX 3 SUMMARY OF SITE DETAILS

Site name: St John the Evangelist

Site code: SJV 05

**Grid reference:** TQ 178 851

Type of watching brief: Two machine excavated trenches

Date and duration of project: 17/03/05, One day

**Area of site:** Two trenches measuring 2 m by 1 m.

**Summary of results:**.

**Location of archive:** The archive is currently held at OA, Janus House, Osney Mead, Oxford, OX2 0ES, and will be deposited with Museum of London in due course, under the following accession number: SJV05.

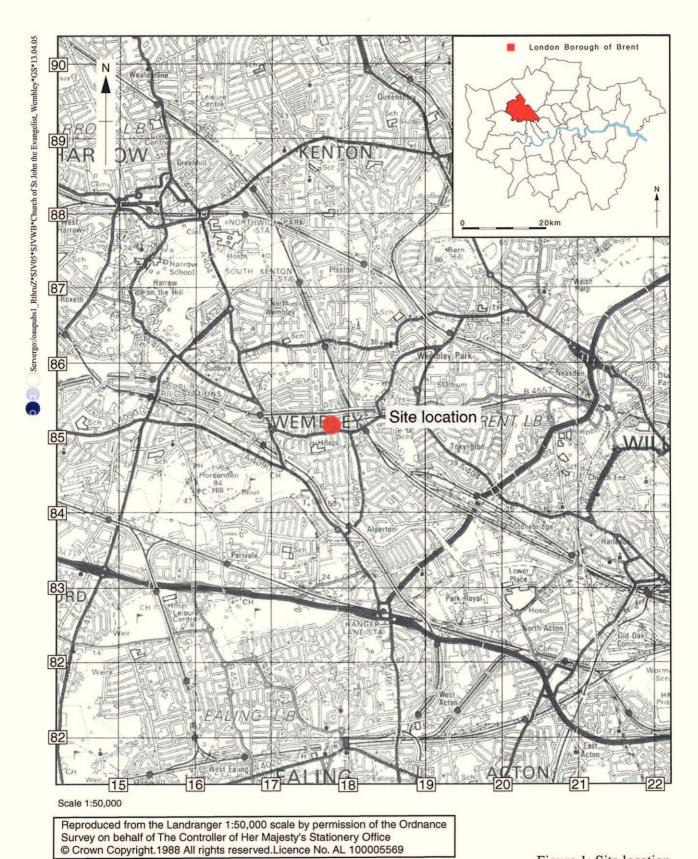


Figure 1: Site location

Figure 2: Trench locations