

Pembroke College, Oxford: LV Distribution Upgrade Archaeological Watching Brief Report

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Pembroke College, Oxford: LV Distribution Upgrade

Archaeological Watching Brief Report

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Summary

Oxford Archaeology carried out an archaeological watching brief at Pembroke College, Oxford, between October and December 2019. The work was commissioned by Pembroke College and involved the monitoring of the groundworks associated with upgrading the electrical supply.

The 0.5m to 0.6m wide and c 0.5m deep trenches had an accumulated length of approximately 230m. They extended from St Ebbes Street in the west, via Fellows Garden and the Chapel Quad to the Old Quad in the east.

All the trenches were cut into the modern backfill of previous underground service trenches. The monitoring of the groundworks revealed a general stratigraphic sequence of paving stones overlying bedding sand overlying a garden soil of dark greyish brown sandy clay.

No archaeological deposits of pre-modern date were observed. Residual finds of post-medieval and modern date, including pottery, clay tobacco pipe, glass and animal bone, were identified.



Acknowledgements

Oxford Archaeology would like to thank Pembroke College for commissioning this project. Thanks are also extended to David Radford who monitored the work on behalf of Oxford City Council.

The project was managed for Oxford Archaeology by Joakim Thomasson. The fieldwork was directed and undertaken by Rebecca Peacock, Paul Murray and Christopher Clark. Thanks is also extended to the teams of OA staff that cleaned and packaged the finds under the management of Geraldine Crann, and prepared the archive under the management of Nicola Scott. The figures were produced by Daniel Bray and the plates by Magdalena Wachnik.



1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Scope of work

- 1.1.1 Oxford Archaeology (OA) was commissioned by Ridge and Partners LLP on behalf of Pembroke College to undertake an archaeological watching brief at Pembroke College, Oxford. The watching brief comprised the monitoring of groundworks associated with upgrading the electrical supply within St Ebbes Street, the Master's Garden, Chapel Quad and the Old Quad. The site is located at National Grid Reference SP 51276 05996 and its location is shown on Figure 1.
- 1.1.2 The work was undertaken as a condition of Planning Permission (planning ref. 19/00465/LBC). A written scheme of investigation (WSI) was produced by OA detailing the Local Authority's requirements for work necessary to inform the planning process/discharge the planning condition. This document outlines how OA implemented the specified requirements.
- 1.1.3 The watching brief was undertaken during the period from 9 October to 16 December 2019.

1.2 Location, topography and geology

- 1.2.1 The site is situated at Pembroke College. The college lies on the southern side of the historic core of Oxford, just inside the medieval city wall (which defines the southern boundary of the site). The college occupies a roughly rectangular block of land bounded by Pembroke Street and St Aldate's church to the north, St Aldate's to the east, the city wall and Brewer Street to the south, and St Ebbe's Street to the west (Fig. 1). Pembroke College is arranged around four principal quads: Old Quad, Chapel Quad, North Quad and The Rokos Quad. The site comprises Old Quad, Chapel Quad and the Fellow's Garden.
- 1.2.2 The underlying bedrock geology is recorded as Oxford Clay, which formed in the Jurassic period. The site lies on Northmoor sand and gravel member (BGS 2019) at the southern edge of the gravel terrace, which corresponds with the line of Brewer Street. The floodplain of the River Thames lies to the south.
- 1.2.3 The natural topography of the site is thought to slope gradually to the edge of the terrace as observed on St Aldate's, but the area of the college has been landscaped and levelled during its development. Similarly, reclamation and levelling of the adjacent part of the floodplain has diminished the distinction between the terrace and floodplain, which now forms a continuous slope rather than a clear break.

1.3 Archaeological and historical background

1.3.1 The archaeological and historical background of the Oxford area has been described in the WSI produced for the archaeological watching brief (OA 2019) and will not be referred here.

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2 WATCHING BRIEF AIMS AND METHODOLOGY

2.1 Aims

- 2.1.1 The general aim of the project was to record any archaeological remains that might be damaged or destroyed by intrusive groundworks within the site.
- 2.1.2 The specific aims and objectives of the watching brief, as stated in the WSI (OA 2019), were:
 - i. To determine or confirm the general nature of any archaeological remains present;
 - ii. To determine or confirm the approximate date or date range of any remains, by means of artefactual or other evidence;
 - iii. To undertake controlled archaeological excavation, within the extent of the impact of the proposed works, of any significant archaeological remains that may be encountered;
 - iv. To publish any significant archaeological remains that may be encountered.

2.2 Methodology

- 2.2.1 The scheme involved the monitoring of the installation of new LV switchboards and panel boards, new submain circuits and associated containment system and civil works. The new submain cabling was buried directly in the ground below the York stone paving slabs. Cables entered the staircases through the existing walls below ground with a twin-walled UPVC duct provided for the cable entry.
- 2.2.2 The scheme required hand excavation along the route of the new submain cabling and directly outside and inside the staircases in order to provide a route for the ducts through the stone walls (Figs 2 and 3). The service trenches were excavated across the centre of the Library Courtyard around the western, northern and southern sides of the Old Quad and around the northern, southern and eastern sides of Chapel Quad.
- 2.2.3 The trenches were excavated to a depth of *c* 0.5m below the current ground surface and were 0.5m to 0.6m wide. The draw pit inside the perimeter wall by St Ebbes Street was excavated to approximately 2.7m in depth.



3 RESULTS

3.1 Introduction and presentation of results

3.1.1 The results of the watching brief are presented below. The details of all trenches with dimensions and depths can be found in Appendix A.

3.2 General soils and ground conditions

- 3.2.1 Hand excavation of the service trenches was undertaken cutting into the backfill of previous service trenches to a depth of *c* 0.5m below ground level. They were mainly opened underneath the paved quad paths (Plates 1-3). The general soil sequence underlying the paving stones comprised a *c* 0.25m thick layer of bedding sand, followed by a garden soil consisting of dark greyish brown sandy clay with inclusions of small stones, gravel and brick.
- 3.2.2 The trenches that were opened in the Chapel Quad lawn revealed a stratigraphic sequence comprising 0.45m of garden soil, followed by a 0.2m thick layer consisting of mid brown sandy silt with mortar fragments and a layer of mid brown sandy silt. The trench located in the Old Quad also contained blocks of concrete that covered pipes.
- 3.2.3 In the trench situated in Fellows Garden close to St Ebbes Street, the western perimeter wall of the College was exposed down to a depth of 2.7m below ground level (Plate 4). The trench was excavated through modern backfill and concrete structures supporting the perimeter wall were noted.
- 3.2.4 Remains of a modern brick-built soakaway were recorded in the north-eastern part of the Chapel Quad (Plate 5). It measured 1m in diameter and two courses of brick were preserved. The construction clearly cut the garden soil layer. An east-west orientated ceramic drainpipe crossed over the soakaway.
- 3.2.5 Large worked sandstones laid in pinkish red lime were recorded in the north-western part of the Old Quad (Plate 6). The stones appeared to have been reused as part of the underground foundation for a modern flower bed.

3.3 Finds summary

3.3.1 Residual finds, such as pottery, fragments of clay pipes, copper alloy, glass and animal bones were observed within the garden soil, concentrated to the eastern and northern sides of the Chapel Quad. A few of the pre-modern finds were sampled for further analysis. They comprised a sherd of Frechen Stoneware, two pieces of clay tobacco pipe and a fragment of green bottle glass, all dating between the late 16th and the 18th century.



4 DISCUSSION

- 4.1.1 All the trenches were located and cut into the modern backfill of previous underground service trenches. No archaeological deposits of pre-modern date were observed. A sample of residual post-medieval finds, which were largely concentrated in the eastern and northern sides of the Chapel Quad, were recovered from the garden soil.
- 4.1.2 Archaeological deposits may be preserved underneath existing cables, c 0.6m below the present ground level. The underground water tank and the manholes noted within the Old Quad must have had a negative impact on the preservation of any archaeological remains that may have been present further below this level.
- 4.1.3 Earlier archaeological investigations in the eastern part of Chapel Quad revealed possible 12th- to 14th-century pottery that might have been suggestive of an *in situ* medieval horizon. Above this horizon was a stone structure likely a hearth and a mortar floor, both of post-medieval date and thought to have been part of the early college, which was founded in 1624 (OAU 2000). The analysed residual finds recovered during the 2019 watching brief all date to the early college period and might have been related to this phase of land use.
- 4.1.4 Given the absence of any archaeological features of pre-modern date within the observed areas of the site, it is unlikely that the groundworks had any impact upon the belowground heritage resource of this vicinity.



APPENDIX A DESCRIPTIONS AND CONTEXT INVENTORY

| Pembroke Street to Chapel Quad | | |
|---|----------------|----------|
| General description | Orientation | E-W |
| Trench devoid of archaeology. The College western perimeter wall | Length (m) | 30m |
| was exposed to a depth of 2.7m below ground level. A concrete wall with steel reinforcement orientated at a right angle towards | Width (m) | 0.55-0.6 |
| the perimeter wall. The trench consisted of modern made ground. | Avg. depth (m) | 2.7 |

| Chapel Quad | | |
|---|----------------|----------|
| General description | Orientation | - |
| Trench devoid of archaeology. A modern soakaway and adjoining | Length (m) | 125 |
| ceramic pipes were uncovered in the eastern side of the quad. Residual finds (late post-medieval and modern pottery, copper | Width (m) | 0.55-0.6 |
| alloy, clay pipe fragments and animal bones) mainly visible in the eastern and northern stretches of the trench. Four pre-modern finds were sampled for analyse and are described in Appendix B. Modern pipes crossing the northern part of the trench. | Avg. depth (m) | 0.55 |

| Old Quad | | |
|--|----------------|----------|
| General description | Orientation | E-W |
| Trench devoid of archaeology. Large stone was observed in the | Length (m) | 75 |
| north-western side. Two manholes present in the northern paved route and one in the southern. Crossing modern pipes especially | Width (m) | 0.55-0.6 |
| present in the northern side. | Avg. depth (m) | 0.55 |

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APPENDIX B FINDS REPORTS

B.1.1 Context 5 refers to the layer of garden soil in the eastern trench, Chapel Quad.

B.2 Pottery

By John Cotter

| Context | Description | Date |
|---------|--|-------------|
| 5 | One fresh body sherd Frechen stoneware (FREC), probably from a | 1550 - 1750 |
| | 'Bellarmine'-type jug. 14g | |

B.3 Clay pipe

By John Cotter

| Context | Description | Date |
|---------|---|-------------|
| 5 | Two pieces, one complete bowl and one 17th-century stem | 1640 - 1660 |
| | fragment. 14g | |

B.4 Glass

By John Cotter

| Context | Description | Date |
|---------|--|--------------------|
| 5 | One weathered sherd of green bottle glass, probably from a wine bottle. 4g | 17th– 18th century |



APPENDIX C BIBLIOGRAPHY

BGS, 2019 *Geology of Britain Viewer*, Available at: http://mapapps.bgs.ac.uk/geologyofbritain/home.html [last accessed December 2019]

OA, 2019 Pembroke College, Oxford: LV Distribution Upgrade: Written Scheme of Investigation, Archaeological Watching Brief, unpubl. Oxford Archaeology Doc.

OAU, 2000 Watching brief at Pembroke College, unpubl. Oxford Archaeological Unit Rep.



APPENDIX D SITE SUMMARY DETAILS

Site name: Pembroke College, Oxford: LV Distribution Upgrade

Site code: OXPLEC19

Grid Reference SP 51276 05996

Type: Watching Brief

Date and duration: 7 October to 16 December 2019

Area of Site N/A

Location of archive: The archive is currently held at OA, Janus House, Osney Mead,

Oxford, OX2 0ES, and will be deposited with Oxfordshire County Museum Services in due course, under the following accession

number: OXCMS: 2019.127.

Summary of Results: Oxford Archaeology carried out an archaeological watching brief

at Pembroke College, Oxford. The work was commissioned by Pembroke College and involved the monitoring of the groundworks associated with upgrading the electrical supply.

The 0.5m to 0.6m wide and c 0.5m deep trenches had an accumulated length of approximately 230m. They extended from the perimeter wall in the west, via Chapel Quad to the Old Quad

in the east.

All the trenches were cut into the modern backfill of previous underground service trenches. No archaeological deposits of premodern date were observed, though a small sample of residual

post-medieval finds were recovered.

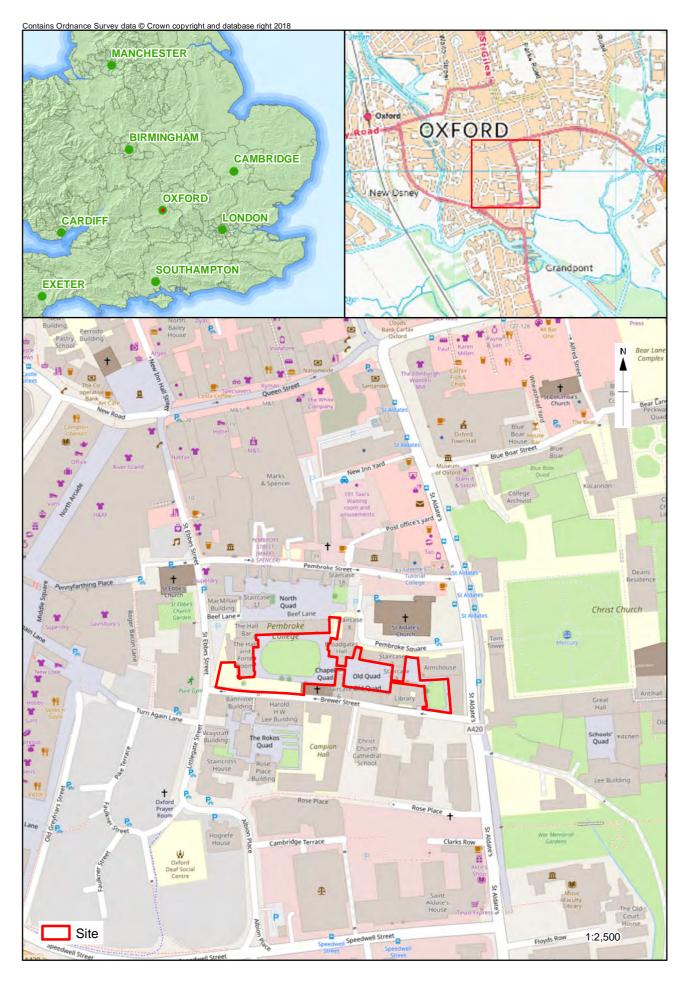


Figure 1: Site location

Figure 2: Location of proposed service trenches in the Library Courtyard and Old Quad

Figure 3: Location of proposed service trenches in the Chapel Quad





Plate 1: The trench in St Ebbes Road, looking Plate 2: The trench in the north side of the Chapel north. Quad, looking east



Plate 3: The trench in the south-west corner of Old Quad, looking south-east



Plate 4: The College perimeter wall, looking east



Plate 5: The soakaway in the north-eastern corner of the Chapel Quad, looking south



Plate 6: A course of possible reused worked stones in the north-west corner of the Old Quad, looking north





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